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STATISTICAL RELEASE

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Food and beverages (Preliminary)

February 2026

The next statistical release (March 2026) will be published using a revised layout. An annexure outlining the changes is included in this release (see page 11). If you have any questions or comments, please send these to Joyce Essel-Mensah, joycee@statssa.gov.za.

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Income at constant 2019 prices: results for February 2026**Table A – Year-on-year percentage change in food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices by type of income**

Type of income	Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26
Food sales	7,8	8,5	8,3	6,9	8,7	4,7
Bar sales	-4,6	-5,3	-10,7	-22,8	-15,9	-14,5
Other income	8,4	13,3	16,3	-3,8	21,5	6,8
Total	6,3	7,0	6,1	2,5	5,7	2,3

Measured in real terms (constant 2019 prices), total income generated by the food and beverages industry increased by 2,3% in February 2026 compared with February 2025. Positive annual growth rates were recorded for 'other' income (6,8%) and food sales (4,7%) – see Table A.

Table B – Year-on-year percentage change in food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices by type of enterprise

Type of enterprise	Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26
Restaurants and coffee shops	4,4	7,7	8,5	2,8	4,6	3,4
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	9,2	8,8	4,2	6,4	9,1	3,4
Catering services	4,7	-0,6	3,1	-12,4	-0,5	-4,5
Total	6,3	7,0	6,1	2,5	5,7	2,3

In February 2026, the positive contributors to the 2,3% year-on-year increase were restaurants and coffee shops (3,4% and contributing 1,6 percentage points) and takeaway and fast-food outlets (3,4% and contributing 1,3 percentage points) – see Table B and Table 6.

Table C – Food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices for the latest three months by type of enterprise

Type of enterprise	Dec 2024 – Feb 2025 (R million)	Weight (%)	Dec 2025 – Feb 2026 (R million)	% change between Dec 2024 – Feb 2025 and Dec 2025 – Feb 2026	Contribution (% points) to the total % change
Restaurants and coffee shops	10 512,6	48,8	10 879,8	3,5	1,7
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	8 308,2	38,6	8 835,8	6,4	2,5
Catering services	2 713,4	12,6	2 550,3	-6,0	-0,8
Total	21 534,2	100,0	22 265,9	3,4	3,4

Total income increased by 3,4% in the three months ended February 2026 compared with the three months ended February 2025. The positive contributors to this increase were takeaway and fast-food outlets (6,4% and contributing 2,5 percentage points) and restaurants and coffee shops (3,5% and contributing 1,7 percentage points) – see Table C.

Figure 1 – Food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices: year-on-year percentage change

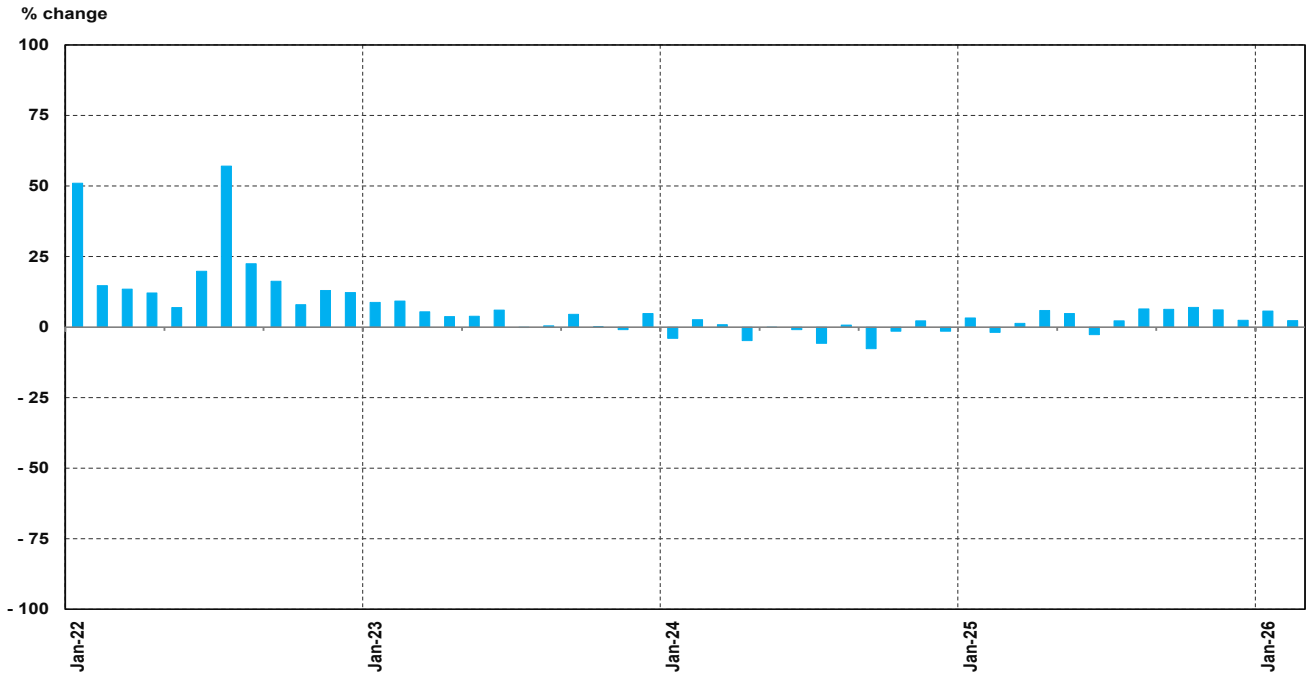


Figure 2 – Food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices by type of enterprise, seasonally adjusted

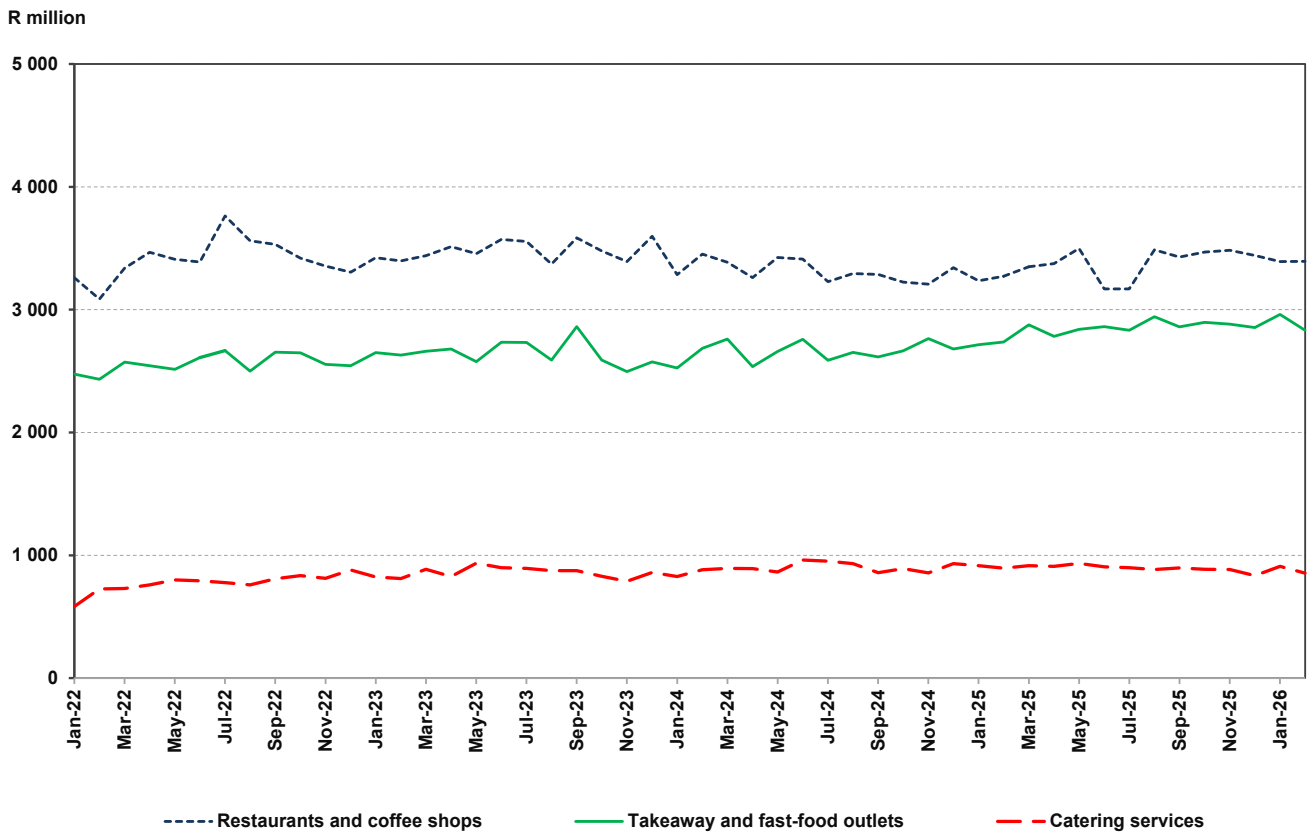
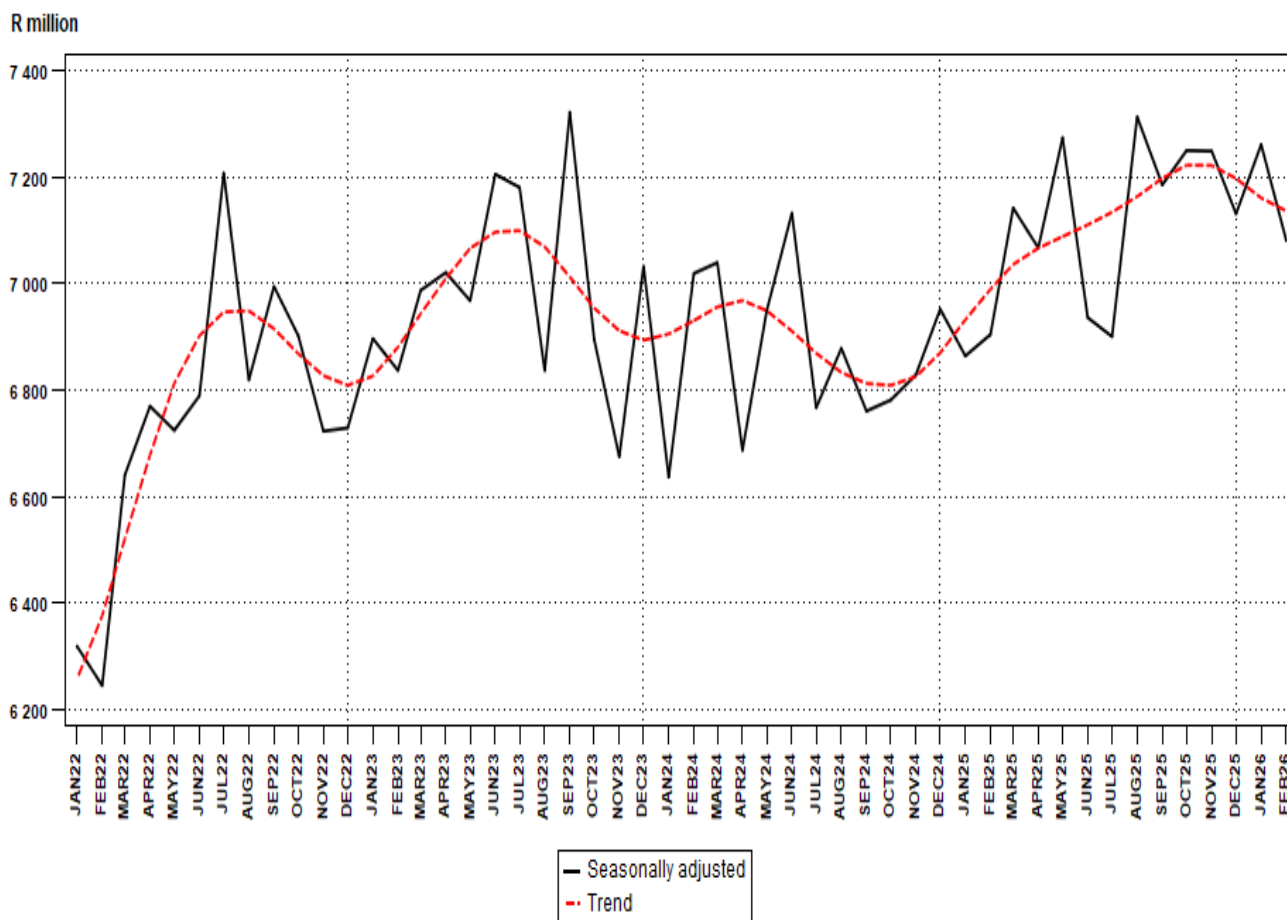


Figure 3 – Food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices



Seasonally adjusted income for the food and beverages industry decreased by 2,5% in February 2026 compared with January 2026. This followed month-on-month changes of 1,8% in January 2026 and -1,6% in December 2025 – see Table 3 and Table 7.


Risenga Maluleke
 Statistician-General

Tables

Table 1 – Food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices (R million)

Month	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Jan	4 063,7	6 137,2	6 676,8	6 411,5	6 620,0	6 996,1
Feb	5 070,7	5 814,4	6 353,1	6 519,4	6 399,6	6 546,5
Mar	5 808,8	6 589,9	6 948,0	7 009,3	7 101,4	
Apr	5 832,7	6 538,7	6 781,9	6 457,0	6 840,2	
May	6 052,1	6 469,6	6 720,1	6 713,6	7 036,7	
Jun	5 240,3	6 277,6	6 656,1	6 597,9	6 421,7	
Jul	4 489,5	7 051,7	7 042,6	6 637,8	6 785,5	
Aug	5 556,5	6 803,9	6 835,7	6 886,9	7 329,2	
Sep	5 845,0	6 797,4	7 104,8	6 563,5	6 976,0	
Oct	6 485,3	7 001,3	7 007,9	6 904,3	7 386,8	
Nov	6 308,7	7 126,8	7 063,9	7 223,4	7 663,5	
Dec	7 343,2	8 244,5	8 641,2	8 514,6	8 723,3	
Total	68 096,5	80 853,0	83 832,1	82 439,2	85 283,9	

Table 2 – Year-on-year percentage change in food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices

Month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2026 year-to-date
Jan	51,0	8,8	-4,0	3,3	5,7	5,7
Feb	14,7	9,3	2,6	-1,8	2,3	4,0
Mar	13,4	5,4	0,9	1,3		
Apr	12,1	3,7	-4,8	5,9		
May	6,9	3,9	-0,1	4,8		
Jun	19,8	6,0	-0,9	-2,7		
Jul	57,1	-0,1	-5,7	2,2		
Aug	22,4	0,5	0,7	6,4		
Sep	16,3	4,5	-7,6	6,3		
Oct	8,0	0,1	-1,5	7,0		
Nov	13,0	-0,9	2,3	6,1		
Dec	12,3	4,8	-1,5	2,5		
Total	18,7	3,7	-1,7	3,5		

Table 3 – Seasonally adjusted food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices

Month	R million				Month-on-month % change			
	2023	2024	2025	2026	2023	2024	2025	2026
Jan	6 897,3	6 637,2	6 864,6	7 261,5	2,5	-5,6	-1,3	1,8
Feb	6 837,3	7 019,4	6 904,8	7 081,3	-0,9	5,8	0,6	-2,5
Mar	6 987,8	7 039,7	7 142,3		2,2	0,3	3,4	
Apr	7 021,1	6 687,2	7 067,5		0,5	-5,0	-1,0	
May	6 968,4	6 949,9	7 274,1		-0,8	3,9	2,9	
Jun	7 205,8	7 132,8	6 936,5		3,4	2,6	-4,6	
Jul	7 180,9	6 767,3	6 901,0		-0,3	-5,1	-0,5	
Aug	6 836,9	6 879,0	7 313,5		-4,8	1,7	6,0	
Sep	7 321,9	6 761,1	7 185,7		7,1	-1,7	-1,7	
Oct	6 896,0	6 781,8	7 250,2		-5,8	0,3	0,9	
Nov	6 675,3	6 829,2	7 249,1		-3,2	0,7	0,0	
Dec	7 033,0	6 952,4	7 131,4		5,4	1,8	-1,6	

Table 4 – Food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices by type of enterprise (R million)

		Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26
Restaurants and coffee shops	Food sales	2 619,8	2 761,3	2 896,3	3 469,3	2 627,2	2 521,9
	Bar sales	643,0	637,4	683,4	820,3	603,4	586,0
	Other income	73,1	82,3	89,0	98,1	81,2	72,4
	Total	3 335,9	3 481,0	3 668,7	4 387,7	3 311,8	3 180,3
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Food sales	2 728,2	2 957,7	3 024,3	3 482,4	2 810,3	2 516,2
	Bar sales	2,9	3,1	3,1	3,9	3,0	2,3
	Other income	5,7	5,4	5,7	6,1	6,5	5,1
	Total	2 736,8	2 966,2	3 033,1	3 492,4	2 819,8	2 523,6
Catering services	Food sales	715,1	740,3	759,6	659,9	676,7	659,6
	Bar sales	123,0	130,7	130,7	118,9	124,0	116,3
	Other income	65,2	68,6	71,4	64,4	63,8	66,7
	Total	903,3	939,6	961,7	843,2	864,5	842,6
Total industry	Food sales	6 063,1	6 459,3	6 680,2	7 611,6	6 114,2	5 697,7
	Bar sales	768,9	771,2	817,2	943,1	730,4	704,6
	Other income	144,0	156,3	166,1	168,6	151,5	144,2
	Total	6 976,0	7 386,8	7 663,5	8 723,3	6 996,1	6 546,5

Table 5 – Year-on-year percentage change in food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices by type of enterprise

		Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26
Restaurants and coffee shops	Food sales	5,9	10,1	12,6	9,0	9,2	8,8
	Bar sales	-3,4	-4,4	-8,4	-16,8	-14,7	-15,9
	Other income	32,9	41,7	41,9	-0,8	51,8	16,6
	Total	4,4	7,7	8,5	2,8	4,6	3,4
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Food sales	9,3	8,9	4,3	6,4	9,1	3,4
	Bar sales	-9,4	-13,9	-11,4	8,3	-6,3	-17,9
	Other income	-3,4	-6,9	-1,7	0,0	3,2	-7,3
	Total	9,2	8,8	4,2	6,4	9,1	3,4
Catering services	Food sales	9,4	1,8	9,5	-0,2	4,8	-4,4
	Bar sales	-10,6	-9,2	-20,9	-48,6	-21,6	-6,5
	Other income	-9,3	-7,4	-3,9	-8,4	-1,7	-1,0
	Total	4,7	-0,6	3,1	-12,4	-0,5	-4,5
Total industry	Food sales	7,8	8,5	8,3	6,9	8,7	4,7
	Bar sales	-4,6	-5,3	-10,7	-22,8	-15,9	-14,5
	Other income	8,4	13,3	16,3	-3,8	21,5	6,8
	Total	6,3	7,0	6,1	2,5	5,7	2,3

Table 6 – Contribution of each type of enterprise to the year-on-year percentage change in food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices (percentage points)

		Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26
Restaurants and coffee shops	Food sales	2,2	3,7	4,5	3,3	3,3	3,2
	Bar sales	-0,3	-0,4	-0,9	-1,9	-1,6	-1,7
	Other income	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,0	0,4	0,2
	Total	2,2	3,6	4,0	1,4	2,2	1,6
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Food sales	3,5	3,5	1,7	2,5	3,6	1,3
	Bar sales	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
	Other income	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
	Total	3,5	3,5	1,7	2,5	3,6	1,3
Catering services	Food sales	0,9	0,2	0,9	0,0	0,5	-0,5
	Bar sales	-0,2	-0,2	-0,5	-1,3	-0,5	-0,1
	Other income	-0,1	-0,1	0,0	-0,1	0,0	0,0
	Total	0,6	-0,1	0,4	-1,4	-0,1	-0,6
Total industry	Food sales	6,7	7,3	7,1	5,8	7,4	4,0
	Bar sales	-0,6	-0,6	-1,4	-3,3	-2,1	-1,9
	Other income	0,2	0,3	0,3	-0,1	0,4	0,1
	Total	6,3	7,0	6,1	2,5	5,7	2,3

Table 7 – Seasonally adjusted food and beverages income at constant 2019 prices by type of enterprise (R million)

		Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26	Month-on-month % change
Restaurants and coffee shops	Food sales	2 738,4	2 760,2	2 751,1	2 696,8	2 715,0	0,7
	Bar sales	648,1	644,2	619,1	608,1	601,6	-1,1
	Other income	81,3	79,2	71,6	86,4	76,3	-11,7
	Total	3 467,8	3 483,6	3 441,8	3 391,3	3 392,9	0,0
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Food sales	2 887,4	2 872,8	2 845,2	2 950,7	2 825,3	-4,2
	Bar sales	3,0	2,9	3,2	3,0	2,6	-13,3
	Other income	5,4	5,7	6,1	6,5	5,1	-21,5
	Total	2 895,8	2 881,4	2 854,6	2 960,2	2 833,1	-4,3
Catering services	Food sales	693,6	695,0	674,9	715,9	667,1	-6,8
	Bar sales	127,1	123,5	97,4	127,4	121,4	-4,7
	Other income	65,9	65,6	62,8	66,7	66,8	0,1
	Total	886,7	884,0	835,1	910,0	855,4	-6,0
Total industry	Food sales	6 319,5	6 328,0	6 271,2	6 363,4	6 207,4	-2,5
	Bar sales	778,1	770,6	719,7	738,5	725,6	-1,7
	Other income	152,6	150,5	140,5	159,6	148,2	-7,1
	Total	7 250,2	7 249,1	7 131,4	7 261,5	7 081,3	-2,5

Table 8 – Food and beverages income at current prices (R million)

Month	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Jan	4 194,4	6 700,7	7 813,9	8 029,8	8 649,0	9 561,6
Feb	5 253,5	6 379,2	7 466,1	8 175,0	8 375,2	8 984,2
Mar	6 039,3	7 256,0	8 211,4	8 798,3	9 328,8	
Apr	6 114,1	7 223,3	8 027,0	8 138,8	9 020,5	
May	6 366,8	7 216,4	8 059,2	8 532,0	9 323,3	
Jun	5 528,8	7 080,8	8 029,7	8 391,4	8 555,5	
Jul	4 762,9	7 984,1	8 521,6	8 475,1	9 043,1	
Aug	5 926,2	7 757,7	8 341,5	8 814,2	9 826,9	
Sep	6 239,6	7 750,3	8 698,7	8 409,9	9 382,6	
Oct	6 979,9	8 041,3	8 612,0	8 887,4	9 972,1	
Nov	6 819,2	8 236,5	8 741,0	9 386,4	10 399,9	
Dec	7 954,4	9 600,7	10 701,1	11 080,8	11 888,4	
Total	72 179,1	91 227,0	101 223,2	105 119,1	113 765,3	

Table 9 – Year-on-year percentage change in food and beverages income at current prices

Month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2026 year-to-date
Jan	59,8	16,6	2,8	7,7	10,6	10,6
Feb	21,4	17,0	9,5	2,4	7,3	8,9
Mar	20,1	13,2	7,1	6,0		
Apr	18,1	11,1	1,4	10,8		
May	13,3	11,7	5,9	9,3		
Jun	28,1	13,4	4,5	2,0		
Jul	67,6	6,7	-0,5	6,7		
Aug	30,9	7,5	5,7	11,5		
Sep	24,2	12,2	-3,3	11,6		
Oct	15,2	7,1	3,2	12,2		
Nov	20,8	6,1	7,4	10,8		
Dec	20,7	11,5	3,5	7,3		
Total	26,4	11,0	3,8	8,2		

Table 10 – Seasonally adjusted food and beverages income at current prices

Month	R million				Month-on-month % change			
	2023	2024	2025	2026	2023	2024	2025	2026
Jan	8 081,2	8 324,2	8 983,9	9 942,1	3,9	-3,8	-0,1	2,9
Feb	8 023,6	8 792,7	9 029,6	9 710,1	-0,7	5,6	0,5	-2,3
Mar	8 309,3	8 749,1	9 431,1		3,6	-0,5	4,4	
Apr	8 244,0	8 494,9	9 240,4		-0,8	-2,9	-2,0	
May	8 350,3	8 824,9	9 628,5		1,3	3,9	4,2	
Jun	8 674,9	9 054,0	9 223,2		3,9	2,6	-4,2	
Jul	8 740,8	8 695,1	9 259,8		0,8	-4,0	0,4	
Aug	8 391,7	8 854,5	9 862,7		-4,0	1,8	6,5	
Sep	8 886,8	8 587,1	9 580,6		5,9	-3,0	-2,9	
Oct	8 518,5	8 772,5	9 834,0		-4,1	2,2	2,6	
Nov	8 295,3	8 909,1	9 869,1		-2,6	1,6	0,4	
Dec	8 649,1	8 993,1	9 657,8		4,3	0,9	-2,1	

Table 11 – Food and beverages income at current prices by type of enterprise (R million)

		Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26
Restaurants and coffee shops	Food sales	3 535,8	3 739,8	3 956,8	4 764,5	3 620,1	3 488,6
	Bar sales	833,9	836,4	901,9	1 089,9	798,7	782,3
	Other income	95,1	107,3	116,1	127,9	106,5	95,0
	Total	4 464,8	4 683,5	4 974,8	5 982,3	4 525,3	4 365,9
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Food sales	3 679,6	3 998,3	4 095,7	4 731,8	3 829,1	3 440,4
	Bar sales	4,2	4,4	4,4	5,6	4,4	3,4
	Other income	7,5	7,1	7,5	8,0	8,5	6,7
	Total	3 691,3	4 009,8	4 107,6	4 745,4	3 842,0	3 450,5
Catering services	Food sales	962,8	999,2	1 033,7	901,9	928,6	908,5
	Bar sales	175,8	186,9	187,2	171,5	179,1	168,7
	Other income	87,9	92,7	96,6	87,3	86,6	90,6
	Total	1 226,5	1 278,8	1 317,5	1 160,7	1 194,3	1 167,8
Total industry	Food sales	8 178,2	8 737,3	9 086,2	10 398,2	8 377,8	7 837,5
	Bar sales	1 013,9	1 027,7	1 093,5	1 267,0	982,2	954,4
	Other income	190,5	207,1	220,2	223,2	201,6	192,3
	Total	9 382,6	9 972,1	10 399,9	11 888,4	9 561,6	8 984,2

Table 12 – Year-on-year percentage change in food and beverages income at current prices by type of enterprise

		Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26
Restaurants and coffee shops	Food sales	11,1	15,5	18,0	14,5	14,6	14,4
	Bar sales	0,3	-0,5	-4,8	-12,9	-11,3	-11,9
	Other income	35,3	43,6	42,6	-0,5	53,2	17,7
	Total	9,3	12,8	13,6	8,0	9,6	8,7
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Food sales	14,6	14,0	8,3	10,6	13,4	8,0
	Bar sales	5,0	-2,2	0,0	21,7	7,3	-10,5
	Other income	0,0	-5,3	0,0	1,3	3,7	-6,9
	Total	14,5	13,9	8,3	10,6	13,4	7,9
Catering services	Food sales	14,6	6,4	14,3	4,4	9,8	0,2
	Bar sales	2,3	3,0	-10,7	-41,6	-10,8	1,3
	Other income	-4,5	-2,6	0,1	-4,4	2,5	3,4
	Total	11,1	5,2	8,8	-7,1	5,6	0,6
Total industry	Food sales	13,1	13,7	13,0	11,8	13,5	9,8
	Bar sales	0,7	0,1	-5,8	-18,2	-11,1	-9,8
	Other income	12,2	16,7	18,8	-2,0	24,3	9,6
	Total	11,6	12,2	10,8	7,3	10,6	7,3

Table 13 – Contribution of each type of enterprise to the year-on-year percentage change in food and beverages income at current prices (percentage points)

		Sep-25	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26
Restaurants and coffee shops	Food sales	4,2	5,7	6,4	5,4	5,3	5,3
	Bar sales	0,0	0,0	-0,5	-1,5	-1,2	-1,3
	Other income	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,0	0,4	0,2
	Total	4,5	6,0	6,3	4,0	4,6	4,2
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Food sales	5,6	5,5	3,3	4,1	5,2	3,0
	Bar sales	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
	Other income	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
	Total	5,6	5,5	3,3	4,1	5,2	3,0
Catering services	Food sales	1,5	0,7	1,4	0,3	1,0	0,0
	Bar sales	0,0	0,1	-0,2	-1,1	-0,3	0,0
	Other income	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
	Total	1,5	0,7	1,1	-0,8	0,7	0,1
Total industry	Food sales	11,2	11,9	11,1	9,9	11,5	8,3
	Bar sales	0,1	0,0	-0,7	-2,5	-1,4	-1,2
	Other income	0,2	0,3	0,4	0,0	0,5	0,2
	Total	11,6	12,2	10,8	7,3	10,6	7,3

Table 14 – Seasonally adjusted food and beverages income at current prices by type of enterprise (R million)

		Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-25	Jan-26	Feb-26	Month-on-month % change
Restaurants and coffee shops	Food sales	3 710,8	3 760,9	3 743,5	3 705,5	3 727,3	0,6
	Bar sales	852,6	850,7	814,2	808,7	799,6	-1,1
	Other income	106,9	104,0	94,6	113,1	99,7	-11,8
	Total	4 670,3	4 715,5	4 652,3	4 627,2	4 626,6	0,0
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Food sales	3 935,9	3 929,2	3 843,7	4 031,5	3 883,5	-3,7
	Bar sales	4,2	4,2	4,7	4,5	3,8	-15,6
	Other income	6,9	7,4	7,3	8,2	7,6	-7,3
	Total	3 947,0	3 940,8	3 855,7	4 044,2	3 895,0	-3,7
Catering services	Food sales	944,4	945,8	922,4	991,3	918,9	-7,3
	Bar sales	182,6	178,4	142,6	187,4	177,2	-5,4
	Other income	89,7	88,5	84,8	91,9	92,5	0,7
	Total	1 216,7	1 212,7	1 149,8	1 270,7	1 188,6	-6,5
Total industry	Food sales	8 591,0	8 635,9	8 509,6	8 728,3	8 529,8	-2,3
	Bar sales	1 039,5	1 033,3	961,5	1 000,6	980,5	-2,0
	Other income	203,5	199,9	186,7	213,2	199,8	-6,3
	Total	9 834,0	9 869,1	9 657,8	9 942,1	9 710,1	-2,3

Annexure A – Comparison between the old and new layouts

Old layout	New layout
Summary tables, graphs and text:	
<p>Table A (income at constant prices)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> y/y % change by type of income Latest 6 months <p><i>Note: For y/y % change by type of income, see Table 5.</i></p>	<p>Table A (income at constant prices)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> y/y % change m/m % change (seasonally adjusted) 3m/3m % change (seasonally adjusted) Latest 6 months
<p>Table B (income at constant prices)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> y/y % change by type of enterprise Latest 6 months <p><i>Note: For y/y % change by type of enterprise, see Table 5.</i></p>	<p>Table B (income at constant prices)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breakdown (by type of enterprise) 3-month totals (Rm) 3m y/y% change and %-point contribution
<p>Table C (income at constant prices, unadjusted)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breakdown (by type of enterprise) 3-month totals (Rm) 3m y/y% change and %-point contribution <p><i>Note: See new Table B.</i></p>	<p>Table C (income at constant prices)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breakdown (by type of enterprise) (seasonally adjusted) 3-month totals (Rm) (seasonally adjusted) 3m/3m % change and %-point contribution (seasonally adjusted)
<p>Figure 1 (income at constant prices)</p> <p>y/y % change</p>	<p>Figure 1 (income at constant prices)</p> <p>Seasonally adjusted income, and the trend</p>
<p>Figure 2 (income at constant prices)</p> <p>Seasonally adjusted income by type of enterprise</p>	<p>Figure 2 (income at constant prices)</p> <p>y/y % change</p>
<p>Figure 3 (income at constant prices)</p> <p>Seasonally adjusted income, and the trend</p>	<p>Figure 3 (income at constant prices)</p> <p>Seasonally adjusted income by type of enterprise</p>
	<p>Table D (income at current prices)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> y/y % change m/m % change (seasonally adjusted) 3m/3m % change (seasonally adjusted) Latest 6 months
	<p>Table E (income at current prices)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breakdown (by type of enterprise) 3-month totals (Rm) 3m y/y % change and %-point contribution
	<p>Table F (income at current prices)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breakdown (by type of enterprise) (seasonally adjusted) 3-month totals (Rm) (seasonally adjusted) 3m/3m % change and %-point contribution (seasonally adjusted)

Note: No changes were made to detailed Tables 1–14.

Explanatory notes

Introduction	The results presented in this publication are derived from the monthly survey of the food and beverages industry. This survey is based on a sample drawn from the 2025 statistical business register (SBR) that contains businesses registered for value-added tax (VAT).
Purpose of the survey	<p>The food and beverages survey is a monthly survey covering a sample of public and private enterprises involved in the preparation of meals and drinks for immediate consumption in South Africa. The purpose of this survey is to monitor trends in the food and beverages industry.</p> <p>The results of the food and beverages survey are used to compile estimates of the tourism satellite accounts (TSA) and the gross domestic product (GDP) and its components, which are used to develop and monitor government policy. These statistics are also used in the analysis of comparative business and industry performance.</p>
Scope of the survey	<p>This survey covers the following tax registered private and public enterprises, that are mainly engaged in providing food and beverages for immediate consumption:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • restaurants and coffee shops; • takeaway and fast-food outlets; and • catering services.
Classification by industry	The 1993 edition of the <i>Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities</i> (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 <i>International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities</i> (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Each enterprise is classified to an industry which reflects its predominant activity. Statistics in this publication are presented at five-digit SIC level.
Collection rate	The preliminary collection rate for the survey on food and beverages for February 2026 was 80,8%. The revised collection rate for January 2026 was 85,8%.
Statistical unit	The statistical unit for which information is compiled and published is an enterprise, defined as a legal unit or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its income activities. The statistical units are derived from and linked to the South African Revenue Service (SARS) administrative data.
Revised figures	Revised figures are mainly due to late submission of data to Stats SA, or respondents reporting revisions or corrections to their figures. The reasons for routine revisions are outlined in the following schedule. Any unscheduled revisions will be promptly indicated in relevant tables to maintain transparency and accuracy. It is important to note that seasonally adjusted figures are revised monthly.

Statistical release	Reason for revision	Period subject to revision
Feb-26	Additional information from respondents	Jan-26
Mar-26	Additional information from respondents	Feb-26
Apr-26	Additional information from respondents	Mar-26
May-26	Additional information from respondents	Apr-26
Jun-26	Additional information from respondents	May-26
Jul-26	Additional information from respondents	Jun-26
Aug-26	Additional information from respondents	Jul-26
Sep-26	Additional information from respondents	Aug-26
Oct-26	Additional information from respondents	Sep-26
Nov-26	Additional information from respondents	Oct-26
Dec-26	Additional information from respondents	Nov-26
Jan-27	Additional information from respondents New base year for constant prices	Aug-05 - Dec-26
New base year in 2026/27 - periodic, approximately four- to five-year intervals		

Rounding-off of figures Where figures have been rounded off, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and the totals.

Historical data Historical food and beverages data are available on the Stats SA website. To access the data electronically, use the following link: [Click to download historical data.](#)

Past publications Past food and beverages releases are available on the Stats SA website. To access the releases electronically, use the following link: [Click to download past releases.](#)

Technical notes

Survey methodology and design The survey was conducted by email and telephone.

The 2025 sample of 800 enterprises was drawn from a sampling frame of 5 178 enterprises using stratified simple random sampling. The enterprises were first stratified at five-digit level according to the SIC and then by size of enterprises. All large and medium enterprises are completely enumerated. Turnover was used as the measure of size for stratification.

Size groups

The enterprises are divided into four size groups according to turnover. All large and medium enterprises (size groups one and two) are completely enumerated. Simple random sampling is applied to size groups three and four (small and very small) enterprises. The total income of the large and medium enterprises (size groups one and two) is added to the weighted totals of size groups three and four to reflect the total income.

Measure of size groups (Rand)

Enterprise size	Size group	Lower limit	Upper limit
Very small	4	3 635 040	25 500 000
Small	3	25 500 001	30 000 000
Medium	2	30 000 001	65 000 000
Large	1	65 000 001	

Sample weighting

For those strata not completely enumerated, the weights to produce estimates are the inverse ratio of the sampling fraction, modified to take account of non-collection in the survey. Stratum estimates are calculated and then aggregated with the completely enumerated stratum to form subgroup estimates. These procedures are in line with international best practice.

Seasonal adjustment

Seasonally adjusted estimates are generated each month using the X-12-ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by the United States Census Bureau. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be recognised more clearly. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variations. Therefore, the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. The X-12-ARIMA procedure for food and beverages income is described in more detail on the Stats SA website at: [Click to download seasonal adjustment food and beverages April 2022.](#)

Trend cycle

The trend is the long-term pattern or movement of a time series. The X-12-ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Program is used for smoothing seasonally adjusted estimates to estimates of the underlying trend cycle.

Reliability of estimates

Data presented in this publication are based on information obtained from a sample and are, therefore, subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if the data had been obtained from all enterprises in the food and beverages industry in South Africa.

Relative standard error

One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error (SE), which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of enterprises was used. The relative standard error (RSE) provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer to the size of the estimate.

Estimates of total food and beverages income within 95% confidence limits – February 2026

	Lower limit (R million)	Income (R million)	Upper limit (R million)	Relative standard error (RSE) %
Total income	8 042,5	8 984,2	9 925,9	5,3

Non-sampling errors	Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by enterprises and errors made in the collection and processing of the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as non-sampling errors. Every effort is made to minimise non-sampling errors by careful design of questionnaires, testing them in pilot studies, editing reported data and implementing efficient operating procedures. Non-sampling errors occur in both sample surveys and censuses.
Constant prices	<p>From January 2008 to December 2024, food and beverages income at constant prices by type of enterprise and by type of income was estimated by deflating income at current prices using the relevant components of the consumer price index for restaurants.</p> <p>From January 2025, food and beverages income by type of income and establishment, at constant prices, is calculated by deflating the estimated income at current prices using the corresponding deflator. Total food and beverages income at constant prices is then derived by aggregating the deflated income estimates across all establishment types.</p>
Year-on-year percentage change	The year-on-year percentage change in a variable for any given period is the change between that period and the corresponding period of the previous year, expressed as a percentage of the latter.
Contribution (percentage points)	The contribution (percentage points) to the annual percentage change for any given period is calculated by multiplying the percentage change of each type of enterprise by its corresponding weight, divided by 100. The weight is the percentage contribution of each type of enterprise to total income in the corresponding period of the previous year. The same result is given by $T \times [\Delta C / \Delta T]$, where T = change in the total, ΔC = change in the component (in rands), and ΔT = change in the total (in rands).
Glossary	
Catering services	Enterprises involved in the sale and supply of meals and drinks prepared on the premises on a contract basis and brought to other premises chosen by the person ordering them, to be served for immediate consumption to guests or customers. Catering services also include bars, taverns, other drinking places, ice-cream parlours, etc.
Enterprise	A legal unit or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its activities.
Industry	It is a group of enterprises engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the <i>System of National Accounts</i> (SNA) in the same way as in the <i>Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities</i> (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02 of January 1993.
Income from food sales	Refers to income from the sale of meals and non-alcoholic drinks.
Income from bar sales	Refers to income from liquor sales.
Other income	Includes all income not earned from bar or food sales.
Restaurants and coffee shops	Enterprises involved in the sale and provision of meals and drinks, ordered from a menu, prepared on the premises for immediate consumption and with provided seating.
Takeaway and fast-food outlets	Enterprises involved in the sale and provision of meals and drinks, ordered from a menu, prepared on the premises for takeaway purposes in a packaged format, at a stand or in a location, with or without provided seating.

Symbols and abbreviations

GDP	Gross domestic product
SARS	South African Revenue Service
SBR	Statistical Business Register
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities
Stats SA	Statistics South Africa
TSA	Tourism satellite accounts
VAT	Value-added tax
*	Revised figures

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