

### Statistical release

## Non-financial census of municipalities for the year ended 30 June 2010

Embargoed until: 30 August 2011 10:00

**Enquiries:** 

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P9115 June 2011 30 August 2012

Statistics South Africa i P9115

#### **PREFACE**

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) has undertaken an annual non-financial census of municipalities with effect from 2002. The purpose of the census is to measure the level of service delivery performance of selected aspects of the functions of municipalities. The results of the census provide information that can serve as a framework for stakeholders and policy-makers for planning and monitoring. It allows national and provincial governments to analyse the actual services provided by municipalities in terms of water, electricity, solid waste management, sewerage and sanitation. The 2010 non-financial census of municipalities obtained information on various issues, including:

- ◆ Particulars of services provided between 1 July 2009 and 30 June 2010
- Particulars of total employment in the municipalities as at 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2010.

This statistical release contains the preliminary results of the 2010 non-financial census of municipalities and the revised figures for 2009. In the event of revised figures being obtained for 2010, they will be incorporated into the 2011 non-financial census of municipalities (if applicable).

For the purposes of this printed version, all results are presented at provincial level. Detailed information of each respondent (for 2009 and 2010) can be obtained from the Stats SA website (or can be made available upon request).

P J Lehohla Statistician-General

PRETORIA 2011

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#### Introduction

#### **Background**

The census provides information that serves as a framework for stakeholders and policy-makers for analysis, planning and monitoring in terms of service delivery of water, electricity, solid waste management, sewerage and sanitation.

#### Purpose of the survey

This publication is directed towards the following major measurements:

- Assist in monitoring the progress made with regard to the implementation of service provision, free basic services and poverty alleviation as national priorities.
- Provide baseline non-financial information from those institutions classified as municipalities in terms of the Local Government Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998).
- Provide information that can serve as a framework for stakeholders and policy-makers for planning, as well as monitoring and evaluating the performance of municipalities.
- Allow national and provincial governments and other stakeholders to analyse the actual services provided by municipalities.
- Make data available for use by researchers, organisations and individuals for research.

#### Questionnaire and data collection

 The methods used for collection included personal visits, telephone calls, facsimiles, emails and post. Data are generally comparable between the 2009 and 2010 publications.

#### Methodology

#### Scope of the survey

All 283 municipalities were covered in the census for 2009 and 2010. For both years there were 100% response rates.

#### Limitations of the survey

- This publication is not necessarily comparable with the Stats SA population census of 2001 and/or household survey data, due mainly to:
  - The data source is municipalities as opposed to households.
  - ii. The different definitions of 'household'. Most municipalities do not have a system for identifying multiple households served by one billing unit or delivery point.
- 'Household' refers to a consumer / billing unit and is therefore not comparable with other Stats SA surveys of households.

#### List of municipalities (2010)

**Beaufort West** 

Umzimvubu

#### Western Cape Eastern Cape Eastern Cape (concluded) Northern Cape **City of Cape Town Metro Nelson Mandela Bay Metro** O.R. Tambo District Municipality Namakwa District Municipality Mbizana Richtersveld **West Coast District Municipality Cacadu District Municipality** Ntabankulu Nama Khoi Ngquza Hill Matzikama Camdeboo Kamiesberg Cederberg Blue Crane Route Port St Johns Hantam Bergrivier Ikwezi Nvandeni Karoo Hoogland Saldanha Bay Khai-Ma Makana Mhlontlo King Sabata Dalindyebo Swartland Ndlambe Pixley kaSeme District Municipality Sunday's River Valley Ubuntu Cape Winelands Municipality Baviaans Joe Ggabi District Municipality Witzenberg Elundini Umsobomyu Kouga Drakenstein Kou-Kamma Gariep Emthanieni Stellenbosch Maletswai Kareeberg Breede Valley Amathole District Municipality Sengu Renosterberg Thembelihle Langeberg Mbhashe Mnguma Sivathemba Overberg District Municipality Great Kei Siyancuma Theewaterskloof Amahlathi Overstrand **Buffalo City** Siyanda District Municipality Cape Agulhas Nggushwa Mier Kai !Garib Swellendam Nkonkobe Nxuba Khara Hais **Eden District Municipality** !Kheis Kannaland Chris Hani District Municipality Tsantsabane Hessegua Inxuba Yethemba Kgatelopele Mossel Bay Tsolwana George Inkwanca John Taolo Gaetsiwe District Oudtshoorn Lukhanji Municipality Intsika Yethu Bitou Ga-Segonyana Emalahleni Knysna Gamagara Engcobo Joe Morolong **Central Karoo District** Sakhisizwe Frances Baard District Municipality Municipality Dikgatlong Laingsburg Alfred Nzo District Municipality Magareng Prince Albert Matatiele

Phokwane

Sol Plaatje

#### Free State

#### **Xhariep District Municipality**

Letsemeng Kopanong Mohokare

#### **Motheo District Municipality**

Naledi Mangaung Mantsopa

#### Lejweleputswa District Municipality

Masilonyana Tokologo Tswelopele Matjhabeng Nala

#### Thabo Mofutsanyane District Municipality

Setsoto
Dihlabeng
Nketoana
Maluti a Phofung
Phumelela

#### **Fezile Dabi District Municipality**

Moqhaka Ngwathe Metsimaholo Mafube

#### KwaZulu-Natal

#### eThekwini Metro

#### **Ugu District Municipality**

Vulamehlo Umdoni Umzumbe UMuziwabantu Ezinqolweni Hibiscus Coast

#### uMgungundlovu District

Municipality
uMshwathi
uMngeni
Mooi Mpofana
Impendle
Msunduzi
Mkhambathini
Richmond

#### uThukela District Municipality

Emnambithi-Ladysmith Indaka Umtshezi

Umtshezi Okhahlamba Imbabazane

#### **Umzinyathi District Municipality**

Endumeni Nqutu Msinga Umvoti

#### **Amajuba District Municipality**

Newcastle Emadlangeni Dannhauser

#### KwaZulu-Natal (concluded)

#### **Zululand District Municipality**

eDumbe uPhongolo Abaqulusi Nongoma Ulundi

#### uMkhanyakude District Municipality

uMhlabuyalingana Jozini

The Big Five False Bay

Hlabisa Mtubatuba

#### uThungulu District Municipality

Mbonambi City of uMhlathuze Ntambanana uMlalazi Mthonjaneni Nkandla

#### **ILembe District Municipality**

Mandeni KwaDukuza Ndwedwe Maphumulo

#### Sisonke District Municipality

Ingwe Kwa Sani Greater Kokstad Ubuhlebezwe Umzimkhulu

#### North West

#### **Bojanala District Municipality**

Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane

#### Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality

Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla

Ramotshere Moila

#### Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality

Kagisano Naledi Mamusa Greater Taung Molopo Lekwa-Teemane

#### Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality

Ventersdorp Tlokwe City of Matlosana Maquassi Hills

# Gauteng City of Johannesburg Metro City of Tshwane Metro Ekurhuleni Metro Sedibeng District Municipality Emfuleni

#### **Metsweding District Municipality**

Nokeng tsa Taemane

Kungwini

Midvaal

Lesedi

#### **West Rand District Municipality**

Mogale City Randfontein Westonaria Merafong City

#### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Gert Sibande District Municipality**

Albert Luthuli Msukaligwa Mkhondo Pixley ka Seme Lekwa Dipaleseng Govan Mbeki

#### **Nkangala District Municipality**

Emalahleni Steve Tshwete Emakhazeni Thembisile Dr J.S. Moroka Delmas

#### **Ehlanzeni District Municipality**

Bushbuckridge Thaba Chweu Mbombela Umjindi Nkomazi

#### **Limpopo**

#### **Mopani District Municipality**

Ba-Phalaborwa Greater Giyani Greater Letaba Greater Tzaneen Maruleng

#### **Vhembe District Municipality**

Musina Mutale Thulamela Makhado

#### **Capricorn District Municipality**

Blouberg Aganang Molemole Polokwane Lepelle-Nkumpi

#### **Waterberg District Municipality**

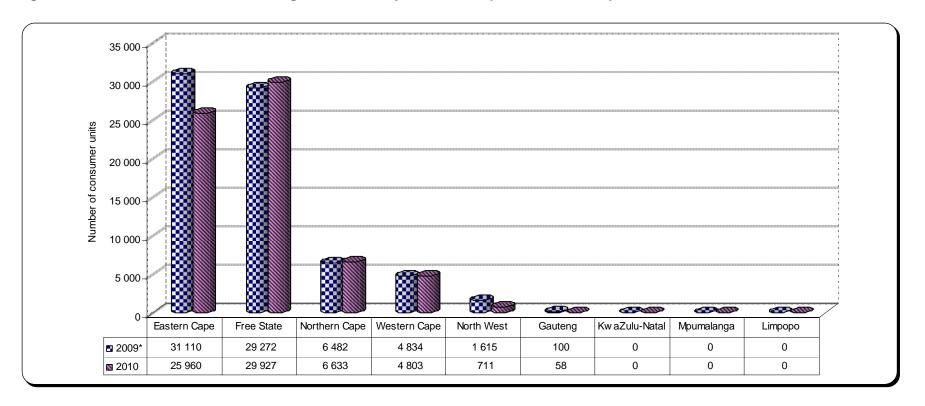
Thabazimbi Lephalale Mookgopong Modimolle Bela-Bela Mogalakwena

#### **Sekhukhune District Municipality**

Makhuduthamaga Fetakgomo Elias Motsoaledi Ephriam Mogale Greater Tubatse

#### **Key findings**

Figure A: Number of consumer units using bucket toilet system in each province over the period 2009 and 2010

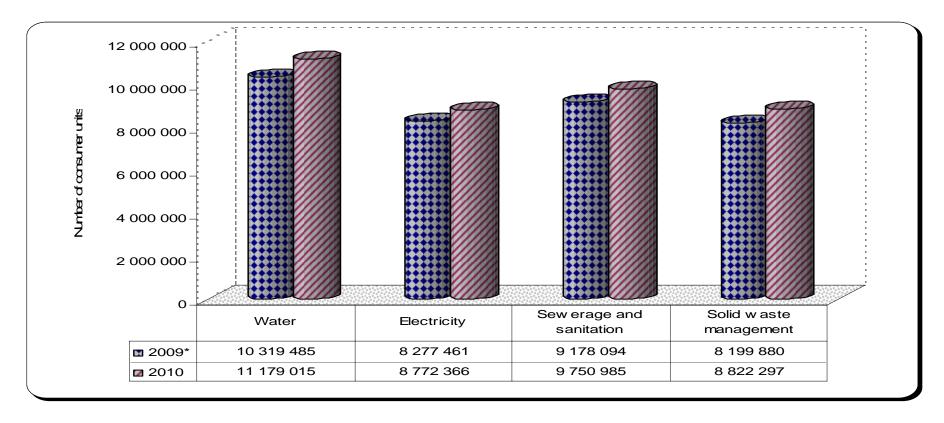


<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Over the period 2009 to 2010, the following provinces reported a decline in the use of the bucket toilet system: Eastern Cape, Western Cape, North West and Gauteng. An increase in the use of the bucket toilet system was reported by

Free State and Northern Cape. There was no bucket toilet system in KwaZulu-Natal, Mpumalanga and Limpopo.

Figure B: Number of consumer units receiving services from municipalities in South Africa over the period 2009 and 2010



<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

The number of consumer units receiving services from municipalities and service providers increased between 2009 and 2010. The highest percentage increase from 2009 to 2010 in the provision of services was recorded in water

(8,3%), followed by solid waste management (7,6%), sewerage and sanitation (6,2%) and electricity services (6,0%).

Figure C: Number of consumer units receiving services and free basic services from municipalities in South Africa for the year ended 2010

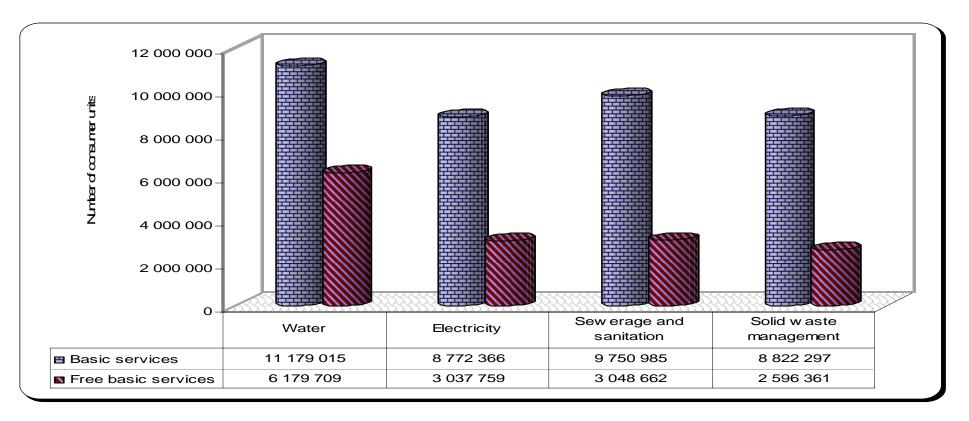


Figure C shows the proportion of consumer units that benefited from the free basic services policy. Of the 11,2 million consumer units receiving water from municipalities in South Africa, 6,2 million consumer units had access to free basic water. Out of 8,8 million consumer units receiving electricity, 3,0 million consumer units were receiving free basic electricity. Consumer units receiving sewerage

and sanitation were 9,8 million and 3,0 million received sewerage and sanitation as a free basic service from municipalities. About 2,6 million consumer units received free basic solid waste management services from a total of 8,8 million consumer units.

Table A: Number of consumer units receiving water and free basic water services from municipalities over the period 2009 and 2010

		2009*			2010	
Province	Number of consumer units receiving water services	Number of consumer units receiving free basic water services	%	Number of consumer units receiving water services	Number of consumer units receiving free basic water services	%
Western Cape	989 763	770 138	77,8	1 035 445	807 896	78,0
Eastern Cape	1 325 184	765 022	57,7	1 501 421	872 128	58,1
Northern Cape	230 867	101 675	44,0	239 339	103 692	43,3
Free State	674 737	471 326	69,9	693 221	360 937	52,1
KwaZulu-Natal	1 781 515	1 310 065	73,5	1 864 591	887 269	47,6
North West	677 046	307 445	45,4	692 856	290 007	41,9
Gauteng	2 696 313	1 496 021	55,5	2 787 052	1 734 844	62,2
Mpumalanga	889 776	378 290	42,5	994 953	389 752	39,2
Limpopo	1 054 284	577 408	54,8	1 370 137	733 184	53,5
South Africa	10 319 485	6 177 390	59,9	11 179 015	6 179 709	55,3

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table A shows the proportion of consumer units that benefited from the free basic water policy. According to 2010 estimates, 11,2 million consumer units were receiving water from municipalities in South Africa, of which 6,2 million (55,3%) consumer units were receiving free basic water.

Western Cape showed the highest proportion of consumer units that benefited from the free basic water policy (78,0%), followed by Gauteng (62,2%) and

Eastern Cape (58,1%). The province with the lowest proportion of consumer units that benefited from the free basic water policy was Mpumalanga (39,2%), followed by North West (41,9%) and Northern Cape with 43,3%.

Fluctuations between 2009 and 2010 are due to the change in the mechanisms used by municipalities to roll out such services, from broadbased to either self-targeting, technical or geographical mechanisms.

Table B: Number of consumer units receiving electricity and free basic electricity services from municipalities over the period 2009 and 2010

		2009*			2010	
Province	Number of consumer units receiving electricity services	Number of consumer units receiving free basic electricity services	%	Number of consumer units receiving electricity services	Number of consumer units receiving free basic electricity services	%
Western Cape	1 208 413	551 523	45,6	1 300 226	606 797	46,7
Eastern Cape	886 759	312 846	35,3	898 332	313 348	34,9
Northern Cape	223 443	104 510	46,8	237 307	104 041	43,8
Free State	599 639	377 451	62,9	628 508	326 357	51,9
KwaZulu-Natal	1 321 199	190 265	14,4	1 402 594	189 067	13,5
North West	588 213	131 973	22,4	636 406	144 744	22,7
Gauteng	1 705 839	724 178	42,5	1 825 856	757 602	41,5
Mpumalanga	598 380	234 183	39,1	657 635	272 584	41,4
Limpopo	1 145 576	314 479	27,5	1 185 502	323 219	27,3
South Africa	8 277 461	2 941 408	35,5	8 772 366	3 037 759	34,6

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table B shows the proportion of consumer units that benefited from the free basic electricity policy. According to 2010 estimates, 8,8 million consumer units were receiving electricity from municipalities in South Africa, and 3,0 million (34,6%) consumer units had access to free basic electricity.

Free State showed the highest proportion of consumer units that benefited from the free basic electricity policy (51,9%), followed by Western Cape (46,7%) and

Northern Cape (43,8%). KwaZulu-Natal showed the lowest proportion (13,5%), followed by North West (22,7%).

Fluctuations between 2009 and 2010 are due to the change in the mechanisms used by municipalities to roll out such services, from broad-based to either self-targeting, technical or geographical mechanisms.

Table C: Number of consumer units receiving sewerage and sanitation and free basic sewerage and sanitation services from municipalities over the period 2009 and 2010

		2009*			2010	
Province	Number of consumer units receiving sewerage and sanitation services	Number of consumer units receiving free basic sewerage and sanitation services	%	Number of consumer units receiving sewerage and sanitation services	Number of consumer units receiving free basic sewerage and sanitation services	%
Western Cape	984 172	661 459	67,2	1 024 404	706 710	69,0
Eastern Cape	1 022 912	586 598	57,3	1 042 292	573 808	55,1
Northern Cape	197 728	68 030	34,4	228 802	68 699	30,0
Free State	649 067	192 810	29,7	679 008	168 128	24,8
KwaZulu-Natal	1 560 736	330 574	21,2	1 617 400	320 122	19,8
North West	542 872	88 717	16,3	562 883	87 645	15,6
Gauteng	2 481 902	710 015	28,6	2 744 612	821 438	29,9
Mpumalanga	810 142	90 511	11,2	902 599	90 772	10,1
Limpopo	928 563	177 207	19,1	948 985	211 340	22,3
South Africa	9 178 094	2 905 921	31,7	9 750 985	3 048 662	31,3

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table C shows the proportion of consumer units receiving free basic sewerage and sanitation from municipalities. According to 2010 estimates, 9,8 million consumer units were receiving sewerage and sanitation from municipalities in South Africa and 31,3% consumer units had access to free basic sewerage and sanitation.

Western Cape showed the highest proportion of consumer units that benefited from free basic sewerage and sanitation (69,0%), followed by Eastern Cape (55,1%) and Northern Cape (30,0%). The province with the lowest proportion was Mpumalanga (10,1%), followed by North West (15,6%) and KwaZulu-Natal (19,8%).

There were 3,0 million consumer units receiving free basic sewerage and sanitation from municipalities in 2010 compared with 2,9 million consumer units in 2009.

Fluctuations between 2009 and 2010 are due to the change in the mechanisms used by municipalities to roll out such services, from broadbased to either self-targeting, technical or geographical mechanisms.

Table D: Number of consumer units receiving solid waste management and free basic solid waste management services from municipalities and service providers over the period 2009 and 2010

		2009*			2010	
Province	Number of consumer units receiving solid waste management services	Number of consumer units receiving free basic solid waste management services	%	Number of consumer units receiving solid waste management services	Number of consumer units receiving free basic solid waste management services	%
Western Cape	1 227 507	635 629	51,8	1 293 146	627 558	48,5
Eastern Cape	766 571	266 717	34,8	782 146	248 927	31,8
Northern Cape	187 328	66 449	35,5	210 379	68 834	32,7
Free State	557 103	92 617	16,6	566 478	114 401	20,2
KwaZulu-Natal	1 776 219	103 934	5,9	1 981 324	490 229	24,7
North West	444 645	142 460	32,0	456 784	138 980	30,4
Gauteng	2 431 204	403 978	16,6	2 685 125	714 151	26,6
Mpumalanga	441 038	90 511	20,5	473 381	91 218	19,3
Limpopo	368 265	102 841	27,9	373 534	102 063	27,3
South Africa	8 199 880	1 905 136	23,2	8 822 297	2 596 361	29,4

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table D shows the proportion of consumer units receiving solid waste management as a free basic service. According to 2010 estimates, 8,8 million consumer units were receiving solid waste management from municipalities in South Africa and 29,4% consumer units had access to free basic solid waste management.

Western Cape showed the highest proportion of consumer units that benefited from free basic solid waste management (48,5%), followed by Northern Cape (32,7%)

and Eastern Cape (31,8%). The province with the lowest proportion was Mpumalanga (19,3%), followed by Free State (20,2%).

Fluctuations between 2009 and 2010 are due to the change in the mechanisms used by municipalities to roll out such services, from broad-based to either self-targeting, technical or geographical mechanisms.

Table E: Number of indigent households in each province benefiting from an indigent support system over the period 2009 and 2010

	Indigent ho	ouseholds				Benefi	ciaries			
Province	identified municip		Water		Elect	ricity	Sewerage ar	nd sanitation	Solid waste management	
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	307 611 365 209		295 718	348 159	291 670	348 386	291 648	342 533	288 527	342 324
Eastern Cape	1 003 115	1 128 964	392 752	520 561	304 829	307 700	515 425	539 390	261 106	241 039
Northern Cape	<b>Cape</b> 84 967 72 728		69 992	72 573	66 787	69 379	60 858	63 798	59 817	63 933
Free State	204 478	173 000	204 478	172 285	200 497	173 000	192 544	170 767	100 044	160 709
KwaZulu-Natal	572 550	485 412	196 953	296 085	154 746	162 023	83 841	68 438	92 417	228 378
North West	158 128	169 113	121 621	125 990	97 775	131 987	86 176	82 011	84 352	79 266
Gauteng	295 673	308 132	295 673	297 079	279 023	294 179	295 577	308 132	293 976	306 493
Mpumalanga	89 588 107 586		82 538	80 172	81 475	80 675	67 638	69 960	67 638	70 406
Limpopo	po 460 243 866 107		345 994	571 028	192 542	212 742	133 586	191 265	71 932	87 778
South Africa			2 005 719	2 483 932	1 669 344	1 780 071	1 727 293	1 836 294	1 319 809	1 580 326

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table E depicts the number of indigent households identified by the municipalities and those benefiting from the indigent support system for the years ended 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2010. According to 2010 estimates, there were 3,7 million indigent households as identified by municipalities. Out of this total, 2,5 million (67,6%) indigent households benefited from the indigent

support system for water, while 1,8 million (48,4%) benefited from free basic electricity provided by municipalities. The table also shows that 1,8 million (50,0%) indigent households benefited from the indigent support for sewerage and sanitation and 1,6 million (43,0%) indigent households benefited from the indigent support system for solid waste management.

#### **TABLES**

Table 1.1: Summary of managerial positions by province according to Section 57: South Africa

		Full	-time			Part	-time		Vacant posts		Total	
Province	Female		Ma	Male		nale	Male		1		(including vacancies)	
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	14	16	147	145	0	0	0	1	21	19	182	181
Eastern Cape	55	58	173	181	0	0	1	0	32	22	261	261
Northern Cape	17	16	88	81	0	4	6	10	33	33	144	144
Free State	23	27	68	72	5	3	8	9	34	29	138	140
KwaZulu-Natal	79	70	319	318	1	5	8	11	43	45	450	449
North West	20	19	97	93	0	0	0	0	34	39	151	151
Gauteng	53	54	115	125	0	0	1	0	35	27	204	206
Mpumalanga	28	25	72	68	1	0	3	0	19	30	123	123
Limpopo	41	45	109	106	0	0	0	0	34	33	184	184
South Africa	330	330	1 188	1 189	7	12	27	31	285	277	1 837	1 839

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 1.2: Summary of managerial positions by province according to organogram: South Africa

		Full-	time			Part	-time		Vacant posts		Total	
Province	Female		Ma	ale	Fem	nale	Male				(including	vacancies)
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	207	203	624	643	1	0	1	6	150	96	983	948
Eastern Cape	183	208	370	396	0	0	0	0	79	30	632	634
Northern Cape	27	33	119	131	3	0	2	1	27	45	178	210
Free State	74	80	234	272	0	0	0	0	118	127	426	479
KwaZulu-Natal	205	264	637	658	0	0	0	0	77	127	919	1 049
North West	62	90	218	241	0	0	0	1	56	59	336	391
Gauteng	1 653	981	1 906	1 591	1	2	3	3	223	707	3 786	3 284
Mpumalanga	107	116	305	333	0	0	0	0	113	122	525	571
Limpopo	120	131	333	401	0	3	0	3	110	140	563	678
South Africa	2 638	2 106	4 746	4 666	5	5	6	14	953	1 453	8 348	8 244

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 1.3: Summary of councillor positions by province: South Africa

		Full	-time			Part	-time		Vacant posts		Total	
Province	Female N		Ma	<i>f</i> lale		nale	Male				(including	vacancies)
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	74	87	156	186	194	178	361	324	1	11	786	786
Eastern Cape	99	112	131	147	515	475	683	666	4	32	1 432	1 432
Northern Cape	37	43	50	50	134	130	170	170	3	1	394	394
Free State	66	66	117	118	219	221	313	307	8	11	723	723
KwaZulu-Natal	82	127	248	320	437	408	990	902	11	11	1 768	1 768
North West	62	66	79	78	276	280	355	348	0	0	772	772
Gauteng	67	94	70	101	377	349	462	428	3	8	979	980
Mpumalanga	95	100	112	122	238	228	337	328	3	7	785	785
Limpopo	49	58	66	70	464	463	605	599	1	2	1 185	1 192
South Africa	631	753	1 029	1 192	2 854	2 732	4 276	4 072	34	83	8 824	8 832

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 1.4: Summary of executive mayor and mayor positions by province: South Africa

		Full	-time			Part	-time		Vacant posts		Total	
Province	Fem	ale	Male		Female		Male				(including vacancies)	
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	10	10	20	19	0	0	0	0	0	1	30	30
Eastern Cape	11	8	30	34	0	0	3	2	1	1	45	45
Northern Cape	11	11	19	19	1	2	0	0	1	0	32	32
Free State	9	9	14	13	0	0	2	2	0	1	25	25
KwaZulu-Natal	13	9	32	34	4	6	12	12	0	0	61	61
North West	11	10	12	14	0	0	1	0	0	0	24	24
Gauteng	7	5	8	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15
Mpumalanga	10	9	11	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	21	21
Limpopo	10	11	19	18	1	1	0	0	0	0	30	30
South Africa	92	82	165	171	6	9	18	16	2	5	283	283

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 2.1: Summary of employment positions including managerial positions by province: South Africa

				Employ	yment type			
Province	Full-	time	Part-t	ime	Vacan	t posts		otal J vacancies)
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	37 010	39 844	1 278	1 118	7 561	6 003	45 849	46 965
Eastern Cape	23 595	25 210	916	1 397	2 106	3 217	26 617	29 824
Northern Cape	6 255	6 533	627	798	1 624	1 551	8 506	8 882
Free State	13 886	14 398	270	371	2 621	2 215	16 777	16 984
KwaZulu-Natal	34 531	36 073	11 844	2 806	5 893	3 827	52 268	42 706
North West	10 206	9 912	65	225	2 807	4 760	13 078	14 897
Gauteng	64 524	64 100	1 903	4 988	12 734	18 439	79 161	87 527
Mpumalanga	11 895	12 380	530	1 480	3 648	3 918	16 073	17 778
Limpopo	11 250	11 339	392	569	3 196	8 222	14 838	20 130
South Africa	213 152	219 789	17 825	13 752	42 190	52 152	273 167	285 693

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 2.2: Summary of employment positions excluding managerial positions by department: South Africa

				Employ	ment type			
Employment section	Full-	time	Part-t	ime	Vacan	t posts		otal vacancies)
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Community and Social services	23 190	22 931	9 789	1 411	3 801	4 902	36 780	29 244
Finance and Administration	32 819	35 365	1 347	1 466	6 958	9 251	41 124	46 082
Electricity	15 084	15 255	231	307	4 326	4 018	19 641	19 580
Environmental Protection	4 542	3 701	60	374	686	645	5 288	4 720
Health	9 053	10 564	547	1 512	902	1 538	10 502	13 614
Public Safety	24 622	23 758	1 724	1 893	4 290	5 740	30 636	31 391
Road Transport	16 998	16 008	1 382	796	2 570	3 135	20 950	19 939
Sport and Recreation	10 744	12 586	485	1 635	1 334	1 914	12 563	16 135
Waste Management	20 949	23 031	460	1 045	3 203	2 279	24 612	26 355
Waste Water Management	8 539	7 312	287	130	3 504	2 112	12 330	9 554
Water	21 490	22 640	648	233	5 811	7 469	27 949	30 342
Other	16 220	18 347	820	2 888	3 567	7 419	20 607	28 654
Total employment	204 250	211 498	17 780	13 690	40 952	50 422	262 982	275 610

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 3: Number of municipalities in each province with infrastructure to provide services: South Africa

Province	Total number of	Wa	ater	Elect	tricity	Sewerage a	nd sanitation	Solid waste management		
1 Toville	municipalities	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	
Western Cape	30	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	
Eastern Cape	45	28	28	28	28	28	28	40	40	
Northern Cape	32	30	30	26	27	30	30	29	29	
Free State	25	20	20	19	20	20	20	20	20	
KwaZulu-Natal	61	18	16	27	27	18	16	46	46	
North West	24	19	19	15	15	19	19	16	16	
Gauteng	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Mpumalanga	21	18	18	17	18	18	18	18	18	
Limpopo	30	26	26	17	18	25	25	24	25	
South Africa	283	199	197	189	193	198	196	233	234	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 4: Number of municipalities in each province responsible for providing services under the powers and functions allocated to them: South Africa

Province	Total number of	Wa	ater	Elec	tricity	Sewerage a	nd sanitation	Solid waste management		
Trovince	municipalities	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	
Western Cape	30	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	
Eastern Cape	45	17	17	27	27	17	17	40	40	
Northern Cape	32	30	30	26	27	30	30	29	29	
Free State	25	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	
KwaZulu-Natal	61	15	15	38	37	15	15	48	47	
North West	24	12	12	15	15	12	12	16	16	
Gauteng	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Mpumalanga	21	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	
Limpopo	30	12	13	16	17	12	13	24	25	
South Africa	283	164	165	200	201	164	165	235	235	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 5: Number of municipalities in each province that provide services: South Africa

Province	Total number of	Wa	ater	Elec	tricity	Sewerage ar	nd sanitation	Solid waste	management
Trovince	municipalities	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	30	28	28	27	26	28	28	28	28
Eastern Cape	45	27	27	28	28	27	27	38	38
Northern Cape	32	30	30	26	27	30	30	29	29
Free State	25	20	20	17	17	20	20	20	20
KwaZulu-Natal	61	17	16	27	29	17	15	45	45
North West	24	18	18	14	14	18	18	16	16
Gauteng	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Mpumalanga	21	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Limpopo	30	24	25	17	18	23	24	24	24
South Africa	283	194	194	186	189	193	192	230	230

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 6: Number of municipalities in each province that have commercialised or outsourced services: South Africa

Province	Total number of municipalities	Wa	nter	Elect	ricity	Sewerage an	d sanitation	Solid waste management		
		2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	
Western Cape	30	1	0	7	7	2	1	1	1	
Eastern Cape	45	1	1	36	37	0	0	2	2	
Northern Cape	32	3	1	16	11	1	0	0	4	
Free State	25	1	1	17	17	1	1	1	1	
KwaZulu-Natal	61	6	9	37	45	6	8	4	5	
North West	24	4	1	17	16	0	0	1	0	
Gauteng	15	2	2	8	8	2	2	3	3	
Mpumalanga	21	1	2	5	3	0	1	0	1	
Limpopo	30	1	3	24	22	0	2	3	5	
South Africa	283	20	20	167	166	12	15	15	22	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 7: Number of consumer units in each province receiving selected services from municipalities and service providers: South Africa

Province	Wate	er	Elect	ricity	Sewerage ar	nd sanitation	Solid waste management		
Province	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	
Western Cape	989 763	1 035 445	1 208 413	1 300 226	984 172	1 024 404	1 227 507	1 293 146	
Eastern Cape	1 325 184	1 501 421	886 759	898 332	1 022 912	1 042 292	766 571	782 146	
Northern Cape	230 867	239 339	223 443	237 307	197 728	228 802	187 328	210 379	
Free State	674 737	693 221	599 639	628 508	649 067	679 008	557 103	566 478	
KwaZulu-Natal	1 781 515	1 864 591	1 321 199	1 402 594	1 560 736	1 617 400	1 776 219	1 981 324	
North West	677 046	692 856	588 213	636 406	542 872	562 883	444 645	456 784	
Gauteng	2 696 313	2 787 052	1 705 839	1 825 856	2 481 902	2 744 612	2 431 204	2 685 125	
Mpumalanga	889 776	994 953	598 380	657 635	810 142	902 599	441 038	473 381	
Limpopo	1 054 284	1 370 137	1 145 576	1 185 502	928 563	948 985	368 265	373 534	
South Africa	10 319 485	11 179 015	8 277 461	8 772 366	9 178 094	9 750 985	8 199 880	8 822 297	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 8: Details regarding water supply in each province: South Africa

		Numl	ber of consumer units se	erved through a delivery	point			
Province	Inside t	he yard	Less than 20	0m from yard	More than 200m from yard			
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010		
Western Cape	899 887	938 800	22 139	27 117	5 995	3 654		
Eastern Cape	741 477	751 511	447 449	462 208	113 223	206 234		
Northern Cape	182 428	190 970	36 294	35 656	6 255	6 134		
Free State	520 062	547 720	74 886	62 238	2 698	5 491		
KwaZulu-Natal	1 052 132	1 133 621	474 074	450 667	204 586	212 775		
North West	450 998	521 108	155 528	99 203	64 516	64 639		
Gauteng	1 927 697	2 146 206	487 308	484 341	83 143	57 337		
Mpumalanga	608 572	652 659	183 563	151 941	83 952	74 007		
Limpopo	340 114	383 798	531 026	665 521	170 433	307 452		
South Africa	6 723 367	7 266 393	2 412 267	2 438 892	734 801	937 723		

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 9: Number of consumer units connected to different types of toilet facilities in each province: South Africa

Province	public s	connected to ewerage tem		connected to c tank	Bucket	system		mproved pit ines	Other		
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	
Western Cape	849 692	893 490	42 935	44 345	4 834	4 803	2 466	1 652	25 603	18 865	
Eastern Cape	634 873	655 830	42 646	50 938	31 110	25 960	246 561	244 965	13 487	9 242	
Northern Cape	135 746	158 117	23 504	25 518	6 482	6 633	26 897	32 113	2 989	2 068	
Free State	423 929	451 903	9 805	10 253	29 272	29 927	60 367	59 360	55 509	55 161	
KwaZulu-Natal	821 076	823 963	111 960	111 352	0	0	408 148	438 668	181 536	189 969	
North West	350 745	357 668	49 941	36 863	1 615	711	47 281	82 594	88 561	78 772	
Gauteng	2 081 485	2 219 783	10 245	8 583	100	58	220 691	250 583	93 741	119 956	
Mpumalanga	363 482	451 278	9 138	32 787	0	0	240 095	165 709	184 882	152 726	
Limpopo	294 253	309 923	29 279	26 621	0	0	261 028	279 011	324 622	313 934	
South Africa	5 955 281	6 321 955	329 453	347 260	73 413	68 092	1 513 534	1 554 655	970 930	940 693	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 10: Number of municipalities in each province with a policy in place relating to free basic services: South Africa

Province	Total number of	Wa	ter	Elect	ricity	Sewerage ar	nd sanitation	Solid waste management		
1 Tovilice	municipalities	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	
Western Cape	30	28	28	28	28	27	27	26	27	
Eastern Cape	45	26	26	39	39	24	24	30	30	
Northern Cape	32	30	30	30	30	28	28	27	28	
Free State	25	20	20	20	20	17	18	15	16	
KwaZulu-Natal	61	18	16	40	42	14	13	28	28	
North West	24	18	18	18	19	15	15	13	13	
Gauteng	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Mpumalanga	21	17	17	17	17	12	13	12	13	
Limpopo	30	24	25	27	27	19	19	20	20	
South Africa	283	193	192	231	234	168	169	183	187	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 11: Number of municipalities in each province which have implemented the policy relating to free basic services: South Africa

Province	Total number of	Wa	iter	Elect	tricity	Sewerage a	ınd sanitation	Solid waste management	
Trovince	municipalities	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	30	28	28	28	28	27	27	26	27
Eastern Cape	45	26	26	39	39	24	24	30	30
Northern Cape	32	30	30	30	30	28	28	27	28
Free State	25	20	20	20	20	17	18	15	16
KwaZulu-Natal	61	17	15	38	40	13	12	28	29
North West	24	18	18	17	19	14	14	13	13
Gauteng	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11
Mpumalanga	21	17	17	17	17	12	13	12	13
Limpopo	30	23	25	27	27	19	19	19	19
South Africa	283	191	191	228	232	166	167	181	186

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 12: Number of municipalities in each province providing free basic services at standard and other levels: South Africa

		W	ater			Elec	tricity		Se	werage ar	nd Sanitat	ion	So	lid Waste	Managem	ent
Province	6	kl	Ot	her	50k	Wh	Ot	her	More th	an R50	Of	her	More th	an R50	Ot	her
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	24	25	4	3	24	22	4	6	20	21	7	6	18	21	8	6
Eastern Cape	20	20	6	6	38	37	1	2	13	14	11	10	13	16	17	14
Northern Cape	26	25	4	5	29	29	1	1	16	21	12	7	10	14	17	14
Free State	20	20	1		19	20	1	-	11	12	6	6	5	7	10	9
KwaZulu-Natal	16	14	1	1	34	34	4	6	11	10	2	2	13	16	15	13
North West	17	16	1	2	16	18	1	1	5	5	9	9	6	6	7	7
Gauteng	11	10	1	2	10	9	2	3	5	5	7	7	4	5	7	6
Mpumalanga	17	17			17	17			4	7	8	6	3	5	9	8
Limpopo	19	20	4	5	24	23	3	4	5	5	14	14	8	9	11	10
South Africa	170	167	22	24	211	209	17	23	90	100	76	67	80	99	101	87

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

<sup>.</sup> Not selected by municipalities.

Table 13: Number of consumer units in each province receiving free basic services from municipalities: South Africa

Province	Wa	ter	Elect	ricity	Sewerage ar	nd sanitation	Solid waste n	nanagement
TTOVINGE	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	770 138	807 896	551 523	606 797	661 459	706 710	635 629	627 558
Eastern Cape	765 022	872 128	312 846	313 348	586 598	573 808	266 717	248 927
Northern Cape	101 675	103 692	104 510	104 041	68 030	68 699	66 449	68 834
Free State	471 326	360 937	377 451	326 357	192 810	168 128	92 617	114 401
KwaZulu-Natal	1 310 065	887 269	190 265	189 067	330 574	320 122	103 934	490 229
North West	307 445	290 007	131 973	144 744	88 717	87 645	142 460	138 980
Gauteng	1 496 021	1 734 844	724 178	757 602	710 015	821 438	403 978	714 151
Mpumalanga	378 290	389 752	234 183	272 584	90 511	90 772	90 511	91 218
Limpopo	577 408	733 184	314 479	323 219	177 207	211 340	102 841	102 063
South Africa	6 177 390	6 179 709	2 941 408	3 037 759	2 905 921	3 048 662	1 905 136	2 596 361

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 14.1: Technical and geographic approaches used to provide free basic services to indigent households: South Africa 2010

		Technica	l approach		Geographic approach							
Province	Water	Electricity	Sewerage and sanitation	Solid waste management	Water	Electricity	Sewerage and sanitation	Solid waste management				
Western Cape												
Eastern Cape	1	2	1	2		1		1				
Northern Cape												
Free State	1	1	1									
KwaZulu-Natal		5	1	2	2	4	2	4				
North West		1	1	1								
Gauteng		1										
Mpumalanga												
Limpopo	2	1	1	1	2	3	2	2				
South Africa	4	11	5	6	4	8	4	7				

<sup>.</sup> Not selected by municipalities.

Table 14.2: Broad-based and self-targeting approaches used to provide free basic services to indigent households: South Africa 2010

		Broad-base	ed approach		Self-targeting approach							
Province	Water	Electricity	Sewerage and sanitation	Solid waste management	Water	Electricity	Sewerage and sanitation	Solid waste management				
Western Cape	10	3	1		18	25	26	27				
Eastern Cape	9	1	4	1	16	35	19	25				
Northern Cape	3	3			27	27	28	28				
Free State	11	8	2	2	6	9	15	15				
KwaZulu-Natal	7	3	3	2	5	22	5	16				
North West	9	1	1	1	9	16	12	11				
Gauteng	3	2	1	1	9	9	11	11				
Mpumalanga	13	8	1	1	4	9	12	12				
Limpopo	8	2	4	2	13	20	15	17				
South Africa	73	31	17	10	107	172	143	162				

<sup>.</sup> Not selected by municipalities.

Table 14.3: Number of municipalities in each province using indicated income cut-off points to identify indigent households: South Africa

Province	R1 080 and below	R1 081 - R1 499	R1 500 - R2 020	R2 021 - R2 160	Above R2 160
Western Cape		1	3	6	16
Eastern Cape		1	13	26	
Northern Cape	1	2	9	11	5
Free State	1	4	9	4	2
KwaZulu-Natal	3	2	19	8	8
North West		1	8	7	3
Gauteng		1	3	6	1
Mpumalanga	4	2	4	2	2
Limpopo	3	9	7	6	2
South Africa	12	23	75	76	39

<sup>.</sup> Not selected by municipalities.

Table 15: Number of municipalities in each province with an indigent support policy in place: South Africa

Province	Total number of	Wa	ater	Elect	ricity	Sewerage a	nd sanitation	Solid waste	management
Trovince	municipalities	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	30	28	28	28	28	27	27	26	27
Eastern Cape	45	27	27	39	39	25	25	30	30
Northern Cape	32	30	30	30	30	28	28	27	28
Free State	25	20	20	20	20	18	20	17	19
KwaZulu-Natal	61	16	14	35	36	12	11	28	29
North West	24	17	18	17	18	16	15	15	14
Gauteng	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Mpumalanga	21	17	17	17	17	12	13	12	13
Limpopo	30	22	24	25	26	17	18	18	19
South Africa	283	189	190	223	226	167	169	185	191

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 16: Number of municipalities in each province which have implemented an indigent support policy: South Africa

Province	Total number of	Wa	iter	Electric	city	Sewerage ar	nd sanitation	Solid waste	management
Fiovince	Province municipalities		2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	30	28	28	28	28	27	27	26	27
Eastern Cape	45	25	26	39	39	23	24	29	29
Northern Cape	32	30	30	30	30	28	28	27	28
Free State	25	20	20	20	20	18	20	16	19
KwaZulu-Natal	61	13	11	33	34	9	8	27	28
North West	24	17	18	16	18	15	14	14	13
Gauteng	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11
Mpumalanga	21	16	16	17	17	12	13	12	13
Limpopo	30	21	23	25	26	16	17	17	18
South Africa	283	182	184	220	224	160	163	179	186

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 17: Number of municipalities in each province that provide free basic alternative energy: South Africa

Province	Total number of municipalities		Coal		Liquefied petroleum gas		Paraffin		Candles		home tem	Fire gel		Other	
		2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Eastern Cape	45	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	0	6	7	3	4	0	0
Northern Cape	32	1	1	0	0	5	5	1	3	0	0	0	1	1	1
Free State	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KwaZulu-Natal	61	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	8	6	13	10	0	0
North West	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gauteng	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mpumalanga	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0
Limpopo	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	4	1	0	0	0
South Africa	283	1	1	1	1	10	11	2	4	19	18	19	15	1	1

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 18: Number of indigent households in each province provided with free basic alternative energy: South Africa

Province	Co	Coal		Liquefied petroleum gas		Paraffin		Candles		home tem	Fire gel		Other	
	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 530	300	0	0	0	0
Eastern Cape	0	0	0	0	54 406	35 538	0	0	4 115	4 488	1 214	12 820	0	0
Northern Cape	24	26	0	0	968	1 463	401	1 236	0	0	0	354	401	793
Free State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KwaZulu-Natal	0	0	1 586	7 800	0	7 800	0	0	14 274	6 125	32 049	34 887	0	0
North West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gauteng	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mpumalanga	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3 100	0	4 135	0	0	0
Limpopo	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 995	1 995	5 251	8 306	2 185	0	0	0
South Africa	24	26	1 586	7 800	55 374	44 801	2 396	3 231	28 270	19 219	39 583	48 061	401	793

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

Table 19: Number of municipalities in each province that have submitted an Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and Water Services Development Plan (WSDP), have a monitoring system in place for drinking water quality, effluent discharges and an HIV/AIDS policy, signed a funding agreement with Eskom, and acquired DWA-run water schemes and have acquired the personnel: South Africa

Province	Total number of Municipalities IDP submitted		_	WSDP Monitoring for water quality		Monitoring for effluent discharges		Funding agreement with Eskom		HIV/AIDS policy		DWAF-run water schemes		Acquired personnel			
		2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010	2009*	2010
Western Cape	30	29	29	28	27	28	30	27	29	18	22	22	28	6	7	3	5
Eastern Cape	45	31	29	15	18	19	19	14	14	18	19	28	28	2	3	2	3
Northern Cape	32	30	31	26	27	31	31	21	23	22	19	25	24	5	7	4	4
Free State	25	22	22	13	15	19	21	18	16	13	12	18	17	8	9	4	3
KwaZulu-Natal	61	54	55	15	14	20	21	13	14	28	36	41	43	13	15	11	11
North West	24	19	11	8	8	15	9	11	7	7	5	16	9	5	2	3	1
Gauteng	15	15	15	10	11	12	12	12	12	9	9	12	13	1	1	1	1
Mpumalanga	21	15	16	13	13	15	15	14	16	5	7	14	15	7	8	6	8
Limpopo	30	25	26	12	15	18	22	16	21	12	15	11	17	11	15	8	9
South Africa	283	240	234	140	148	177	180	146	152	132	144	187	194	58	67	42	45

<sup>\*</sup> Revised figures for 2009.

**Explanatory notes** 

Introduction This publication contains results of the annual non-financial census of municipalities for the years ended 30 June 2009 and 30

June 2010.

Scope of the survey

This survey covers non-financial information of all 283 municipalities for 2009 and 2010. The census provides information that

can serve as a framework for stakeholders and policy-makers for analysis, planning and monitoring in terms of service delivery of

water, electricity, solid waste management, sewerage and sanitation.

**Statistical unit**The statistical unit for the collection of information is the municipality.

Survey methodology and design The information is collected annually from 283 municipalities administered through questionnaires by means of post, email and

facsimile.

Reliability of estimates Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by municipalities. Every effort is made to reduce errors to a

minimum by carefully designing the questionnaire, undertaking pilot studies/workshops and editing the data.

**Abbreviations and symbols** 0 Nil or not applicable

IDP Integrated Development Plan

. Not selected by municipalities
WSDP Water Services Development Plan

SIC Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities

ISIC International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities

Stats SA Statistics South Africa
DWA Department of Water Affairs

Comparability with previous census The 2010 non-financial census of municipalities is generally comparable with the 2009 non-financial census of municipalities.

**Revision of data**The 2010 information is preliminary, and may be revised. The revised figures are due to respondents reporting revisions.

Estimations made in 2009 have been revised on information provided by respondents.

#### **Glossary**

**Broad-based approach** Each consumer unit in that municipality receives free basic services on the current billing system of the municipality.

Consumer unit/billing unit

An entity to which the service is (or would be) delivered, and which receives one bill if the service is billed, alternatively known as a delivery point. (This concept is often referred to as a household by municipalities, but this is not strictly correct, as households

and consumer units do not coincide one to one, particularly in blocks of flats, on stands where there are multiple households in the same dwelling, or in additional dwellings, such as garden flats, backyard rooms, etc. and in the case of public taps.)

**District municipality**District municipality means a municipality that has municipal executive and legislative authority in an area that includes more than one municipality, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category C municipality. (Refer to Local

Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No.117 of 1998).)

**Employees** Employees are those people employed by the individual / enterprise / business / organisation who received payment (in salaries,

wages, commission, piece rates or payments in kind) for any part of the reference period (excluding independent contractors and

employers).

Free basic electricity

An amount of electricity determined by government that should be provided free to poor households to meet basic needs,

currently set at 50 kWh per month per household.

Free basic water

An amount of water determined by government that should be provided free to poor households to meet basic needs, currently

set at 6 kl per month per household within 200 metres from each dwelling.

Full-time employees Full-time employees (permanent, temporary or casual) who normally work the agreed hours for a full-time

employee in a specific occupation. If agreed hours do not apply, employees are regarded as full-time if they normally work 35

hours per week, including seasonal employees.

Geographical targeting

The process whereby consumers living in a particular area are assumed to have the same socio-economic profile and therefore

tariffs can be set on location.

Household (a) A group of persons who live together and provide themselves jointly with food or other essentials for living, or a single person

who lives alone. (b) A billing unit or delivery point. (Both definitions were specified in the questionnaire.) Given the different meanings of 'household', users are advised to use caution when comparing this publication with other Stats SA publications that

report data at the household level (for example, the General Household Survey and the Quarterly Labour Force Survey).

Indigent household These are poor households as defined by municipalities. The basis on which a municipality determines if a household is indigent

(and the criteria used for such determination) can vary.

**Infrastructure** Physical structures used for the delivery of services (e.g. power lines, pipes, roads and assets such as trucks and equipment to

unblock sewerage, pay-point offices and computers).

Integrated Development Plan	A process by which municipalities prepare 5-year strategic plans that are reviewed annually in consultation with communities and stakeholders.
Local municipality	Local municipality means a municipality that shares municipal executive and legislative authority in its area with a district municipality within whose area it falls, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category B municipality. (Refer to Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998).)
Managerial position	For the purpose of this survey, managerial positions refer to section 57 managers, according to the Local Government Municipal System Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000) and other managers according to the organogram.
Metropolitan municipality	Metropolitan municipality means a municipality that has exclusive executive and legislative authority in its area, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category A municipality. (Refer to Local Government: Municipal Structure Act 1998, (Act No. 117 of 1998).)
Municipality	Municipality is a generic term describing the unit of government in the local spheres responsible for local government in a geographically demarcated area and includes district, local and metropolitan municipalities. A municipality is an institution consisting of a municipal council (elected political representatives) and the municipal administration (appointed officials).
Part-time employees	Part-time employees are employees (permanent, temporary or casual) who are not full-time employees as defined above or who normally work less than 35 hours per week, including seasonal employees.
Self-targeting approach	A system whereby only indigent households receive the benefits of the free basic services programme as mutually determined by the service provider and service authority.
Technical targeting	The process whereby technology is used to regulate the provision of free basic services (including water and electricity meters).
Water Service Development Plan	The WSDP is a sectoral plan that falls within the inter-sectoral umbrella plan of the IDP.

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