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## Preface

The report provides information on South African residents and foreign travellers who passed through all South African ports of entry/exit (air, land and sea ports) in 2025. It summarises data published in the monthly statistical releases on International tourism (statistical release P0350) in 2025, highlighting annual numbers of travellers and tourists. The report provides details on the mode of travel; seasonal travel patterns; purpose of visit; full duration of stay of visit; and demographic characteristics of tourists who visited South Africa in 2025.

NB: Users are advised that some ports of entry/exit are missing data due to a lack of network coverage at those ports; however, the Department of Home Affairs (DHA) is addressing this problem. Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) is in constant communication with the department, and more ports of entry/exit will have data, thus improving coverage.



**Risenga Maluleke**  
**Statistician-General**

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## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Background

Administrative records regulating the flow of people across international boundaries, specifically border statistics, are an important source of statistical data on temporary population movements in many countries. Generally, countries routinely collect data from both residents and non-residents who pass through demarcated air, land and sea ports on arrival into and departing from the country. The method, the kind of collected data, the quality of data and the dissemination and availability of processed data differ widely among countries since there is no international standard template for the recording of information on travellers. Besides the impact of the level of infrastructure development, the national differences are largely shaped by the immigration policies and regulations of individual countries.

Data collection methods can be electronic, manual or both. Travel documents could be scanned and/or travellers are expected to complete an arrival and departure form/card. The amount of documentation and information collected from travellers are often influenced by the citizenship/nationality of the travel document and the purpose of entry.

Data obtained from foreigners or non-residents are used to categorise them into visitors and non-visitors. Usually, the data given on the form/card regarding the purpose of visit and/or length of stay is further used to categorise travellers into visitors and migrants. In addition, some countries issue special cards for registered immigrants that they could use to cross into and out of the country of residence. Thus, the information from the visa, permit and the card/form are used to classify non-visitors into migratory categories such as short-term and long-term migrants; temporary migrants; permanent migrants; labour migrants, asylum seekers, students, etc., according to a country's specifications.

Because border statistics are derived from arrival data, they are the most suitable data source for direct measurement of the *flow* of immigrants. The data are routinely collected as travellers pass through immigration checkpoints at the ports of entry/exit, thus available in real time. It is crucial to note that, unlike data from census or sample surveys that count individual persons, border statistics, by their nature, measure events, i.e. movements of persons rather than the physical persons. The reason is that the same person can cross the border several times during a specified time, and his or her information is recorded every time he or she passes through the border.

The management of population movements across South African borders and immigration into South Africa falls under the jurisdiction of the Department of Home Affairs (DHA). The jurisdiction of this responsibility is enshrined in the various immigration acts, amendments, laws and regulations. Currently, with respect to the collection of data on population movements in and out of South Africa, the DHA operates under the Immigration Act, 2002 (Act No. 13 of 2002), its amendments and associated regulations.

At the ports of entry/exit (see Appendix I on page 24 for the distribution of all South African ports), immigration officers of the DHA collect information on South African residents and foreign travellers arriving or departing from South Africa. This information is used to produce statistical releases on all travellers, with emphasis on tourists, and an annual report aggregating the results of one calendar year, in this case 2025.

## 1.2 Objectives of this report

The report forms part of a regular annual series of publications on tourism statistics. The main aim of the report is to present information on population movements into and out of South Africa in 2025. Specifically, the report provides:

- Information on arrivals, departures and transits of South African residents and foreign travellers.
- A detailed analysis of the movements of tourists and their demographic characteristics over the 12 months.

## 1.3 Scope of this report

This report is based on information on population movements across South Africa's ports of entry/exit covering the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025. It covers data on arrivals and departures of South African residents and foreign travellers. A detailed analysis of the data on foreign tourists with respect to: mode of travel, purpose of visit, sex and age distribution is covered. The report also describes trends in the overall number of travellers and tourists from 2016 to 2025.

## 2. Data and methods

### 2.1 Data source

Data routinely collected by immigration officers at all ports of entry/exit (land, air and sea ports) (see Appendix I on page 20) on all travellers (South African residents and foreign travellers) arriving or departing from South Africa are captured into the Department of Home Affairs's (DHA) population Movement Control System (MCS). The data provide the best national coverage (in terms of both space and time) on the population movements of South African residents and foreign travellers. Among other uses, the data can also be used to:

- estimate, monitor and understand salient characteristics of South African residents and foreign travellers travelling into and out of South Africa.
- estimate the number and some characteristics of same-day visitors and tourists that visit South Africa.
- provide information for marketing tourism by identifying niche, emerging and declining markets (both at country and regional levels) and
- provide information that can be used for monitoring the effects of major international and national events (positive or negative) on the arrival of visitors into the country.

Generally, data are collected directly from travel documents by scanning them or by capturing information from the travel documents onto the port's electronic database. Individual ports regularly transmit the data to the national database i.e. the MCS at the head office of the DHA.

### 2.2 Data processing and analysis

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) downloads the data covering a particular calendar month from the DHA. The Statistical Analysis System (SAS) and Ms Excel are used for data processing and analysis. Descriptive analyses (frequencies, cross-tabulations, percentage distributions and median ages) are used to summarise the data. The results are presented in table and graph formats. These are undertaken every month to publish information on international tourism in the monthly International tourism (statistical release P0350) to meet users' immediate needs. The cumulative data for 12 months are published in the Tourism report (Report No. 03-51-02) on an annual basis.

**2.3 Limitations of data**

The information on the total number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transit for South African residents is collected from the scanning of passports. However, data are not collected from passengers on country visited; country of final destination; intended duration of stay and purpose of visit. With this limitation, it is impossible to identify the number of tourists from the data on South African residents.

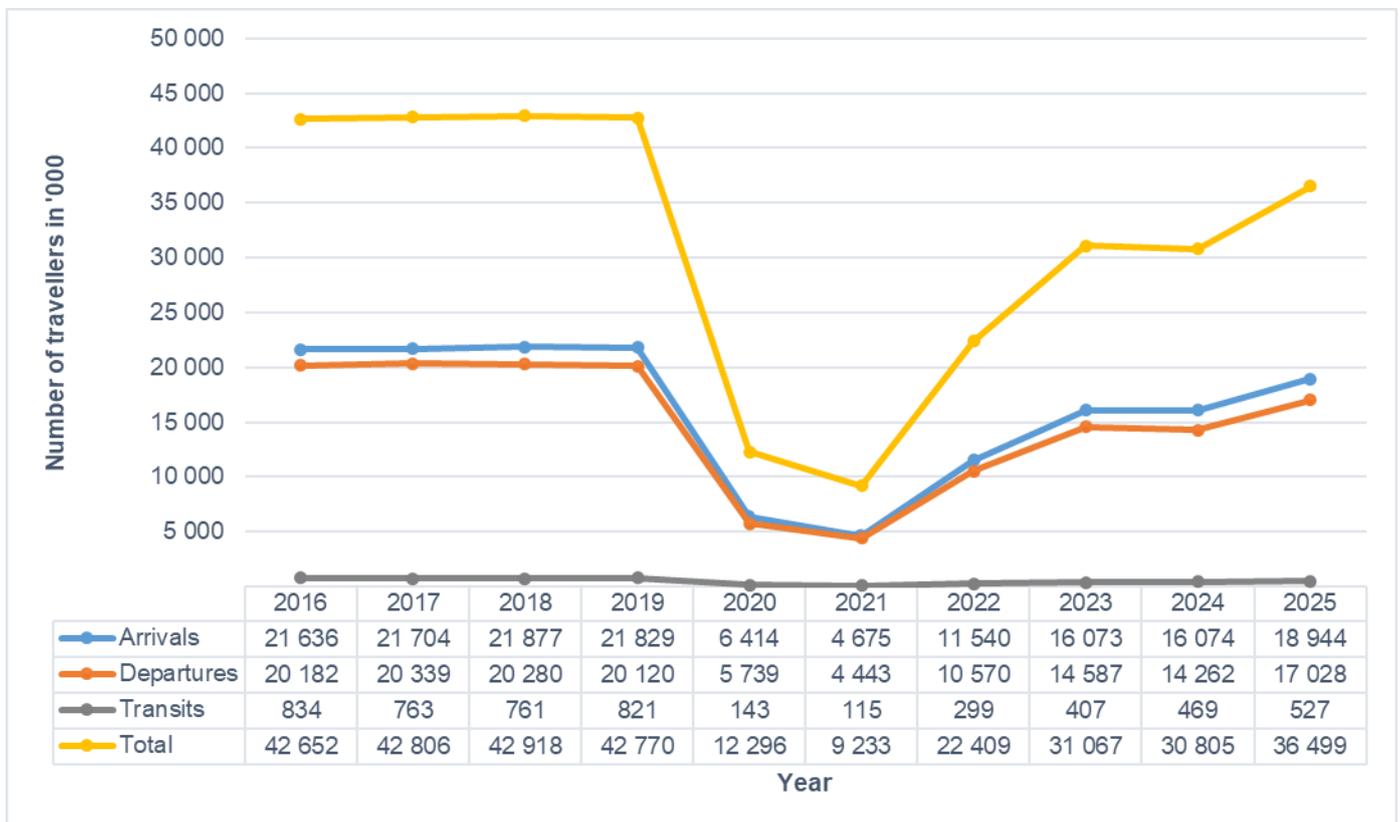
**3. All travellers**

**3.1 Number of travellers**

The results present detailed information derived from the data published monthly (January to December 2025) in the International Tourism Statistical Release (P0350). In addition to the 2025 data, where relevant, data from 2024 and earlier are presented to provide some comparison in observed trends and patterns (see Appendix II on page 25).

Travellers consist of travellers in transit, arrivals and departures from South Africa regardless of residency status. According to data presented in Figure 3.1 below, approximately 36 499 000 travellers were recorded in 2025 compared to 42 652 000 recorded in 2016, indicating that the overall number of travellers decreased by 14,4% over the two data points. Similarly, there were 18 944 000 arrivals, 17 028 000 departures and 527 000 transits in 2025 compared with 21 636 000 arrivals, 20 182 000 departures and 834 000 transits in 2016. Furthermore, the number of travellers had a steady increase from 2016 to 2018, followed by a slight decline in 2019 and two drastic declines in 2020 and 2021. An enormous increase was observed between 2021 and 2022, followed by a decline between 2023 and 2024. An increase of 18,5% was observed between 2024 and 2025. Arrivals, departures and transits increased by 17,9%, 19,4% and 12,4% respectively, between 2024 and 2025.

**Figure 3.1 – Number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transit by year of travel, 2016 – 2025**



**3.1.1 South African residents**

In 2025, approximately 9 616 000 South African resident travellers were recorded compared to 8 710 000 in 2024, representing an increase of 10,4%. As shown in Figure 3.2 below, the 2025 volume was made up of 4 761 000 arrivals, 4 849 000 departures and 6 000 transits.

The figure further shows that annual volumes of arrivals, departures and transits for South African residents generally increased between 2016 and 2019. A drastic drop was observed in 2020, followed by a vast increase between 2021 and 2022. An increase of 10,4% was observed between 2024 and 2025. There were nearly as many arrivals as departures over the years.

**Figure 3.2 – Number of arrivals, departures and transits of South African residents by year of travel, 2016 – 2025**



**Mode of travel**

Table 3.1 below shows the mode of travel for South African residents in 2025. The mode of travel for South African residents entering the country was largely the same as for those leaving the country. Most South African residents (52,1%) arrived and (53,5%) departed the country using road transport. Air transport was the second most popular mode of travel used by 46,5% of arrivals and 45,2% of departures. Sea transport was used by 1,4% of arrivals and 1,3% departures, making it the least used mode of travel. All passengers in transit used air transport (6 338).

**Table 3.1 – Number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transit of South African residents by mode of travel, 2025**

Mode of travel	Arrivals		Departures		Transits	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Air	2 213 192	46,5%	2 193 062	45,2%	6 338	100,0%
Road	2 482 029	52,1%	2 594 456	53,5%	-	-
Sea	65 697	1,4%	61 392	1,3%	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>4 760 918</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>4 848 910</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>6 338</b>	<b>100,0%</b>

Detailed information on ports used by South African residents to leave, enter or transit the country by mode of travel is provided in Table 3.2 below (absolute numbers are provided in Appendix III on page 26). Due to the large number of land ports as shown in Appendix I (on page 24), border countries are used in the table instead of the specific land ports names. That is, data for all ports found on the border within a particular country are combined and the country name is used.

Amongst road users, 75% of South African residents used Lesotho, Mozambique and Eswatini ports of entry. For arrivals, 27,8% entered the country through Lesotho, 24,2% through Mozambique and 22,9% through Eswatini. Similarly, for departures, most road users left through Lesotho (27,1%), Mozambique (25,4%) and Eswatini (23,2%) ports. Out of the total number of residents using air as their mode of travel, the majority (73,9%) arrived and (75,2%) departed through OR Tambo International Airport, while 21,2% arrived and 19,7% left through Cape Town International Airport. Less than 5,0% arrived (4,5%) and departed (4,7%) the country using King Shaka International Airport and 0,4% arrived and left through other airports. Out of those who arrived by sea, most (88,1%) arrived and (85,9%) left through the Durban harbour.

Detailed information on the mode of travel by place and month of arrival and departure for South African residents for 2025 is presented in Appendix IV on page 27 and Appendix V on page 28.

**Table 3.2 – Percentage distribution of South African residents by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2025\***

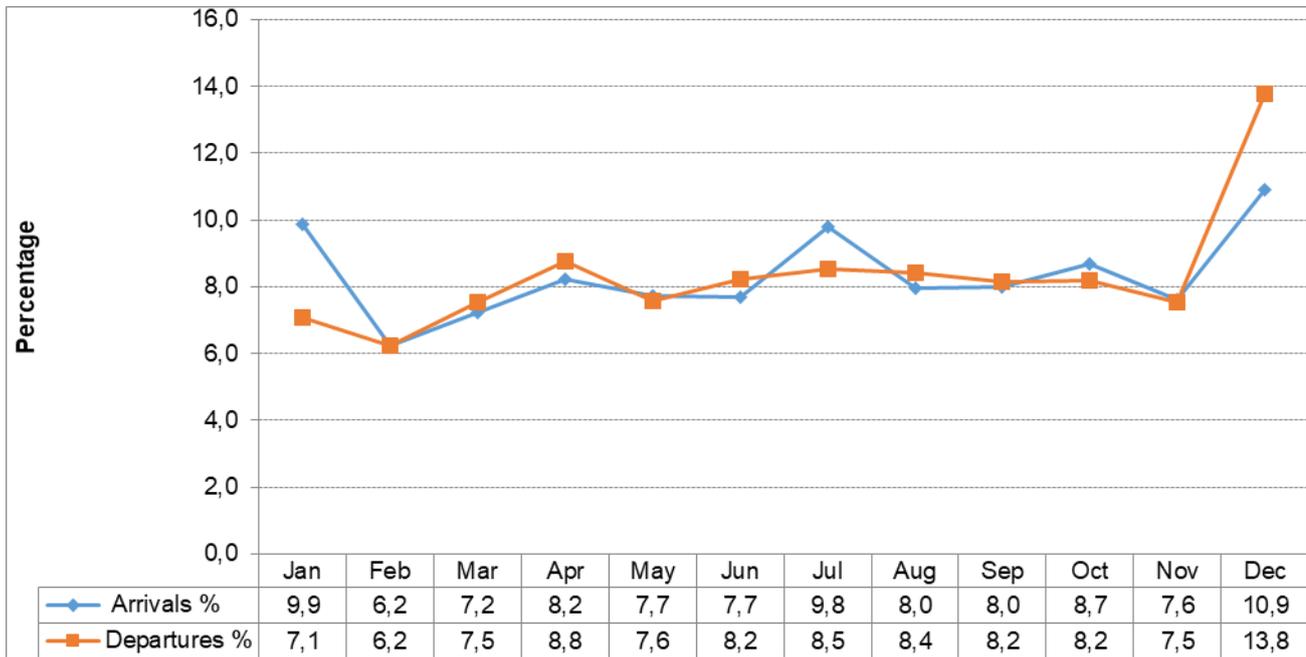
Mode of travel and place of arrival, departure or transit	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transit
<b>Air</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>
Cape Town International Airport	21,2%	19,7%	1,8%
King Shaka International Airport	4,5%	4,7%	-
OR Tambo International Airport	73,9%	75,2%	98,2%
Other Airports	0,4%	0,4%	0,0%
<b>Road</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	-
Botswana	15,2%	14,4%	-
Eswatini	22,9%	23,2%	-
Lesotho	27,8%	27,1%	-
Mozambique	24,2%	25,4%	-
Namibia	4,2%	4,1%	-
Zimbabwe	5,8%	5,8%	-
<b>Sea</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	-
Cape Town Harbour	11,9%	14,1%	-
Durban Harbour	88,1%	85,9%	-

\* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding off.

### **Month of travel**

The distribution of South Africans arriving and departing the country classified by month of travel is provided in Figure 3.3 on page 6. The results show that of the 4 760 918 arrivals, the highest proportion was recorded in December (10,9%), followed by January (9,9%) and July (9,8%), while the lowest proportion was recorded in February (6,2%). Of the 4 848 910 departures, the highest percentage was recorded in December (13,8%) and the lowest in February (6,2%).

**Figure 3.3 – Percentage distribution of arrivals and departures of South African residents by month of travel, 2025**



**3.1.2 Foreign travellers**

This subsection presents the number of arrivals, departures and transits of foreign travellers over the period 2016 to 2025. It is observed from Figure 3.4 below (and Appendix II on page 25) that volumes generally declined between 2016 and 2019. Two drastic drops were observed in 2020 and 2021. A sharp increase was observed between 2021 and 2023, followed by a steady increase in 2023 and in 2024. An increase of 21,7% was observed between 2024 and 2025. Approximately 26 883 000 foreign travellers were recorded in 2025 compared to 22 095 000 in 2024. As shown in Appendix II on page 25, the 2025 volume was made up of 14 183 000 arrivals, 12 179 000 departures and 521 000 transits. Unlike in the case of South African travellers, the volume of departures of foreign travellers has been lower than that of arrivals throughout the ten-year period.

**Figure 3.4 – Number of arrivals, departures and transits of foreign travellers by year of travel, 2016 – 2025**



**Mode of travel**

Table 3.3 below indicates a marginal difference in the mode of travel used by foreigners coming into South Africa or leaving the country in 2025. Most foreigners arrived (75,5%) and left (70,2%) the country by road. Air travel was used by 24,2% of foreign arrivals and 29,1% of foreign departures. Of the foreigners who came into the country, 0,3% arrived and 0,7% departed by sea transport.

**Table 3.3 – Number of arrivals, departures and transits of foreign travellers by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2025**

Mode of travel	Arrivals		Departures		Transits	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Air	3 435 030	24,2%	3 542 906	29,1%	520 778	100,0%
Road	10 707 536	75,5%	8 554 294	70,2%	-	-
Sea	40 464	0,3%	82 024	0,7%	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>14 183 030</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>12 179 224</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>520 778</b>	<b>100,0%</b>

Most of the foreign travellers who arrived by road entered through Mozambique (26,3%), Lesotho (24,8%) and Zimbabwe (22,1%) ports of entry (see Table 3.4 below). For departures, most road users went through Lesotho (26,3%), Mozambique (24,5%) and Zimbabwe (19,7%) ports.

The majority of the foreigners who travelled by air arrived (65,7%) and left (66,1%) South Africa through OR Tambo International Airport (see Appendix VI on page 29 for absolute numbers). Almost all travellers in transit (98,8%) used OR Tambo International Airport. Cape Town International Airport was used by 32,7% foreigners to arrive in the country and 32,3% to leave the country. Less than 2,0% came (1,4%) and left (1,5%) the country using King Shaka International Airport and 0,2% came and 0,1% left through other airports. Those who travelled by sea mainly used Cape Town harbour by 84,4% to arrive and 87,5% to depart South Africa.

**Table 3.4 – Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals, departures and transits by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2025\***

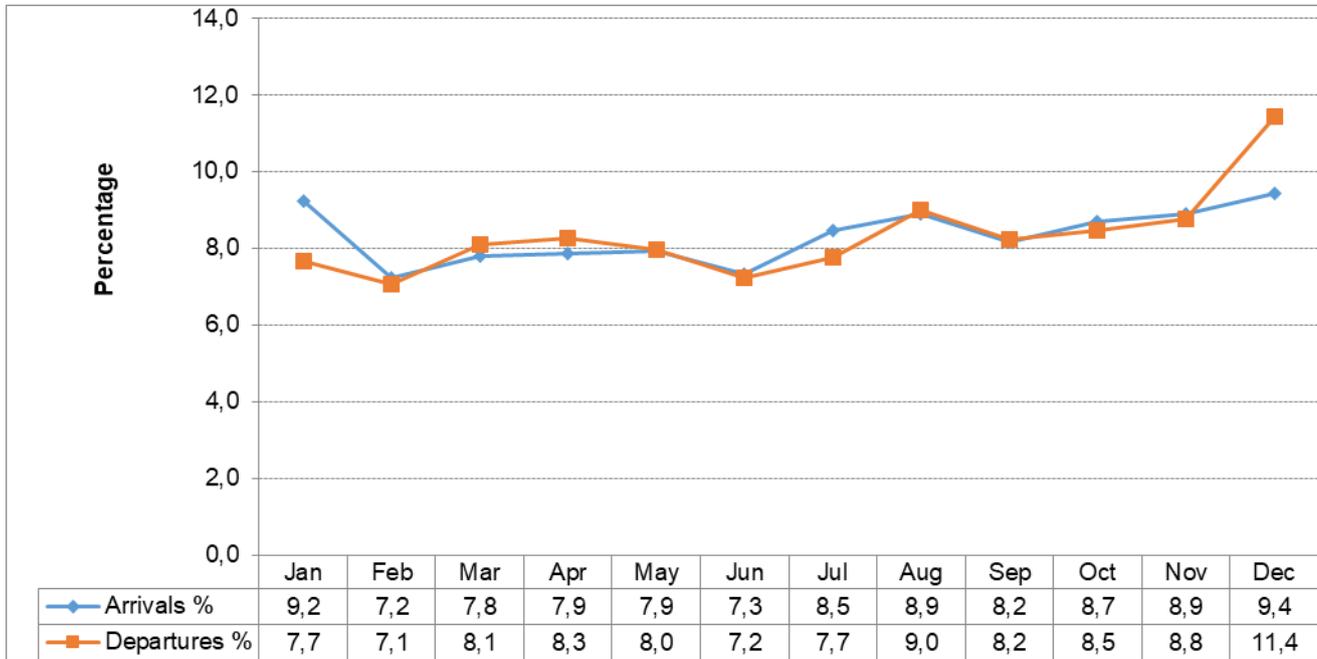
Mode of travel and place of arrival, departure or transit	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transits
<b>Air</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>
Cape Town International Airport	32,7%	32,3%	1,2%
King Shaka International Airport	1,4%	1,5%	0,0%
OR Tambo International Airport	65,7%	66,1%	98,8%
Other Airports	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%
<b>Road</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	-
Botswana	10,0%	12,1%	-
Eswatini	15,6%	15,8%	-
Lesotho	24,8%	26,3%	-
Mozambique	26,3%	24,5%	-
Namibia	1,2%	1,6%	-
Zimbabwe	22,1%	19,7%	-
<b>Sea</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	-
Cape Town Harbour	84,4%	87,5%	-
Durban Harbour	15,6%	12,5%	-

\* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding off.

**Month of travel**

The monthly distribution of foreign arrivals and departures by mode of travel and place of arrival and departure are provided in Appendices VII on page 30 and VIII on page 31 and summarised in Figure 3.5 below. The results indicate that most foreign arrivals were recorded in December (9,4%) and in January (9,2%) and the least in February (7,2%) and in June (7,3%). Most departures were recorded in December (11,4%) and the least in February (7,1%).

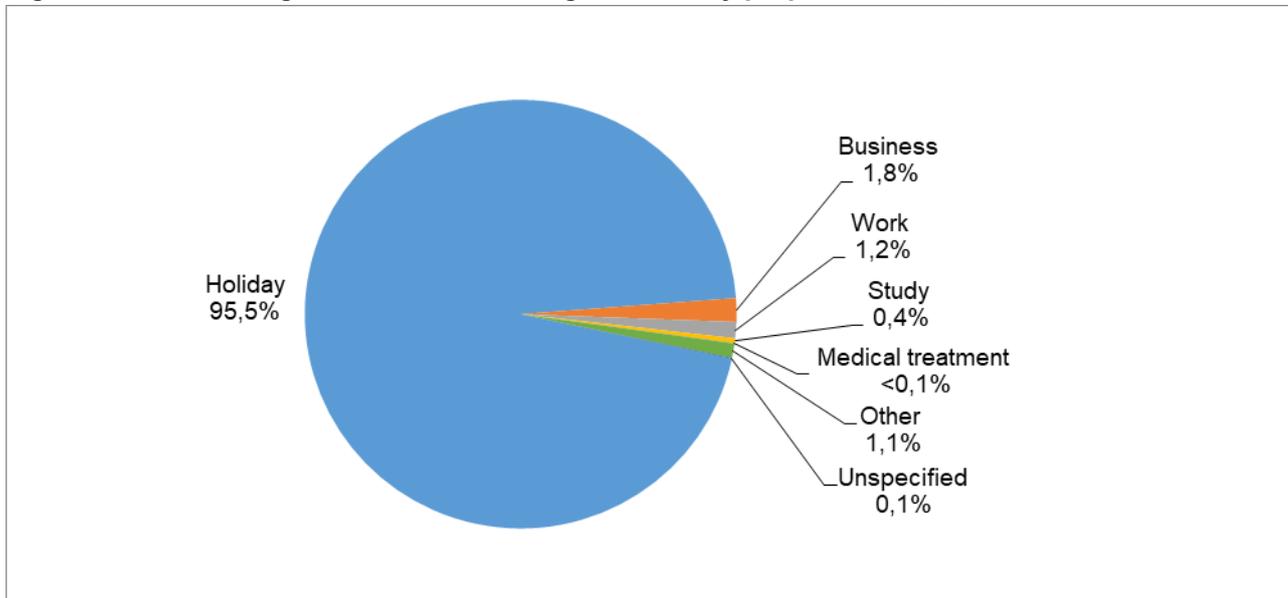
**Figure 3.5 – Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals and departures by month of travel, 2025**



**Purpose of visit**

Figure 3.6 below, shows that in 2025, the main purpose of visit for foreign arrivals was holidays (95,5%). Whereas 1,8% of the 2025 arrivals came for business; 1,2% came for work; 0,4% came to study and less than 0,1% came for medical treatment. A detailed distribution of the number of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit and month is shown in Appendix IX on page 32. November (25 677) had the highest number of foreign arrivals who came for business; while most tourists who came for holiday came in December (1 292 777); students came in January (7 942); workers came in January (19 094) and in November (18 056) and those who came for medical treatment came in July (386).

**Figure 3.6 – Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit, 2025**

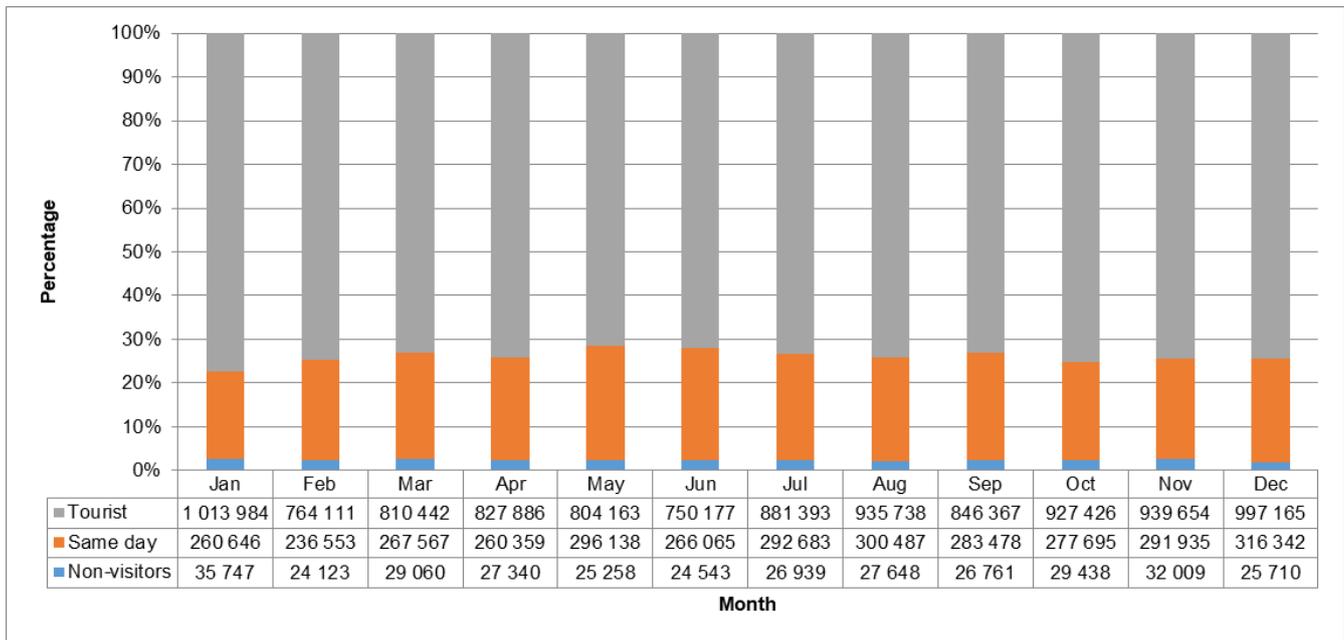


**Type of visitors**

Foreign arrivals can be classified as visitors and non-visitors depending on their purpose of visit. Furthermore, the visitors can be grouped as same-day visitors and tourists/ overnight visitors. In 2025, there were 334 576 (2,4%) non-visitors and 13 848 454 (97,6%) visitors (see Appendix X on page 33). The visitors were made up of 3 349 948 (24,2%) same-day visitors and 10 498 506 (75,8%) overnight visitors or tourists.

It is observed from the monthly distribution of the data presented in Figure 3.7 below, that the volume of non-visitors was highest in January (35 747) and in November (32 009). In contrast, February recorded the lowest number of non-visitors (24 123). The monthly volume of same-day visitors ranged from 236 553 in February to 316 342 in December with a monthly average of 279 162 visitors.

**Figure 3.7 – Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals by type of visitor, 2025**

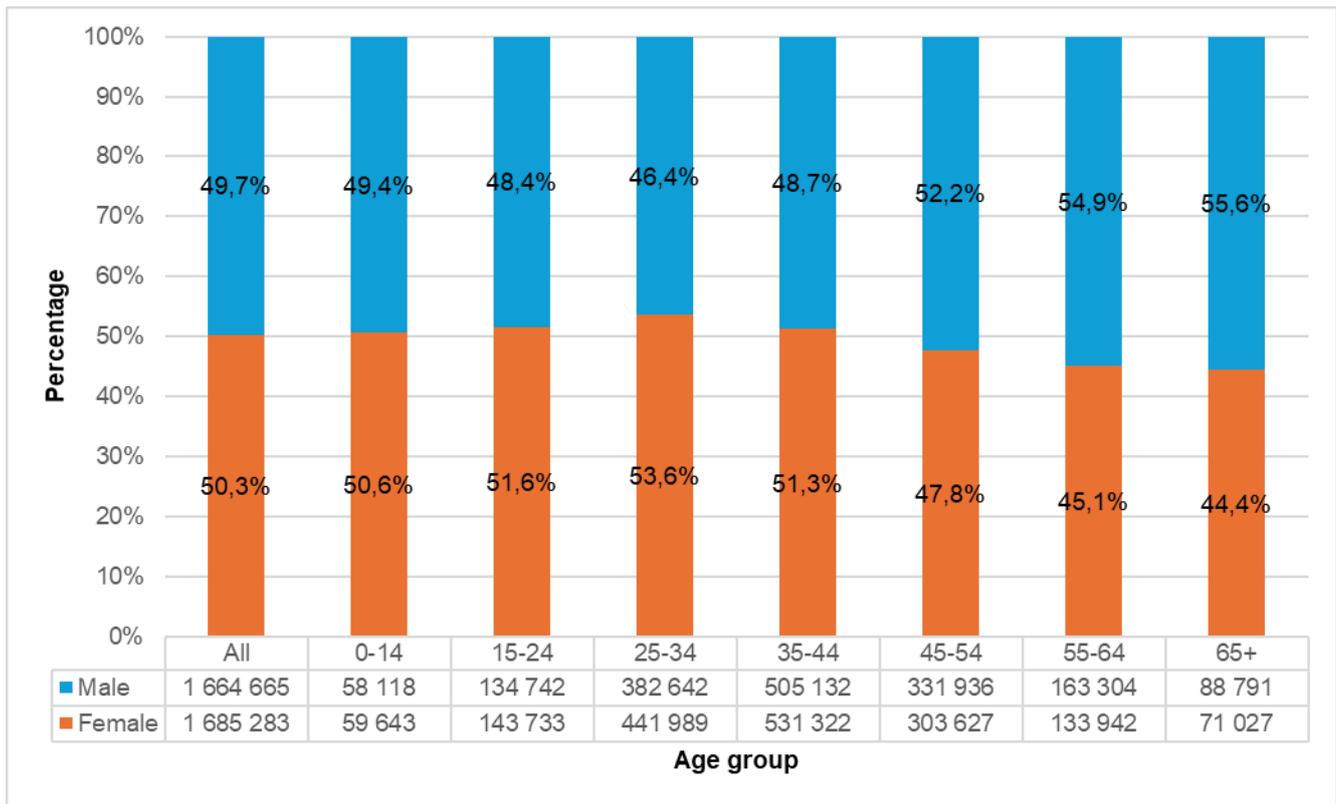


**4. Same day visitors**

In 2025, as shown in Figure 4.1 on page 10, there were more female [1 685 283 (50,3%)] than male [1 664 665 (49,7%)] same day visitors. The highest proportion of females [ 53,6% (441 989)] was aged between 25 and 34 whereas that of males [55,6% (88 791)] was aged 65 and above.

Further analysis on same-day visitors (see Appendix XI on page 34) indicates that a great majority of the same-day visitors [3 071 744 (91,7%)] came into the country by road; most of whom were from Southern African Development Community (SADC) countries [3 034 743 (98,8%)]. Virtually most same-day visitors [3 327 792 (99,3%)] came for holiday. The highest number of same day visitors travelling into the country by air for holidays in 2025 came from overseas countries. The rest came for business [17 375 (0,5%)]; for study purposes [4 463 (0,1%)] and for medical treatment [318 (less than 0,1%)].

**Figure 4.1 – Percentage distribution of same day visitors by sex and age, 2025**



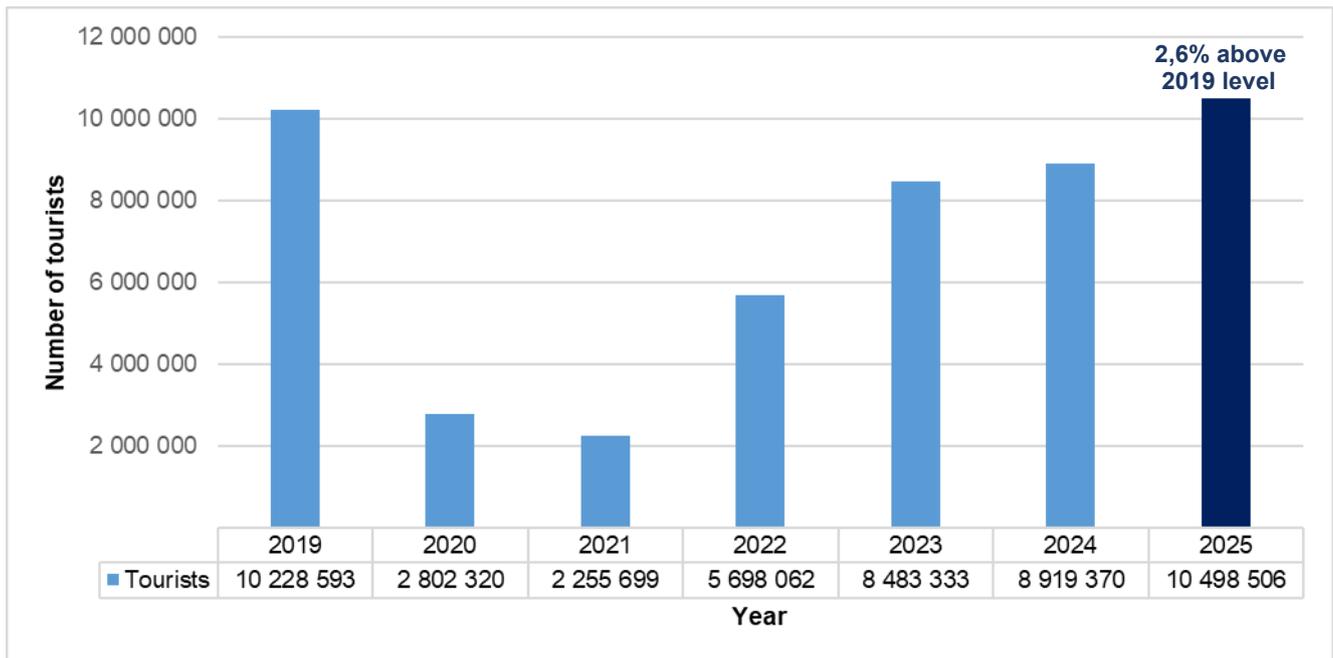
## 5. Tourists

This section profiles tourists that visited South Africa in 2025, with a focus on their demographic characteristics (age and sex), region of residence, mode of travel, purpose of visit and duration of stay.

### 5.1 Monthly, quarterly and annual trends

Figure 5.1 on page 11 indicates that a total of 10 498 506 tourists came to South Africa in 2025, showing an increase of 17,7% from the 8 919 370 tourists recorded in 2024. In 2025, tourist arrivals were 2,6% above the pre-pandemic levels from 10 228 593 in 2019, indicating a full recovery from the Covid-19 pandemic.

**Figure 5.1 – Number of tourists by year of travel, 2019 – 2025**



Information presented in Figure 5.2 below indicates that the highest number of tourist arrivals [1 013 984 (9,7%)] was recorded in January 2025 followed by [997 165 (9,5%)], which was recorded in December 2025. The lowest number of tourist arrivals was recorded in June 2025 [750 177 (7,1%)]. Figure 5.2 further shows that the monthly tourist arrivals in 2025 were higher than those observed in 2024.

Appendix XIV (on page 37) further indicates some diversity in the monthly arrival patterns regarding the types of tourists. The highest number of tourists were recorded in January [988 932 (9,7%)] and in December [978 438 (9,6%)] for holiday; in November [23 892 (10,1%)] for business, that of students was recorded in January [7 147 (15,1%)] and in July [6 607 (14,0%)], and that of medical treatment was recorded in March [363 (10,6%)].

**Figure 5.2 – Number of tourists by month and year of travel, 2024 and 2025**

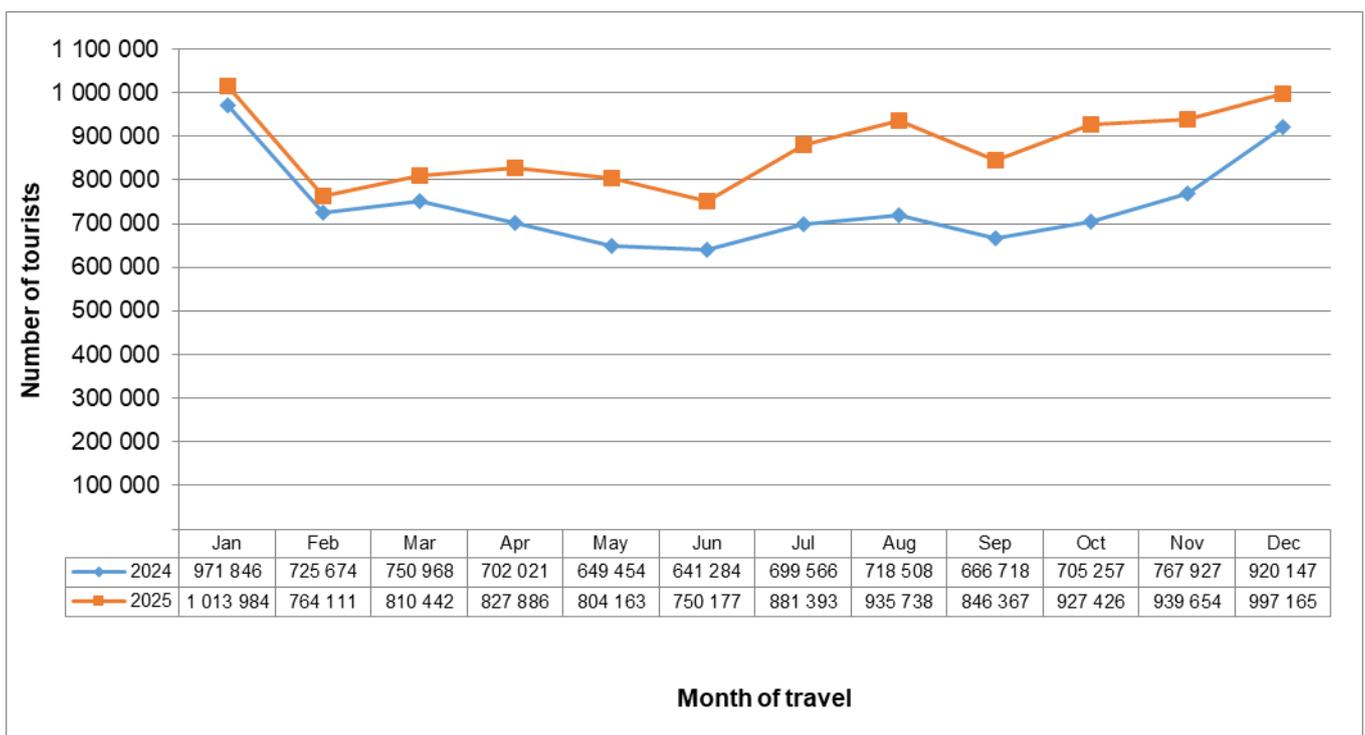
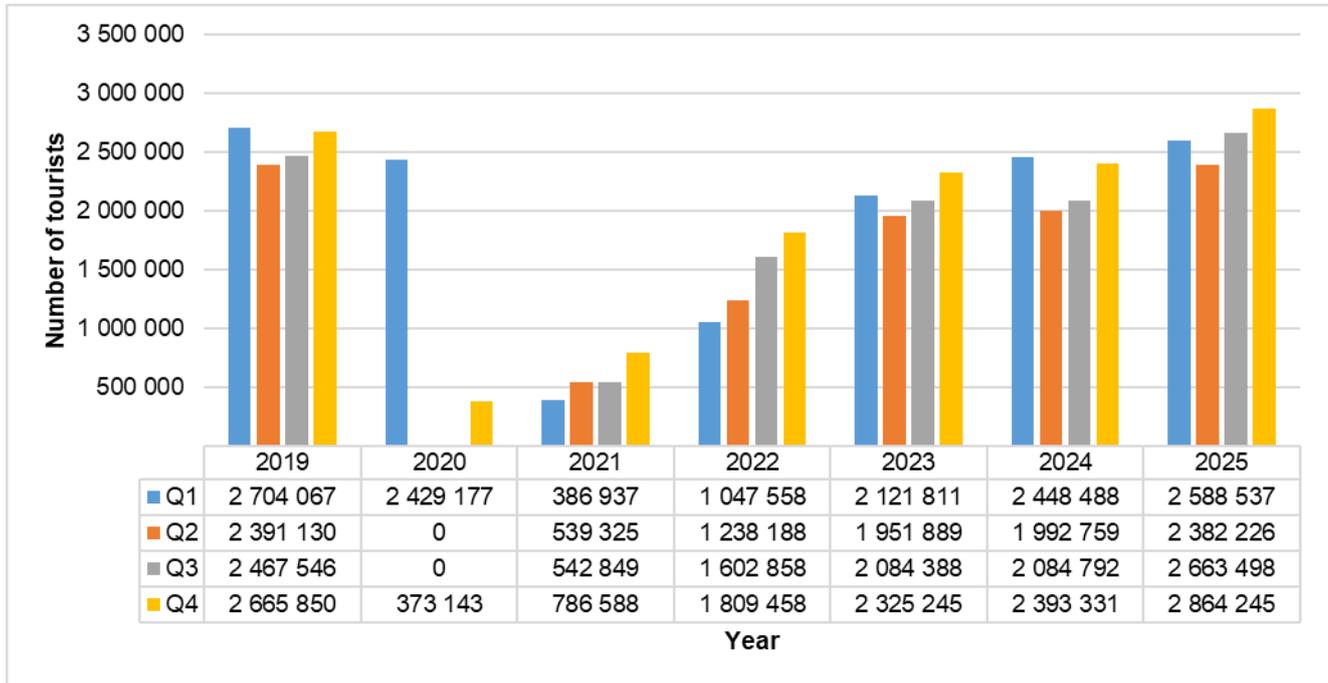


Figure 5.3 below shows the number of tourists who came to South Africa by quarter, between 2019 and 2025. For most years, the highest number of tourists was recorded in quarters one and four, except in year 2021, 2022 and 2025. The highest number of tourists was received in the last quarter (2 864 245). The same trend was observed between 2021 and 2023. Quarter two of 2025 was characterised by a large decrease of 8,0% (from 2 588 537 tourists in quarter one to 2 382 226 tourists in quarter two).

**Figure 5.3 – Quarterly changes of tourists’ arrivals, Quarter 1 – Quarter 4, 2019 – 2025**

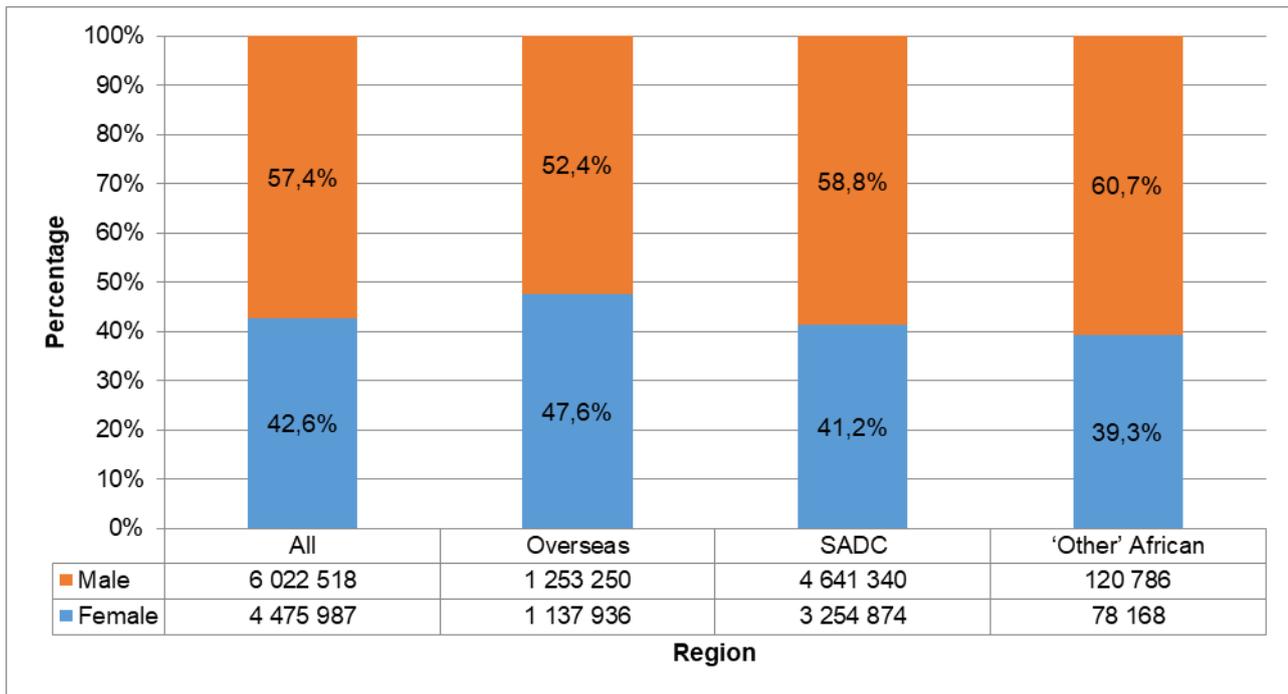


**5.2 Sex and age distribution**

**Sex**

In 2025, as shown in Figure 5.4 on page 13, there were more male [6 022 518 (57,4%)] than female [4 475 987 (42,6%)] tourists. Male tourists constituted the majority of tourists for all three regions, ‘other’ African countries [120 786 (60,7%)], followed by SADC [4 641 340 (58,8%)] and overseas countries [1 253 250 (52,4%)]. Similarly, the largest portion of female tourists was from overseas countries [1 137 936 (47,6%)], followed by SADC countries [3 254 874 (41,2%)] and ‘other’ African countries [78 168 (39,3%)]. Detailed information on the number of tourists by sex, age and region of residence are shown in Appendix XII on page 35 while the same distribution by month of arrival is shown in Appendix XIII on page 36.

**Figure 5.4 – Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and sex, 2025**

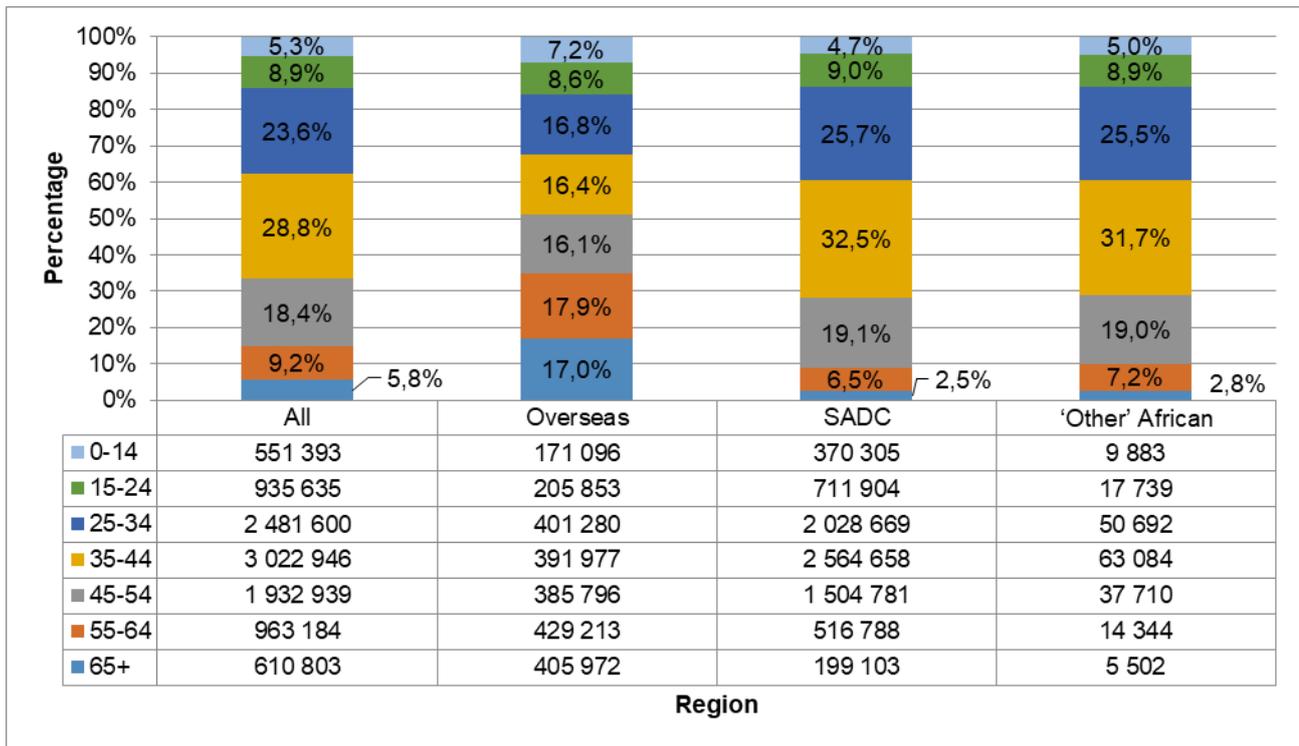


**Age**

The age distribution indicates that out of all tourists, [551 393 (5,3%)] were aged younger than 15; [935 635 (8,9%)] were aged between 15 and 24; [2 481 600 (23,6%)] were aged between 25 and 34 years; [3 022 946 (28,8%)] were aged between 35 and 44; [1 932 939 (18,4%)] were aged between 45 and 54; [963 184 (9,2%)] were aged between 55 and 64 and [610 803 (5,8%)] were aged 65 and above. Tourists who had unspecified ages were excluded from this figure. (see Figure 5.5 on page 14).

Taking the region of residence into consideration, the results show that the highest proportion of tourists from SADC countries [2 564 658 (32,5%)] and those from 'other' African countries [63 084 (31,7%)] were aged between 35 and 44, whereas overseas countries [429 213 (17,9%)] were aged between 55 and 64. The second highest proportion of tourists from SADC countries [2 028 669 (25,7%)] and those from 'other' African countries [50 692 (25,5%)] were aged between 25 and 34, whereas those from overseas countries [405 972 (17,0%)] were aged 65 and above. The median ages of tourists from overseas, SADC and 'other' African countries were 45, 38 and 38 years respectively. The proportion of tourists aged younger than 15 was higher among tourists from overseas countries, 7,2% (171 096), followed by those from 'other' African countries, 5,0% (9 883) and those from SADC countries, 4,7% (370 305). Detailed information on the number of tourists by sex, age and region of residence are shown in Appendix XII on page 35 while the same distribution by month of arrival is shown in Appendix XIII on page 36.

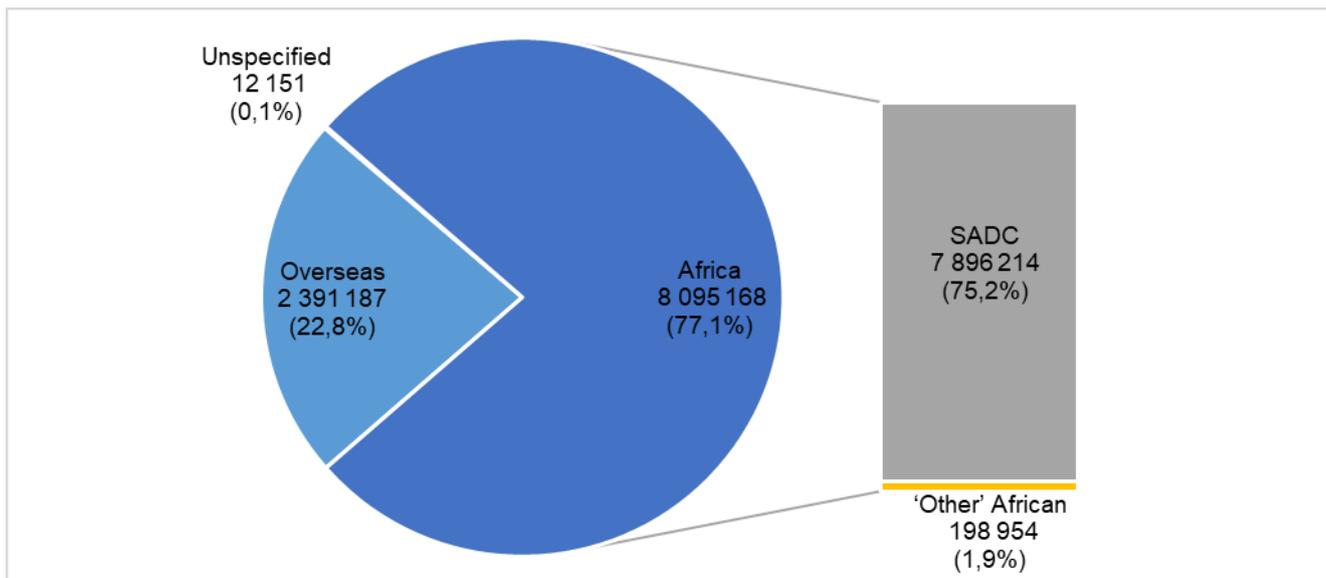
**Figure 5.5 – Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and age, 2025**



**5.3 Region of residence**

The breakdown of the number of tourists by region provided in Figure 5.6 below indicates that 75,2% of the tourists who arrived in South Africa in 2025 were residents of SADC countries and 1,9% were from 'other' African countries. These two sub-regions made up 77,1% of tourists from Africa in total. Residents of overseas countries made up 22,8% of the tourists.

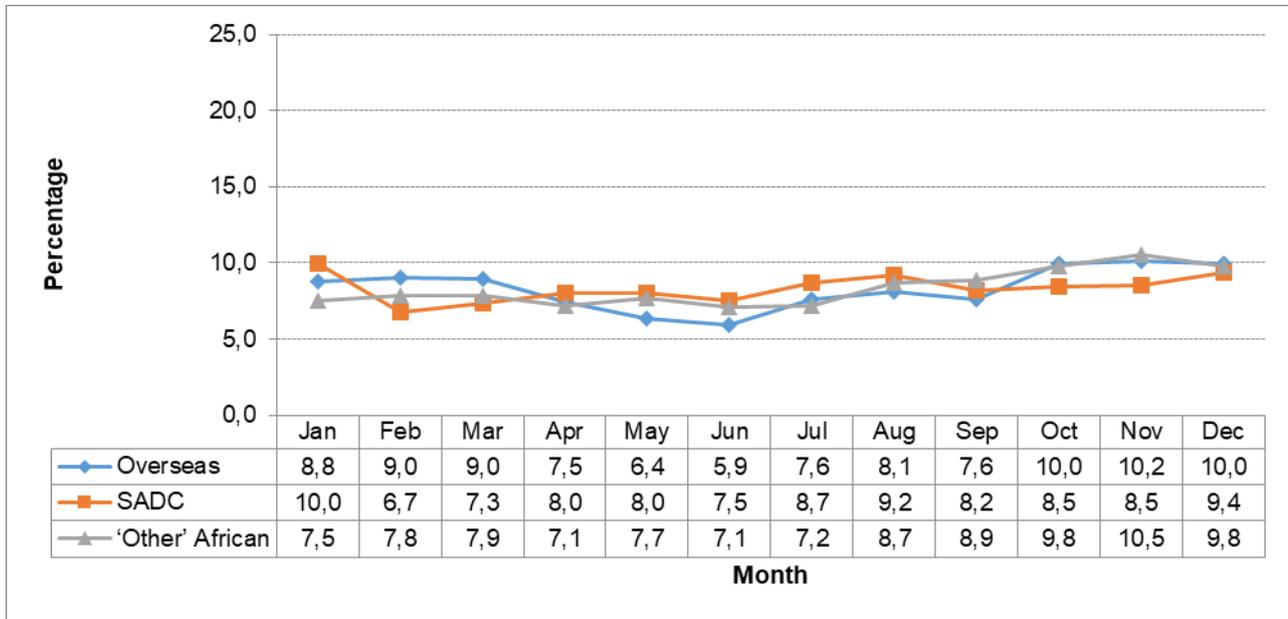
**Figure 5.6 – Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence, 2025**



Detailed information on the number of tourists by region and sub-region of residence and the month of arrival is provided in Appendix XV on page 38 and the percentage distribution at the regional level is shown in Figure 5.7 on page 15. It is observed that there are regional differences in the monthly arrivals of tourists. Thus, in 2025, the highest proportion of overseas tourists was recorded in November (10,2%), October (10,0%) and December (10,0%), while the lowest proportion was recorded in June (5,9%).

The highest proportion of tourist arrivals from the SADC region was recorded in January (10,0%) and December (9,4%), the lowest was recorded in February (6,7%). Furthermore, for tourists from the 'other' African region, the highest proportion of tourist arrivals was recorded in November (10,5%), while the lowest proportion was recorded in April (7,1%) and June (7,1%).

**Figure 5.7 – Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and month of arrival, 2025**

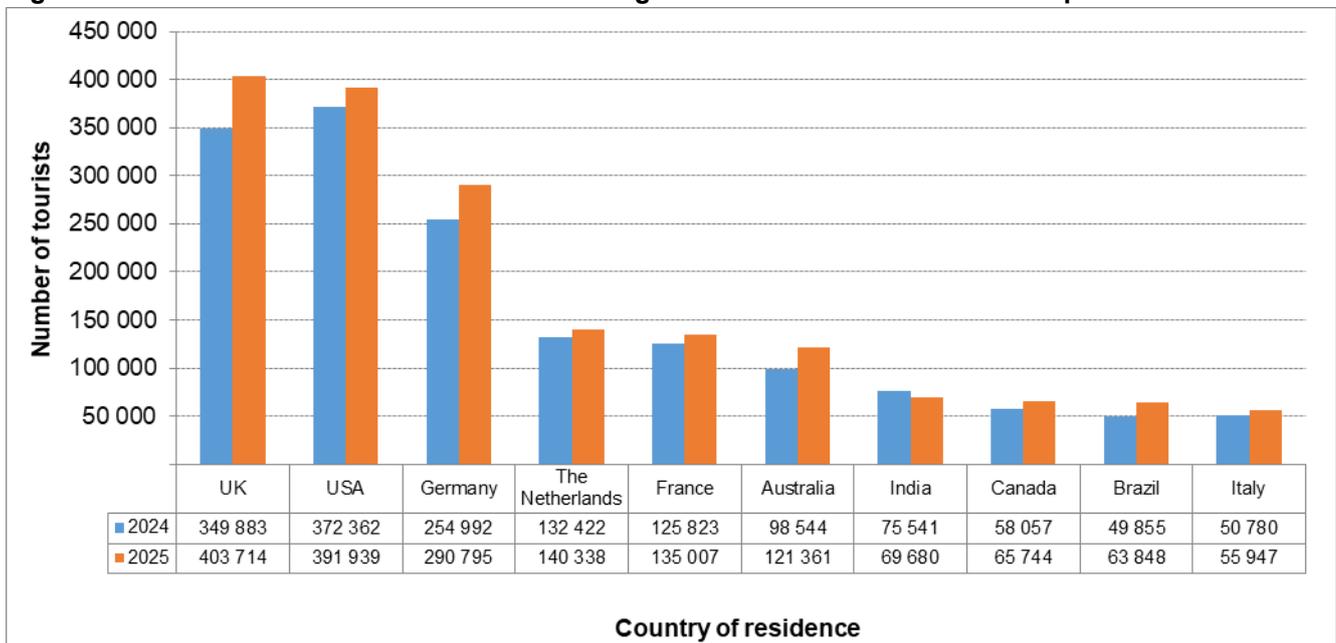


**5.4 Ten leading countries**

**Overseas**

As presented in Figure 5.8 below (and Appendix XVII on page 40 – 44), the 10 leading countries for overseas tourists in 2025 were: The United Kingdom (UK), 403 714 (16,9%); United States of America (USA), 391 939 (16,4%); Germany, 290 795 (12,2%); The Netherlands, 140 338 (5,9%); France, 135 007 (5,6%); Australia, 121 361 (5,1%); India, 69 680 (2,9%); Canada, 65 744 (2,7%); Brazil, 63 848 (2,7%) and Italy, 55 947 (2,3%). A comparison of the 2024 and 2025 volumes indicates that the number of tourists increased in 9 of the 10 leading overseas countries. Brazil and Australia had the largest increase of 28,1% and 23,2% respectively.

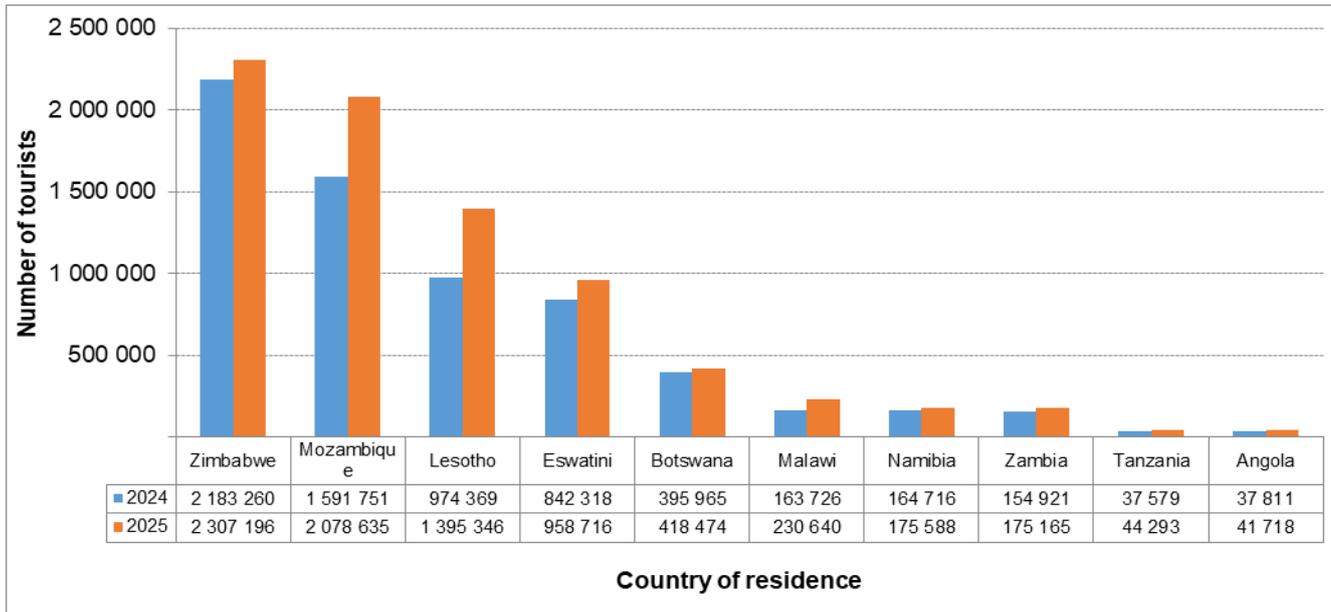
**Figure 5.8 – Number of tourists from the 10 leading overseas countries in 2025 compared to 2024**



**SADC**

Figure 5.9 below and Appendix XVII on page 45 shows the ten leading countries for tourists from the SADC region in 2025. These were: Zimbabwe, 2 307 196 (29,2%); Mozambique, 2 078 635 (26,3%); Lesotho, 1 395 346 (17,7%); Eswatini, 958 716 (12,1%); Botswana, 418 474 (5,3%); Malawi, 230 640 (2,9%); Namibia, 175 588 (2,2%); Zambia, 175 165 (2,2%); Tanzania, 44 293 (0,6%) and Angola, 41 718 (0,5%). A comparison of the 2024 and 2025 volumes indicates that the number of tourists increased in all 10 leading SADC countries. Lesotho and Malawi had the largest increase of 43,2% and 40,9% respectively.

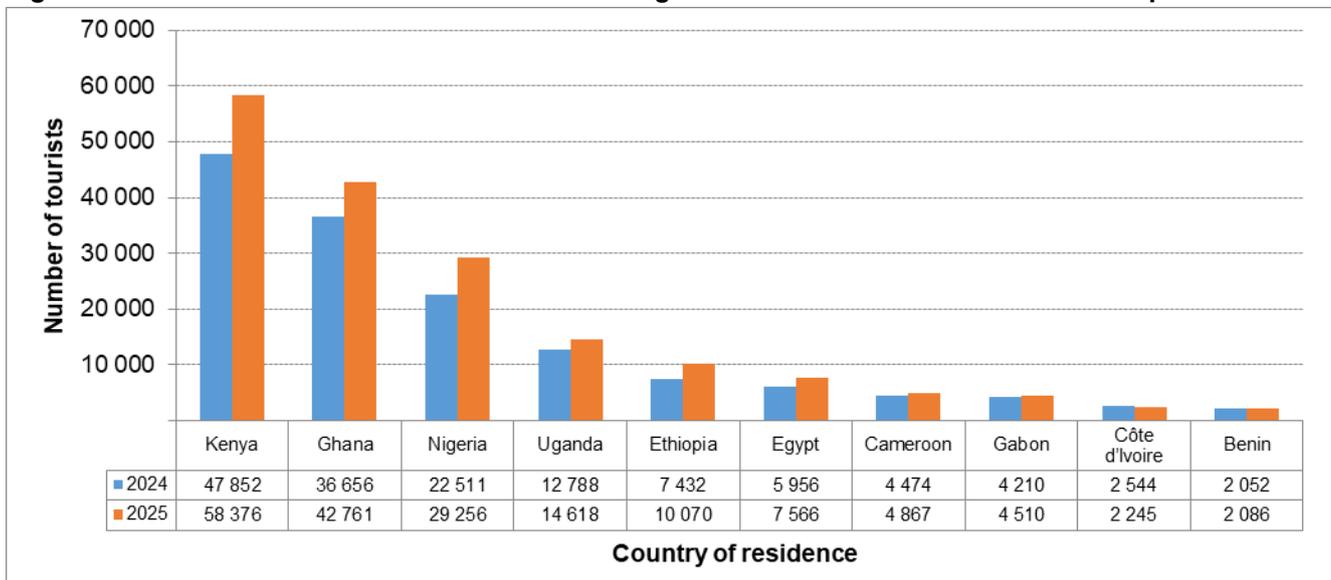
**Figure 5.9 – Number of tourists from the 10 leading SADC countries in 2025 compared to 2024**



**‘Other’ African**

As presented in Figure 5.10 below and Appendix XVII on page 45– 46, the 10 leading countries for tourists from ‘other’ African countries in 2025 were: Kenya, 58 376 (29,3%); Ghana, 42 761 (21,5%); Nigeria, 29 256 (14,7%); Uganda, 14 618 (7,3%); Ethiopia, 10 070 (5,1%); Egypt, 7 566 (3,8%); Cameroon, 4 867 (2,4%); Gabon, 4 510 (2,3%); Côte d’Ivoire, 2 245 (1,1%) and Benin, 2 086 (1,0%). A comparison between the 2024 and 2025 volumes indicates that the number of tourists increased in 9 of the 10 leading countries. Ethiopia and Nigeria had the largest increase of 35,5% and 30,0% respectively.

**Figure 5.10 – Number of tourists from the 10 leading ‘other’ African countries in 2025 compared to 2024**



**5.5 Mode of travel**

This section on the mode of travel provides information on the mode of travel, place of arrival and region of residence of tourists in 2025

**Place of arrival**

Table 4.1 below provides information on the number of tourists by mode of travel and place of arrival. A large number of tourists who came to South Africa in 2025 used road [7 428 859 (70,8%)]; followed by those who came by air [3 047 448 (29,0%)]; and those who arrived by sea [22 199 (0,2%)].

The results further show that the road users mainly came in through the Mozambique [2 170 133 (29,2%)] and Zimbabwe [1 864 733 (25,1%)] ports of entry. Namibia [110 161 (1,5%)] had the lowest number of tourists using its ports of entry.

Out of the 3 047 448 tourists that arrived by air, the largest proportion [1 932 114 (63,4%)] used OR Tambo International Airport. Cape Town International Airport was used by 1 072 623 (35,2%) of tourists. Most of the tourists that arrived by sea came in through the Cape Town harbour [18 007 (81,1%)].

The highest volume of tourists that passed through Mozambique port of entry were recorded in November (207 105) whereas the lowest volumes were recorded in February (155 718). Meanwhile, the highest volume of tourists that entered South Africa through the OR Tambo International Airport were recorded in December (190 055) whereas the lowest were recorded in June (139 240). A detailed table including month of travel is shown in Appendix XVI on page 39.

**Table 4.1 – Distribution of tourists by mode of travel and place of arrival, 2025\***

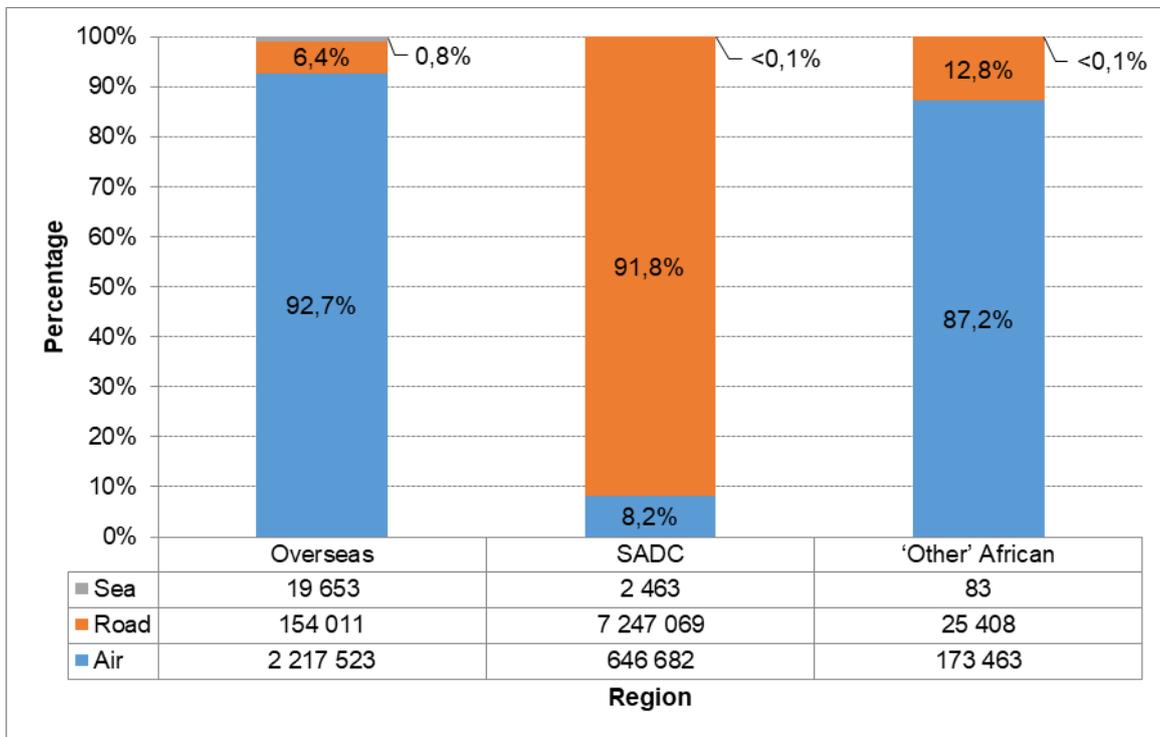
Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	%
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>100,0%</b>
<b>Air</b>	<b>3 047 448</b>	<b>100,0%</b>
Cape Town International Airport	1 072 623	35,2%
King Shaka International Airport	39 778	1,3%
OR Tambo International Airport	1 932 144	63,4%
Other Airports	2 903	0,1%
<b>Road</b>	<b>7 428 859</b>	<b>100,0%</b>
Botswana	699 428	9,4%
Eswatini	1 176 426	15,8%
Lesotho	1 407 978	19,0%
Mozambique	2 170 133	29,2%
Namibia	110 161	1,5%
Zimbabwe	1 864 733	25,1%
<b>Sea</b>	<b>22 199</b>	<b>100,0%</b>
Cape Town Harbour	18 007	81,1%
Durban Harbour	4 192	18,9%

\* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding off.

**Region of residence**

As observed from Figure 5.11 below and Appendix XX on pages 61– 62, a large proportion of overseas tourists [92,7% (2 217 523)] came into South Africa by air compared to those who came in by road [6,4% (154 011)] and those who came by sea [0,8% (19 653)]. Similarly, tourists from ‘other’ African countries generally entered the country by air [87,2% (173 463)] compared to those who came by road [12,8% (25 408)] and sea [less than 0,1% (83)]. However, the mode of travel used by most tourists from SADC countries was road [91,8% (7 247 069)] compared to air [8,2% (646 682)] and sea [less than 0,1% (2 463)]. Additionally, most tourists who came by road came through Lebombo port (2 054 853) and Beit Bridge port (1 864 733). Most tourists who came by air entered through OR Tambo International Airport (1 932 144), followed by Cape Town International Airport (1 072 623). Tourists who arrived by sea came through Cape Town Harbour (18 007), followed by Durban Harbour (4 192). Detailed data on sub-region and country of residence and mode of travel are presented in Appendix XVIII on page 47 - 53.

**Figure 5.11 – Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and mode of travel, 2025**



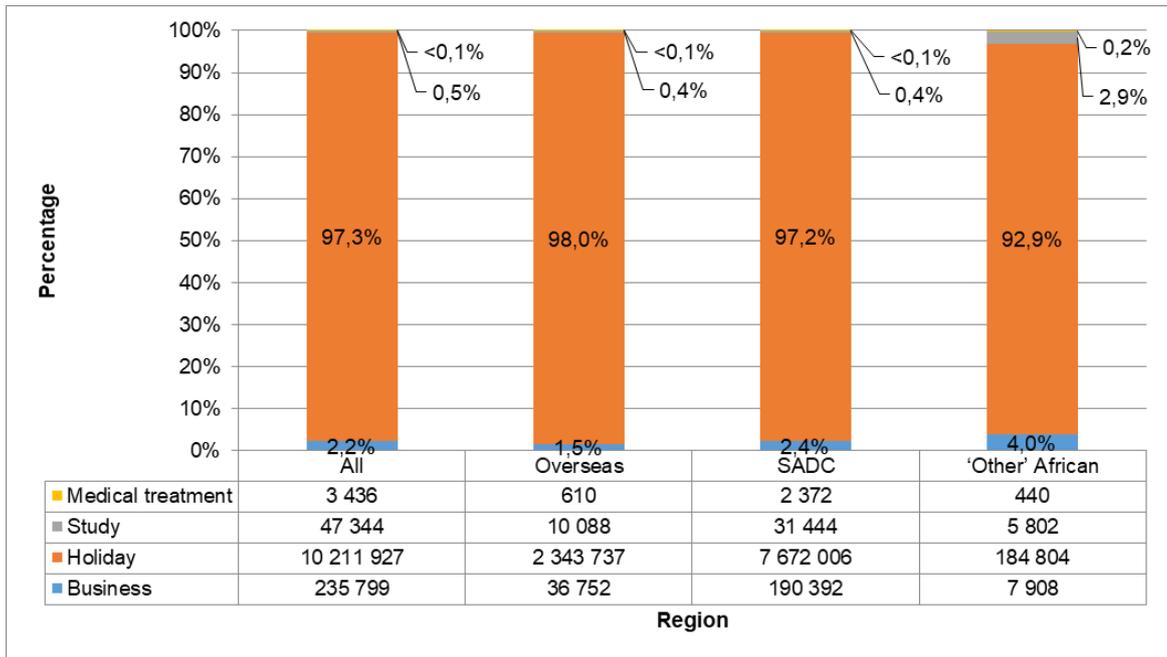
**5.6 Purpose of visit**

**Region of residence**

Besides the information in Figure 5.12 on page 19, reference has been made to data on the main types of tourists that visit South Africa (see Appendix XIX on pages 54 – 60) using the purpose of visit to identify them. In 2025, most tourists came to South Africa for holidays [10 211 927 (97,3%)]. The remaining tourists came for business [235 799 (2,2%)], study purposes [47 344 (0,5%)] and medical treatment [3 436 (less than 0,1%)].

The 2025 data showed some regional and country differentials concerning the purpose of visit. For example, tourists from SADC countries came for business [190 392 (2,4%)] compared to tourists from overseas countries [36 752 (1,5%)] and those from ‘other’ African countries [7 908 (4,0%)]. In addition, students made up [31 444 (0,4%)] of tourists from SADC countries compared to [10 088 (0,4%)] of tourists from overseas countries and [5 802 (2,9%)] of tourists from ‘other’ African countries. The lowest numbers were observed for tourists who came for medical treatment, wherein SADC countries had [2 372 (less than 0,1%)] of tourists who came for medical treatment, followed by overseas countries [610 (less than 0,1%)] and ‘other’ African countries [440 (0,2%)]. Detailed data on the country of residence and purpose of visit is presented in Appendix XIX on pages 54 – 60.

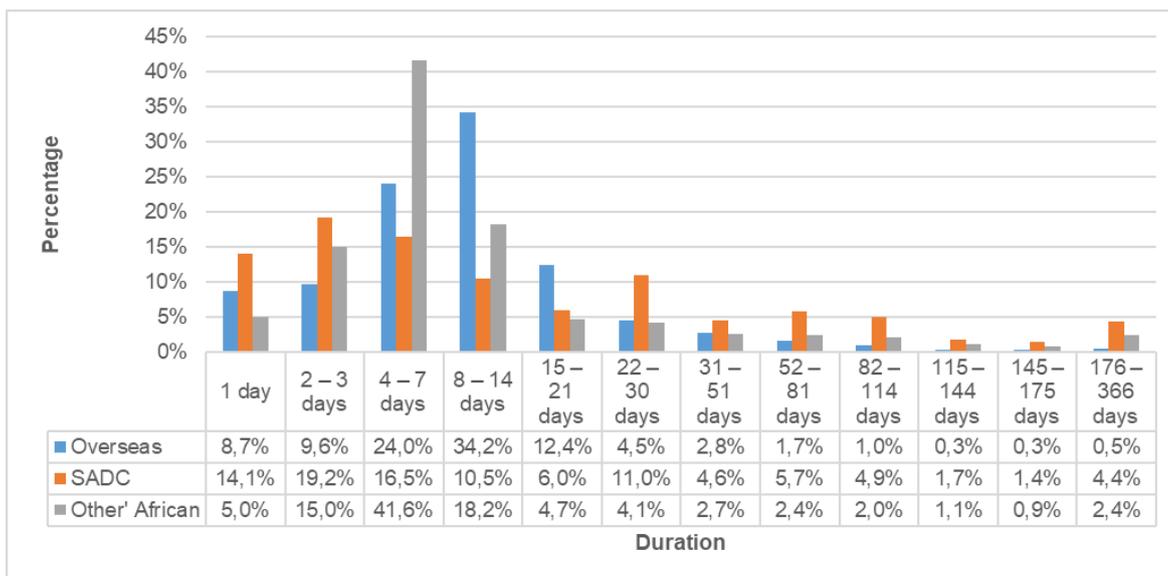
**Figure 5.12 – Percentage distribution of tourists by region and purpose of visit, 2025**



**5.7 Duration of stay**

The number of days tourists spent in South Africa is based on the total of 6 590 492 tourists who arrived and left in 2025. Figure 5.13 below shows that 34,2% of overseas tourists spent 8 to 14 days in the country, followed by 24,0% who spent 4 to 7 days and 12,4% who spent 15 to 21 days. Most tourists from SADC (19,2%) spent 2 to 3 days, followed by 16,5% who spent 4 to 7 days and 14,1% who spent only 1 day. Most tourists from 'other' African countries (41,6%) spent 4 to 7 days, followed by 18,2% who spent 8 to 14 days and 15,0% who spent 2 to 3 days.

**Figure 5.13 – Total number of days tourists spent by region, 2025\***



\*The duration of stay excludes 12 151 tourists who did not specify their country of residence and 3 895 863 tourists who arrived in 2025 and did not leave the country by December 2025

Table 4.2 below indicates that a total of 6 590 492 tourists who entered and left South Africa in 2025 on average spent about 26 days. Tourists from SADC, on average, spent more days (33) in the country in 2025, compared with tourists from overseas and ‘other’ African countries who on average spent fewer days (about 14 to 20 days in the year).

**Table 4.2 – Average duration of stay of tourists by region, 2025\***

Regions	Total tourists (excluding unspecified)	Tourists who came and left in 2025	Proportion of tourists who came and left in 2025 (%)	Average number of days spent by tourists
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 486 355</b>	<b>6 590 492</b>	<b>62,8</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>Overseas</b>	2 391 187	2 074 328	86,7	14
<b>SADC</b>	7 896 214	4 360 278	55,2	33
<b>‘Other’ African</b>	198 954	155 886	78,4	20

\*The duration of stay excludes 12 151 tourists who did not specify their country of residence and 3 895 863 tourists who arrived in 2025 and did not leave the country by December 2025

**5.8 Tourists from the original founding BRIC countries analysis**

Tourism links with the original founding BRIC countries (Brazil, the Russian Federation, India and China) continued to play an important role. A total of 213 138 tourists from these countries visited South Africa in 2025, making up 8,9% of all overseas arrivals.

India led the group with 69 680 tourists, followed by Brazil (63 848), the Russian Federation (41 708) and China (37 902). Year-on-year comparisons showed mixed trends: arrivals from Russia and Brazil surged by 35,7% and 28,1% respectively, while China and India recorded declines of 8,5% and 7,8%.

A longer-term comparison shows clear growth from both Russia and Brazil. Tourist arrivals from Russia increased from 8 307 in 2016 to far higher levels by 2025, including a 74,7% increase between 2022 and 2023. Brazil followed a similar pattern, with arrivals rising by 74,3% over the same period. In contrast, arrivals from China and India decreased compared with their 2016 levels — by 67,6% and 26,9% respectively.

**Figure 5.14 – Number of tourists from the original founding BRIC countries by year of travel, 2016 – 2025**

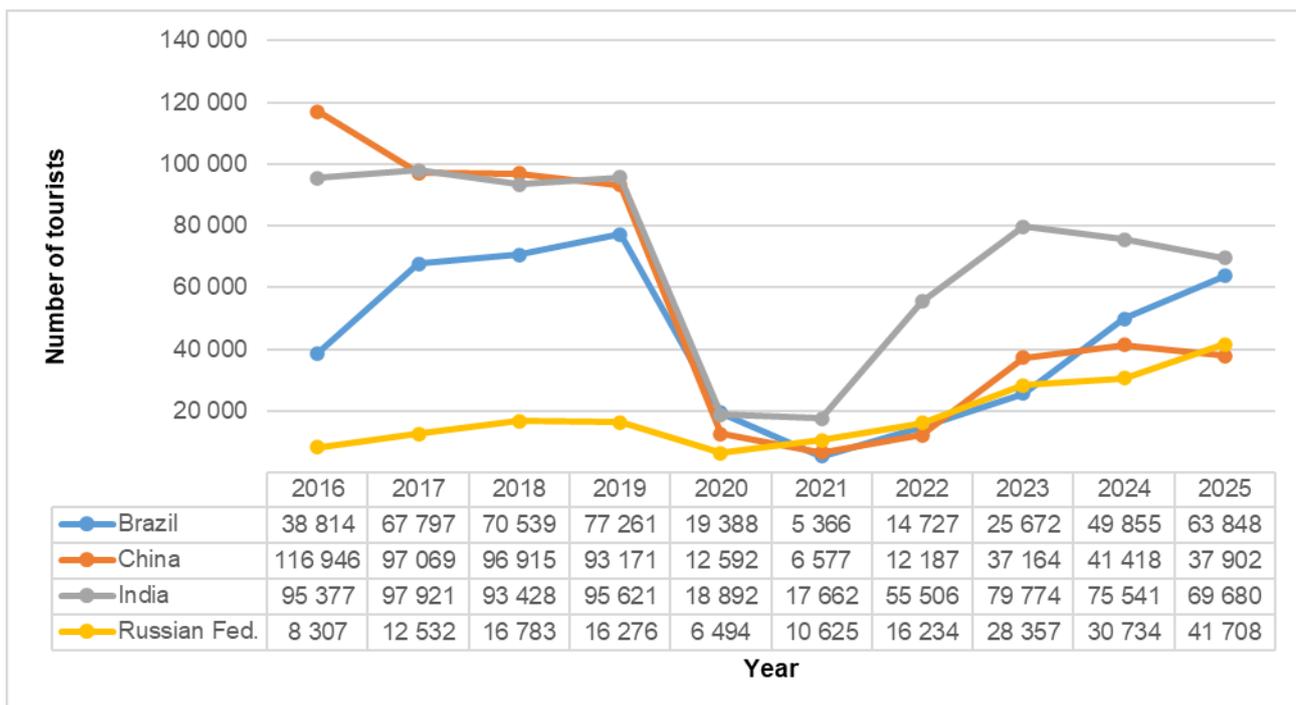
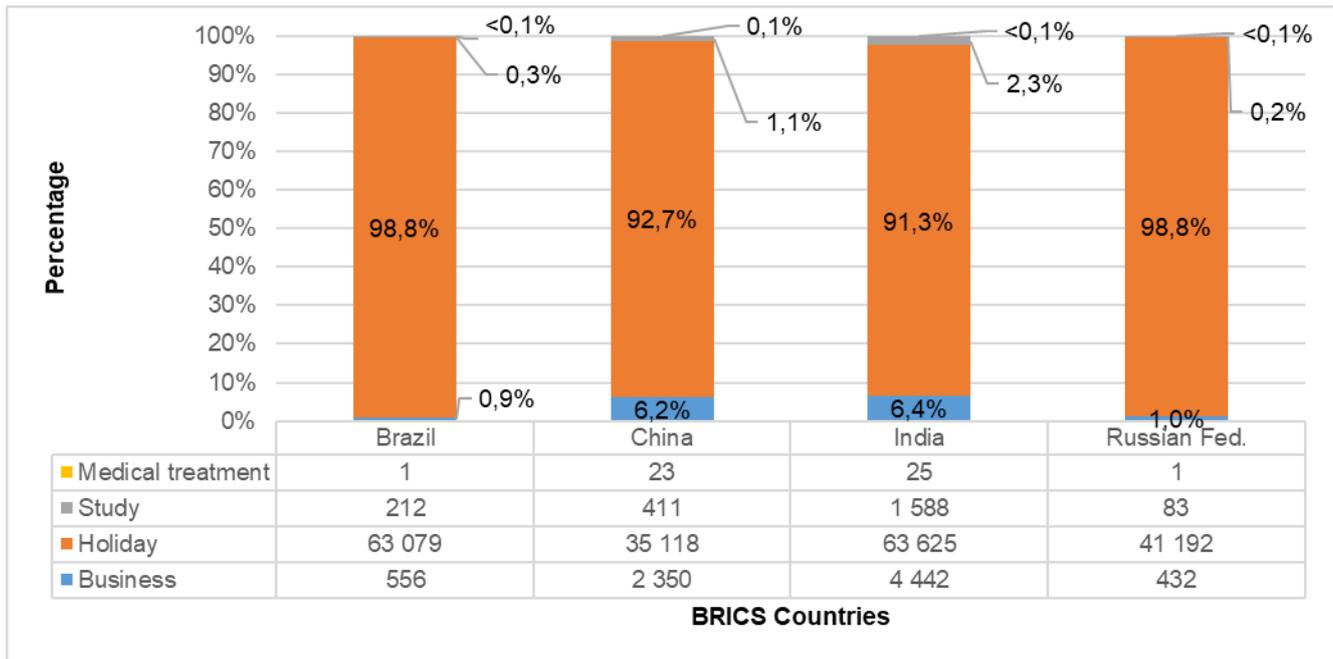


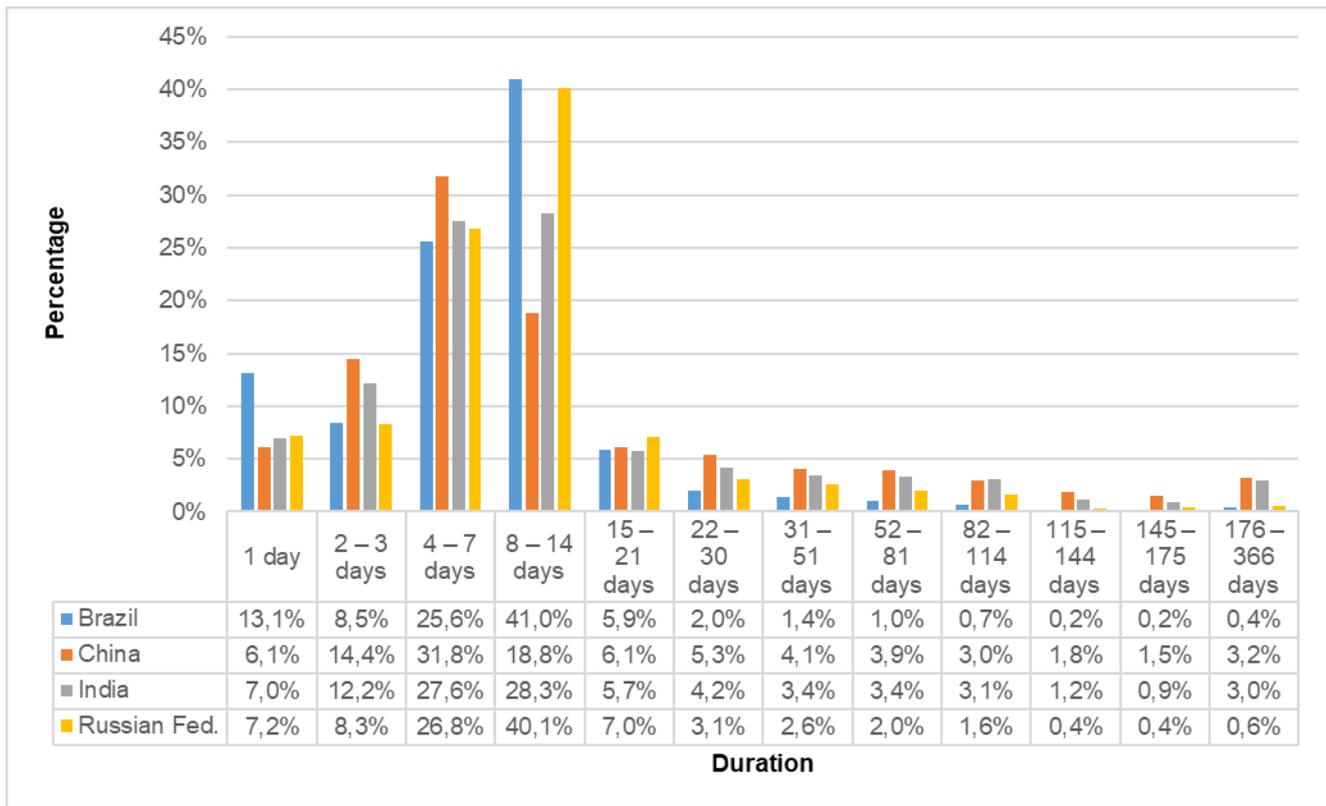
Figure 5.15 below shows the number of tourists from the original founding BRIC countries by purpose of visit. It is observed that in 2025, holiday makers constituted over 90% across these countries. Furthermore, tourists from India [4 442 (6,4%)] and tourists from China [2 350 (6,2%)] came for business compared to tourists from Brazil [556 (0,9%)] and from Russian Federation [432 (1,0%)]. In addition, students made up [1 588 (2,3%)] of tourists from India and [411 (1,1%)] tourists from China compared to [212 (0,3%)] from Brazil and [83 (0,2%)] from Russian Federation. The lowest numbers were observed for tourists who came for medical treatment. China had 23 (0,1%) of tourists who came for medical treatment, whereas India (25), Brazil (1) and Russian Federation (1) had less than (0,1%) of tourists who came for medical treatment.

**Figure 5.15 – Percentage distribution of tourists from the original founding BRIC countries by purpose of visit, 2016 – 2025**



The number of days tourists from the original founding BRIC countries spent in South Africa in 2025 is based on the total of 180 479 tourists who arrived and left in 2025. Figure 5.16 on page 22 shows that 41,0% of Brazilian tourists spent 8 to 14 days, 31,8% from China spent 4 to 7 days, 28,3% and 27,6% from India spent 8 to 14 days and 4 to 7 days respectively, and 40,1% tourists from Russian Federation spent 8 to 14 days.

**Figure 5.16 – Duration of stay of tourists from the original founding BRIC countries, 2025\***



\*The duration of stay excludes 32 659 tourists from the original founding BRIC countries who arrived in 2025 and did not leave the country by December 2025

Table 4.3 below indicates that a total of 180 479 tourists who entered and left South Africa in 2025 on average spent about 18 days. Tourists from China, on average, spent more days (26) in the country in 2025, followed by those from India, whom on average spent 24 days, those from Russian Federation on average spent 14 days and those from Brazil spent 11 days.

**Table 4.3 – Average duration of stay of tourists from the original founding BRIC countries, 2025\***

Regions	Total tourists	Tourists who came and left in 2025	Proportion of tourists who came and left in 2025 (%)	Average number of days spent by tourists
<b>Total</b>	<b>213 138</b>	<b>180 479</b>	<b>84,7</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>Brazil</b>	63 848	58 261	91,2	11
<b>China</b>	37 902	31 605	83,4	26
<b>India</b>	69 680	56 063	80,5	24
<b>Russian Fed.</b>	41 708	34 550	82,8	14

\*The duration of stay excludes 32 659 tourists from original founding BRIC countries who arrived in 2025 and did not leave the country by December 2025

## 6. Summary

This report provides information collected by DHA immigration officers on South African residents and foreign travellers that passed through South African air, land and sea ports in 2025. The report also presents detailed information on the mode of travel, purpose of visit, length of stay and demographic characteristics of tourists (foreigners). About 36 499 000 travellers entered or departed South Africa in 2025 showing an increase of 18,5% from the 2024 volume of 30 805 000.

South African resident arrivals increased by 9,6% from 4 344 000 in 2024 to 4 761 000 in 2025 and departures increased by 11,2% from 4 360 000 in 2024 to 4 849 000 in 2025. Foreign arrivals increased by 20,9% from 11 729 000 in 2024 to 14 183 000 in 2025 and departures increased by 23,0% from 9 903 000 in 2024 to 12 179 000 in 2025. Due to limited data on South African residents, information on tourists is available only from foreign travellers. In 2025, foreign arrivals comprised 2,4% non-visitors and 97,6% visitors. The visitors were further categorised into same-day visitors (24,2%) and overnight visitors or tourists (75,8%).

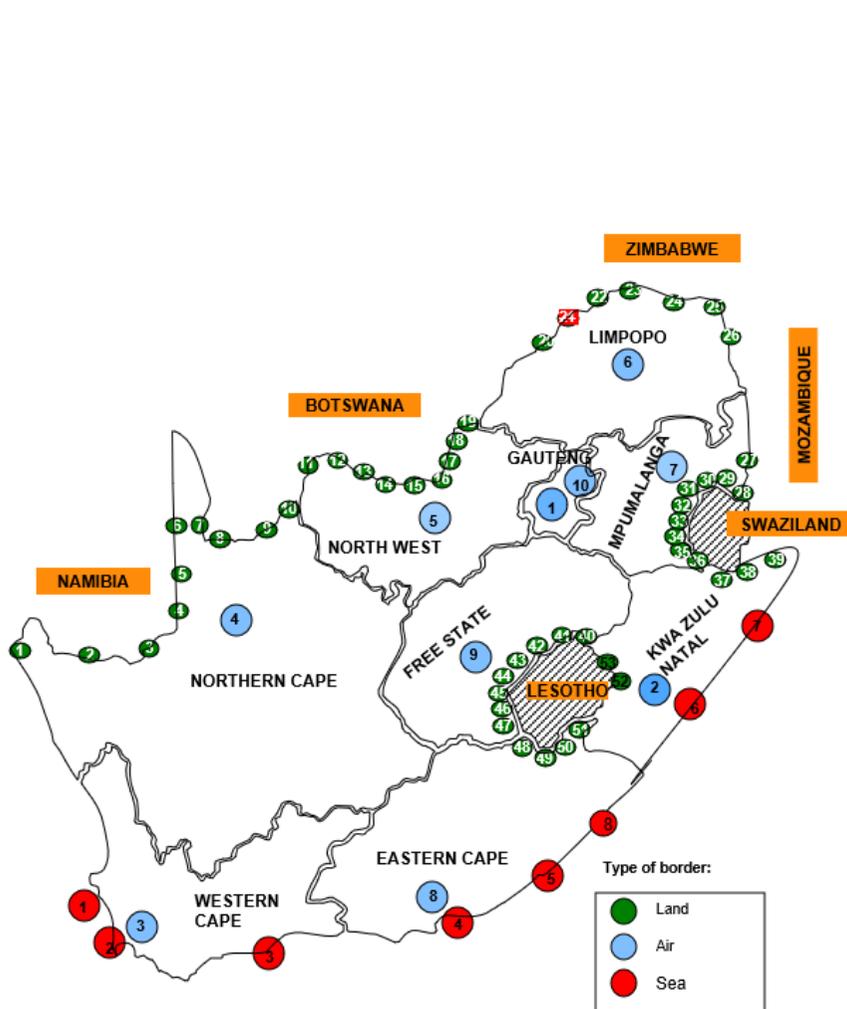
The volume of tourists increased by 17,7% from 8 919 370 in 2024 to 10 498 506 in 2025. The distribution of tourists by region of residence shows that 75,2% of the tourists who arrived in South Africa in 2025 were residents of SADC countries and 1,9% were from 'other' African countries. These two sub-regions made up 77,1% of tourists from Africa in total. Residents of overseas countries made up 22,8% of the tourists.

The 2025 patterns of mode of travel and purpose of visit did not differ greatly from what was observed in 2024 and earlier years. Generally, overseas (92,7%) and 'other' African (87,2%) tourists arrived by air whereas tourists from SADC countries came in by road (91,8%). Holiday continued to be the main reason for visiting South Africa. A large majority (97,3%) of tourists came for holidays whilst business, students and medical treatment constituted 2,2%, 0,5% and less than 0,1% respectively of the 2025 tourists.

Tourists from SADC, on average, spent more days (33) in the country in 2025, compared to tourists from overseas and 'other' African countries who on average spent fewer days (about 14 to 20 days in the year). Tourists continued to be predominantly male (57,4%).

## 7. Appendices

### Appendix I – Ports of entry/exit to South Africa by type



#### LAND PoE:

- 1.ALEXANDER BAY
- 2.VIOOLSDRIFT
- 3.ONSEEPKANS
- 4.NAKOP
- 5.SENDELINGSDRIFT
- 6.RIETFontein
- 7.TWEE RIVIEREN
- 8.GEMSBOK
- 9.MIDDELPUTS
- 10.McCARTHY'S REST
- 11.MAKOPONG
- 12.BRAY
- 13.MAKGOBISTAD
- 14.RAMATLABAMA
- 15.SKILPADS GATE
- 16.SWARTKOPFontein
- 17.KOPFontein
- 18.DERDEPOORT
- 19.STOCKPORT
- 20.GROBLER'S BRIDGE
- 21.ZANZIBAR
- 22.PLATJAN
- 23.PONTDRIFT
- 24.BEIT BRIDGE
- 25.PAFURI
- 26.GIRIYONDO
- 27.LEBOMBO
- 28.MANANGA
- 29.JEPPE'S REEF
- 30.JOSEFSDAL
- 31.OSHOEK
- 32.WAVERLEY
- 33.NERSTON
- 34.EMHALATINHI
- 35.BOTHASHOOP
- 36.MAHAMBA
- 37.ONVERWACHT
- 38.GOLELA
- 39.KOSI BAY
- 40.MONANTSA PASS
- 41.CALEDONSPOORT
- 42.FICKSBURG BRIDGE
- 43.PEKA BRIDGE
- 44.MASERUBRIDGE
- 45.VAN ROOYEN'S GATE
- 46.SEPAPUS GATE
- 47.MAKHALEEN BRIDGE
- 48.TELLE BRIDGE
- 49.ONGELUKSNEK
- 50.QUACHA'S NEK
- 51.RAMATSELISO GATE
- 52.BOESMANSNEK
- 53.SANI PASS

#### AIR PoE:

1. O R TAMBO INTERNATIONAL
2. KING SHAKA INTERNATIONAL
3. CAPE TOWN INTERNATIONAL
4. UPINGTON INTERNATIONAL
5. PILANESBERG INTERNATIONAL
6. POLOKWANE INTERNATIONAL
7. KRUGER MPUMALANGA INTERNATIONAL
8. DAWID STUURMAN INTERNATIONAL
9. BRAM FISCHER INTERNATIONAL
10. LANSERIA INTERNATIONAL

#### SEA PoE:

1. SALDANHA BAY
2. CAPE TOWN
3. MOSSEL BAY
4. GQEBERHA
5. EAST LONDON
6. DURBAN
7. RICHARDS BAY
8. NQURA

Source: National Department of Home Affairs

**Appendix II – Number of foreign travellers and South African residents by year of travel, 2016 – 2025**

Year	All travellers				South African residents				Foreign travellers			
	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total
<b>2016</b>	21 636 026	20 181 907	833 829	42 651 762	5 477 607	5 550 904	9 855	11 038 366	16 158 419	14 631 003	823 974	31 613 396
<b>2017</b>	21 703 731	20 339 239	763 050	42 806 020	5 713 133	5 785 699	9 617	11 508 449	15 990 598	14 553 540	753 433	31 297 571
<b>2018</b>	21 876 833	20 279 614	760 708	42 917 155	5 936 978	6 014 912	9 511	11 961 401	15 939 855	14 264 702	751 197	30 955 754
<b>2019</b>	21 828 864	20 119 863	821 440	42 770 167	6 003 568	6 076 274	9 777	12 089 619	15 825 296	14 043 589	811 663	30 680 548
<b>2020</b>	6 414 436	5 739 537	142 827	12 296 800	1 828 049	1 623 702	1 956	3 453 707	4 586 387	4 115 835	140 871	8 843 093
<b>2021</b>	4 675 004	4 442 805	115 104	9 232 913	1 524 997	1 624 136	1 392	3 150 525	3 150 007	2 818 669	113 712	6 082 388
<b>2022</b>	11 540 047	10 570 275	299 146	22 409 468	3 513 638	3 730 874	4 131	7 248 643	8 026 409	6 839 401	295 015	15 160 825
<b>2023</b>	16 072 609	14 587 249	407 394	31 067 252	4 417 526	4 517 834	5 115	8 940 475	11 655 083	10 069 415	402 279	22 126 777
<b>2024</b>	16 073 665	14 262 491	469 177	30 805 333	4 344 441	4 359 859	6 044	8 710 344	11 729 224	9 902 632	463 133	22 094 989
<b>2025</b>	18 943 948	17 028 134	527 116	36 499 198	4 760 918	4 848 910	6 338	9 616 166	14 183 030	12 179 224	520 778	26 883 032

**Appendix III – Number of arrivals and departures of South African residents by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2025**

Mode of travel and place of arrival or departure	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transits
<b>Total</b>	<b>4 760 918</b>	<b>4 848 910</b>	<b>6 338</b>	-	-	-
<b>Air</b>	<b>2 213 192</b>	<b>2 193 062</b>	<b>6 338</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>
Cape Town International Airport	468 095	431 211	115	21,2%	19,7%	1,8%
King Shaka International Airport	100 192	102 397	-	4,5%	4,7%	-
OR Tambo International Airport	1 635 767	1 650 270	6 221	73,9%	75,2%	98,2%
Other Airports	9 138	9 184	2	0,4%	0,4%	-
<b>Road</b>	<b>2 482 029</b>	<b>2 594 456</b>	-	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	-
Botswana	376 297	373 777	-	15,2%	14,4%	-
Eswatini	567 759	602 189	-	22,9%	23,2%	-
Lesotho	689 376	703 289	-	27,8%	27,1%	-
Mozambique	599 858	658 913	-	24,2%	25,4%	-
Namibia	104 329	105 666	-	4,2%	4,1%	-
Zimbabwe	144 410	150 622	-	5,8%	5,8%	-
<b>Sea</b>	<b>65 697</b>	<b>61 392</b>	-	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	-
Cape Town Harbour	7 795	8 674	-	11,9%	14,1%	-
Durban Harbour	57 902	52 718	-	88,1%	85,9%	-

**Appendix IV – Number of South African residents by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2025**

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>4 760 918</b>	<b>470 486</b>	<b>297 388</b>	<b>343 852</b>	<b>391 787</b>	<b>368 610</b>	<b>366 732</b>	<b>466 075</b>	<b>378 714</b>	<b>381 185</b>	<b>413 053</b>	<b>363 368</b>	<b>519 668</b>
<b>Air</b>	<b>2 213 192</b>	<b>224 380</b>	<b>123 625</b>	<b>150 599</b>	<b>177 622</b>	<b>174 027</b>	<b>167 551</b>	<b>230 072</b>	<b>162 909</b>	<b>180 664</b>	<b>204 868</b>	<b>170 937</b>	<b>245 938</b>
Cape Town	<b>468 095</b>	45 977	25 686	34 039	36 785	33 986	35 764	50 322	32 281	38 036	41 993	38 103	55 123
King Shaka	<b>100 192</b>	11 261	5 845	7 441	9 003	8 883	7 409	11 799	5 236	6 883	9 542	6 038	10 852
OR Tambo	<b>1 635 767</b>	166 610	91 485	108 503	131 116	130 272	123 376	167 264	124 500	134 686	152 491	126 069	179 395
Other Airports	<b>9 138</b>	532	609	616	718	886	1 002	687	892	1 059	842	727	568
<b>Road</b>	<b>2 482 029</b>	<b>232 402</b>	<b>152 037</b>	<b>180 598</b>	<b>213 764</b>	<b>194 495</b>	<b>199 160</b>	<b>236 003</b>	<b>215 802</b>	<b>200 498</b>	<b>207 917</b>	<b>190 640</b>	<b>258 713</b>
Botswana	<b>376 297</b>	33 371	21 909	25 156	33 559	30 949	27 751	34 897	31 268	32 562	32 430	32 878	39 567
Eswatini	<b>567 759</b>	47 118	35 947	40 789	48 317	45 446	52 434	45 717	51 421	46 363	48 015	43 784	62 408
Lesotho	<b>689 376</b>	75 286	45 579	53 506	56 877	50 878	53 441	65 111	59 468	52 462	54 683	49 747	72 338
Mozambique	<b>599 858</b>	46 343	36 323	45 778	53 931	47 775	48 483	62 144	51 436	49 769	52 101	46 895	58 880
Namibia	<b>104 329</b>	11 629	5 165	6 631	8 709	8 690	7 627	13 592	7 783	7 625	8 719	7 358	10 801
Zimbabwe	<b>144 410</b>	18 655	7 114	8 738	12 371	10 757	9 424	14 542	14 426	11 717	11 969	9 978	14 719
<b>Sea</b>	<b>65 697</b>	<b>13 704</b>	<b>21 726</b>	<b>12 655</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>1 791</b>	<b>15 017</b>
Cape Town	<b>7 795</b>	7	22	7 297	29	22	21	-	3	23	107	143	121
Durban	<b>57 902</b>	13 697	21 704	5 358	372	66	-	-	-	-	161	1 648	14 896

**Appendix V – Number of South African residents by mode of travel, place and month of departure, 2025**

Mode of travel and place of departure	Total	Month of departure											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>4 848 910</b>	<b>342 632</b>	<b>302 781</b>	<b>364 598</b>	<b>425 073</b>	<b>367 507</b>	<b>399 719</b>	<b>412 857</b>	<b>408 654</b>	<b>395 448</b>	<b>396 582</b>	<b>365 169</b>	<b>667 890</b>
<b>Air</b>	<b>2 193 062</b>	<b>165 060</b>	<b>126 582</b>	<b>164 372</b>	<b>195 481</b>	<b>166 722</b>	<b>194 009</b>	<b>186 229</b>	<b>184 301</b>	<b>189 495</b>	<b>179 538</b>	<b>163 691</b>	<b>277 582</b>
Cape Town	<b>431 211</b>	31 975	21 972	31 901	35 596	33 103	43 237	38 811	36 204	39 546	35 493	31 985	51 388
King Shaka	<b>102 397</b>	8 933	6 796	8 808	10 216	8 088	8 705	8 857	8 141	7 075	7 499	6 510	12 769
OR Tambo	<b>1 650 270</b>	123 326	97 128	122 976	148 900	124 580	141 316	137 817	139 012	142 036	135 847	124 513	212 819
Other Airports	<b>9 184</b>	826	686	687	769	951	751	744	944	838	699	683	606
<b>Road</b>	<b>2 594 456</b>	<b>164 105</b>	<b>154 913</b>	<b>190 037</b>	<b>228 924</b>	<b>200 622</b>	<b>205 641</b>	<b>226 605</b>	<b>224 353</b>	<b>205 857</b>	<b>216 811</b>	<b>199 636</b>	<b>376 952</b>
Botswana	<b>373 777</b>	21 812	21 261	25 047	35 619	28 986	28 448	32 492	31 150	33 185	32 238	33 070	50 469
Eswatini	<b>602 189</b>	38 862	35 335	43 074	52 411	54 947	47 398	46 499	54 874	49 241	52 898	45 548	81 102
Lesotho	<b>703 289</b>	52 936	46 109	53 802	60 408	51 709	55 727	64 043	60 995	52 201	55 928	54 091	95 340
Mozambique	<b>658 913</b>	34 579	39 131	50 042	57 487	46 693	52 437	59 942	54 082	52 060	54 909	49 093	108 458
Namibia	<b>105 666</b>	7 051	5 368	8 235	9 451	7 658	10 658	10 323	8 080	7 900	8 751	7 629	14 562
Zimbabwe	<b>150 622</b>	8 865	7 709	9 837	13 548	10 629	10 973	13 306	15 172	11 270	12 087	10 205	27 021
<b>Sea</b>	<b>61 392</b>	<b>13 467</b>	<b>21 286</b>	<b>10 189</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>23</b>	-	<b>96</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>1 842</b>	<b>13 356</b>
Cape Town	<b>8 674</b>	109	86	7 440	435	163	69	23	-	79	25	60	185
Durban	<b>52 718</b>	13 358	21 200	2 749	233	-	-	-	-	17	208	1 782	13 171

**Appendix VI – Number of foreign arrivals and departures by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2025**

Mode of travel and place of arrival or departure	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	% of arrivals	% of departures	% of transits
<b>Total</b>	<b>14 183 030</b>	<b>12 179 224</b>	<b>520 778</b>	-	-	-
<b>Air</b>	<b>3 435 030</b>	<b>3 542 906</b>	<b>520 778</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>
Cape Town	1 123 864	1 143 441	6 071	32,7%	32,3%	1,2%
King Shaka	47 817	52 805	15	1,4%	1,5%	0,0%
OR Tambo	2 257 559	2 341 475	514 682	65,7%	66,1%	98,8%
Other Airports	5 790	5 185	10	0,2%	0,1%	-
<b>Road</b>	<b>10 707 536</b>	<b>8 554 294</b>	-	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	-
Botswana	1 066 342	1 032 105	-	10,0%	12,1%	-
Eswatini	1 671 316	1 353 440	-	15,6%	15,8%	-
Lesotho	2 655 428	2 250 305	-	24,8%	26,3%	-
Mozambique	2 819 643	2 098 614	-	26,3%	24,5%	-
Namibia	125 832	134 134	-	1,2%	1,6%	-
Zimbabwe	2 368 975	1 685 696	-	22,1%	19,7%	-
<b>Sea</b>	<b>40 464</b>	<b>82 024</b>	-	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	-
Cape Town Harbour	34 148	71 809	-	84,4%	87,5%	-
Durban Harbour	6 316	10 215	-	15,6%	12,5%	-

**Appendix VII – Number of foreign arrivals by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2025**

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>14 183 030</b>	<b>1 310 377</b>	<b>1 024 787</b>	<b>1 107 069</b>	<b>1 115 585</b>	<b>1 125 559</b>	<b>1 040 785</b>	<b>1 201 015</b>	<b>1 263 873</b>	<b>1 156 606</b>	<b>1 234 559</b>	<b>1 263 598</b>	<b>1 339 217</b>
<b>Air</b>	<b>3 435 030</b>	<b>289 975</b>	<b>286 926</b>	<b>287 917</b>	<b>261 135</b>	<b>238 685</b>	<b>222 728</b>	<b>268 220</b>	<b>292 852</b>	<b>272 766</b>	<b>329 960</b>	<b>332 377</b>	<b>351 489</b>
Cape Town	<b>1 123 864</b>	119 590	121 594	113 526	76 457	61 578	51 311	63 724	73 409	71 202	106 641	132 164	132 668
King Shaka	<b>47 817</b>	3 475	3 992	3 937	4 656	4 131	4 070	4 980	3 638	3 240	4 254	3 208	4 236
OR Tambo	<b>2 257 559</b>	166 503	160 766	170 036	179 440	172 546	166 946	199 134	215 392	197 758	218 499	196 203	214 336
Other	<b>5 790</b>	407	574	418	582	430	401	382	413	566	566	802	249
<b>Road</b>	<b>10 707 536</b>	<b>1 017 594</b>	<b>734 891</b>	<b>811 430</b>	<b>852 956</b>	<b>885 895</b>	<b>817 649</b>	<b>932 643</b>	<b>970 729</b>	<b>883 527</b>	<b>901 272</b>	<b>919 759</b>	<b>979 191</b>
Botswana	<b>1 066 342</b>	84 992	66 954	76 494	98 964	89 561	79 372	84 127	92 489	96 491	89 039	90 761	117 098
Eswatini	<b>1 671 316</b>	125 625	112 766	129 770	130 075	132 230	121 178	135 959	164 422	143 928	150 804	155 317	169 242
Lesotho	<b>2 655 428</b>	289 706	187 500	205 370	207 334	215 833	204 301	235 537	218 497	207 794	222 914	217 100	243 542
Mozambique	<b>2 819 643</b>	234 971	212 519	228 358	213 486	242 174	223 655	257 527	260 717	231 013	229 907	254 238	231 078
Namibia	<b>125 832</b>	10 382	9 080	9 982	10 848	10 171	9 142	9 759	10 274	10 602	10 368	9 860	15 364
Zimbabwe	<b>2 368 975</b>	271 918	146 072	161 456	192 249	195 926	180 001	209 734	224 330	193 699	198 240	192 483	202 867
<b>Sea</b>	<b>40 464</b>	<b>2 808</b>	<b>2 970</b>	<b>7 722</b>	<b>1 494</b>	<b>979</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>3 327</b>	<b>11 462</b>	<b>8 537</b>
Cape Town	<b>34 148</b>	542	1 095	7 454	1 460	846	408	152	292	310	3 324	11 291	6 974
Durban	<b>6 316</b>	2 266	1 875	268	34	133	-	-	-	3	3	171	1 563

## Appendix VIII – Number of foreign departures by mode of travel, place and month of departure, 2025

Mode of travel and place of departure	Total	Month of departure											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>12 179 224</b>	<b>934 182</b>	<b>861 915</b>	<b>986 507</b>	<b>1 007 258</b>	<b>971 790</b>	<b>882 242</b>	<b>943 827</b>	<b>1 097 522</b>	<b>1 001 265</b>	<b>1 032 351</b>	<b>1 067 056</b>	<b>1 393 309</b>
<b>Air</b>	<b>3 542 906</b>	<b>319 784</b>	<b>287 110</b>	<b>320 763</b>	<b>296 748</b>	<b>266 955</b>	<b>233 666</b>	<b>251 188</b>	<b>314 129</b>	<b>270 275</b>	<b>316 789</b>	<b>346 047</b>	<b>319 452</b>
Cape Town	<b>1 143 441</b>	124 896	117 193	128 483	97 177	72 744	52 778	57 023	78 384	67 461	98 957	133 751	114 594
King Shaka	<b>52 805</b>	5 510	4 724	5 219	4 947	5 012	4 292	4 484	4 836	2 818	3 664	3 615	3 684
OR Tambo	<b>2 341 475</b>	189 043	164 706	186 716	194 169	188 774	176 232	189 323	230 499	199 490	213 673	207 973	200 877
Other	<b>5 185</b>	335	487	345	455	425	364	358	410	506	495	708	297
<b>Road</b>	<b>8 554 294</b>	<b>605 920</b>	<b>569 787</b>	<b>640 148</b>	<b>700 069</b>	<b>694 238</b>	<b>641 221</b>	<b>692 618</b>	<b>783 298</b>	<b>728 607</b>	<b>714 577</b>	<b>717 037</b>	<b>1 066 774</b>
Botswana	<b>1 032 105</b>	74 262	65 799	72 325	95 800	84 691	78 736	82 578	88 236	94 227	87 419	89 012	119 020
Eswatini	<b>1 353 440</b>	96 394	86 016	103 469	104 263	107 996	97 318	105 184	133 957	124 680	122 703	125 767	145 693
Lesotho	<b>2 250 305</b>	177 810	157 819	173 881	178 261	179 433	167 388	185 188	190 786	180 755	188 553	186 096	284 335
Mozambique	<b>2 098 614</b>	130 264	155 285	168 784	174 019	170 576	159 388	169 109	194 904	170 272	161 411	164 053	280 549
Namibia	<b>134 134</b>	13 502	9 578	10 654	11 889	11 263	9 936	10 855	10 740	11 483	11 174	10 221	12 839
Zimbabwe	<b>1 685 696</b>	113 688	95 290	111 035	135 837	140 279	128 455	139 704	164 675	147 190	143 317	141 888	224 338
<b>Sea</b>	<b>82 024</b>	<b>8 478</b>	<b>5 018</b>	<b>25 596</b>	<b>10 441</b>	<b>10 597</b>	<b>7 355</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>2 383</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>3 972</b>	<b>7 083</b>
Cape Town	<b>71 809</b>	7 652	2 972	25 306	10 205	10 597	7 355	21	95	2 024	835	3 360	1 387
Durban	<b>10 215</b>	826	2 046	290	236	-	-	-	-	359	150	612	5 696

**Appendix IX – Number of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit and month of arrival, 2025**

Purpose of visit	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>14 183 030</b>	<b>1 310 377</b>	<b>1 024 787</b>	<b>1 107 069</b>	<b>1 115 585</b>	<b>1 125 559</b>	<b>1 040 785</b>	<b>1 201 015</b>	<b>1 263 873</b>	<b>1 156 606</b>	<b>1 234 559</b>	<b>1 263 598</b>	<b>1 339 217</b>
Business	<b>253 174</b>	19 335	22 461	19 031	19 045	20 751	20 470	20 693	21 937	21 693	23 659	25 677	18 422
Holiday	<b>13 539 719</b>	1 247 062	971 731	1 055 444	1 063 917	1 075 316	992 947	1 146 043	1 209 716	1 103 860	1 177 403	1 203 503	1 292 777
Study	<b>51 807</b>	7 942	6 139	3 157	4 915	3 850	2 494	6 954	4 306	4 029	3 760	2 150	2 111
Medical	<b>3 754</b>	291	333	377	368	384	331	386	266	263	299	259	197
Work	<b>173 790</b>	19 094	12 616	15 598	13 994	13 714	12 075	13 321	13 532	13 459	14 712	18 056	13 619
Other	<b>151 083</b>	15 166	10 949	12 844	12 279	10 735	11 942	12 921	13 248	12 685	13 885	13 101	11 328
Unspecified	<b>9 703</b>	1 487	558	618	1 067	809	526	697	868	617	841	852	763

**Appendix X – Number of foreign arrivals by type of visitor and month of arrival, 2025**

Type of visitor	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>14 183 030</b>	<b>1 310 377</b>	<b>1 024 787</b>	<b>1 107 069</b>	<b>1 115 585</b>	<b>1 125 559</b>	<b>1 040 785</b>	<b>1 201 015</b>	<b>1 263 873</b>	<b>1 156 606</b>	<b>1 234 559</b>	<b>1 263 598</b>	<b>1 339 217</b>
<b>Non-visitors</b>	<b>334 576</b>	<b>35 747</b>	<b>24 123</b>	<b>29 060</b>	<b>27 340</b>	<b>25 258</b>	<b>24 543</b>	<b>26 939</b>	<b>27 648</b>	<b>26 761</b>	<b>29 438</b>	<b>32 009</b>	<b>25 710</b>
<b>Visitors</b>	<b>13 848 454</b>	<b>1 274 630</b>	<b>1 000 664</b>	<b>1 078 009</b>	<b>1 088 245</b>	<b>1 100 301</b>	<b>1 016 242</b>	<b>1 174 076</b>	<b>1 236 225</b>	<b>1 129 845</b>	<b>1 205 121</b>	<b>1 231 589</b>	<b>1 313 507</b>
Same-day	<b>3 349 948</b>	260 646	236 553	267 567	260 359	296 138	266 065	292 683	300 487	283 478	277 695	291 935	316 342
Tourist	<b>10 498 506</b>	1 013 984	764 111	810 442	827 886	804 163	750 177	881 393	935 738	846 367	927 426	939 654	997 165

**Appendix XI – Number of same day visitors by mode of travel, region of residence and purpose of visit, 2025**

Mode of travel and region of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 349 948</b>	<b>17 375</b>	<b>3 327 792</b>	<b>4 463</b>	<b>318</b>
<b>Air</b>	<b>275 771</b>	<b>715</b>	<b>274 806</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>52</b>
Overseas	164 578	260	164 277	32	9
SADC	102 593	365	102 045	144	39
'Other' African	7 293	57	7 210	22	4
Unspecified	1 307	33	1 274	-	-
<b>Road</b>	<b>3 071 744</b>	<b>16 660</b>	<b>3 050 558</b>	<b>4 260</b>	<b>266</b>
Overseas	30 445	22	30 226	191	6
SADC	3 034 743	16 630	3 013 816	4 041	256
'Other' African	5 511	7	5 475	28	1
Unspecified	1 045	1	1 041	-	3
<b>Sea</b>	<b>2 433</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2 428</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>-</b>
Overseas	1 490	-	1 490	-	-
SADC	925	-	920	5	-
'Other' African	17	-	17	-	-
Unspecified	1	-	1	-	-

**Appendix XII – Number of tourists by sex, age group and region of residence, 2025**

Sex and age group	Total	Region of residence			
		Overseas	SADC	'Other' African	Unspecified
<b>All</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>2 391 187</b>	<b>7 896 214</b>	<b>198 954</b>	<b>12 151</b>
0-14	551 393	171 096	370 305	9 883	109
15-24	935 635	205 853	711 904	17 739	139
25-34	2 481 600	401 280	2 028 669	50 692	959
35-44	3 022 945	391 976	2 564 658	63 084	3 227
45-54	1 932 939	385 796	1 504 781	37 710	4 652
55-64	963 184	429 213	516 788	14 344	2 839
65+	610 803	405 972	199 103	5 502	226
Unspecified	7	1	6	-	-
<b>Male</b>	<b>6 022 519</b>	<b>1 253 251</b>	<b>4 641 340</b>	<b>120 786</b>	<b>7 142</b>
0-14	275 208	88 823	181 376	4 971	38
15-24	513 133	102 205	400 887	9 957	84
25-34	1 385 498	196 717	1 160 455	27 873	453
35-44	1 828 240	221 364	1 564 810	40 179	1 887
45-54	1 183 870	213 132	942 853	25 230	2 655
55-64	531 400	223 080	297 107	9 353	1 860
65+	305 166	207 929	93 849	3 223	165
Unspecified	4	1	3	-	-
<b>Female</b>	<b>4 475 987</b>	<b>1 137 936</b>	<b>3 254 874</b>	<b>78 168</b>	<b>5 009</b>
0-14	276 185	82 273	188 929	4 912	71
15-24	422 502	103 648	311 017	7 782	55
25-34	1 096 102	204 563	868 214	22 819	506
35-44	1 194 705	170 612	999 848	22 905	1 340
45-54	749 069	172 664	561 928	12 480	1 997
55-64	431 784	206 133	219 681	4 991	979
65+	305 637	198 043	105 254	2 279	61
Unspecified	3	-	3	-	-

**Appendix XIII – Number of tourists by sex, age group and month of arrival, 2025**

Sex and age group	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>All</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>1 013 984</b>	<b>764 111</b>	<b>810 442</b>	<b>827 886</b>	<b>804 163</b>	<b>750 177</b>	<b>881 393</b>	<b>935 738</b>	<b>846 367</b>	<b>927 426</b>	<b>939 654</b>	<b>997 165</b>
0-14	551 393	54 663	31 253	29 650	53 462	30 601	30 361	53 498	63 179	30 908	41 897	37 750	94 171
15-24	935 635	83 267	62 425	60 789	72 416	66 886	69 986	99 685	92 055	65 652	71 502	76 300	114 672
25-34	2 481 600	240 197	176 658	191 024	187 143	193 798	180 738	203 755	216 663	207 006	220 616	230 759	233 243
35-44	3 022 945	298 833	216 819	233 501	239 522	241 758	224 914	254 542	268 777	247 350	265 009	267 214	264 706
45-54	1 932 939	186 632	141 606	151 698	156 157	152 225	144 925	165 349	172 301	156 799	170 778	169 091	165 378
55-64	963 184	89 256	79 482	84 313	74 726	73 235	63 731	69 496	78 389	82 603	94 018	95 006	78 929
65+	610 803	61 133	55 868	59 466	44 460	45 660	35 522	35 067	44 374	56 048	63 605	63 534	46 066
Unspecified	7	3	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-
<b>Male</b>	<b>6 022 519</b>	<b>572 599</b>	<b>447 323</b>	<b>473 775</b>	<b>473 496</b>	<b>468 544</b>	<b>444 989</b>	<b>504 950</b>	<b>533 354</b>	<b>491 555</b>	<b>527 646</b>	<b>539 572</b>	<b>544 716</b>
0-14	275 208	27 318	15 834	14 881	26 828	15 257	15 382	26 546	31 519	15 276	21 052	18 593	46 722
15-24	513 133	46 283	34 626	34 132	39 540	36 970	38 934	54 743	50 415	36 684	39 837	42 228	58 741
25-34	1 385 498	132 001	99 146	107 999	104 310	109 742	103 729	114 717	121 744	117 142	122 859	128 043	124 066
35-44	1 828 240	174 443	134 619	144 819	144 296	148 151	139 806	152 405	161 177	152 943	159 804	162 641	153 136
45-54	1 183 870	111 723	89 471	95 049	95 123	94 719	91 586	99 881	104 042	97 306	103 292	104 101	97 577
55-64	531 400	49 534	44 812	46 972	41 291	41 057	37 416	39 091	42 858	44 700	49 554	51 789	42 326
65+	305 166	31 295	28 815	29 923	22 108	22 648	18 136	17 567	21 599	27 503	31 247	32 177	22 148
Unspecified	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
<b>Female</b>	<b>4 475 987</b>	<b>441 385</b>	<b>316 788</b>	<b>336 667</b>	<b>354 390</b>	<b>335 619</b>	<b>305 188</b>	<b>376 443</b>	<b>402 384</b>	<b>354 812</b>	<b>399 780</b>	<b>400 082</b>	<b>452 449</b>
0-14	276 185	27 345	15 419	14 769	26 634	15 344	14 979	26 952	31 660	15 632	20 845	19 157	47 449
15-24	422 502	36 984	27 799	26 657	32 876	29 916	31 052	44 942	41 640	28 968	31 665	34 072	55 931
25-34	1 096 102	108 196	77 512	83 025	82 833	84 056	77 009	89 038	94 919	89 864	97 757	102 716	109 177
35-44	1 194 705	124 390	82 200	88 682	95 226	93 607	85 108	102 137	107 600	94 407	105 205	104 573	111 570
45-54	749 069	74 909	52 135	56 649	61 034	57 506	53 339	65 468	68 259	59 493	67 486	64 990	67 801
55-64	431 784	39 722	34 670	37 341	33 435	32 178	26 315	30 405	35 531	37 903	44 464	43 217	36 603
65+	305 637	29 838	27 053	29 543	22 352	23 012	17 386	17 500	22 775	28 545	32 358	31 357	23 918
Unspecified	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-

**Appendix XIV – Number of tourist arrivals by purpose of visit and month of arrival, 2025**

Purpose of visit	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>1 013 984</b>	<b>764 111</b>	<b>810 442</b>	<b>827 886</b>	<b>804 163</b>	<b>750 177</b>	<b>881 393</b>	<b>935 738</b>	<b>846 367</b>	<b>927 426</b>	<b>939 654</b>	<b>997 165</b>
Business	<b>235 799</b>	<b>17 655</b>	<b>21 279</b>	<b>17 562</b>	<b>17 843</b>	<b>19 531</b>	<b>19 024</b>	<b>19 388</b>	<b>20 456</b>	<b>20 356</b>	<b>22 118</b>	<b>23 892</b>	<b>16 695</b>
Holiday	<b>10 211 927</b>	988 932	737 197	789 643	805 104	780 806	728 569	855 065	911 003	822 017	901 545	913 608	978 438
Study	<b>47 344</b>	7 147	5 329	2 874	4 600	3 510	2 264	6 607	4 023	3 751	3 496	1 902	1 841
Medical treatment	<b>3 436</b>	250	306	363	339	316	320	333	256	243	267	252	191

**Appendix XV – Number of tourists by region of residence and month of arrival, 2025**

Region	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>1 013 984</b>	<b>764 111</b>	<b>810 442</b>	<b>827 886</b>	<b>804 163</b>	<b>750 177</b>	<b>881 393</b>	<b>935 738</b>	<b>846 367</b>	<b>927 426</b>	<b>939 654</b>	<b>997 165</b>
<b>Overseas</b>	<b>2 391 187</b>	<b>210 709</b>	<b>215 830</b>	<b>214 546</b>	<b>178 195</b>	<b>152 398</b>	<b>142 068</b>	<b>182 597</b>	<b>193 135</b>	<b>181 802</b>	<b>238 406</b>	<b>242 940</b>	<b>238 561</b>
Europe	1 417 572	142 786	151 506	134 963	108 433	68 388	53 118	87 674	98 178	94 470	153 832	167 945	156 279
North America	457 683	30 651	29 853	42 748	30 800	42 433	44 820	41 449	40 819	40 289	40 272	33 863	39 686
Central and South America	94 635	8 358	7 106	6 495	6 500	6 941	7 105	9 430	8 447	8 506	9 021	7 716	9 010
Australasia	144 972	9 068	7 505	10 712	13 130	11 235	12 408	13 229	13 483	15 567	12 181	10 848	15 606
Middle East	60 102	2 834	2 698	2 824	2 860	3 037	6 108	13 168	11 574	4 267	3 596	4 358	2 778
Asia	216 223	17 012	17 162	16 804	16 472	20 364	18 509	17 647	20 634	18 703	19 504	18 210	15 202
<b>Africa</b>	<b>8 095 168</b>	<b>802 481</b>	<b>547 233</b>	<b>594 856</b>	<b>648 774</b>	<b>650 661</b>	<b>607 124</b>	<b>697 801</b>	<b>741 738</b>	<b>663 421</b>	<b>687 918</b>	<b>695 391</b>	<b>757 770</b>
<b>SADC</b>	<b>7 896 214</b>	<b>787 560</b>	<b>531 644</b>	<b>579 224</b>	<b>634 558</b>	<b>635 360</b>	<b>592 995</b>	<b>683 518</b>	<b>724 406</b>	<b>645 745</b>	<b>668 407</b>	<b>674 435</b>	<b>738 362</b>
<b>'Other' Africa</b>	<b>198 954</b>	<b>14 921</b>	<b>15 589</b>	<b>15 632</b>	<b>14 216</b>	<b>15 301</b>	<b>14 129</b>	<b>14 283</b>	<b>17 332</b>	<b>17 676</b>	<b>19 511</b>	<b>20 956</b>	<b>19 408</b>
East and Central Africa	99 650	7 091	7 351	7 619	7 045	7 153	6 708	7 030	8 829	8 664	10 285	11 026	10 849
West Africa	84 427	6 363	6 815	6 927	5 874	7 017	6 201	6 272	7 391	7 816	7 878	8 315	7 558
North Africa	14 877	1 467	1 423	1 086	1 297	1 131	1 220	981	1 112	1 196	1 348	1 615	1 001
<b>Unspecified</b>	<b>12 151</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>1 048</b>	<b>1 040</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>1 104</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>1 144</b>	<b>1 102</b>	<b>1 323</b>	<b>834</b>

**Appendix XVI – Number of tourists by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2025**

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>1 013 984</b>	<b>764 111</b>	<b>810 442</b>	<b>827 886</b>	<b>804 163</b>	<b>750 177</b>	<b>881 393</b>	<b>935 738</b>	<b>846 367</b>	<b>927 426</b>	<b>939 654</b>	<b>997 165</b>
<b>Air</b>	<b>3 047 448</b>	<b>262 044</b>	<b>263 682</b>	<b>261 148</b>	<b>232 485</b>	<b>207 046</b>	<b>190 883</b>	<b>231 505</b>	<b>250 469</b>	<b>234 839</b>	<b>292 984</b>	<b>297 799</b>	<b>322 564</b>
Cape Town	<b>1 072 623</b>	115 072	118 205	108 769	72 198	57 608	47 943	59 945	68 823	67 052	101 897	126 544	128 567
King Shaka	<b>39 778</b>	2 695	3 361	3 226	4 005	3 449	3 482	4 154	3 020	2 574	3 373	2 651	3 788
OR Tambo	<b>1 932 144</b>	144 075	141 880	148 918	155 964	145 750	139 240	167 215	178 425	164 903	187 433	168 286	190 055
Other Airports	<b>2 903</b>	202	236	235	318	239	218	191	201	310	281	318	154
<b>Road</b>	<b>7 428 859</b>	<b>750 450</b>	<b>498 701</b>	<b>544 406</b>	<b>595 075</b>	<b>596 974</b>	<b>559 293</b>	<b>649 888</b>	<b>685 266</b>	<b>611 494</b>	<b>632 182</b>	<b>635 594</b>	<b>669 536</b>
Botswana	<b>699 428</b>	55 814	42 670	47 411	70 441	58 138	51 148	53 468	61 213	64 819	57 956	56 569	79 781
Eswatini	<b>1 176 426</b>	87 066	79 749	93 029	96 111	92 082	84 592	94 759	117 767	99 282	107 688	107 714	116 587
Lesotho	<b>1 407 978</b>	178 342	96 322	105 241	109 906	110 681	106 618	130 565	116 881	105 898	118 379	111 517	117 628
Mozambique	<b>2 170 133</b>	183 124	155 718	162 135	155 861	179 113	171 497	199 199	203 097	183 576	185 165	207 105	184 543
Namibia	<b>110 161</b>	9 041	7 977	8 639	9 743	8 707	7 914	8 318	9 046	9 278	9 091	8 378	14 029
Zimbabwe	<b>1 864 733</b>	237 063	116 265	127 951	153 013	148 253	137 524	163 579	177 262	148 641	153 903	144 311	156 968
<b>Sea</b>	<b>22 199</b>	<b>1 490</b>	<b>1 728</b>	<b>4 888</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>2 260</b>	<b>6 261</b>	<b>5 065</b>
Cape Town	<b>18 007</b>	172	492	4 719	309	21	1	-	3	32	2 260	6 097	3 901
Durban	<b>4 192</b>	1 318	1 236	169	17	122	-	-	-	2	-	164	1 164

## Appendix XVII – Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2025

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>1 013 984</b>	<b>764 111</b>	<b>810 442</b>	<b>827 886</b>	<b>804 163</b>	<b>750 177</b>	<b>881 393</b>	<b>935 738</b>	<b>846 367</b>	<b>927 426</b>	<b>939 654</b>	<b>997 165</b>
<b>Overseas</b>	<b>2 391 187</b>	<b>210 709</b>	<b>215 830</b>	<b>214 546</b>	<b>178 195</b>	<b>152 398</b>	<b>142 068</b>	<b>182 597</b>	<b>193 135</b>	<b>181 802</b>	<b>238 406</b>	<b>242 940</b>	<b>238 561</b>
<b>Europe</b>	<b>1 417 572</b>	<b>142 786</b>	<b>151 506</b>	<b>134 963</b>	<b>108 433</b>	<b>68 388</b>	<b>53 118</b>	<b>87 674</b>	<b>98 178</b>	<b>94 470</b>	<b>153 832</b>	<b>167 945</b>	<b>156 279</b>
Albania	74	9	4	10	5	1	3	5	3	6	12	10	6
Andorra	116	9	8	8	4	9	3	9	13	17	14	8	14
Austria	24 628	2 494	3 217	2 354	1 637	835	595	1 201	1 364	1 292	2 825	3 743	3 071
Belgium	50 134	4 015	5 534	4 123	4 020	2 027	1 751	5 457	3 531	3 864	5 522	5 537	4 753
Bosnia-Herzegovina	119	13	14	7	4	8	2	10	6	19	8	20	8
Bulgaria	2 233	211	327	423	103	153	27	67	56	57	192	316	301
Croatia	1 126	99	81	96	73	63	37	38	81	54	124	181	199
Cyprus	1 592	84	167	128	179	94	68	141	121	98	136	152	224
Czech Republic	7 705	743	975	841	619	428	272	374	480	464	762	1 018	729
Denmark	19 547	2 548	2 723	1 881	1 699	963	641	1 274	710	1 104	2 113	2 012	1 879
Estonia	1 132	163	178	85	77	47	18	17	14	41	86	251	155
Finland	6 552	719	735	747	435	290	321	205	250	311	666	1 054	819
France	135 007	9 957	13 857	12 819	10 838	9 549	5 903	10 008	10 946	9 318	16 269	14 986	10 557
Georgia	371	14	32	31	19	21	18	55	46	15	75	23	22
Germany	290 795	31 295	32 345	32 775	19 324	10 775	6 637	9 102	13 742	18 276	36 635	45 972	33 917
Greece	6 301	569	615	573	581	357	288	314	566	404	618	605	811
Hungary	4 319	393	425	489	297	208	184	229	292	225	564	591	422
Iceland	794	51	102	88	70	30	21	20	20	90	145	66	91
Ireland	31 026	3 129	3 048	3 128	2 529	1 624	1 825	1 848	1 783	1 943	2 920	3 243	4 006
Italy	55 947	3 462	3 708	3 622	4 663	3 008	3 083	4 535	11 859	4 112	4 323	4 523	5 049
Latvia	972	115	69	69	87	46	22	20	32	29	169	199	115
Liechtenstein	245	17	17	16	55	5	7	9	11	4	38	37	29
Lithuania	1 442	89	82	144	63	68	36	50	43	49	171	356	291
Luxembourg	1 651	123	199	126	155	98	45	97	188	73	168	183	196
Macedonia	169	9	17	8	15	12	19	6	9	9	19	31	15
Malta	1 416	61	72	125	183	64	92	52	311	165	87	82	122
Moldova	80	7	9	10	6	6	2	5	5	2	11	8	9
Monaco	77	3	17	12	11	4	3	9	3	4	6	1	4

**Appendix XVII – Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Montenegro	129	7	8	23	8	2	2	8	13	21	10	12	15
Norway	14 632	1 851	2 112	1 380	1 111	471	594	644	465	886	1 509	1 787	1 822
Poland	15 806	1 776	1 987	1 475	1 082	878	642	618	1 003	987	1 458	2 237	1 663
Portugal	20 068	1 503	1 677	1 739	1 916	1 425	1 228	1 356	1 744	1 508	1 658	2 237	2 077
Republic of Belarus	304	22	41	38	25	11	9	10	15	25	46	30	32
Romania	2 685	148	151	164	240	117	71	78	144	205	377	464	526
Russian Federation	41 708	3 913	3 597	4 443	3 256	2 114	1 608	1 435	2 002	2 899	5 430	5 849	5 162
San Marino	20	-	4	-	1	-	1	3	3	4	-	-	4
Serbia	1 059	107	119	100	106	103	51	54	61	62	86	85	125
Slovakia	2 217	149	224	266	223	124	40	92	86	174	243	345	251
Slovenia	1 448	77	121	115	97	59	59	91	83	148	271	161	166
Spain	33 711	1 801	1 888	2 154	2 549	2 137	2 401	3 268	5 983	3 294	3 071	2 704	2 461
Sweden	27 625	4 049	4 119	2 454	1 535	870	766	737	676	1 109	3 035	3 360	4 915
Switzerland	47 845	4 944	5 398	3 973	4 099	1 742	1 231	2 401	1 965	3 708	6 005	6 842	5 537
The Netherlands	140 338	14 527	13 645	10 527	12 239	5 312	4 069	14 939	10 041	10 774	15 527	14 199	14 539
Turkey	16 708	2 008	1 604	1 731	1 316	1 330	1 326	964	927	980	1 255	1 956	1 311
UK	403 714	45 363	46 090	39 434	30 681	20 772	16 994	25 724	26 373	25 513	38 933	40 203	47 634
Ukraine	1 971	139	143	207	196	127	103	94	109	124	240	266	223
Vatican	12	1	1	2	1	1	-	1	-	4	-	-	1
Yugoslavia	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>North America</b>	<b>457 683</b>	<b>30 651</b>	<b>29 853</b>	<b>42 748</b>	<b>30 800</b>	<b>42 433</b>	<b>44 820</b>	<b>41 449</b>	<b>40 819</b>	<b>40 289</b>	<b>40 272</b>	<b>33 863</b>	<b>39 686</b>
Canada	65 744	5 245	5 627	6 984	4 705	4 647	3 560	3 919	4 229	6 304	7 536	6 908	6 080
USA	391 939	25 406	24 226	35 764	26 095	37 786	41 260	37 530	36 590	33 985	32 736	26 955	33 606
<b>Central and South America</b>	<b>94 635</b>	<b>8 358</b>	<b>7 106</b>	<b>6 495</b>	<b>6 500</b>	<b>6 941</b>	<b>7 105</b>	<b>9 430</b>	<b>8 447</b>	<b>8 506</b>	<b>9 021</b>	<b>7 716</b>	<b>9 010</b>
Antigua and Barbuda	429	26	43	33	55	27	23	24	17	46	40	34	61
Argentina	7 702	1 099	1 158	646	478	434	386	556	603	710	622	496	514
Bahamas	324	15	22	25	24	27	13	22	39	24	52	44	17
Barbados	317	22	9	35	20	24	26	16	25	45	26	29	40
Belize	67	3	6	4	2	6	11	7	6	8	2	7	5
Bolivia	251	24	13	18	23	20	14	18	9	18	38	17	39

## Appendix XVII – Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2025 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Brazil	63 848	5 454	4 020	4 133	4 329	4 737	5 102	6 568	5 929	5 531	5 879	5 409	6 757
Chile	4 136	370	689	286	193	286	291	349	328	439	400	289	216
Colombia	1 814	118	104	124	156	113	190	161	139	182	226	150	151
Costa Rica	873	52	58	90	60	53	58	75	64	86	133	93	51
Cuba	609	142	47	63	28	33	29	26	27	99	43	26	46
Dominica	120	9	11	12	12	9	9	8	11	15	9	8	7
Dominican Republic	163	11	9	15	7	10	8	13	13	24	20	24	9
Ecuador	821	39	35	92	83	69	38	52	125	58	90	76	64
El Salvador	76	3	8	3	3	13	8	9	4	5	11	4	5
Grenada	39	3	4	2	4	2	2	6	2	3	4	2	5
Guatemala	234	9	11	17	17	13	22	22	15	27	26	21	34
Guyana	249	15	24	23	24	19	6	12	33	19	39	17	18
Haiti	58	4	7	9	4	4	6	3	2	3	4	5	7
Honduras	75	5	8	7	3	10	2	8	3	11	7	7	4
Jamaica	986	65	91	65	64	60	77	76	88	106	119	61	114
Mexico	5 120	338	309	332	454	499	344	693	385	470	548	372	376
Nicaragua	43	6	1	5	1	2	3	8	1	6	2	6	2
Panama	451	21	14	28	38	25	35	78	47	19	58	59	29
Paraguay	406	36	23	32	43	52	20	58	25	37	40	21	19
Peru	2 502	267	175	169	149	189	169	304	272	199	242	201	166
Saint Lucia	42	1	5	7	2	4	1	5	1	4	4	3	5
St Vincent And Grenadines	40	7	3	1	1	3	4	2	3	10	4	1	1
Suriname	13	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	5	1	-	2
Trinidad and Tobago	607	34	39	45	59	32	40	39	35	73	63	76	72
Uruguay	1 154	86	80	90	87	73	94	104	75	161	157	67	80
Venezuela	927	66	69	73	66	82	60	89	111	59	93	75	84
West Indies	139	6	11	10	11	11	14	18	9	4	19	16	10

**Appendix XVII – Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Australasia</b>	<b>144 972</b>	<b>9 068</b>	<b>7 505</b>	<b>10 712</b>	<b>13 130</b>	<b>11 235</b>	<b>12 408</b>	<b>13 229</b>	<b>13 483</b>	<b>15 567</b>	<b>12 181</b>	<b>10 848</b>	<b>15 606</b>
American Samoa	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Australia	121 361	7 616	6 311	8 988	10 797	9 552	10 196	11 246	11 290	13 275	10 472	9 261	12 357
Federated States of Micronesia	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Fiji	112	1	5	14	13	7	6	1	7	6	4	7	41
French Polynesia	5	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Kiribati	8	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Marshall Islands	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	23 324	1 433	1 137	1 701	2 301	1 656	2 194	1 978	2 180	2 271	1 701	1 574	3 198
Niue	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Palau	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Papua New Guinea	60	11	9	-	13	8	1	1	3	3	2	5	4
Samoa	46	-	28	-	1	1	4	1	1	8	-	-	2
Solomon Islands	8	-	-	-	-	5	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
Tonga	23	-	13	-	3	1	3	-	1	-	1	-	1
Vanuatu	19	3	1	6	-	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	3
<b>Middle East</b>	<b>60 102</b>	<b>2 834</b>	<b>2 698</b>	<b>2 824</b>	<b>2 860</b>	<b>3 037</b>	<b>6 108</b>	<b>13 168</b>	<b>11 574</b>	<b>4 267</b>	<b>3 596</b>	<b>4 358</b>	<b>2 778</b>
Bahrain	384	5	17	16	43	10	18	96	103	10	24	12	30
Iran	2 416	192	131	923	61	125	83	60	69	265	95	218	194
Iraq	353	47	52	11	23	19	13	47	16	24	59	19	23
Israel	9 053	714	766	791	900	469	283	801	900	913	818	822	876
Jordan	2 607	213	255	179	154	208	205	206	242	238	242	287	178
Kuwait	1 976	37	65	35	44	74	184	394	914	67	67	30	65
Lebanon	2 584	192	204	202	172	254	197	185	175	215	271	253	264
Oman	560	18	18	9	44	32	74	109	49	53	68	48	38
Palestine	1 144	86	65	41	54	52	69	97	111	76	274	187	32
Qatar	1 652	39	40	26	47	30	161	491	507	32	29	229	21
Saudi Arabia	24 942	1 059	817	390	943	1 320	3 646	6 349	4 776	1 854	1 224	1 819	745
Syria	655	41	46	30	71	63	53	37	69	60	68	71	46
United Arab Emirates	11 064	142	186	153	244	359	1 054	4 206	3 536	375	298	287	224
Yemen	712	49	36	18	60	22	68	90	107	85	59	76	42

## Appendix XVII – Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2025 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Asia</b>	<b>216 223</b>	<b>17 012</b>	<b>17 162</b>	<b>16 804</b>	<b>16 472</b>	<b>20 364</b>	<b>18 509</b>	<b>17 647</b>	<b>20 634</b>	<b>18 703</b>	<b>19 504</b>	<b>18 210</b>	<b>15 202</b>
Afghanistan	199	20	22	9	23	9	7	10	24	13	15	20	27
Armenia	142	8	11	35	4	8	12	7	11	8	14	14	10
Azerbaijan	209	12	11	31	18	6	7	4	6	42	29	25	18
Bangladesh	8 004	504	589	470	638	562	603	615	729	748	1 167	910	469
Bhutan	27	1	1	4	1	-	4	1	1	6	4	1	3
Brunei Darussalam	23	1	-	2	2	-	-	2	3	1	9	-	3
Cambodia	52	3	10	3	3	3	7	5	2	11	3	-	2
China	37 902	3 738	3 306	4 150	2 717	3 431	2 997	3 335	3 255	3 030	2 833	2 951	2 159
Guam	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hong Kong	162	18	15	18	14	24	10	8	14	25	10	3	3
India	69 680	5 902	5 991	5 015	5 627	8 284	6 628	5 209	5 838	5 627	5 301	5 426	4 832
Indonesia	3 167	142	173	286	247	215	237	305	291	338	302	373	258
Japan	19 894	1 330	1 633	1 866	1 591	1 537	1 294	1 303	2 271	1 735	2 157	1 640	1 537
Kazakhstan	894	50	54	74	106	58	50	45	97	89	64	103	104
Kyrgystan	154	8	9	24	16	8	9	4	11	15	10	20	20
Laos	28	-	-	2	4	7	4	1	1	4	3	1	1
Macau	5	-	1	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	7 773	408	390	386	456	831	695	779	1 052	843	803	618	512
Maldives	117	7	17	17	12	11	4	10	9	7	5	16	2
Mongolia	157	11	7	12	3	18	4	9	2	25	29	13	24
Myanmar	173	17	10	4	5	14	11	8	14	21	24	19	26
Nepal	548	39	35	36	43	22	43	26	66	55	81	64	38
North Korea	56	3	7	4	10	1	7	5	3	2	3	7	4
Pakistan	19 534	1 310	1 381	1 137	1 751	1 691	1 709	1 684	2 013	1 916	1 704	1 875	1 363
Philippines	7 725	350	374	489	721	717	683	812	843	804	889	551	492
Singapore	9 827	308	409	465	550	995	1 591	1 011	1 162	830	769	859	878
South Korea	14 096	1 735	1 789	1 234	584	810	801	1 090	1 258	1 073	1 185	1 233	1 304
Sri Lanka	1 994	109	104	128	231	124	114	167	165	184	192	219	257
Taiwan	4 435	543	359	371	239	259	315	520	566	367	396	221	279
Tajikistan	43	1	3	3	1	8	2	4	4	3	-	5	9
Thailand	6 042	266	325	417	699	476	427	488	742	625	712	440	425
Timor-Leste	22	3	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	2	8	4
Turkmenistan	20	1	1	2	2	-	3	1	1	-	5	3	1
Uzbekistan	164	18	6	18	15	9	6	6	6	9	34	20	17
Vietnam	2 954	146	119	90	136	224	224	171	174	247	750	552	121

## Appendix XVII – Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2025 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Africa</b>	<b>8 095 168</b>	<b>802 481</b>	<b>547 233</b>	<b>594 856</b>	<b>648 774</b>	<b>650 661</b>	<b>607 124</b>	<b>697 801</b>	<b>741 738</b>	<b>663 421</b>	<b>687 918</b>	<b>695 391</b>	<b>757 770</b>
<b>SADC</b>	<b>7 896 214</b>	<b>787 560</b>	<b>531 644</b>	<b>579 224</b>	<b>634 558</b>	<b>635 360</b>	<b>592 995</b>	<b>683 518</b>	<b>724 406</b>	<b>645 745</b>	<b>668 407</b>	<b>674 435</b>	<b>738 362</b>
Angola	41 718	3 428	3 426	3 470	3 483	3 152	2 589	3 302	4 540	3 597	3 235	3 893	3 603
Botswana	418 474	25 978	24 649	30 488	43 928	33 690	28 777	29 843	36 514	41 565	34 074	34 264	54 704
DRC	40 192	2 751	2 858	2 924	3 409	2 830	2 498	3 720	4 102	2 589	3 483	2 961	6 067
Eswatini	958 716	74 156	64 114	75 637	80 188	77 480	70 954	74 913	96 023	80 341	83 626	83 370	97 914
Lesotho	1 395 346	176 550	94 782	104 216	109 896	110 370	106 697	129 804	115 660	104 339	116 917	110 284	115 831
Madagascar	4 395	264	329	404	364	375	318	375	406	468	334	409	349
Malawi	230 640	18 145	15 645	20 262	17 849	21 507	22 736	23 339	20 750	17 096	17 761	17 350	18 200
Mauritius	21 268	1 379	1 511	1 613	2 110	1 524	1 176	1 667	1 843	1 424	1 657	2 910	2 454
Mozambique	2 078 635	182 768	149 851	155 426	148 910	170 673	162 900	182 397	193 313	176 139	176 273	198 735	181 250
Namibia	175 588	13 102	12 207	14 344	15 012	15 427	13 296	13 542	13 469	15 392	15 115	13 172	21 510
Seychelles	4 588	392	499	531	331	253	186	127	316	200	419	672	662
Tanzania	44 293	3 102	3 223	3 117	3 647	3 258	3 353	3 446	3 487	3 722	4 157	4 123	5 658
Zambia	175 165	12 461	11 916	11 675	14 198	14 440	13 297	14 615	15 588	14 898	16 149	15 695	20 233
Zimbabwe	2 307 196	273 084	146 634	155 117	191 233	180 381	164 218	202 428	218 395	183 975	195 207	186 597	209 927
<b>'Other' African</b>	<b>198 954</b>	<b>14 921</b>	<b>15 589</b>	<b>15 632</b>	<b>14 216</b>	<b>15 301</b>	<b>14 129</b>	<b>14 283</b>	<b>17 332</b>	<b>17 676</b>	<b>19 511</b>	<b>20 956</b>	<b>19 408</b>
<b>East and Central Africa</b>	<b>99 650</b>	<b>7 091</b>	<b>7 351</b>	<b>7 619</b>	<b>7 045</b>	<b>7 153</b>	<b>6 708</b>	<b>7 030</b>	<b>8 829</b>	<b>8 664</b>	<b>10 285</b>	<b>11 026</b>	<b>10 849</b>
Burundi	1 327	95	79	113	89	92	77	175	119	107	128	162	91
Cameroon	4 867	373	380	447	427	363	378	444	406	401	403	496	349
Central African Republic	168	18	17	9	11	12	9	12	14	13	23	25	5
Chad	524	53	56	26	38	35	29	46	56	54	53	51	27
Comoros	380	30	22	38	10	25	44	19	61	20	12	31	68
Congo	1 823	215	138	120	160	130	111	154	171	163	133	186	142
Djibouti	108	10	12	10	3	8	8	12	8	2	12	17	6
Equatorial Guinea	336	37	20	18	13	17	21	13	16	66	36	56	23
Eritrea	445	41	47	35	24	38	32	47	30	32	44	30	45
Ethiopia	10 070	578	716	753	745	746	670	754	908	957	1 134	1 178	931
Gabon	4 510	304	303	289	213	216	288	496	713	339	342	325	682
Kenya	58 376	3 846	4 303	4 552	4 133	4 321	3 829	3 840	5 078	5 039	6 170	6 684	6 581
Réunion	17	6	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
Rwanda	966	88	74	51	51	43	99	60	72	108	131	119	70
São Tomé and Príncipe	119	18	2	10	5	13	9	6	8	11	17	18	2
Somalia	996	65	80	59	65	53	72	74	82	106	130	125	85
Uganda	14 618	1 314	1 102	1 081	1 058	1 041	1 032	878	1 087	1 246	1 515	1 523	1 741

## Appendix XVII – Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2025 (concluded)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>West Africa</b>	<b>84 427</b>	<b>6 363</b>	<b>6 815</b>	<b>6 927</b>	<b>5 874</b>	<b>7 017</b>	<b>6 201</b>	<b>6 272</b>	<b>7 391</b>	<b>7 816</b>	<b>7 878</b>	<b>8 315</b>	<b>7 558</b>
Benin	2 086	148	167	214	130	169	185	141	220	168	209	196	139
Burkina Faso	759	51	113	55	55	74	37	63	62	44	90	84	31
Cape Verde Island	334	33	24	28	17	34	39	29	29	28	23	40	10
Côte d'Ivoire	2 245	222	171	150	202	182	183	196	275	182	139	236	107
Gambia	417	31	45	42	25	37	27	27	47	28	46	39	23
Ghana	42 761	3 088	3 201	3 480	2 981	3 330	3 173	3 274	3 621	4 039	4 079	4 143	4 352
Guinea	1 118	104	138	77	80	111	72	60	99	91	92	110	84
Guinea-Bissau	107	22	8	9	10	5	11	7	4	10	10	8	3
Liberia	789	70	68	35	44	44	51	72	56	76	118	86	69
Mali	962	127	127	55	66	90	55	69	67	62	90	93	61
Mauritania	255	26	38	6	20	16	15	33	16	27	12	31	15
Niger	291	28	25	25	26	21	18	22	18	27	30	40	11
Nigeria	29 256	2 207	2 445	2 500	1 964	2 672	2 092	2 043	2 649	2 724	2 636	2 850	2 474
Saint Helena	21	2	3	2	1	5	-	2	-	1	-	3	2
Senegal	1 741	112	147	107	151	141	158	148	110	190	171	206	100
Sierra Leone	696	50	57	51	56	44	44	47	67	76	65	91	48
Togo	589	42	38	91	46	42	41	39	51	43	68	59	29
<b>North Africa</b>	<b>14 877</b>	<b>1 467</b>	<b>1 423</b>	<b>1 086</b>	<b>1 297</b>	<b>1 131</b>	<b>1 220</b>	<b>981</b>	<b>1 112</b>	<b>1 196</b>	<b>1 348</b>	<b>1 615</b>	<b>1 001</b>
Algeria	1 098	153	75	46	127	51	59	76	68	123	118	125	77
Egypt	7 566	681	759	418	771	672	631	504	548	641	621	779	541
Libya	582	52	80	20	51	28	68	56	50	46	58	31	42
Morocco	1 760	252	174	79	116	150	136	107	127	140	147	243	89
South Sudan	659	53	54	50	23	41	65	50	73	50	60	78	62
The Sudan	1 120	104	83	62	67	54	115	89	119	83	162	121	61
Tunisia	2 074	170	196	410	142	132	145	98	124	111	182	237	127
Western Sahara	18	2	2	1	-	3	1	1	3	2	-	1	2
<b>Unspecified</b>	<b>12 151</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>1 048</b>	<b>1 040</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>1 104</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>1 144</b>	<b>1 102</b>	<b>1 323</b>	<b>834</b>

**Appendix XVIII – Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2025**

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>3 047 448</b>	<b>7 428 859</b>	<b>22 199</b>
<b>Overseas</b>	<b>2 391 187</b>	<b>2 217 523</b>	<b>154 011</b>	<b>19 653</b>
<b>Europe</b>	<b>1 417 572</b>	<b>1 308 503</b>	<b>95 721</b>	<b>13 348</b>
Albania	74	71	3	-
Andorra	116	101	13	2
Austria	24 628	22 756	1 642	230
Belgium	50 134	44 936	5 120	78
Bosnia-Herzegovina	119	113	6	-
Bulgaria	2 233	2 106	119	8
Croatia	1 126	1 039	77	10
Cyprus	1 592	1 498	94	-
Czech Republic	7 705	6 772	914	19
Denmark	19 547	18 594	914	39
Estonia	1 132	1 046	85	1
Finland	6 552	6 149	391	12
France	135 007	120 176	14 736	95
Georgia	371	363	8	-
Germany	290 795	264 773	17 443	8 579
Greece	6 301	5 987	307	7
Hungary	4 319	4 055	241	23
Iceland	794	769	22	3
Ireland	31 026	29 759	1 203	64
Italy	55 947	51 872	3 999	76
Latvia	972	854	96	22
Liechtenstein	245	239	6	-
Lithuania	1 442	1 310	123	9
Luxembourg	1 651	1 556	88	7
Macedonia	169	154	15	-
Malta	1 416	1 281	131	4
Moldova	80	78	2	-
Monaco	77	70	7	-

**Appendix XVIII – Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Montenegro	129	95	32	2
Norway	14 632	13 881	693	58
Poland	15 806	14 542	1 227	37
Portugal	20 068	15 208	4 840	20
Republic of Belarus	304	291	10	3
Romania	2 685	2 533	135	17
Russian Federation	41 708	39 645	1 846	217
San Marino	20	19	1	-
Serbia	1 059	976	81	2
Slovakia	2 217	2 049	164	4
Slovenia	1 448	1 362	80	6
Spain	33 711	30 785	2 879	47
Sweden	27 625	26 285	1 311	29
Switzerland	47 845	44 413	3 210	222
The Netherlands	140 338	122 785	17 352	201
Turkey	16 708	15 625	1 069	14
UK	403 714	387 676	12 866	3 172
Ukraine	1 971	1 843	119	9
Vatican	12	11	1	-
Yugoslavia	2	2	-	-
<b>North America</b>	<b>457 683</b>	<b>434 425</b>	<b>19 087</b>	<b>4 171</b>
Canada	65 744	61 211	3 929	604
USA	391 939	373 214	15 158	3 567
<b>Central and South America</b>	<b>94 635</b>	<b>90 564</b>	<b>3 928</b>	<b>143</b>
Antigua and Barbuda	429	418	11	-
Argentina	7 702	7 439	249	14
Bahamas	324	297	27	-
Barbados	317	308	8	1
Belize	67	62	5	-
Bolivia	251	211	40	-
Brazil	63 848	61 371	2 408	69

**Appendix XVIII – Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Chile	4 136	3 963	167	6
Colombia	1 814	1 744	68	2
Costa Rica	873	851	20	2
Cuba	609	506	99	4
Dominica	120	100	20	-
Dominican Republic	163	154	8	1
Ecuador	821	758	61	2
El Salvador	76	73	2	1
Grenada	39	39	-	-
Guatemala	234	228	5	1
Guyana	249	229	19	1
Haiti	58	50	8	-
Honduras	75	73	2	-
Jamaica	986	913	72	1
Mexico	5 120	5 016	80	24
Nicaragua	43	42	1	-
Panama	451	439	12	-
Paraguay	406	387	19	-
Peru	2 502	2 309	189	4
Saint Lucia	42	42	-	-
St Vincent And Grenadines	40	40	-	-
Suriname	13	13	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	607	580	25	2
Uruguay	1 154	1 103	44	7
Venezuela	927	669	257	1
West Indies	139	137	2	-

**Appendix XVIII – Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
<b>Australasia</b>	<b>144 972</b>	<b>139 243</b>	<b>4 565</b>	<b>1 164</b>
American Samoa	1	1	-	-
Australia	121 361	116 682	3 624	1 055
Federated States of Micronesia	1	1	-	-
Fiji	112	109	3	-
French Polynesia	5	3	2	-
Kiribati	8	5	3	-
Marshall Islands	2	2	-	-
New Zealand	23 324	22 283	932	109
Niue	1	1	-	-
Palau	1	-	1	-
Papua New Guinea	60	60	-	-
Samoa	46	46	-	-
Solomon Islands	8	8	-	-
Tonga	23	23	-	-
Vanuatu	19	19	-	-
<b>Middle East</b>	<b>60 102</b>	<b>59 169</b>	<b>924</b>	<b>9</b>
Bahrain	384	382	2	-
Iran	2 416	2 349	67	-
Iraq	353	353	-	-
Israel	9 053	8 761	286	6
Jordan	2 607	2 402	204	1
Kuwait	1 976	1 972	4	-
Lebanon	2 584	2 433	151	-
Oman	560	557	3	-
Palestine	1 144	1 124	20	-
Qatar	1 652	1 645	7	-
Saudi Arabia	24 942	24 851	90	1
Syria	655	633	22	-
United Arab Emirates	11 064	11 040	24	-
Yemen	712	667	44	1

**Appendix XVIII – Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
<b>Asia</b>	<b>216 223</b>	<b>185 619</b>	<b>29 786</b>	<b>818</b>
Afghanistan	199	124	75	-
Armenia	142	136	6	-
Azerbaijan	209	205	4	-
Bangladesh	8 004	6 245	1 759	-
Bhutan	27	23	4	-
Brunei Darussalam	23	18	5	-
Cambodia	52	52	-	-
China	37 902	34 018	3 766	118
Guam	1	-	1	-
Hong Kong	162	162	-	-
India	69 680	58 404	11 164	112
Indonesia	3 167	2 982	145	40
Japan	19 894	18 593	976	325
Kazakhstan	894	823	71	-
Kyrgystan	154	145	9	-
Laos	28	26	2	-
Macau	5	5	-	-
Malaysia	7 773	7 387	372	14
Maldives	117	112	5	-
Mongolia	157	155	2	-
Myanmar	173	161	8	4
Nepal	548	502	45	1
North Korea	56	43	13	-
Pakistan	19 534	12 639	6 885	10
Philippines	7 725	7 060	536	129
Singapore	9 827	9 688	133	6
South Korea	14 096	12 383	1 691	22
Sri Lanka	1 994	1 149	838	7
Taiwan	4 435	3 433	984	18
Tajikistan	43	35	7	1
Thailand	6 042	5 852	180	10
Timor-Leste	22	16	6	-
Turkmenistan	20	20	-	-
Uzbekistan	164	163	-	1
Vietnam	2 954	2 860	94	-

**Appendix XVIII – Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
<b>Africa</b>	<b>8 095 168</b>	<b>820 145</b>	<b>7 272 477</b>	<b>2 546</b>
<b>SADC</b>	<b>7 896 214</b>	<b>646 682</b>	<b>7 247 069</b>	<b>2 463</b>
Angola	41 718	34 361	7 336	21
Botswana	418 474	37 596	380 135	743
DRC	40 192	37 040	3 143	9
Eswatini	958 716	16 505	942 112	99
Lesotho	1 395 346	8 341	1 386 670	335
Madagascar	4 395	4 182	213	-
Malawi	230 640	32 938	197 654	48
Mauritius	21 268	20 732	523	13
Mozambique	2 078 635	51 937	2 026 352	346
Namibia	175 588	61 403	113 933	252
Seychelles	4 588	4 450	134	4
Tanzania	44 293	28 703	15 579	11
Zambia	175 165	56 644	118 481	40
Zimbabwe	2 307 196	251 850	2 054 804	542
<b>Other Africa</b>	<b>198 954</b>	<b>173 463</b>	<b>25 408</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>East and Central Africa</b>	<b>99 650</b>	<b>87 600</b>	<b>12 022</b>	<b>28</b>
Burundi	1 327	1 221	106	-
Cameroon	4 867	4 590	274	3
Central African Republic	168	168	-	-
Chad	524	518	6	-
Comoros	380	377	2	1
Congo	1 823	1 757	64	2
Djibouti	108	108	-	-
Equatorial Guinea	336	326	10	-
Eritrea	445	404	41	-
Ethiopia	10 070	8 948	1 122	-
Gabon	4 510	4 478	32	-
Kenya	58 376	49 654	8 701	21
Réunion	17	17	-	-
Rwanda	966	807	159	-
São Tomé and Príncipe	119	92	26	1
Somalia	996	609	387	-
Uganda	14 618	13 526	1 092	-

**Appendix XVIII – Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2025 (concluded)**

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
<b>West Africa</b>	<b>84 427</b>	<b>71 501</b>	<b>12 872</b>	<b>54</b>
Benin	2 086	1 940	146	-
Burkina Faso	759	743	16	-
Cape Verde Island	334	272	62	-
Côte d'Ivoire	2 245	2 189	55	1
Gambia	417	393	24	-
Ghana	42 761	33 111	9 621	29
Guinea	1 118	748	370	-
Guinea-Bissau	107	72	35	-
Liberia	789	773	16	-
Mali	962	716	246	-
Mauritania	255	250	5	-
Niger	291	287	4	-
Nigeria	29 256	27 100	2 132	24
Saint Helena	21	21	-	-
Senegal	1 741	1 680	61	-
Sierra Leone	696	622	74	-
Togo	589	584	5	-
<b>North Africa</b>	<b>14 877</b>	<b>14 362</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>1</b>
Algeria	1 098	1 045	52	1
Egypt	7 566	7 374	192	-
Libya	582	507	75	-
Morocco	1 760	1 704	56	-
South Sudan	659	634	25	-
The Sudan	1 120	1 029	91	-
Tunisia	2 074	2 051	23	-
Western Sahara	18	18	-	-
<b>Unspecified</b>	<b>12 151</b>	<b>9 780</b>	<b>2 371</b>	<b>-</b>

**Appendix XIX – Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2025**

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>235 799</b>	<b>10 211 927</b>	<b>47 344</b>	<b>3 436</b>
<b>Overseas</b>	<b>2 391 187</b>	<b>36 752</b>	<b>2 343 737</b>	<b>10 088</b>	<b>610</b>
<b>Europe</b>	<b>1 417 572</b>	<b>18 998</b>	<b>1 393 522</b>	<b>4 673</b>	<b>379</b>
Albania	74	1	72	1	-
Andorra	116	-	116	-	-
Austria	24 628	211	24 360	53	4
Belgium	50 134	550	49 381	193	10
Bosnia-Herzegovina	119	8	111	-	-
Bulgaria	2 233	80	2 139	14	-
Croatia	1 126	41	1 081	3	1
Cyprus	1 592	33	1 558	1	-
Czech Republic	7 705	105	7 584	16	-
Denmark	19 547	280	19 224	41	2
Estonia	1 132	20	1 112	-	-
Finland	6 552	149	6 375	28	-
France	135 007	1 927	132 252	808	20
Georgia	371	28	342	1	-
Germany	290 795	2 266	287 328	1 192	9
Greece	6 301	250	6 023	27	1
Hungary	4 319	89	4 209	20	1
Iceland	794	7	784	3	-
Ireland	31 026	479	30 491	47	9
Italy	55 947	1 060	54 701	178	8
Latvia	972	19	944	9	-
Liechtenstein	245	-	245	-	-
Lithuania	1 442	34	1 400	7	1
Luxembourg	1 651	19	1 620	12	-
Macedonia	169	20	148	1	-
Malta	1 416	21	1 395	-	-
Moldova	80	8	71	1	-
Monaco	77	-	75	2	-

**Appendix XIX – Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Montenegro	129	1	128	-	-
Norway	14 632	309	14 120	196	7
Poland	15 806	310	15 462	31	3
Portugal	20 068	331	19 664	61	12
Republic of Belarus	304	7	296	1	-
Romania	2 685	76	2 592	17	-
Russian Federation	41 708	432	41 192	83	1
San Marino	20	-	20	-	-
Serbia	1 059	46	1 004	9	-
Slovakia	2 217	42	2 166	8	1
Slovenia	1 448	40	1 403	5	-
Spain	33 711	792	32 821	93	5
Sweden	27 625	433	27 087	102	3
Switzerland	47 845	395	47 293	152	5
The Netherlands	140 338	1 365	138 434	415	124
Turkey	16 708	615	15 957	136	-
UK	403 714	6 021	396 859	686	148
Ukraine	1 971	77	1 870	20	4
Vatican	12	1	11	-	-
Yugoslavia	2	-	2	-	-
<b>North America</b>	<b>457 683</b>	<b>4 539</b>	<b>451 753</b>	<b>1 287</b>	<b>104</b>
Canada	65 744	843	64 760	118	23
USA	391 939	3 696	386 993	1 169	81
<b>Central and South America</b>	<b>94 635</b>	<b>1 140</b>	<b>93 120</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>15</b>
Antigua and Barbuda	429	9	420	-	-
Argentina	7 702	117	7 563	20	2
Bahamas	324	11	313	-	-
Barbados	317	8	305	4	-
Belize	67	1	66	-	-
Bolivia	251	8	241	2	-
Brazil	63 848	556	63 079	212	1

**Appendix XIX – Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Chile	4 136	76	4 042	17	1
Colombia	1 814	64	1 725	25	-
Costa Rica	873	22	851	-	-
Cuba	609	5	598	5	1
Dominica	120	11	108	1	-
Dominican Republic	163	9	154	-	-
Ecuador	821	11	808	2	-
El Salvador	76	1	75	-	-
Grenada	39	1	38	-	-
Guatemala	234	3	227	1	3
Guyana	249	11	238	-	-
Haiti	58	1	55	1	1
Honduras	75	3	69	3	-
Jamaica	986	13	972	1	-
Mexico	5 120	86	5 007	26	1
Nicaragua	43	-	42	-	1
Panama	451	7	443	-	1
Paraguay	406	8	398	-	-
Peru	2 502	41	2 447	13	1
Saint Lucia	42	4	38	-	-
St Vincent And Grenadines	40	-	40	-	-
Suriname	13	-	13	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	607	11	583	12	1
Uruguay	1 154	14	1 140	-	-
Venezuela	927	12	912	2	1
West Indies	139	16	110	13	-

**Appendix XIX – Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
<b>Australasia</b>	<b>144 972</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>144 155</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>19</b>
American Samoa	1	-	1	-	-
Australia	121 361	546	120 705	94	16
Federated States of Micronesia	1	1	-	-	-
Fiji	112	7	101	4	-
French Polynesia	5	-	5	-	-
Kiribati	8	-	8	-	-
Marshall Islands	2	-	2	-	-
New Zealand	23 324	118	23 192	11	3
Niue	1	-	1	-	-
Palau	1	-	1	-	-
Papua New Guinea	60	13	46	1	-
Samoa	46	1	45	-	-
Solomon Islands	8	-	8	-	-
Tonga	23	1	22	-	-
Vanuatu	19	1	18	-	-
<b>Middle East</b>	<b>60 102</b>	<b>1 091</b>	<b>58 509</b>	<b>491</b>	<b>11</b>
Bahrain	384	2	381	1	-
Iran	2 416	58	2 316	41	1
Iraq	353	32	306	15	-
Israel	9 053	137	8 880	36	-
Jordan	2 607	126	2 451	30	-
Kuwait	1 976	18	1 954	3	1
Lebanon	2 584	212	2 333	34	5
Oman	560	6	549	5	-
Palestine	1 144	13	1 122	9	-
Qatar	1 652	23	1 621	8	-
Saudi Arabia	24 942	193	24 614	135	-
Syria	655	40	578	35	2
United Arab Emirates	11 064	211	10 823	29	1
Yemen	712	20	581	110	1

**Appendix XIX – Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
<b>Asia</b>	<b>216 223</b>	<b>10 296</b>	<b>202 678</b>	<b>3 167</b>	<b>82</b>
Afghanistan	199	15	177	7	-
Armenia	142	28	114	-	-
Azerbaijan	209	22	187	-	-
Bangladesh	8 004	219	7 702	83	-
Bhutan	27	-	27	-	-
Brunei Darussalam	23	-	23	-	-
Cambodia	52	15	35	2	-
China	37 902	2 350	35 118	411	23
Guam	1	-	1	-	-
Hong Kong	162	17	145	-	-
India	69 680	4 442	63 625	1 588	25
Indonesia	3 167	196	2 940	26	5
Japan	19 894	752	18 990	148	4
Kazakhstan	894	47	831	16	-
Kyrgystan	154	6	142	6	-
Laos	28	2	25	1	-
Macau	5	1	4	-	-
Malaysia	7 773	150	7 517	104	2
Maldives	117	4	110	3	-
Mongolia	157	13	144	-	-
Myanmar	173	4	165	3	1
Nepal	548	39	478	31	-
North Korea	56	-	55	1	-
Pakistan	19 534	460	18 770	297	7
Philippines	7 725	312	7 331	74	8
Singapore	9 827	240	9 584	3	-
South Korea	14 096	308	13 587	200	1
Sri Lanka	1 994	117	1 844	32	1
Taiwan	4 435	154	4 235	43	3
Tajikistan	43	5	38	-	-
Thailand	6 042	176	5 802	63	1
Timor-Leste	22	3	18	1	-
Turkmenistan	20	-	18	2	-
Uzbekistan	164	22	142	-	-
Vietnam	2 954	177	2 754	22	1

**Appendix XIX – Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2025 (continued)**

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
<b>Africa</b>	<b>8 095 168</b>	<b>198 300</b>	<b>7 856 810</b>	<b>37 246</b>	<b>2 812</b>
<b>SADC</b>	<b>7 896 214</b>	<b>190 392</b>	<b>7 672 006</b>	<b>31 444</b>	<b>2 372</b>
Angola	41 718	669	39 574	1 183	292
Botswana	418 474	6 291	408 412	3 553	218
DRC	40 192	602	36 993	1 695	902
Eswatini	958 716	27 611	929 028	1 977	100
Lesotho	1 395 346	6 000	1 379 285	9 951	110
Madagascar	4 395	58	4 246	86	5
Malawi	230 640	3 124	226 844	600	72
Mauritius	21 268	276	20 791	184	17
Mozambique	2 078 635	27 956	2 049 653	929	97
Namibia	175 588	39 504	132 594	3 353	137
Seychelles	4 588	44	4 530	9	5
Tanzania	44 293	929	42 743	548	73
Zambia	175 165	36 730	137 538	831	66
Zimbabwe	2 307 196	40 598	2 259 775	6 545	278
<b>'Other' African</b>	<b>198 954</b>	<b>7 908</b>	<b>184 804</b>	<b>5 802</b>	<b>440</b>
<b>East and Central Africa</b>	<b>99 650</b>	<b>3 921</b>	<b>92 864</b>	<b>2 540</b>	<b>325</b>
Burundi	1 327	72	1 208	32	15
Cameroon	4 867	326	4 159	279	103
Central African Republic	168	21	140	3	4
Chad	524	31	426	54	13
Comoros	380	24	346	7	3
Congo	1 823	59	1 618	107	39
Djibouti	108	11	96	1	-
Equatorial Guinea	336	37	267	26	6
Eritrea	445	13	419	9	4
Ethiopia	10 070	461	9 348	230	31
Gabon	4 510	51	4 245	205	9
Kenya	58 376	1 837	55 542	965	32
Réunion	17	1	16	-	-
Rwanda	966	36	901	23	6
São Tomé and Príncipe	119	5	114	-	-
Somalia	996	162	810	21	3
Uganda	14 618	774	13 209	578	57

**Appendix XIX – Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2025 (concluded)**

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
<b>West Africa</b>	<b>84 427</b>	<b>2 706</b>	<b>79 024</b>	<b>2 588</b>	<b>109</b>
Benin	2 086	83	1 954	41	8
Burkina Faso	759	114	633	9	3
Cape Verde Island	334	13	318	2	1
Côte d'Ivoire	2 245	198	1 947	98	2
Gambia	417	41	365	11	-
Ghana	42 761	650	41 828	255	28
Guinea	1 118	67	997	44	10
Guinea-Bissau	107	2	105	-	-
Liberia	789	53	712	19	5
Mali	962	76	877	7	2
Mauritania	255	36	211	8	-
Niger	291	42	237	9	3
Nigeria	29 256	1 009	26 177	2 033	37
Saint Helena	21	-	18	-	3
Senegal	1 741	207	1 520	11	3
Sierra Leone	696	55	609	29	3
Togo	589	60	516	12	1
<b>North Africa</b>	<b>14 877</b>	<b>1 281</b>	<b>12 916</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>6</b>
Algeria	1 098	77	991	30	-
Egypt	7 566	690	6 593	281	2
Libya	582	13	481	87	1
Morocco	1 760	217	1 490	53	-
South Sudan	659	65	548	44	2
The Sudan	1 120	72	905	143	-
Tunisia	2 074	145	1 892	36	1
Western Sahara	18	2	16	-	-
<b>Unspecified</b>	<b>12 151</b>	<b>747</b>	<b>11 380</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>14</b>

## Appendix XX – Number of tourists by port of entry, 2025

Port of entry and province	Total	Month of travel											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 498 506</b>	<b>1 013 984</b>	<b>764 111</b>	<b>810 442</b>	<b>827 886</b>	<b>804 163</b>	<b>750 177</b>	<b>881 393</b>	<b>935 738</b>	<b>846 367</b>	<b>927 426</b>	<b>939 654</b>	<b>997 165</b>
<b>Western Cape</b>	<b>1 090 630</b>	<b>115 244</b>	<b>118 697</b>	<b>113 488</b>	<b>72 507</b>	<b>57 629</b>	<b>47 944</b>	<b>59 945</b>	<b>68 826</b>	<b>67 084</b>	<b>104 157</b>	<b>132 641</b>	<b>132 468</b>
Cape Town Harbour	18 007	172	492	4 719	309	21	1	-	3	32	2 260	6 097	3 901
Cape Town International Airport	1 072 623	115 072	118 205	108 769	72 198	57 608	47 943	59 945	68 823	67 052	101 897	126 544	128 567
<b>Eastern Cape</b>	<b>33 147</b>	<b>7 616</b>	<b>2 513</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>2 614</b>	<b>1 991</b>	<b>3 136</b>	<b>5 982</b>	<b>3 728</b>	<b>3 068</b>	<b>2 326</b>	-	-
Telle Bridge	33 147	7 616	2 513	173	2 614	1 991	3 136	5 982	3 728	3 068	2 326	-	-
<b>Northern Cape</b>	<b>110 161</b>	<b>9 041</b>	<b>7 977</b>	<b>8 639</b>	<b>9 743</b>	<b>8 707</b>	<b>7 914</b>	<b>8 318</b>	<b>9 046</b>	<b>9 278</b>	<b>9 091</b>	<b>8 378</b>	<b>14 029</b>
Nakop	54 615	4 200	4 108	4 110	4 580	4 771	4 636	4 856	4 564	4 892	4 585	4 211	5 102
Vioolsdrift	55 546	4 841	3 869	4 529	5 163	3 936	3 278	3 462	4 482	4 386	4 506	4 167	8 927
<b>Free State</b>	<b>1 374 831</b>	<b>170 726</b>	<b>93 809</b>	<b>105 068</b>	<b>107 292</b>	<b>108 690</b>	<b>103 482</b>	<b>124 583</b>	<b>113 153</b>	<b>102 830</b>	<b>116 053</b>	<b>111 517</b>	<b>117 628</b>
Caledonspoort	142 592	17 143	9 342	11 673	10 241	11 739	11 309	12 310	12 019	10 245	12 608	11 379	12 584
Ficksburg	561 623	75 429	33 431	40 194	43 193	42 844	43 222	52 710	43 775	41 607	49 640	45 870	49 708
Maseru Bridge	636 193	65 298	44 546	52 049	53 014	52 197	46 980	56 885	53 181	49 953	53 223	54 027	54 840
Van Rooyens Gate	34 423	12 856	6 490	1 152	844	1 910	1 971	2 678	4 178	1 025	582	241	496
<b>KwaZulu Natal</b>	<b>335 294</b>	<b>30 470</b>	<b>25 129</b>	<b>26 590</b>	<b>27 485</b>	<b>25 384</b>	<b>21 119</b>	<b>25 939</b>	<b>34 345</b>	<b>28 042</b>	<b>30 604</b>	<b>28 491</b>	<b>31 696</b>
Golela	176 044	13 146	11 169	14 077	14 162	12 232	10 936	13 129	20 678	15 655	17 575	16 432	16 853
Durban Harbour Passengers	4 192	1 318	1 236	169	17	122	-	-	-	2	-	164	1 164
King Shaka International Airport	39 778	2 695	3 361	3 226	4 005	3 449	3 482	4 154	3 020	2 574	3 373	2 651	3 788
Kosibay	115 280	13 311	9 363	9 118	9 301	9 581	6 701	8 656	10 647	9 811	9 656	9 244	9 891

**Appendix XX – Number of tourists by port of entry, 2025 (concluded)**

Country of residence	Total	Month of travel											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>North West</b>	<b>453 398</b>	<b>37 760</b>	<b>27 538</b>	<b>41 185</b>	<b>41 405</b>	<b>37 604</b>	<b>31 334</b>	<b>33 910</b>	<b>36 715</b>	<b>39 142</b>	<b>37 934</b>	<b>36 502</b>	<b>52 369</b>
Kopfontein	259 776	22 998	15 537	26 549	24 166	22 502	18 110	19 887	20 533	21 063	20 577	20 270	27 584
Ramatlabama	82 564	6 321	5 326	5 933	7 277	6 565	5 463	6 286	7 166	7 003	7 310	6 521	11 393
Skilpad Gate	97 499	8 441	6 675	8 703	9 962	8 537	7 761	7 737	7 563	8 031	7 553	7 305	9 231
Swartkopfontein Gate	13 559	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 453	3 045	2 494	2 406	4 161
<b>Gauteng</b>	<b>1 935 047</b>	<b>144 277</b>	<b>142 116</b>	<b>149 153</b>	<b>156 282</b>	<b>145 989</b>	<b>139 458</b>	<b>167 406</b>	<b>178 626</b>	<b>165 213</b>	<b>187 714</b>	<b>168 604</b>	<b>190 209</b>
Lanseria International Airport OR Tambo International Airport	2 788	179	229	235	318	239	218	188	201	310	281	236	154
Waterkloof Military Airbase	115	23	7	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	82	-
<b>Mpumalanga</b>	<b>3 055 235</b>	<b>243 733</b>	<b>214 935</b>	<b>231 969</b>	<b>228 509</b>	<b>249 382</b>	<b>238 452</b>	<b>272 173</b>	<b>289 539</b>	<b>257 392</b>	<b>265 622</b>	<b>289 143</b>	<b>274 386</b>
Emahlatini	71 709	4 743	4 105	5 152	5 738	5 266	5 244	6 609	6 941	6 638	6 771	7 238	7 264
Jeppes Reef	172 208	13 753	11 335	13 832	12 965	13 672	11 507	11 164	17 015	14 344	16 728	16 468	19 425
Lebombo	2 054 853	169 813	146 355	153 017	146 560	169 532	164 796	190 543	192 450	173 765	175 509	197 861	174 652
Mahamba	93 795	7 989	6 056	7 425	8 428	7 607	7 422	7 621	9 030	7 342	7 936	8 102	8 837
Mananga	124 135	7 013	9 799	10 697	10 591	9 908	9 110	12 498	11 819	9 281	11 332	11 631	10 456
Nerston	5 691	101	165	92	301	609	476	515	833	579	540	634	846
Oshoek	532 844	40 321	37 120	41 754	43 926	42 788	39 897	43 223	51 451	45 443	46 806	47 209	52 906
<b>Limpopo</b>	<b>2 110 763</b>	<b>255 117</b>	<b>131 397</b>	<b>134 177</b>	<b>182 049</b>	<b>168 787</b>	<b>157 338</b>	<b>183 137</b>	<b>201 760</b>	<b>174 318</b>	<b>173 925</b>	<b>164 378</b>	<b>184 380</b>
Beit Bridge	1 864 733	237 063	116 265	127 951	153 013	148 253	137 524	163 579	177 262	148 641	153 903	144 311	156 968
Groblers Bridge	246 030	18 054	15 132	6 226	29 036	20 534	19 814	19 558	24 498	25 677	20 022	20 067	27 412

## 8. Definition of terms

### Definitions used by the United Nations World Tourism Organisation (UNWTO)

- **Traveller** is someone who moves between different geographical locations for any purpose and any duration. Note: in this publication, the geographical locations are countries. Hence in this report, the term traveller refers to an international traveller.
- **Visitor** refers to any person travelling to a place other than that of his/her usual environment for less than 12 months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.
- **Same-day visitor** is a visitor who visits a place for less than one night.
- **Tourist (overnight visitor)** is a visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited for less than twelve months.
- **Tourism** comprises the activities of persons travelling to, and staying in places outside their usual environment, for not more than one uninterrupted year, for leisure, business and other purposes. The usual environment of a person consists of a certain area around his/her place of residence, plus all other places he/she frequently visits.

### Definitions used specifically in this report

- **South African resident** refers to either a South African citizen or a non-South African citizen with a South African permanent residence permit.
- **Foreign traveller** refers to a traveller who is not a South African citizen or permanent resident.
- **Country** refers to individual countries within a region. (Note: The country of residence is used here and not the country from which the visitor travelled).
- **Region** refers to the following country classification: Overseas, SADC and 'Other' African. Overseas consists of Europe, North America, Central and South America, Australasia, the Middle East and Asia.
- **Overseas:** refers to all countries outside Africa.
- **Africa** refers to all the countries in Africa (both mainland and island countries).
- **SADC** refers to the fourteen countries, excluding South Africa, which belong to the Southern African Development Community.
- **'Other' African** refers to all countries in Africa that are not members of the SADC. They are grouped as: East and Central Africa, West Africa and North Africa.

### Symbol used

- = Nil

## Limitations

### ▪ Outbound tourists

The information on the total number of arrivals and departures of South African residents is collected from the scanning of passports. However, data on the country visited are not collected from passengers; country of final destination, the duration of stay; intended duration of stay and purpose of visit. With this limitation, it is impossible to identify the number of tourists from the data on South African residents.

### ▪ Purpose of visit

The holiday category includes tourists who came for vacation, visiting friends and relatives, shopping and other personal reasons such as attending weddings. While it's possible to separate 'visiting friends and relatives' from the broad category of Holiday, shopping and other reasons for visiting South Africa are all combined with vacation in the DHA movement control system. Discussions are in progress with the Department of Home Affairs to capture vacation and shopping as separate categories for a clearer breakdown of tourists by purpose of visit.

## Related publications

Tourism statistics are also published in the monthly Statistical Release P0350: International tourism.

## 9. Other Stats SA reports

No. 03-51-02 (2000) - Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2001) - Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2002) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2003) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2004, 2005 and 2006) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2007) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2008) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2009) - Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2010) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2011) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2012) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2013) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2014) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2016) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2016) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2017) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2018) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2019) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2020) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2021) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2022) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2023) -Tourism  
No. 03-51-02 (2024) -Tourism