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1. Introduction

The Coega Special Economic Zone (SEZ) was designated in 2001 and became South Africa's first SEZ. It is located in the Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality in the Eastern Cape province, and it is strategically located on the east-west trade route to service both African and global markets. The Coega SEZ leverages public-sector investment to attract foreign and domestic direct investment in the manufacturing sector with an export orientation. The SEZ has attracted investment in the agro-processing, automotive, aquaculture, energy, metals, logistics and business process services sectors. This has advanced socioeconomic development in the Eastern Cape region through skills development, technology transfer and job creation.

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) partnered with the Coega Special Economic Zone to conduct a survey of the zone's residents. The main objectives of the study were to determine:

- number of employees;
- value of imports and exports;
- expenditure on investments; and
- employment levels per skills category.

The data collected are published at aggregated levels and all care was taken to preserve confidentiality in terms of section 17 of the Statistics Act, 1999 as amended by the Statistics Amendment Act, 2024

2. Summary of findings for the year 2025

2.1 Income

Table A – Number of enterprises in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2018 – 2025

Type of activity	2018		2021		2023		2024		2025	
	Number of enterprises	% contribution								
Manufacturing	17	43,6	15	40,5	15	34,9	17	37,0	21	36,8
Non-manufacturing	22	56,4	22	59,5	28	65,1	29	63,0	36	63,2
Total	39	100,0	37	100,0	43	100,0	46	100,0	57	100,0

The total number of tenants in the Coega Special Economic Zone in 2025 was 57, representing an increase of 11 enterprises compared to 2024 (46 enterprises). There were more 'non-manufacturing' enterprises (36 or 63,2%) compared to 'manufacturing' enterprises (21 or 36,8%).

Between 2018 and 2025, the total number of enterprises increased from 39 in 2018 to 57 in 2025 (an increase of 18 enterprises). The number of 'non-manufacturing' enterprises increased from 56,4% of the total enterprises in 2018 to 63,2% in 2025. Manufacturing enterprises, although increasing in absolute numbers from 17 in 2018 to 21 in 2025, showed a decline in percentage contribution from 43,6% to 36,8%, respectively.

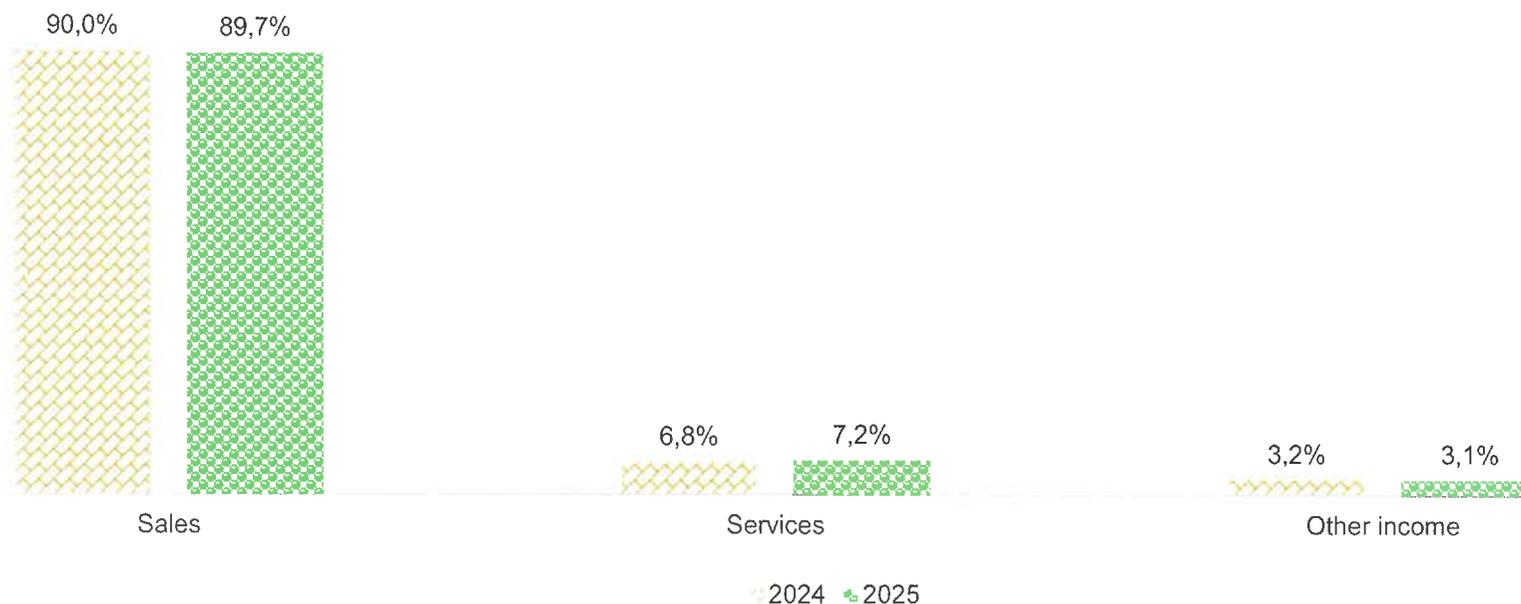
Table B – Income in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2018 – 2025

Type of activity	2018		2021		2023		2024		2025	
	R million	% contribution								
Manufacturing	8 642	78,3	9 794	69,5	13 865	73,2	17 582	70,2	18 027	72,2
Non-manufacturing	2 395	21,7	4 294	30,5	5 070	26,8	7 459	29,8	6 932	27,8
Total	11 037	100,0	14 088	100,0	18 935	100,0	25 041	100,0	24 959	100,0

The total income in the Coega Special Economic Zone in 2025 was R24 959 million. This total income had a decrease of 0,3% over the income reported in the corresponding survey of 2024 (R25 041 million). 'Manufacturing' increased by 2,0 percentage points from a contribution of 70,2% in 2024 to 72,2% in 2025. Income from 'manufacturing' increased by 2,5% in 2025 compared to 2024 (from R17 582 million in 2024 to R18 027 million in 2025).

Between 2018 and 2025, 'non-manufacturing' income contribution increased by 6,1 percentage points (from 21,7% in 2018 to 27,8% in 2025).

Figure 1 – Composition of income in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025



The income in the Coega Special Economic Zone was composed mainly 'sales of goods' in both 2024 and 2025, decreasing from 90,0% in 2024 to 89,7% in 2025. However, 'service' increased from 6,8% in 2024 to 7,2% in 2025 (Figure 1 above and Table 4, page 16).

2.2 Employment

Table C – Employment by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2018 – 2025

Total employees (excluding employees employed through labour brokers)										
Type of activity	2018		2021		2023		2024		2025	
	Number	% contribution								
Manufacturing	2 540	44,4	3 555	60,1	3 550	58,4	3 915	59,4	4 118	60,4
Non-manufacturing	3 179	55,6	2 357	39,9	2 529	41,6	2 679	40,6	2 699	39,6
Sub-total	5 719	100,0	5 912	100,0	6 079	100,0	6 594	100,0	6 817	100,0
(Employees employed through labour brokers)										
Manufacturing	958	62,7	1 655	78,2	2 029	81,2	1 933	59,5	3 181	71,9
Non-manufacturing	571	37,3	462	21,8	469	18,8	1 315	40,5	1 245	28,1
Sub-total	1 529	100,0	2 117	100,0	2 498	100,0	3 248	100,0	4 426	100,0
Total	7 248		8 029		8 577		9 842		11 243	

The total number of persons employed (including employees employed through labour brokers) in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2025 was 11 243, an increase of 14,2% from the number reported in 2024 (9 842). While the total number of persons employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers) was 6 817 in 2025, an increase of 3,4% compared to 2024 (6 594 employees). Manufacturing accounted for the largest share of employees for both employees directly employed by the enterprises in the economic zone 4 118 (or 60,4%) in 2025 and through labour brokers 3 181 (or 71,9%) in 2025

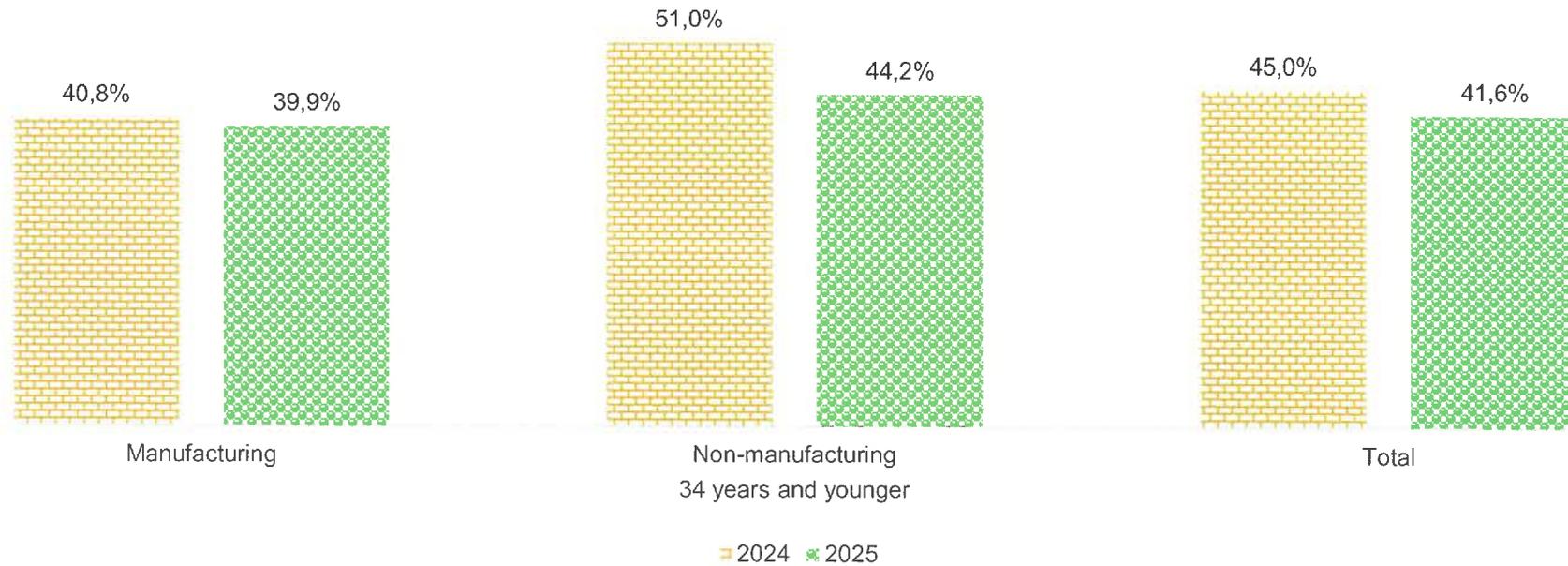
Between 2018 and 2025, the total number of persons employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers) increased by an annualised 2,5%. However, employment through labour brokers increased by an annualised 16,4%, from 1 529 employees in 2018 to 4 426 employees in 2025.

Table D – Employment by gender in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June, 2018 – 2025

Gender	2018		2021		2023		2024		2025	
	Number	% contribution								
Female employees	2 205	38,6	1 910	32,3	2 334	38,4	2 547	38,6	2 441	35,8
Male employees	3 514	61,4	4 002	67,7	3 745	61,6	4 047	61,4	4 376	64,2
Total	5 719	100,0	5 912	100,0	6 079	100,0	6 594	100,0	6 817	100,0

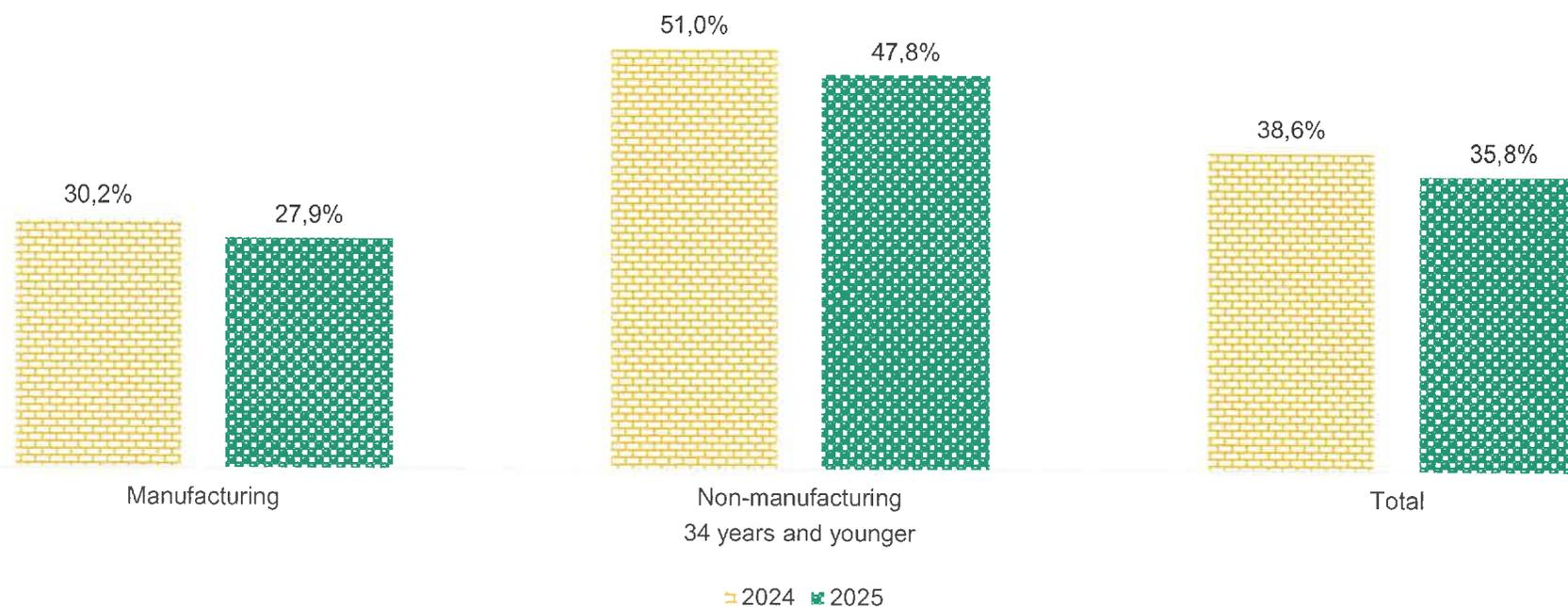
The Coega Special Economic Zone employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers) more males than females in both 2024 and 2025. The proportion of 'females' contribution decreased from 38,6% in 2024 to 35,8% in 2025.

Figure 2 – Age ratios of employees in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025



In 2025, the proportion of youth out of the total number of persons employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers) was 41,6% in the Coega Special Economic Zone (a decrease of 3,4 percentage share compared to 2024). The type of activity with the highest proportion of employees 34 years and younger was 'non-manufacturing' (44,2%) (Figure 2 and Table 17, page 23).

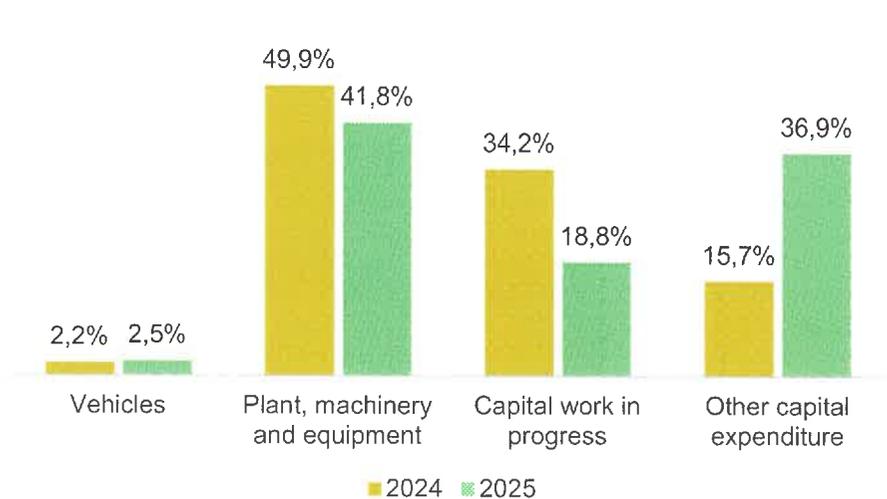
Figure 3 – Gender ratios of employees in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025



Out of the total number of persons employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers), the proportion of females was 35,8% in 2025 (a decrease of 2,8 percentage share compared to 2024). The type of activity with the highest proportion of female employees was 'non-manufacturing' (47,8%) in 2025 (Figure 3 and Table 16, page 22).

2.3 Expenditure

Figure 4 – Capital expenditure on new assets in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025



The total capital expenditure on new assets in the Coega Special Economic Zone for 2025 was R1 027 million compared to R937 million in 2024 (an increase of 9,6%). The largest categories of capital expenditure were 'plant, machinery and equipment' (R429 million or 41,8%) and 'capital work in progress' (R193 million or 18,8%) (Figure 4, Table 14 and Table 15, pages 21 and 22).

Figure 5 – Expenditure in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025



Total expenditure in the Coega Special Economic Zone in 2025 was R23 980 million compared with R24 286 million in 2024 (a decrease of 1,3%). The largest contributors to the total expenditure were 'purchases' (R16 950 million or 70,7%) and 'salaries and wages' (R2 079 million or 8,7%) (Figure 5 and Table 6, page 17).

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Statistician-General

3. Tables**Table 1 – Principal statistics in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025**

Items	2024	2025*	% change
	R million		
Total income	25 041	24 959	-0,3
Total expenditure	24 286	23 980	-1,3
Total value of opening inventory	2 110	3 347	58,7
Total value of closing inventory	2 794	3 975	42,3
Net profit before tax	1 436	1 606	
Carrying value of assets at the end of financial year	8 791	9 777	11,2
Capital expenditure on new assets	937	1 027	9,6
Salaries and wages	2 013	2 079	3,3
Total employees (including employees employed through labour brokers)	Number of employees		% change
	9 842	11 243	14,2

* Preliminary.

Table 2 – Principal statistics by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Total income	Total expenditure	Total value of opening inventory	Total value of closing inventory	Net profit before tax	Total expenditure on new assets
	R million					
Manufacturing	18 027	17 546	2 412	2 926	996	901
Non-manufacturing	6 932	6 435	935	1 049	611	126
Total	24 959	23 981	3 347	3 975	1 607	1 027

* Preliminary.

Table 3 – Profit margin by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025*

Type of activity	Turnover			Net profit after tax		Profit margin**	
	2024	2025*	% change	2024	2025*	2024	2025*
	R million			R million		%	
Manufacturing	17 129	17 778	3,8	302	307	1,8	1,7
Non-manufacturing	7 274	6 740	- 7,3	835	743	11,5	11,0
Total	24 403	24 518	0,5	1 137	1 050	4,7	4,3

* Preliminary.

** Net profit after tax divided by turnover multiplied by 100.

Table 4 – Income in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025

Income items	2024	2025*	2024	2025*	% change
	R million		% contribution to total		
Sales	22 553	22 374	90,0	89,6	-0,8
Services	1 695	1 800	6,8	7,2	6,2
Other income	793	785	3,2	3,1	-1,0
Total income	25 041	24 959	100,0	100,0	- 0,3

* Preliminary.

Table 5 – Income by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Sales	Services	Other income	Total income
	R million			
Manufacturing	17 760	3	265	18 028
Non-manufacturing	4 614	1 797	520	6 931
Total	22 374	1 800	785	24 959

* Preliminary.

Table 6 – Expenditure in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025

Expenditure items	2024	2025*	2024	2025*	% change
	R million		% contribution to total		
Purchases	17 599	16 950	72,5	70,7	- 3,7
Salaries and wages	2 014	2 079	8,3	8,7	3,2
Logistics and transport-out	511	797	2,1	3,3	56,0
Depreciation	572	608	2,4	2,5	6,3
Interest	542	542	2,2	2,3	0,0
Subcontractors	95	67	0,4	0,3	- 29,5
Other expenditure	2 953	2 937	12,2	12,2	- 0,5
Total expenditure	24 286	23 980	100,0	100,0	- 1,3

* Preliminary.

Table 7 – Expenditure by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Purchases	Salaries and wages	Logistics and transport-out	Depreciation	Interest	Subcontractors	Other expenditure	Total expenditure
	R million							
Manufacturing	12 871	1 398	501	379	255	12	2 128	17 544
Non-manufacturing	4 079	681	296	229	287	55	809	6 436
Total	16 950	2 079	797	608	542	67	2 937	23 980

* Preliminary.

Table 8 – Carrying value of assets at the end of the financial year in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025

Year	Computers, network and other IT equipment	Motor vehicles and other transport equipment	Land, buildings, construction, plant, machinery & other office equipment	Other assets	Total carrying value of fixed assets
	R million				
2024	18	67	6 850	1 855	8 791
2025*	20	100	7 456	2 201	9 777
% change	11,1	49,3	8,8	18,7	11,2

* Preliminary.

Table 9 – Carrying value of assets by type of activity as at the end of the financial year in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Computers, network and other IT equipment	Motor vehicles and other transport equipment	Land, buildings, construction, plant, machinery & other office equipment	Other assets	Total carrying value of fixed assets
	R million				
Manufacturing	11	34	4 575	1 970	6 590
Non-manufacturing	9	66	2 881	231	3 187
Total	20	100	7 456	2 201	9 777

* Preliminary.

Table 10 – Details of assets by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025

Year	Current assets					Non-current assets			Total assets
	Trade and other receivables	Cash and bank	Inventory	Other current assets	Total current assets	Property, plant and equipment	Other non-current assets	Total non-current assets	
	R million								
2024	5 606	1 965	2 791	1 144	11 506	8 733	878	9 611	21 117
2025*	9 486	1 732	4 022	2 119	17 359	9 751	692	10 443	27 802
% change	69,2	- 11,9	44,1	85,3	50,9	11,7	- 21,2	8,7	31,7

* Preliminary.

Table 11 – Details of assets by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Current assets					Non-current assets			Total assets
	Trade and other receivables	Cash and bank	Inventory	Other current assets	Total current assets	Property, plant and equipment	Other non-current assets	Total non-current assets	
	R million								
Manufacturing	8 711	1 313	2 973	785	13 782	6 564	529	7 093	20 875
Non-manufacturing	775	419	1 049	1 335	3 578	3 187	163	3 350	6 928
Total	9 486	1 732	4 022	2 119	17 359	9 751	692	10 443	27 802

* Preliminary.

Table 12 – Details of liabilities and equity by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025

Year	Current liabilities				Non-current liabilities			Owners' equity	Equity and liabilities
	Trade and other payables	Bank overdraft	Other current liabilities	Total current liabilities	Long-term investments	Other non-current assets	Total non-current liabilities		
	R million								
2024	8 327	59	3 321	11 707	2 920	1 628	4 548	4 862	21 117
2025*	11 350	301	3 260	14 911	1 875	3 682	5 557	7 334	27 802
% change	36,3	410,2	- 1,8	27,4	- 35,8	126,2	22,2	50,8	31,7

* Preliminary.

Table 13 – Details of liabilities and equity by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Current liabilities				Non-current liabilities			Owners' equity	Equity and liabilities
	Trade and other payables	Bank overdraft	Other current liabilities	Total current liabilities	Long-term investments	Other non-current assets	Total non-current liabilities		
	R million								
Manufacturing	10 505	299	2 862	13 666	1 550	1 308	2 857	4 350	20 873
Non-manufacturing	845	2	398	1 245	325	2 374	2 700	2 984	6 929
Total	11 350	301	3 260	14 911	1 875	3 682	5 557	7 334	27 802

* Preliminary.

Table 14 – Capital expenditure on new assets in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025

Year	Vehicles	Plant, machinery and equipment	Capital work in progress	Other capital expenditure	Total expenditure on new assets
	R million				
2024	21	449	320	147	937
2025*	26	429	193	379	1 027
% change	23,8	-4,5	-39,7	157,8	9,6

* Preliminary.

Table 15 – Capital expenditure on new assets by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Vehicles	Plant, machinery and equipment	Capital work in progress	Other capital expenditure	Total expenditure on new assets
	R million				
Manufacturing	10	380	193	318	901
Non-manufacturing	16	49	0	61	126
Total	26	429	193	379	1 027

* Preliminary.

Table 16 – Details of employment by type of activity and sex in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2025*

Type of activity	Employees employed directly by the business							Employees employed through labour brokers	Total employees
	Permanent employees			Working proprietors, temporary and casual			Total		
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total			
	Number of employees								
Manufacturing	970	2 575	3 545	180	393	573	4 118	3 181	7 299
Non-manufacturing	1 197	1 071	2 268	94	337	431	2 699	1 245	3 944
Total	2 167	3 646	5 813	274	730	1 004	6 817	4 426	11 243

* Preliminary.

Table 17 – Details of employment by type of activity and age in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2025*

Type of activity	Employees employed directly by the business							Employees employed through labour brokers	Total employees
	Permanent employees			Working proprietors, temporary and casual			Total		
	34 years and younger	35 years and older	Total	34 years and younger	35 years and older	Total			
	Number of employees								
Manufacturing	1 245	2 300	3 545	399	174	573	4 118	3 181	7 299
Non-manufacturing	934	1 334	2 268	260	171	431	2 699	1 245	3 944
Total	2 179	3 634	5 813	659	345	1 004	6 817	4 426	11 243

* Preliminary.

Table 18 – Details of employment by occupational group and gender in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2025*

Occupational group	Employees employed directly by the business						Total employees
	Permanent employees			Working proprietors, temporary and casual			
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	
	Number of employees						
Managers	104	215	319	36	15	51	370
Professionals, associated professionals and technicians	1056	1038	2 094	43	43	86	2 180
Clerical support workers, service and sales workers	345	286	631	29	47	76	707
Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers, craft and related trades workers, plant and machinery operators, assemblers and elementary occupations	662	2107	2 769	166	625	791	3 560
Total	2 167	3 646	5 813	274	730	1 004	6 817

* Preliminary.

Table 19 – Details of employment by occupational group and age in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2025*

Occupational group	Employees employed directly by the business						Total employees
	Permanent employees			Working proprietors, temporary and casual			
	34 years and younger	35 years and older	Total	34 years and younger	35 years and older	Total	
	Number of employees						
Managers	36	283	319	19	32	51	370
Professionals, associated professionals and technicians	810	1284	2 094	65	21	86	2 180
Clerical support workers, service and sales workers	198	433	631	40	36	76	707
Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers, craft and related trades workers, plant and machinery operators, assemblers and elementary occupations	1135	1634	2 769	535	256	791	3 560
Total	2 179	3 634	5 813	659	345	1 004	6 817

* Preliminary.

Table 20 – Selected expenditure items in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Purchases			Admin and management fees			Subcontractor		
	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total
	R million								
Manufacturing	6 264	6 607	12 871	26	195	221	1	11	12
Non-manufacturing	1 193	2 885	4 078	5	11	16	4	51	55
Total	7 457	9 492	16 949	31	206	237	5	62	67

* Preliminary.

Table 20 – Selected expenditure items in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025 (concluded)*

Type of activity	Other selected expenditure items			Total of selected expenditure items***		
	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total
	R million					
Manufacturing	22	376	398	6 313	7 189	13 502
Non-manufacturing	69	231	300	1 271	3 178	4 449
Total	91	607	698	7 584	10 367	17 951

* Preliminary.

*** Selected expenditure items are 'purchases', 'admin and management fees', 'subcontractor', 'leasing and hiring of plant, machinery, equipment and vehicles', 'repair and maintenance', 'containers and packing materials' and 'total paper printing and stationery'.

Table 21 – Selected income items in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 and 2025

Year	Goods and services exported or sold to domestic exporters	Goods and services sold to other domestic enterprises	Total
	R million		
2024	5 484	18 905	24 389
2025*	6 138	18 038	24 176
% change	11,9	- 4,6	- 0,9

* Preliminary.

Table 22 – Selected income items in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Goods and services exported or sold to domestic exporters	Goods and services sold to other domestic enterprises	Total
	R million		
Manufacturing	6 015	11 747	17 762
Non-manufacturing	123	6 291	6 414
Total	6 138	18 038	24 176

* Preliminary.

Table 23 – Information and communication technology usage by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025*

Type of activity	Use computer	Use internet	Use internet banking	Have web page	Receive orders over internet	Place orders over internet
	%					
Manufacturing	100,0	100,0	85,7	100,0	42,9	42,9
Non-manufacturing	100,0	100,0	86,1	86,1	55,6	50,0
Total	100,0	100,0	86,0	91,2	50,9	50,9

* Preliminary.

Table 23 – Information and communication technology usage by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2025 (concluded)*

Type of activity	Main uses of the internet					Internet connection speed		IT outsourced
	Email	Information services	Business promotions (advertising)	E-commerce	Other	Narrow band	Broadband	
	%							
Manufacturing	100,0	71,4	33,3	19,0	33,53	0,0	100,0	52,4
Non-manufacturing	100,0	63,9	36,1	27,7	5,6	0,0	100,0	47,2
Total	100,0	66,7	35,1	24,6	15,8	0,0	100,0	49,1

* Preliminary.

Explanatory notes**Background**

The results presented in this publication have been derived from the 2025 Coega Special Economic Zone survey, which measured economic activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone. This survey covers private and public businesses operating in the Coega Special Economic Zone.

All figures exclude value-added tax (VAT).

Reference period

The information was collected from businesses for their financial year which ended on any date between 1 July 2024 and 30 June 2025, according to their usual reporting schedules.

Examples:

- 01 October 2023–30 September 2024
- 01 January 2024–31 December 2024
- 01 February 2024–31 January 2025
- 01 March 2024–29 February 2025
- 01 April 2024–31 March 2025
- 01 July 2024–30 June 2025

Scope and coverage

This survey covers all the tenants within the Coega Special Economic Zone that were active during the period under review.

Classification by industry

The 1993 edition of the *Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities* (SIC), Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 *International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities* (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Each enterprise is classified to an industry which reflects its predominant activity.

Survey methodology and design

The Coega Special Economic Zone survey was conducted mainly through personal visits. Of the 57 businesses that were active, all the tenants responded to the survey. All businesses were stratified according to type of activity. The collection rate was 100,0%.

Collection rate

Collection rate = $((\text{collected} + \text{finalised investigations}) / \text{sample size}) \times 100$.

Relative standard error

Data presented in this publication are based on information obtained from a census and are, therefore, not subject to sampling variability; that is, there are no relative standard errors associated with the data.

Non-sampling errors	Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by businesses and errors made in the collection and processing of the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as non-sampling errors. Every effort is made to minimise non-sampling errors by careful design of questionnaires, testing them in pilot studies, editing reported data and implementing efficient operating procedures. Non-sampling errors occur in both sample surveys and censuses.
Rounding-off of figures	The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest final digit shown. There may therefore be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.
Symbols and abbreviations	SIC Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities SARS South African Revenue Service SEZ Special Economic Zone SNA System of National Accounts Stats SA Statistics South Africa VAT Value added tax 0 Nil or less than half the final digit shown

Glossary

Current assets	Assets that are expected to be turned into cash within one year during the normal course of business. They include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• trade and other receivables;• cash and bank;• inventories; and• other current assets.
Current liabilities	Debts or obligations that are due within one year. They include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• trade and other payables;• bank overdraft; and• other current liabilities.
Employees	Persons employed by a business or organisation and who received payment (in salaries, wages, commission, piece rates or payments in kind) for the last pay period ended on or before 30 June 2025.
Business	A legal entity or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its activities.
Equity	The residual interest in the entity's assets after deducting its liabilities.
Income from rental and leasing	Includes: income from rental and leasing of land, buildings and other structures and income from leasing and hiring of motor vehicles, other transport equipment, plant, machinery and equipment.
Industry	An industry consists of a group of businesses engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the <i>System of National Accounts</i> (SNA) in the same way as in the <i>Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities</i> , Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02 of January 1993 (SIC).
Labour brokers	Labour brokers are agents who recruit and administer workers on behalf of businesses. They do not provide any other service.
Manufacturing	Manufacturing is defined as the physical or chemical transformation of materials or compounds into new products, whether the work is performed by power-driven machines or by hand, whether it is done in a factory or in the worker's home and whether the products are sold wholesale or retail.

Net profit or loss after tax	Net profit or loss after tax is derived as: Net profit or loss before tax <i>minus</i> company tax
Non-manufacturing	Non-manufacturing activities include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• storage and warehousing;• courier activities other than national port office;• wholesale trade;• other business activities n.e.c. (e.g. call centre activities); and• electricity generation, etc.
Net profit or loss before tax	Net profit or loss before tax is derived as: Total income <i>plus</i> closing inventories <i>minus</i> total expenditure <i>minus</i> opening inventories
Non-current assets	Assets which are not easily convertible to cash or not expected to become cash within the next year. They include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• property, plant and equipment and intangible assets;• long-term investments; and• other non-current assets.
Non-current liabilities	Liabilities not due to be paid within one year during the normal course of business. They include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• long-term loans; and• other non-current liabilities.

Other expenditure	<p>Includes:</p> <p>administration and management fees; leasing and hiring of plant; amortisation; computer expenditure; bank charges, containers and packaging materials; total paper, printing and stationery; postal and courier services; provisions; research and development; losses on financial and other liabilities; insurance premium; skills development levy; staff training; donations; and other expenditure.</p>
Other income	<p>Includes:</p> <p>Dividends received; government subsidies and incentives; government capital transfers; customs duty received; excise duty received; and other income.</p>
Profit margin	<p>Profit margin is derived as:</p> <p>Net profit or loss after tax <i>divided by</i> turnover <i>multiplied by</i> 100</p>
Statistical unit	<p>A unit about which statistics are tabulated, compiled or published. In this survey it was all enterprises active within the Coega Special Economic Zone.</p>
Turnover	<p>Turnover includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• the value of sales;• amounts received for work done;• amounts received for services rendered;• rent and/or lease payments received for land and buildings;• rent, leasing and hiring received for machinery, vehicles and other equipment; and• mineral rights leases. <p>Turnover excludes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• value added tax (VAT);• net profit or loss on sales or revaluation of fixed assets (including profit or loss on foreign exchange);• export freight charges;• interest received; and• excise duty.

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