

Private Bag X44, Pretoria, 0001, South Africa, ISIbalo House, Koch Street, Salvokop, Pretoria, 0002 www.statssa.gov.za, info@statssa.gov.za, Tel +27 12 310 8911

STATISTICAL RELEASE P6242.1

Retail trade sales (Preliminary)

May 2025

Embargoed until: 16 July 2025 13:00

ENQUIRIES: JP Terblanche Tel: 066 470 2112 FORTHCOMING ISSUE: EXPECTED RELEASE DATE:

June 2025 13 August 2025





Contents

Sales at constant 2019 prices: results for May 2025	2
Table A – Key growth rates in retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices	2
Table B – Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices for the latest three months by type of retailer	2
Table C – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices for the latest three months by type of	
retailer	3
Figure 1 – Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices	3
Figure 2 – Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices: year-on-year percentage change	4
Sales at current prices: results for May 2025	
Table D – Key growth rates in retail trade sales at current prices	5
Table E – Retail trade sales at current prices for the latest three months by type of retailer	5
Table F – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at current prices for the latest three months by type of retailer.	5
Tables	
Table 1 – Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices (R million)	
Table 2 – Year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices	6
Table 3 – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices	6
Table 4 – Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices by type of retailer (R million)	7
Table 5 – Year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices by type of retailer	7
Table 6 – Contribution of each type of retailer to the year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at	
constant 2019 prices (percentage points)	7
Table 7 – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices by type of retailer (R million)	8
Table 8 – Retail trade sales at current prices (R million)	9
Table 9 – Year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at current prices	9
Table 10 – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at current prices	9
Table 11 – Retail trade sales at current prices by type of retailer (R million)	10
Table 12 – Year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at current prices by type of retailer	10
Table 13 – Contribution of each type of retailer to the year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at	
current prices (percentage points)	10
Table 14 – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at current prices by type of retailer (R million)	
Explanatory notes	12
Technical notes	14
Glossary	
Technical enquiries	
General information	17

Sales at constant 2019 prices: results for May 2025

Table A - Key growth rates in retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices

	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
Year-on-year % change, unadjusted	3,1	7,0	4,1	1,2	5,2	4,2
Month-on-month % change, seasonally adjusted	-0,3	0,9	-1,1	-0,3	1,1	0,1
3-month % change, seasonally adjusted ¹	1,9	2,0	1,2	0,2	-0,4	0,0

¹ Percentage change between the previous 3 months and the 3 months ending in the month indicated.

Measured in real terms (constant 2019 prices), retail trade sales increased by 4,2% year-on-year in May 2025. The largest positive contributors to this increase were:

- retailers in textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods (12,5% and contributing 2,1 percentage points); and
- general dealers (3,6% and contributing 1,6 percentage points) see Table 5 and Table 6.

Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales increased by 0,1% in May 2025 compared with April 2025. This followed month-on-month changes of 1,1% in April 2025 and -0,3% in March 2025.

Table B - Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices for the latest three months by type of retailer

Type of retailer	Mar – May 2024 (R million)	Weight (%)	Mar – May 2025 (R million)	% change between Mar – May 2024 and Mar – May 2025	Contribution (% points) to the total % change
General dealers	124 726	45,0	128 271	2,8	1,3
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	21 547	7,8	21 357	-0,9	-0,1
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	21 772	7,9	22 477	3,2	0,3
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	45 242	16,3	49 533	9,5	1,5
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	11 432	4,1	12 119	6,0	0,2
Hardware, paint and glass	21 936	7,9	21 680	-1,2	-0,1
All other retailers	30 575	11,0	31 523	3,1	0,3
Total	277 230	100,0	286 960	3,5	3,5

Retail trade sales increased by 3,5% in the three months ended May 2025 compared with the three months ended May 2024. The largest positive contributors to this increase were:

- retailers in textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods (9,5% and contributing 1,5 percentage points); and
- general dealers (2,8% and contributing 1,3 percentage points) see Table B.

Table C – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices for the latest three months by type of retailer

Type of retailer	Dec 2024 – Feb 2025 (R million)	Weight (%)	Mar – May 2025 (R million)	% change between Dec 2024 – Feb 2025 and Mar – May 2025	Contribution (% points) to the total % change
General dealers	132 931	44,7	133 157	0,2	0,1
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	22 685	7,6	22 183	-2,2	-0,2
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	22 093	7,4	22 071	-0,1	0,0
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	52 621	17,7	52 389	-0,4	-0,1
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	12 973	4,4	13 038	0,5	0,0
Hardware, paint and glass	22 197	7,5	22 350	0,7	0,1
All other retailers	31 631	10,6	32 069	1,4	0,1
Total	297 131	100,0	297 255	0,0	0,0

Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales were flat in the three months ended May 2025 compared with the previous three months. The largest negative contributors were retailers in:

- food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores (-2,2% and contributing -0,2 of a percentage point); and
- textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods (-0,4% and contributing -0,1 of a percentage point).

The largest positive contributors were:

- all 'other' retailers (1,4% and contributing 0,1 of a percentage point);
- retailers in hardware, paint and glass (0,7% and contributing 0,1 of a percentage point); and
- general dealers (0,2% and contributing 0,1 of a percentage point) see Table C.

Figure 1 - Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices

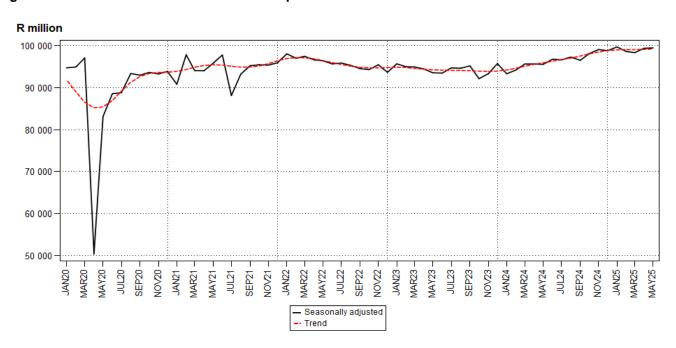
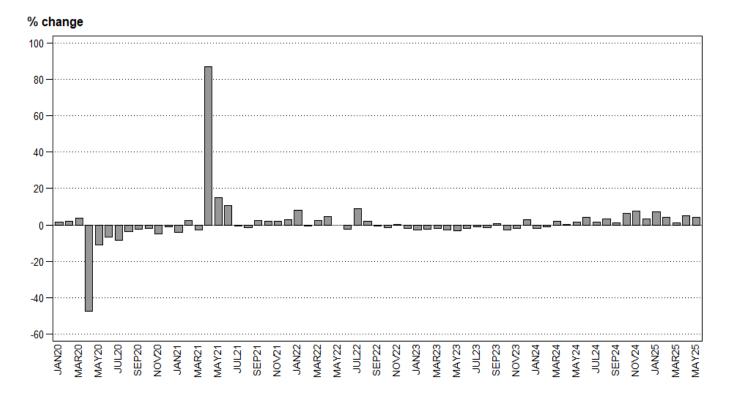


Figure 2 - Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices: year-on-year percentage change



Sales at current prices: results for May 2025

Table D - Key growth rates in retail trade sales at current prices

	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
Year-on-year % change, unadjusted	4,7	8,7	5,5	2,7	6,9	6,3
Month-on-month % change, seasonally adjusted	0,4	0,1	-0,5	-0,4	1,5	0,5
3-month % change, seasonally adjusted ¹	2,4	2,1	1,4	0,2	-0,1	0,4

¹ Percentage change between the previous 3 months and the 3 months ending in the month indicated.

Table E - Retail trade sales at current prices for the latest three months by type of retailer

Type of retailer	Mar – May 2024 (R million)	Weight (%)	Mar – May 2025 (R million)	% change between Mar – May 2024 and Mar – May 2025	Contribution (% points) to the total % change
General dealers	164 604	48,2	173 772	5,6	2,7
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	28 235	8,3	29 318	3,8	0,3
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	28 239	8,3	30 126	6,7	0,6
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	49 445	14,5	54 616	10,5	1,5
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	11 564	3,4	11 833	2,3	0,1
Hardware, paint and glass	26 803	7,8	26 697	-0,4	0,0
All other retailers	32 765	9,6	33 321	1,7	0,2
Total	341 655	100,0	359 685	5,3	5,3

Table F - Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at current prices for the latest three months by type of retailer

Type of retailer	Dec 2024 – Feb 2025 (R million)	Weight (%)	Mar – May 2025 (R million)	% change between Dec 2024 – Feb 2025 and Mar – May 2025	Contribution (% points) to the total % change
General dealers	179 340	48,6	179 919	0,3	0,2
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	30 149	8,2	30 205	0,2	0,0
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	29 258	7,9	29 479	0,8	0,1
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	56 947	15,4	57 355	0,7	0,1
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	12 726	3,4	12 710	-0,1	0,0
Hardware, paint and glass	27 298	7,4	27 395	0,4	0,0
All other retailers	33 626	9,1	33 845	0,7	0,1
Total	369 343	100,0	370 909	0,4	0,4



Tables

Table 1 – Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices (R million)

Month	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Jan	86 114	87 331	83 922	90 582	88 241	86 396	92 417
Feb	88 268	89 985	92 172	91 434	89 390	88 629	92 272
Mar	91 106	94 450	91 959	94 267	92 544	94 398	95 538
Apr	88 969	46 619	87 209	91 250	88 617	89 001	93 643
May	93 561	83 055	95 523	95 491	92 339	93 831	97 779
Jun	90 965	84 677	93 655	91 592	89 696	93 283	
Jul	90 314	82 816	82 354	89 668	88 604	90 055	
Aug	94 316	90 730	89 583	91 277	89 940	92 857	
Sep	91 434	89 216	91 150	90 462	91 090	91 989	
Oct	92 712	90 816	92 565	91 186	88 582	94 047	
Nov	109 184	103 927	106 152	106 417	104 256	112 192	
Dec	126 145	124 589	128 372	125 933	129 363	133 422	
Total	1 143 088	1 068 211	1 134 616	1 149 559	1 132 662	1 160 100	

Table 2 - Year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices

Month	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2025 year-to-date
Jan	1,4	-3,9	7,9	-2,6	-2,1	7,0	7,0
Feb	1,9	2,4	-0,8	-2,2	-0,9	4,1	5,5
Mar	3,7	-2,6	2,5	-1,8	2,0	1,2	4,0
Apr	-47,6	87,1	4,6	-2,9	0,4	5,2	4,3
May	-11,2	15,0	0,0	-3,3	1,6	4,2	4,3
Jun	-6,9	10,6	-2,2	-2,1	4,0		
Jul	-8,3	-0,6	8,9	-1,2	1,6		
Aug	-3,8	-1,3	1,9	-1,5	3,2		
Sep	-2,4	2,2	-0,8	0,7	1,0		
Oct	-2,0	1,9	-1,5	-2,9	6,2		
Nov	-4,8	2,1	0,2	-2,0	7,6		
Dec	-1,2	3,0	-1,9	2,7	3,1		
Total	-6,6	6,2	1,3	-1,5	2,4		

Table 3 - Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices

Manth		R mi	llion			Month-on-mo	nth % change	
Month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2022	2023	2024	2025
Jan	98 053	95 667	93 301	99 705	2,2	2,2	-2,5	0,9
Feb	97 003	94 985	94 212	98 618	-1,1	-0,7	1,0	-1,1
Mar	97 470	94 927	95 630	98 362	0,5	-0,1	1,5	-0,3
Apr	96 637	94 438	95 637	99 396	-0,9	-0,5	0,0	1,1
May	96 390	93 527	95 547	99 497	-0,3	-1,0	-0,1	0,1
Jun	95 653	93 466	96 777		-0,8	-0,1	1,3	
Jul	95 865	94 698	96 632		0,2	1,3	-0,1	
Aug	95 294	94 615	97 288		-0,6	-0,1	0,7	
Sep	94 526	95 176	96 506		-0,8	0,6	-0,8	
Oct	94 299	92 120	98 109		-0,2	-3,2	1,7	
Nov	95 449	93 318	99 087		1,2	1,3	1,0	
Dec	93 648	95 717	98 808		-1,9	2,6	-0,3	

Table 4 – Retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices by type of retailer (R million)

Type of retailer	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
General dealers	56 423	40 331	42 401	44 578	40 623	43 070
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	10 713	7 192	6 795	7 273	7 131	6 953
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	7 881	7 617	6 744	7 228	7 962	7 287
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	31 723	15 175	14 984	14 922	16 840	17 771
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	5 816	3 906	3 957	4 174	3 947	3 998
Hardware, paint and glass	7 932	6 744	6 698	7 105	6 647	7 928
All other retailers	12 934	11 452	10 693	10 258	10 493	10 772
Total	133 422	92 417	92 272	95 538	93 643	97 779

Table 5 - Year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices by type of retailer

Type of retailer	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
General dealers	2,1	7,6	3,6	-0,1	5,4	3,6
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	2,9	7,5	-3,2	-2,3	1,7	-1,9
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	3,6	6,9	-0,2	7,0	2,1	1,0
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	7,3	10,8	16,1	3,4	12,1	12,5
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	4,6	7,9	5,9	5,0	8,8	4,4
Hardware, paint and glass	-1,4	2,1	-3,8	1,8	-6,6	1,1
All other retailers	-0,1	2,6	3,7	0,7	6,0	2,7
Total	3,1	7,0	4,1	1,2	5,2	4,2

Table 6 – Contribution of each type of retailer to the year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices (percentage points)

Type of retailer	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
General dealers	0,9	3,3	1,7	0,0	2,3	1,6
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	0,2	0,6	-0,3	-0,2	0,1	-0,1
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	0,2	0,6	0,0	0,5	0,2	0,1
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	1,7	1,7	2,4	0,5	2,0	2,1
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,4	0,2
Hardware, paint and glass	-0,1	0,2	-0,3	0,1	-0,5	0,1
All other retailers	0,0	0,3	0,4	0,1	0,7	0,3
Total	3,1	7,0	4,1	1,2	5,2	4,2

Table 7 – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at constant 2019 prices by type of retailer (R million)

Type of retailer	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25	Month- on- month % change
General dealers	44 202	44 642	44 087	44 296	44 342	44 519	0,4
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	7 537	7 844	7 304	7 379	7 420	7 384	-0,5
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	7 294	7 482	7 317	7 310	7 431	7 330	-1,4
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	17 650	17 349	17 622	17 159	17 624	17 606	-0,1
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	4 300	4 346	4 327	4 283	4 390	4 365	-0,6
Hardware, paint and glass	7 418	7 501	7 278	7 487	7 304	7 559	3,5
All other retailers	10 407	10 541	10 683	10 449	10 885	10 735	-1,4
Total	98 808	99 705	98 618	98 362	99 396	99 497	0,1

Table 8 - Retail trade sales at current prices (R million)

Month	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Jan	84 941	88 492	86 936	97 282	102 223	105 380	114 598
Feb	87 343	91 485	95 854	98 818	104 805	108 823	114 788
Mar	90 529	96 329	96 390	102 673	109 718	116 358	119 539
Apr	88 534	47 750	91 603	99 738	105 374	109 625	117 213
May	93 470	84 403	100 453	105 597	110 094	115 672	122 933
Jun	91 029	86 199	99 007	102 251	107 424	115 472	
Jul	90 377	84 443	87 194	100 578	106 033	111 232	
Aug	94 666	92 852	95 292	103 567	108 130	115 075	
Sep	91 979	91 513	96 980	103 280	110 039	114 721	
Oct	93 178	93 606	98 846	104 464	107 479	117 024	
Nov	109 981	107 372	113 265	121 882	126 583	138 621	
Dec	127 060	128 769	136 942	144 283	156 372	163 778	
Total	1 143 090	1 093 213	1 198 762	1 284 413	1 354 274	1 431 781	

Table 9 – Year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at current prices

Month	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2025 year-to-date
Jan	4,2	-1,8	11,9	5,1	3,1	8,7	8,7
Feb	4,7	4,8	3,1	6,1	3,8	5,5	7,1
Mar	6,4	0,1	6,5	6,9	6,1	2,7	5,6
Apr	-46,1	91,8	8,9	5,7	4,0	6,9	5,9
May	-9,7	19,0	5,1	4,3	5,1	6,3	6,0
Jun	-5,3	14,9	3,3	5,1	7,5		
Jul	-6,6	3,3	15,3	5,4	4,9		
Aug	-1,9	2,6	8,7	4,4	6,4		
Sep	-0,5	6,0	6,5	6,5	4,3		
Oct	0,5	5,6	5,7	2,9	8,9		
Nov	-2,4	5,5	7,6	3,9	9,5		
Dec	1,3	6,3	5,4	8,4	4,7		
Total	-4,4	9,7	7,1	5,4	5,7		

Table 10 - Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at current prices

Manth		R m	illion		Month-on-month % change			
Month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2022	2023	2024	2025
Jan	105 200	110 670	113 639	123 362	1,8	2,0	-3,3	0,1
Feb	105 114	111 548	115 894	122 760	-0,1	0,8	2,0	-0,5
Mar	105 360	112 118	117 303	122 238	0,2	0,5	1,2	-0,4
Apr	105 700	111 973	117 368	124 044	0,3	-0,1	0,1	1,5
May	106 313	111 256	117 450	124 627	0,6	-0,6	0,1	0,5
Jun	106 742	111 800	119 926		0,4	0,5	2,1	
Jul	107 057	113 100	119 290		0,3	1,2	-0,5	
Aug	107 622	113 170	120 049		0,5	0,1	0,6	
Sep	107 463	114 487	119 808		-0,1	1,2	-0,2	
Oct	107 950	111 636	121 696		0,5	-2,5	1,6	
Nov	109 891	113 514	122 718		1,8	1,7	0,8	
Dec	108 503	117 532	123 221		-1,3	3,5	0,4	

Table 11 - Retail trade sales at current prices by type of retailer (R million)

Type of retailer	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
General dealers	75 340	54 066	56 961	60 029	55 060	58 683
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	14 190	9 584	9 063	9 781	9 835	9 702
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	10 310	10 010	8 893	9 646	10 676	9 804
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	34 760	16 646	16 451	16 411	18 573	19 632
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	5 699	3 860	3 869	4 083	3 843	3 907
Hardware, paint and glass	9 743	8 292	8 215	8 734	8 146	9 817
All other retailers	13 735	12 139	11 336	10 854	11 078	11 389
Total	163 778	114 598	114 788	119 539	117 213	122 933

Table 12 - Year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at current prices by type of retailer

Type of retailer	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
General dealers	4,7	10,1	6,2	2,2	8,3	6,7
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	4,8	9,2	-1,0	0,6	6,9	4,2
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	7,0	10,7	2,5	10,5	5,4	4,5
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	8,3	11,6	17,0	4,3	13,0	13,7
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	1,1	4,9	1,9	1,4	4,6	1,2
Hardware, paint and glass	0,1	3,4	-3,3	2,5	-6,4	2,5
All other retailers	-0,2	2,3	3,1	-0,3	4,2	1,2
Total	4,7	8,7	5,5	2,7	6,9	6,3

Table 13 – Contribution of each type of retailer to the year-on-year percentage change in retail trade sales at current prices (percentage points)

Type of retailer	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25
General dealers	2,2	4,7	3,1	1,1	3,8	3,2
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	0,4	0,8	-0,1	0,1	0,6	0,3
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	0,4	0,9	0,2	0,8	0,5	0,4
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	1,7	1,6	2,2	0,6	2,0	2,0
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	0,0	0,2	0,1	0,0	0,2	0,0
Hardware, paint and glass	0,0	0,3	-0,3	0,2	-0,5	0,2
All other retailers	0,0	0,3	0,3	0,0	0,4	0,1
Total	4,7	8,7	5,5	2,7	6,9	6,3

Table 14 – Seasonally adjusted retail trade sales at current prices by type of retailer (R million)

Type of retailer	Dec-24	Jan-25	Feb-25	Mar-25	Apr-25	May-25	Month- on- month % change
General dealers	59 587	60 166	59 587	59 503	60 070	60 346	0,5
Food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores	10 029	10 318	9 802	9 861	10 183	10 161	-0,2
Pharmaceuticals and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries	9 640	9 891	9 727	9 784	9 869	9 826	-0,4
Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods	19 517	18 261	19 169	18 700	19 318	19 337	0,1
Household furniture, appliances and equipment	4 222	4 278	4 226	4 191	4 264	4 255	-0,2
Hardware, paint and glass	9 150	9 239	8 909	9 139	8 871	9 385	5,8
All other retailers	11 076	11 210	11 340	11 060	11 468	11 317	-1,3
Total	123 221	123 362	122 760	122 238	124 044	124 627	0,5

Explanatory notes

Introduction

1 Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) conducts a monthly survey of the retail trade industry, covering retail enterprises (see point 3 below). This survey is based on a sample drawn from Stats SA's 2024 statistical business register (SBR) that contains businesses registered for value-added tax (VAT). Published retail trade sales estimates include VAT.

Purpose of the survey

2

3

The results of the monthly retail trade sales survey are used to compile estimates of the gross domestic product (GDP) and its components, which are used in monitoring the state of the economy and formulation of economic policy. These statistics are also used in the analysis of comparative business and industry performance.

Scope of the survey

- This survey covers retail enterprises according to the following types of retailers:
 - general dealers:
 - retail trade in non-specialised stores with food, beverages and tobacco predominating; and
 - b 'other' retail trade in non-specialised stores.
 - retailers in food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores:
 - retailers in fresh fruit and vegetables;
 - retailers in meat and meat products;
 - > retailers in bakery products;
 - retailers in beverages;
 - > retailers in tobacco; and
 - retailers in 'other' food in specialised stores.
 - retailers in pharmaceutical and medical goods, cosmetics and toiletries;
 - retailers in textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods:
 - retailers in men's and boys' clothing;
 - retailers in ladies', girls' and infants' clothing;
 - > general outfitters; and
 - retailers in footwear.
 - retailers in household furniture, appliances and equipment;
 - · retailers in hardware, paint and glass; and
 - all 'other' retailers:
 - retailers in reading matter and stationery;
 - retailers in jewellery, watches and clocks;
 - retailers in sport goods and entertainment requisites;
 - > retailers in 'other' specialised stores:
 - repair of personal and household goods;
 - > retail trade in second-hand goods in stores; and
 - retail trade not in stores.

Classification

The 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Each enterprise is classified to the industry which reflects its predominant activity. Statistics in this publication are presented at SIC group (four digit) level.

Collection rate

The preliminary collection rate for the survey on retail trade sales for May 2025 was 68,2%. The revised collection rate for April 2025 was 70,4%.

Statistical unit

The statistical unit for which information is compiled and published is the enterprise, defined as a legal unit or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its sales activities. The statistical units are derived from and linked to the South African Revenue Service (SARS) administrative data.

Revised figures

Revised figures are mainly due to late submission of data to Stats SA, or respondents reporting revisions or corrections to their figures. The reasons for routine revisions are outlined in the following schedule. Any unscheduled revisions will be promptly indicated in relevant tables to maintain transparency and accuracy. It is important to note that seasonally adjusted figures are revised monthly.

Statistical release	Reason for revision	Period subject to revision				
May-25	Additional information from respondents	Apr-25				
Jun-25	Additional information from respondents	May-25				
Jul-25 Additional information from respondents New sample		Jan-02-Jun-25				
Aug-25	Additional information from respondents	Jul-25				
Sep-25	Additional information from respondents	Aug-25				
Oct-25	Additional information from respondents	Sep-25				
Nov-25	Additional information from respondents	Oct-25				
Dec-25	Additional information from respondents	Nov-25				
Jan-26	Additional information from respondents	Dec-25				
Feb-26	Additional information from respondents	Jan-26				
Mar-26	Additional information from respondents	Feb-26				
Apr-26	Additional information from respondents	Mar-26				
New base year in 2027/28 - periodic, approximately four- to five-year intervals						

Related publications

8 Users may also refer to *Stats in Brief* available from Stats SA.

Rounding-off of figures

9 Where figures have been rounded off, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and the totals.

Historical data

Historical retail trade sales data are available on the Stats SA website. To access the data electronically, use the following link: Click to download historical data.

Past publications

Past retail trade sales releases are available on the Stats SA website. To access the releases electronically, use the following link:

<u>Click to download past releases.</u>

Technical notes

Survey methodology and design

The survey is conducted on a monthly basis. Questionnaires are sent to a sample of 1 891 enterprises from a population of 19 052 enterprises. Completed questionnaires are required to be returned to Stats SA within ten days after the end of the reference month. Email and telephone reminders are used to follow up on non-respondents.

A stratified random sample was drawn at the SIC four-digit level in April 2024 from Stats SA's statistical business register (SBR). Strata were formed using a combination of the Standard Industrial Classification and the measure of size classes for enterprises (see point three below).

The Neyman optimal allocation formula given below was used to allocate samples to each stratum:

$$nh = n * (Nh * Sh) / [\Sigma (Ni * Si)].$$

Neyman allocation formula not only allocates sample sizes to each stratum, but also calculates the relative precision for each stratum as well as the relative precision for all strata. The relative precision for these strata did not exceed 6,0%.

Class limits

3

5

The retail sampling frame is divided into four size groups. All large enterprises (size group one) are completely enumerated. Simple random sampling is applied to size groups two, three and four (medium, small and very small) enterprises. The total value of sales of the large enterprises (size group one) is added to the weighted totals of size groups two, three and four to reflect the total value of sales.

Measure of size classes (Rand)

Enterprise size	Size group	Lower limit	Upper limit	
Very small	4	2 585 491	10 000 000	
Small	Small 3		47 500 000	
Medium	2	47 500 001	97 500 000	
Large	1	97 500 001		

Sample weighting

For those strata not completely enumerated, the weights to produce estimates are the inverse ratio of the sampling fraction, modified to take account of non-response in the survey. Stratum estimates are calculated and then aggregated with the completely enumerated stratum to form group estimates. These procedures are consistent with international best practice.

Seasonal adjustment

Seasonally adjusted estimates are generated each month using the X-12 Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by the United States Census Bureau. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be recognised more clearly. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series, even after adjustment for seasonal variations. Therefore, the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. The X-12-ARIMA procedure for retail trade sales is described in more detail on the Stats SA website: Click to download seasonal adjustment retail trade sales January 2022.

Trend cycle

The trend is the long-term pattern or movement of a time series. The X-12 Seasonal Adjustment Program is used for smoothing seasonally adjusted estimates to estimate the underlying trend cycle.

STATISTICS SOUTH AFRICA 15 P6242.1

Constant prices

For February 2002 to January 2007 retail trade sales at constant prices were calculated using the consumer price index (CPI) for goods, excluding petrol and purchases of vehicles, for all urban areas to deflate total sales at current prices. From February 2008 onwards total retail trade sales at constant prices are obtained by adding up the deflated sales by type of retailer.

Retail trade sales at constant prices by type of retailer are obtained by deflating estimated sales at current prices by the relevant weighted price index. To obtain total retail trade sales at constant prices, estimates of the deflated sales for each type of retailer are aggregated.

Reliability of estimates

9 Data presented in this publication are based on information obtained from a sample and are, therefore, subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if the data had been obtained from all enterprises in the retail industry in South Africa. Estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors.

Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by enterprises and errors made in the collection and processing of the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as non-sampling errors. Every effort is made to minimise non-sampling errors by careful design of questionnaires, testing them in pilot studies, editing reported data and implementing efficient operating procedures. Fluctuations may occur in consecutive months as a result of seasonal and economic factors.

Relative standard error

One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error (SE), which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of enterprises was used. The relative standard error (RSE) provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer to the size of the estimate.

Estimates of total retail trade sales within 95% confidence limits - May 2025

	Lower limit (R million)	Sales (R million)	Upper limit (R million)	Relative standard error (RSE) (%)
Retail trade sales	120 347	122 933	125 519	1,0

Month-on-month percentage change

12

The month-on-month percentage change in a variable for any given month is the change between that month and the previous month, expressed as a percentage of the latter.

Year-on-year percentage change

The year-on-year percentage change in a variable for any given period is the change between that period and the corresponding period of the previous year, expressed as a percentage of the latter.

Contribution (percentage points)

The contribution (percentage points) to the year-on-year percentage change for any given period is calculated by multiplying the percentage change of each type of retailer by its corresponding weight, divided by 100. The weight is the percentage contribution of each type of retailer to total retail trade sales in the corresponding period of the previous year.

Glossary

Enterprise An enterprise is a legal entity or a combination of legal units that includes and directly

controls all functions necessary to carry out its sales activities.

Industry An industry is made up of enterprises engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic

activity. Industries are defined in the System of National Accounts (SNA) in the same way as in the Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth

Edition, Report No. 09-90-02 of January 1993.

Retail trade Retail trade includes the resale (sale without transformation) of new and used goods and

products to the general public for household use.

Retailer A retailer is an enterprise deriving more than 50% of its turnover from sales of goods to

the general public for household use.

Symbols and
abbreviationsCPIConsumer price indexGDPGross domestic product

ISIC International Standard Industrial Classification

SARS South African Revenue Service SBR Statistical Business Register

SIC Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities

SNA System of National Accounts
Stats SA Statistics South Africa
VAT Value-added tax
* Revised figures

Technical enquiries

Raquel Floris Telephone number: (012) 337 6488 / 066 470 2121

Email: raquelf@statssa.gov.za

JP Terblanche Telephone number: (012) 310 2965 / 066 470 2112

Email: juan-pierret@statssa.gov.za

General information

Stats SA publishes approximately 300 different statistical releases each year. It is not economically viable to produce them in more than one of South Africa's 12 official languages. Since the releases are used extensively locally and by international economic and social-scientific communities, Stats SA releases are published in English only.

Stats SA has copyright on this publication. Users may apply the information as they wish, provided that they acknowledge Stats SA as the source of the basic data wherever they process, apply, utilise, publish or distribute the data; and also that they specify that the relevant application and analysis (where applicable) result from their own processing of the data.

Advance release calendar

A release calendar is disseminated on www.statssa.gov.za.

Stats SA products

A complete set of Stats SA publications is available at the Stats SA Library and the following libraries:

National Library of South Africa, Pretoria Division
National Library of South Africa, Cape Town Division
Natal Society Library, Pietermaritzburg
Library of Parliament, Cape Town
Bloemfontein Public Library
Johannesburg Public Library
Eastern Cape Library Services, Qonce
Central Regional Library, Polokwane
Central Reference Library, Mbombela
Central Reference Collection, Kimberley
Central Reference Library, Mmabatho

Stats SA also provides a subscription service.

Electronic services

A large range of data is available via online services. For more details about our electronic services, contact Stats SA's user information service at (012) 310 8600.

You can also visit us on the internet at: www.statssa.gov.za.

General enquiries

User information services Telephone number: (012) 310 8600

Email: info@statssa.gov.za

Orders/subscription services Telephone number: (012) 310 8619

Email: millies@statssa.gov.za

Postal address Private Bag X44, Pretoria, 0001

Produced by Stats SA