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Fourth quarter 2023

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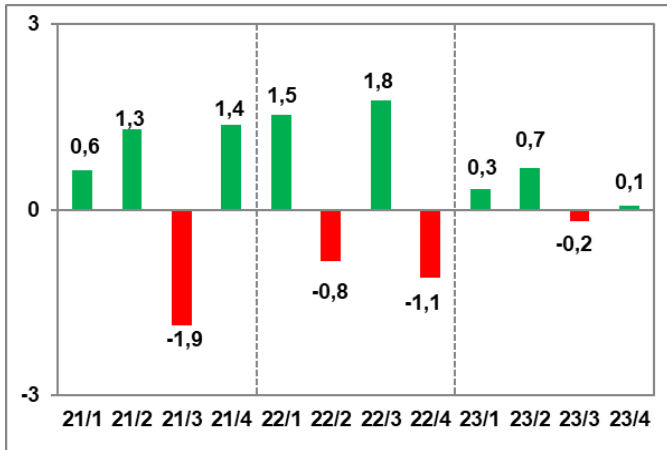
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Key findings for the fourth quarter of 2023

Real gross domestic product (GDP) measured by production, increased by 0,1%¹ in the fourth quarter of 2023, following a decrease of 0,2% in the third quarter of 2023.

Figure 1 – Growth in GDP (%)



Six industries recorded positive growth between the third quarter of 2023 and the fourth quarter of 2023.

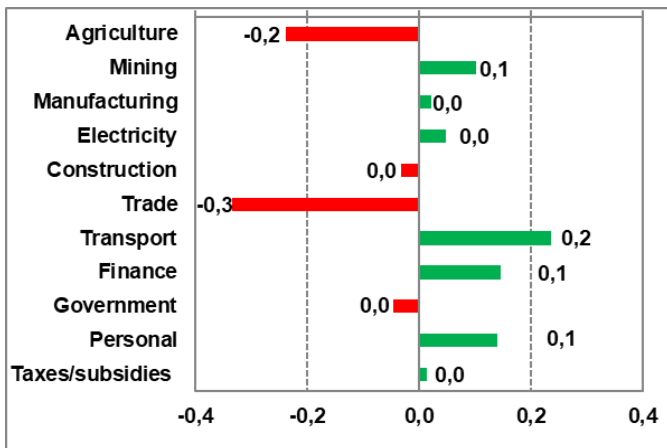
The transport, storage and communication industry increased by 2,9% and contributed 0,2 of a percentage point to GDP growth.

The finance industry increased by 0,6% and contributed 0,1 of a percentage point.

The personal services industry increased by 0,9% and contributed 0,1 of a percentage point.

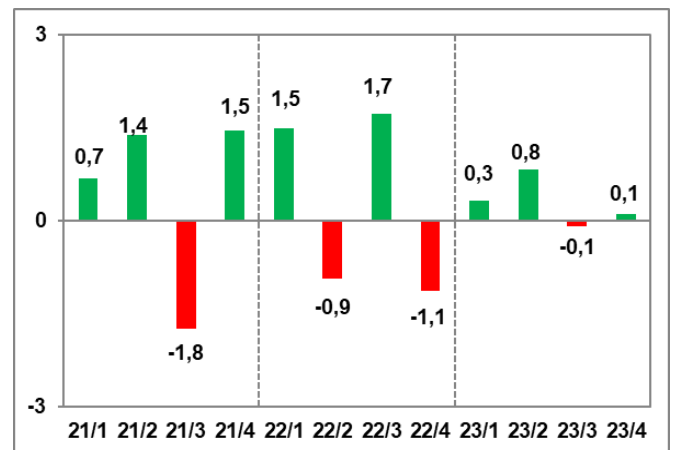
The trade, catering and accommodation industry was the main negative contributor, decreasing by 2,9% and contributing -0,3 of a percentage point.

Figure 2 – Contributions to growth in GDP, Q4 2023 (% points)



Expenditure on real GDP increased by 0,1% in the fourth quarter of 2023, following a decrease of 0,1% in the third quarter of 2023.

Figure 3 – Growth in expenditure on GDP (%)



Household final consumption expenditure increased by 0,2% in the fourth quarter of 2023, contributing 0,1 of a percentage point to the total growth.

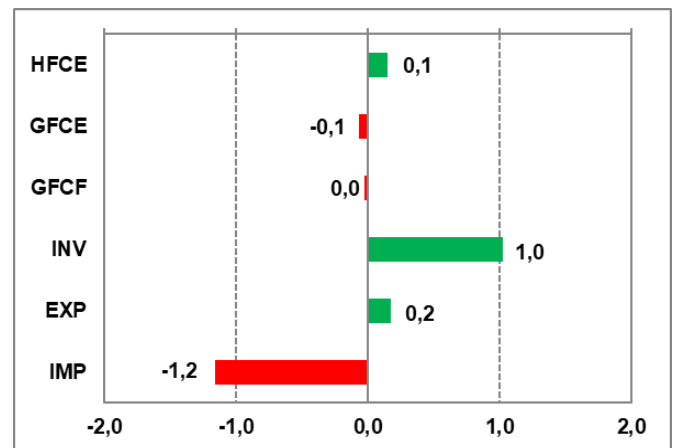
Government final consumption expenditure decreased by 0,3%, contributing -0,1 of a percentage point.

Gross fixed capital formation decreased by 0,2%.

Changes in inventories in the fourth quarter of 2023 contributed 1,0 percentage point.

Net exports contributed -1,0 percentage point, following increases of 0,6% and 4,0% in exports and imports respectively.

Figure 4 – Contributions to growth in expenditure on GDP, Q4 2023 (% points)



¹ Unless otherwise specified, growth rates are quarter-on-quarter, seasonally adjusted. All growth rates are calculated on the basis of series at constant prices.

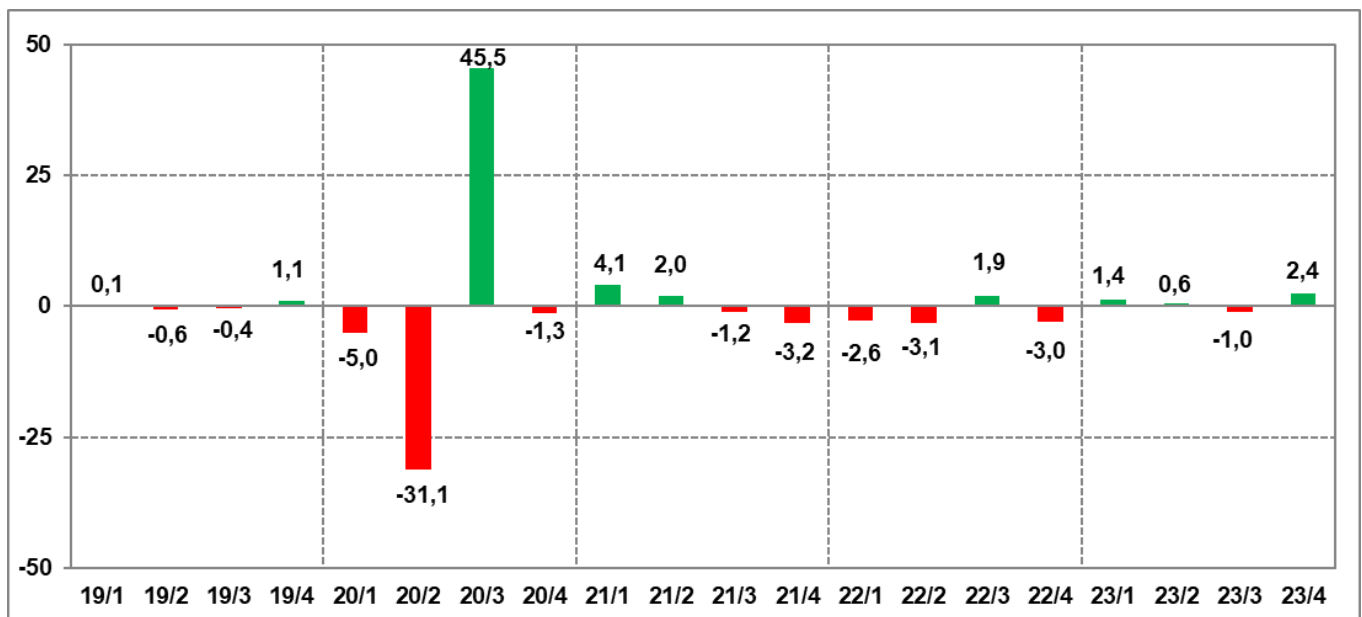
Gross domestic product at constant 2015 prices: Fourth quarter of 2023

Primary sector

The agriculture, forestry and fishing industry decreased by 9,7% in the fourth quarter of 2023, contributing -0,2 of a percentage point to GDP growth. This was primarily due to decreased economic activities reported for field crops, animal products and horticulture products.

The mining and quarrying industry increased by 2,4% in the fourth quarter, contributing 0,1 of a percentage point. Increased economic activities were reported for platinum group metals (PGMs), coal, chromium ore and diamonds.

Figure 5 – Mining and quarrying growth rate (%)



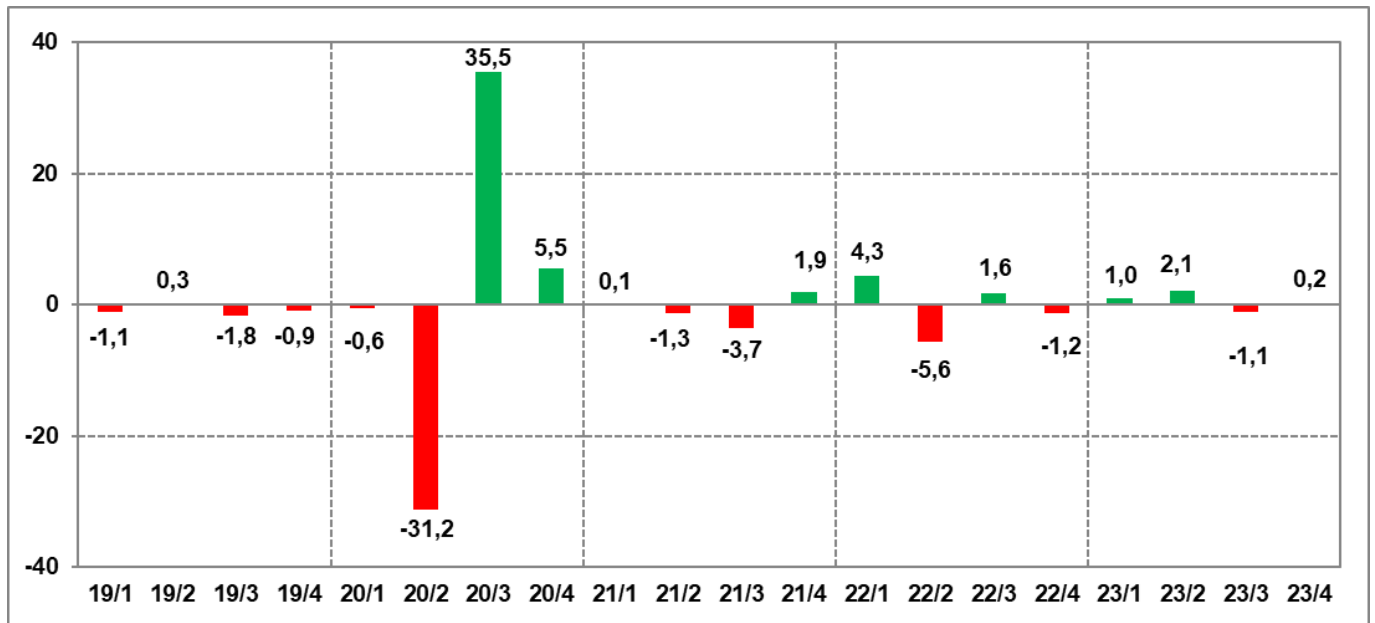
Secondary sector

The manufacturing industry increased by 0,2% in the fourth quarter of 2023. Six of the ten manufacturing divisions reported positive growth rates in the fourth quarter. The transport equipment division made the largest contribution to the increase in the fourth quarter. The food, beverages and tobacco division; wood and paper, publishing and printing division; and furniture and other manufacturing division also made significant contributions to the expansion in this industry.

The electricity, gas and water industry increased by 2,3% in the fourth quarter, largely due to increases in electricity production and consumption.

The construction industry decreased by 1,4% in the fourth quarter. Decreases were reported for residential buildings and construction works.

Figure 6 – Manufacturing growth rate (%)

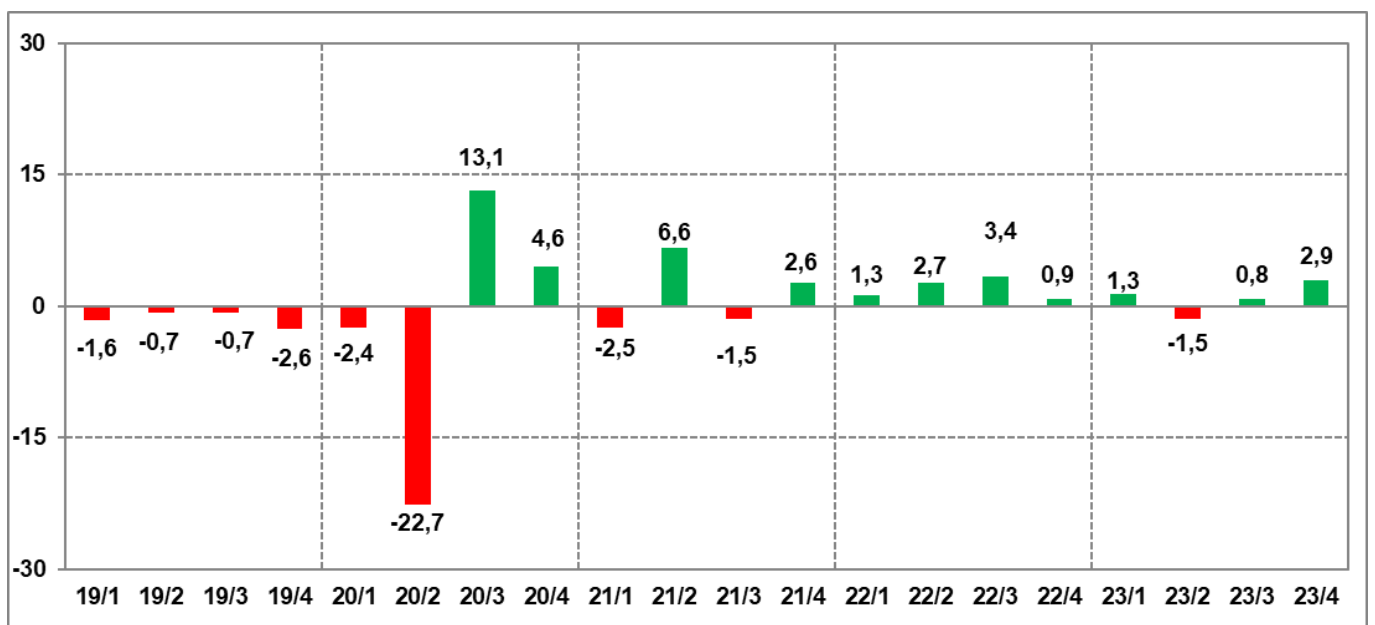


Tertiary sector

The trade, catering and accommodation industry decreased by 2,9% in the fourth quarter of 2023, contributing -0,3 of a percentage point to GDP growth. Decreased economic activities were reported for wholesale trade, retail trade, motor trade, accommodation and food and beverages.

The transport, storage and communication industry increased by 2,9% in the fourth quarter, contributing 0,2 of a percentage point to GDP growth. Increased economic activities were reported for land transport, air transport, transport support services and communications.

Figure 7 – Transport, storage and communication growth rate (%)



The finance, real estate and business services industry increased by 0,6% in the fourth quarter of 2023, contributing 0,1 of a percentage point. Increased economic activities were reported for financial intermediation, auxiliary activities, real estate activities and business services.

General government services decreased by 0,6% in the fourth quarter, mainly due to decreased employment in national government and local government.

The personal services industry increased by 0,9% in the fourth quarter, contributing 0,1 of a percentage point. Increased economic activities were reported for health and education.

Expenditure on gross domestic product at constant 2015 prices: Fourth quarter of 2023

Household final consumption expenditure (HFCE)

Household final consumption expenditure increased by 0,2% in the fourth quarter, contributing 0,1 of a percentage point to total growth. Increases were reported for durable goods and services.

The main positive contributors to the increase in HFCE were expenditures on the ‘other’ category² (3,1% and contributing 0,4 of a percentage point), transport (0,4% and contributing 0,1 of a percentage point) and communication (1,1% and contributing 0,1 of a percentage point).

The main negative contributors were expenditures on housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels; food and non-alcoholic beverages; clothing and footwear; and restaurants and hotels.

Figure 8a – HFCE growth rate (%)

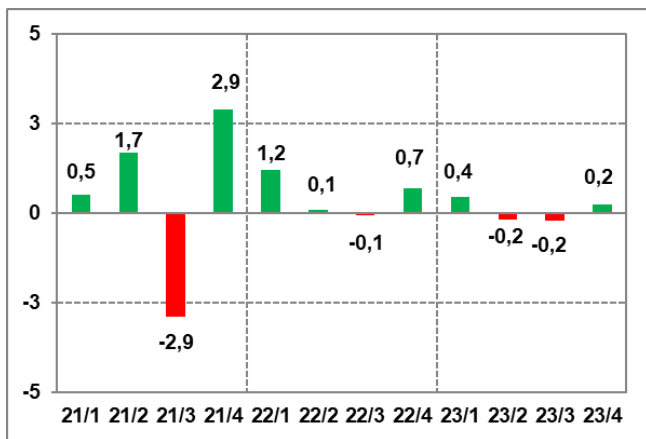
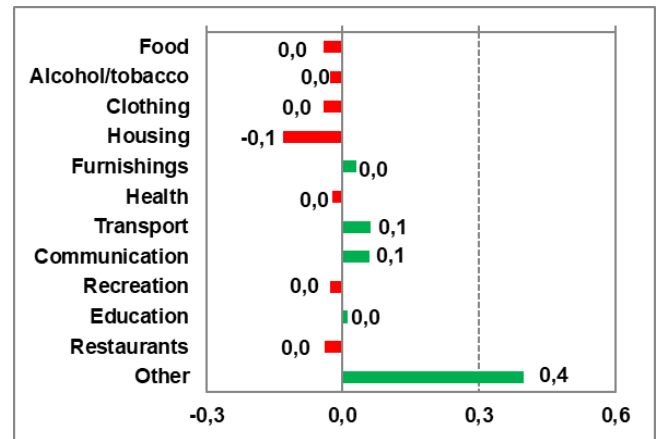


Figure 8b – HFCE contributions, Q4 2023 (% points)



Government final consumption expenditure (GFCE)

Final consumption expenditure by general government decreased by 0,3% in the fourth quarter, mainly driven by decreases in purchases of goods and services and compensation of employees.

² Given the sources used to estimate HFCE, spending by residents abroad needs to be added to HFCE. Hence, an increase in residents’ expenditure abroad increases the ‘other’ component of HFCE and makes a positive contribution to the HFCE growth rate.

Gross fixed capital formation (GFCF)

Total gross fixed capital formation decreased by 0,2% in the fourth quarter. The main negative contributors to the decrease were residential buildings (-3,9% and contributing -0,5 of a percentage point), transport equipment (-3,0% and contributing -0,3 of a percentage point), construction works (-1,1% and contributing -0,2 of a percentage point) and machinery and other equipment (-0,4% and contributing -0,2 of a percentage point).

Figure 9a – GFCF growth rate (%)

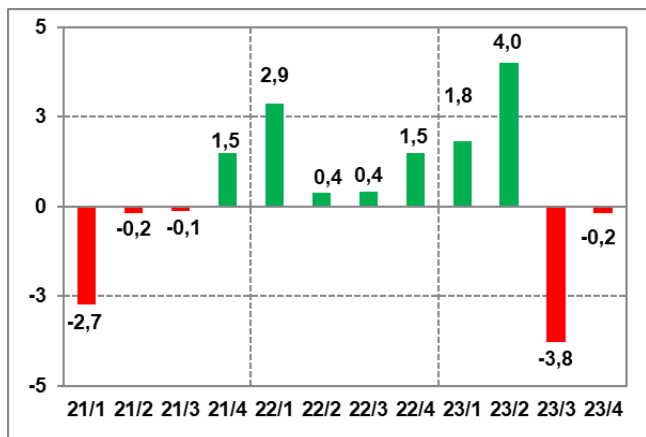
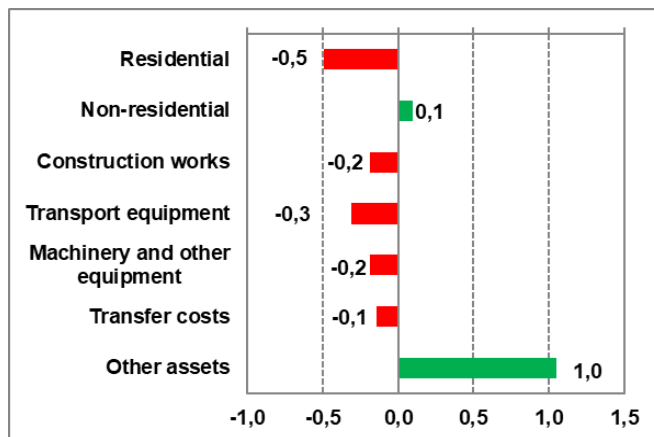


Figure 9b – GFCF contributions, Q4 2023 (% points)



Changes in inventories

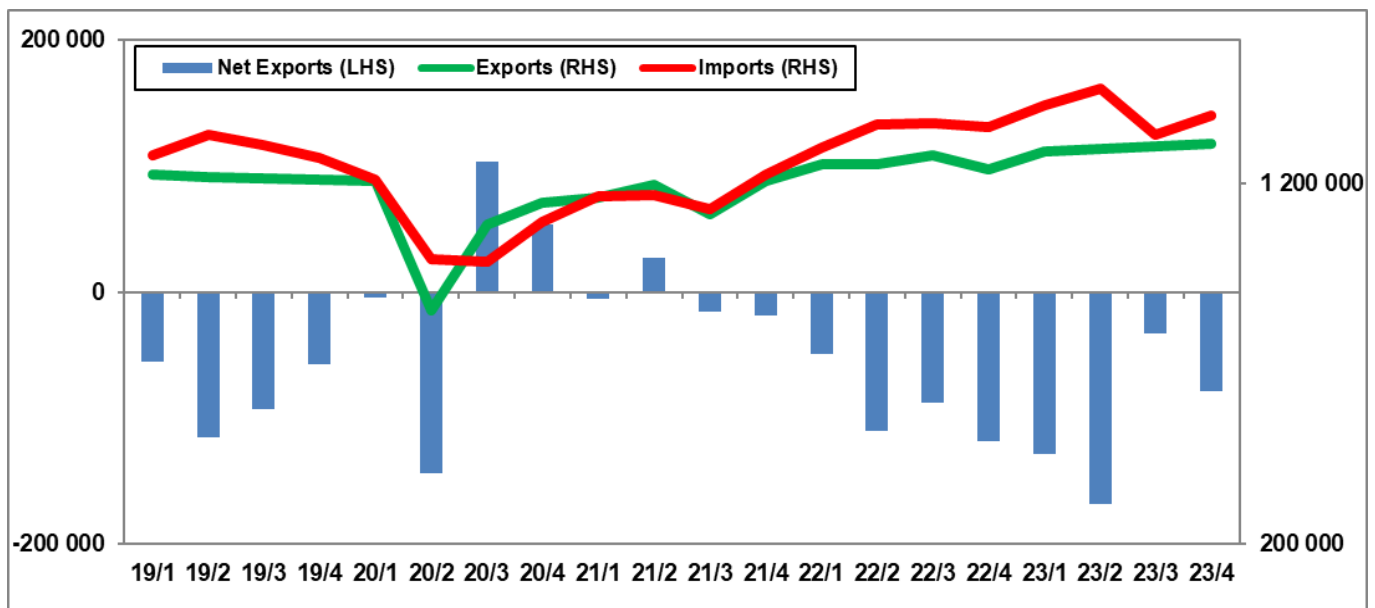
There was a R7,5 billion build-up of inventories in the fourth quarter of 2023 (seasonally adjusted and annualised value). Large increases in three industries, namely manufacturing; trade, catering and accommodation; and electricity gas and water, contributed to the inventory build-up.

Exports and imports of goods and services

Net exports contributed negatively to expenditure on GDP in the fourth quarter. Exports of goods and services increased by 0,6%, largely influenced by increased trade in prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco; vegetable products; chemical products; and base metals and articles of base metals.

Imports of goods and services increased by 4,0%, largely influenced by increased trade in mineral products; chemical products; and vegetable products.

Figure 10 – Exports and imports of goods and services (R million, seasonally adjusted and annualised)



Key findings for the annual estimates of 2023

Annual real GDP increased by 0,6% in 2023 following an increase of 1,9% in 2022

According to the latest preliminary indicators, real GDP increased by 0,6% in 2023, following an increase of 1,9% in 2022.

The annual increase in real GDP of 0,6% in 2023 was primarily led by higher economic activities in finance, real estate and business services, which contributed 0,4 of a percentage point based on growth of 1,8%; transport, storage and communication, which contributed 0,3 of a percentage point based on growth of 4,3%; personal services, which contributed 0,3 of a percentage point based on growth of 2,0%; and manufacturing, which contributed 0,1 of a percentage point based on growth of 0,5%.

The agriculture, forestry and fishing; trade, catering and accommodation; electricity, gas and water; and mining and quarrying divisions recorded negative growth in 2023.

Expenditure on GDP in 2023

Expenditure on GDP increased by 0,7% in 2023, following an increase of 1,9% in 2022.

Household final consumption expenditure increased by 0,7% and contributed 0,5 of a percentage point.

The main contributors to the growth of 0,7% in HFCE were expenditures on restaurants and hotels (20,3% and contributing 0,9 of a percentage point), health (3,6% and contributing 0,2 of a percentage point), clothing and footwear (5,0% and contributing 0,2 of a percentage point), communication (2,3% and contributing 0,1 of a percentage point), transport (0,5% and contributing 0,1 of a percentage point) and education (1,7% and contributing 0,1 of a percentage point).

Gross fixed capital formation increased by 4,2%, contributing 0,6 of a percentage point to total growth while changes in inventories contributed -0,6 of a percentage point to total growth.

Net exports contributed -0,2 of a percentage point to growth in expenditure on GDP.

Nominal GDP was estimated at R7 trillion for the year 2023

The nominal gross domestic product at market prices in 2023 was R6,97 trillion, which is R342 billion more than in 2022.

The most notable performances were as follows:

- manufacturing expanded by R87 billion to R901 billion;
- finance, real estate and business services expanded by R75 billion to R1 462 billion;
- trade, catering and accommodation expanded by R70 billion to R877 billion;
- general government services expanded by R42 billion to R552 billion;
- personal services expanded by R38 billion to R1 011 billion; and
- transport, storage and communication expanded by R36 billion to R487 billion.

Risenga Maluleke

Statistician-General

Table 1 – Industry value added and GDP (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted and annualised)

	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water	Construction	Trade, catering and accommodation	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, real estate and business services	General government services	Personal services	Total value added at basic prices	Taxes less subsidies	GDP at market prices
	R million												
2017	111 545	225 420	554 833	110 275	147 076	556 707	369 580	961 364	356 086	668 356	4 061 243	440 458	4 501 702
2018	112 095	223 613	563 250	111 280	144 861	562 325	380 339	994 663	362 957	672 452	4 127 833	443 950	4 571 783
2019	104 785	222 100	559 322	107 571	139 986	559 935	378 211	1 016 210	367 515	681 249	4 136 884	446 783	4 583 667
2020	123 482	194 863	493 681	101 365	115 076	492 829	320 394	1 025 152	371 405	669 642	3 907 890	402 436	4 310 327
2021	132 672	218 196	526 711	103 295	112 718	523 439	336 408	1 050 933	371 538	705 466	4 081 378	431 666	4 513 044
2022	133 843	202 605	524 771	100 745	108 906	541 821	364 246	1 087 014	371 730	724 014	4 159 695	439 566	4 599 261
2023	117 552	202 050	527 136	96 927	109 516	532 615	380 039	1 106 349	372 619	738 339	4 183 143	443 790	4 626 933
	R million (seasonally adjusted and annualised)												
2020 Q4	130 862	209 410	538 911	104 374	114 939	513 586	329 041	1 048 632	372 416	680 231	4 042 402	425 589	4 467 991
2021 Q1	137 442	217 925	539 278	103 510	115 264	517 485	320 884	1 055 338	372 609	686 975	4 066 710	429 931	4 496 641
2021 Q2	151 353	222 355	532 379	104 097	113 753	534 814	342 122	1 045 669	370 741	704 418	4 121 701	433 300	4 555 001
2021 Q3	112 377	219 782	512 789	104 407	112 451	510 430	336 929	1 054 064	371 864	705 972	4 041 067	428 516	4 469 583
2021 Q4	129 517	212 720	522 397	101 167	109 404	531 029	345 698	1 048 663	370 939	724 499	4 096 033	434 917	4 530 950
2022 Q1	128 333	207 111	545 039	103 654	108 779	546 402	350 170	1 068 628	375 670	725 884	4 159 671	440 696	4 600 368
2022 Q2	113 169	200 595	514 588	102 239	105 924	540 139	359 638	1 090 940	370 217	728 395	4 125 844	436 030	4 561 874
2022 Q3	148 696	204 439	522 970	99 533	110 236	546 409	372 004	1 102 791	371 757	721 417	4 200 252	442 547	4 642 800
2022 Q4	145 175	198 273	516 486	97 555	110 686	534 333	375 173	1 085 696	369 275	720 359	4 153 012	438 992	4 592 004
2023 Q1	124 359	200 959	521 662	96 710	111 812	538 688	380 164	1 094 562	370 607	726 427	4 165 951	441 162	4 607 113
2023 Q2	129 003	202 238	532 595	96 081	111 700	536 636	374 433	1 101 541	372 709	736 627	4 193 564	444 676	4 638 239
2023 Q3	113 943	200 134	526 641	96 362	108 024	535 277	377 314	1 111 284	374 637	741 907	4 185 523	444 246	4 629 769
2023 Q4	102 904	204 870	527 645	98 554	106 530	519 857	388 247	1 118 008	372 524	748 395	4 187 535	445 077	4 632 612

Table 2 – Growth rates in industry value added and GDP (constant 2015 prices and seasonally adjusted)

	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water	Construction	Trade, catering and accommodation	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, real estate and business services	General government services	Personal services	Total value added at basic prices	Taxes less subsidies	GDP at market prices
	% change year-on-year												
2017	19,1	2,4	-0,2	0,3	-5,7	-1,3	1,0	2,5	1,4	1,3	1,2	1,1	1,2
2018	0,5	-0,8	1,5	0,9	-1,5	1,0	2,9	3,5	1,9	0,6	1,6	0,8	1,6
2019	-6,5	-0,7	-0,7	-3,3	-3,4	-0,4	-0,6	2,2	1,3	1,3	0,2	0,6	0,3
2020	17,8	-12,3	-11,7	-5,8	-17,8	-12,0	-15,3	0,9	1,1	-1,7	-5,5	-9,9	-6,0
2021	7,4	12,0	6,7	1,9	-2,0	6,2	5,0	2,5	0,0	5,3	4,4	7,3	4,7
2022	0,9	-7,1	-0,4	-2,5	-3,4	3,5	8,3	3,4	0,1	2,6	1,9	1,8	1,9
2023	-12,2	-0,3	0,5	-3,8	0,6	-1,7	4,3	1,8	0,2	2,0	0,6	1,0	0,6
	% change quarter-on-quarter (seasonally adjusted)												
2020 Q4	8,1	-1,3	5,5	0,5	2,0	1,3	4,6	2,9	0,2	1,4	2,5	5,2	2,7
2021 Q1	5,0	4,1	0,1	-0,8	0,3	0,8	-2,5	0,6	0,1	1,0	0,6	1,0	0,6
2021 Q2	10,1	2,0	-1,3	0,6	-1,3	3,3	6,6	-0,9	-0,5	2,5	1,4	0,8	1,3
2021 Q3	-25,8	-1,2	-3,7	0,3	-1,1	-4,6	-1,5	0,8	0,3	0,2	-2,0	-1,1	-1,9
2021 Q4	15,3	-3,2	1,9	-3,1	-2,7	4,0	2,6	-0,5	-0,2	2,6	1,4	1,5	1,4
2022 Q1	-0,9	-2,6	4,3	2,5	-0,6	2,9	1,3	1,9	1,3	0,2	1,6	1,3	1,5
2022 Q2	-11,8	-3,1	-5,6	-1,4	-2,6	-1,1	2,7	2,1	-1,5	0,3	-0,8	-1,1	-0,8
2022 Q3	31,4	1,9	1,6	-2,6	4,1	1,2	3,4	1,1	0,4	-1,0	1,8	1,5	1,8
2022 Q4	-2,4	-3,0	-1,2	-2,0	0,4	-2,2	0,9	-1,6	-0,7	-0,1	-1,1	-0,8	-1,1
2023 Q1	-14,3	1,4	1,0	-0,9	1,0	0,8	1,3	0,8	0,4	0,8	0,3	0,5	0,3
2023 Q2	3,7	0,6	2,1	-0,7	-0,1	-0,4	-1,5	0,6	0,6	1,4	0,7	0,8	0,7
2023 Q3	-11,7	-1,0	-1,1	0,3	-3,3	-0,3	0,8	0,9	0,5	0,7	-0,2	-0,1	-0,2
2023 Q4	-9,7	2,4	0,2	2,3	-1,4	-2,9	2,9	0,6	-0,6	0,9	0,0	0,2	0,1

Table 3 – Contributions to growth in GDP (constant 2015 prices and seasonally adjusted)

	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water	Construction	Trade, catering and accommodation	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, real estate and business services	General government services	Personal services	Total value added at basic prices	Taxes less subsidies	GDP at market prices
	% points												
2017	0,4	0,1	0,0	0,0	-0,2	-0,2	0,1	0,5	0,1	0,2	1,0	0,1	1,2
2018	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,7	0,2	0,1	1,5	0,1	1,6
2019	-0,2	0,0	-0,1	-0,1	-0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,5	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,3
2020	0,4	-0,6	-1,4	-0,1	-0,5	-1,5	-1,3	0,2	0,1	-0,3	-5,0	-1,0	-6,0
2021	0,2	0,5	0,8	0,0	-0,1	0,7	0,4	0,6	0,0	0,8	4,0	0,7	4,7
2022	0,0	-0,3	0,0	-0,1	-0,1	0,4	0,6	0,8	0,0	0,4	1,7	0,2	1,9
2023	-0,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	-0,2	0,3	0,4	0,0	0,3	0,5	0,1	0,6
	% points												
2020 Q4	0,2	-0,1	0,6	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,3	0,7	0,0	0,2	2,3	0,5	2,7
2021 Q1	0,1	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,1	-0,2	0,2	0,0	0,2	0,5	0,1	0,6
2021 Q2	0,3	0,1	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,4	0,5	-0,2	0,0	0,4	1,2	0,1	1,3
2021 Q3	-0,9	-0,1	-0,4	0,0	0,0	-0,5	-0,1	0,2	0,0	0,0	-1,8	-0,1	-1,9
2021 Q4	0,4	-0,2	0,2	-0,1	-0,1	0,5	0,2	-0,1	0,0	0,4	1,2	0,1	1,4
2022 Q1	0,0	-0,1	0,5	0,1	0,0	0,3	0,1	0,4	0,1	0,0	1,4	0,1	1,5
2022 Q2	-0,3	-0,1	-0,7	0,0	-0,1	-0,1	0,2	0,5	-0,1	0,1	-0,7	-0,1	-0,8
2022 Q3	0,8	0,1	0,2	-0,1	0,1	0,1	0,3	0,3	0,0	-0,2	1,6	0,1	1,8
2022 Q4	-0,1	-0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	-0,3	0,1	-0,4	-0,1	0,0	-1,0	-0,1	-1,1
2023 Q1	-0,5	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,0	0,1	0,3	0,0	0,3
2023 Q2	0,1	0,0	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	-0,1	0,2	0,0	0,2	0,6	0,1	0,7
2023 Q3	-0,3	0,0	-0,1	0,0	-0,1	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,0	0,1	-0,2	0,0	-0,2
2023 Q4	-0,2	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	-0,3	0,2	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,1

Table 4 – Industry value added and GDP (constant 2015 prices)

	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water	Construction	Trade, catering and accommodation	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, real estate and business services	General government services	Personal services	Total value added at basic prices	Taxes less subsidies	GDP at market prices
	R million												
2017	111 545	225 420	554 833	110 275	147 076	556 707	369 580	961 364	356 086	668 356	4 061 243	440 458	4 501 702
2018	112 095	223 613	563 250	111 280	144 861	562 325	380 339	994 663	362 957	672 452	4 127 833	443 950	4 571 783
2019	104 785	222 100	559 322	107 571	139 986	559 935	378 211	1 016 210	367 515	681 249	4 136 884	446 783	4 583 667
2020	123 482	194 863	493 681	101 365	115 076	492 829	320 394	1 025 152	371 405	669 642	3 907 890	402 436	4 310 327
2021	132 672	218 196	526 711	103 295	112 718	523 439	336 408	1 050 933	371 538	705 466	4 081 378	431 666	4 513 044
2022	133 843	202 605	524 771	100 745	108 906	541 821	364 246	1 087 014	371 730	724 014	4 159 695	439 566	4 599 261
2023	117 552	202 050	527 136	96 927	109 516	532 615	380 039	1 106 349	372 619	738 339	4 183 143	443 790	4 626 933
	R million												
2020 Q4	19 816	54 172	141 379	26 892	29 067	145 664	84 725	262 158	93 270	166 556	1 023 699	108 612	1 132 310
2021 Q1	32 263	49 236	127 031	24 381	29 683	122 171	78 597	263 834	93 017	172 520	992 733	102 909	1 095 642
2021 Q2	49 603	57 211	130 728	26 209	27 490	127 370	84 617	261 417	92 855	177 927	1 035 428	108 714	1 144 142
2021 Q3	30 981	56 604	132 069	26 697	27 667	123 682	84 284	263 516	93 055	178 744	1 017 297	107 809	1 125 106
2021 Q4	19 825	55 145	136 883	26 008	27 878	150 217	88 911	262 166	92 611	176 275	1 035 919	112 234	1 148 153
2022 Q1	31 795	47 113	128 050	24 361	27 628	129 298	85 546	267 157	94 071	182 488	1 017 506	105 829	1 123 335
2022 Q2	39 715	51 496	126 057	25 797	25 923	129 125	89 617	272 735	92 522	184 493	1 037 481	109 253	1 146 733
2022 Q3	40 754	52 855	135 897	25 553	27 194	133 475	93 466	275 698	92 859	182 198	1 059 948	111 726	1 171 675
2022 Q4	21 579	51 141	134 767	25 034	28 161	149 923	95 618	271 424	92 279	174 834	1 044 760	112 758	1 157 518
2023 Q1	28 139	45 467	123 373	22 815	28 659	127 592	92 501	273 641	92 971	183 280	1 018 437	106 533	1 124 970
2023 Q2	46 693	51 936	130 896	24 104	27 264	128 162	93 080	275 385	93 164	185 924	1 056 608	110 936	1 167 544
2023 Q3	28 616	51 696	135 627	24 741	26 528	130 328	94 990	277 821	93 607	187 434	1 051 388	111 501	1 162 889
2023 Q4	14 104	52 951	137 240	25 267	27 065	146 534	99 469	279 502	92 878	181 700	1 056 710	114 820	1 171 530

Table 5 – Growth rates in industry value added and GDP (constant 2015 prices)

	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water	Construction	Trade, catering and accommodation	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, real estate and business services	General government services	Personal services	Total value added at basic prices	Taxes less subsidies	GDP at market prices
	% change year-on-year												
2017	19,1	2,4	-0,2	0,3	-5,7	-1,3	1,0	2,5	1,4	1,3	1,2	1,1	1,2
2018	0,5	-0,8	1,5	0,9	-1,5	1,0	2,9	3,5	1,9	0,6	1,6	0,8	1,6
2019	-6,5	-0,7	-0,7	-3,3	-3,4	-0,4	-0,6	2,2	1,3	1,3	0,2	0,6	0,3
2020	17,8	-12,3	-11,7	-5,8	-17,8	-12,0	-15,3	0,9	1,1	-1,7	-5,5	-9,9	-6,0
2021	7,4	12,0	6,7	1,9	-2,0	6,2	5,0	2,5	0,0	5,3	4,4	7,3	4,7
2022	0,9	-7,1	-0,4	-2,5	-3,4	3,5	8,3	3,4	0,1	2,6	1,9	1,8	1,9
2023	-12,2	-0,3	0,5	-3,8	0,6	-1,7	4,3	1,8	0,2	2,0	0,6	1,0	0,6
	% change year-on-year												
2020 Q4	17,3	-5,9	-2,5	-1,4	-17,0	-8,0	-10,8	0,6	0,9	0,1	-2,9	-5,2	-3,1
2021 Q1	5,0	2,7	-0,8	-1,4	-13,1	-5,4	-10,6	-1,6	0,4	0,4	-2,2	-3,7	-2,4
2021 Q2	25,8	50,7	42,6	13,0	14,7	33,9	23,0	8,9	0,2	9,5	18,3	28,1	19,2
2021 Q3	-7,6	3,3	-0,4	0,6	-0,8	0,7	6,8	3,4	0,2	6,0	2,4	5,6	2,7
2021 Q4	0,0	1,8	-3,2	-3,3	-4,1	3,1	4,9	0,0	-0,7	5,8	1,2	3,3	1,4
2022 Q1	-1,4	-4,3	0,8	-0,1	-6,9	5,8	8,8	1,3	1,1	5,8	2,5	2,8	2,5
2022 Q2	-19,9	-10,0	-3,6	-1,6	-5,7	1,4	5,9	4,3	-0,4	3,7	0,2	0,5	0,2
2022 Q3	31,5	-6,6	2,9	-4,3	-1,7	7,9	10,9	4,6	-0,2	1,9	4,2	3,6	4,1
2022 Q4	8,8	-7,3	-1,5	-3,7	1,0	-0,2	7,5	3,5	-0,4	-0,8	0,9	0,5	0,8
2023 Q1	-11,5	-3,5	-3,7	-6,3	3,7	-1,3	8,1	2,4	-1,2	0,4	0,1	0,7	0,1
2023 Q2	17,6	0,9	3,8	-6,6	5,2	-0,7	3,9	1,0	0,7	0,8	1,8	1,5	1,8
2023 Q3	-29,8	-2,2	-0,2	-3,2	-2,4	-2,4	1,6	0,8	0,8	2,9	-0,8	-0,2	-0,7
2023 Q4	-34,6	3,5	1,8	0,9	-3,9	-2,3	4,0	3,0	0,6	3,9	1,1	1,8	1,2

Table 6 – Expenditure on GDP (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted and annualised)

	Final consumption expenditure			Gross capital formation			Gross domestic expenditure	Exports of goods and services	Imports of goods and services	Expenditure on GDP
	Households	General government	Total	Gross fixed capital formation	Change in inventories	Total				
	R million									
2017	2 883 014	853 842	3 736 856	764 883	12 237	777 120	4 513 976	1 226 794	1 248 436	4 492 334
2018	2 974 191	863 117	3 837 308	755 594	12 090	767 684	4 604 993	1 260 509	1 291 871	4 573 631
2019	3 012 316	879 004	3 891 321	742 420	23 740	766 160	4 657 481	1 218 750	1 299 017	4 577 214
2020	2 827 579	887 166	3 714 746	633 822	-55 838	577 985	4 292 730	1 072 892	1 070 690	4 294 932
2021	2 992 578	891 561	3 884 139	637 876	-16 466	621 410	4 505 549	1 170 413	1 173 260	4 502 701
2022	3 066 585	900 045	3 966 630	668 460	44 292	712 752	4 679 381	1 256 903	1 347 992	4 588 292
2023	3 089 494	918 933	4 008 427	696 850	17 051	713 901	4 722 329	1 301 271	1 403 307	4 620 292
	R million (seasonally adjusted and annualised)									
2020 Q4	2 962 817	890 040	3 852 857	654 676	-111 844	542 832	4 395 689	1 148 109	1 094 400	4 449 398
2021 Q1	2 977 685	884 835	3 862 520	636 859	-14 266	622 593	4 485 113	1 161 360	1 166 529	4 479 944
2021 Q2	3 027 946	889 515	3 917 461	635 636	-38 506	597 130	4 514 592	1 197 128	1 170 039	4 541 681
2021 Q3	2 939 865	894 942	3 834 806	634 742	7 719	642 461	4 477 267	1 115 181	1 130 297	4 462 151
2021 Q4	3 024 816	896 953	3 921 769	644 266	-20 812	623 454	4 545 222	1 207 983	1 226 177	4 527 029
2022 Q1	3 060 781	905 316	3 966 097	662 764	14 363	677 128	4 643 225	1 252 860	1 301 602	4 594 483
2022 Q2	3 062 878	897 410	3 960 287	665 244	35 683	700 927	4 661 215	1 255 486	1 365 530	4 551 171
2022 Q3	3 060 810	901 826	3 962 636	667 981	86 941	754 922	4 717 558	1 280 147	1 367 695	4 630 011
2022 Q4	3 081 872	895 626	3 977 499	677 849	40 180	718 029	4 695 528	1 239 117	1 357 140	4 577 505
2023 Q1	3 095 429	904 556	3 999 985	690 117	30 905	721 022	4 721 007	1 290 706	1 419 213	4 592 500
2023 Q2	3 089 994	921 548	4 011 542	717 637	69 519	787 156	4 798 699	1 296 751	1 464 742	4 630 708
2023 Q3	3 082 836	926 321	4 009 157	690 446	-39 736	650 710	4 659 867	1 304 790	1 337 914	4 626 743
2023 Q4	3 089 718	923 307	4 013 026	689 202	7 515	696 717	4 709 743	1 312 836	1 391 361	4 631 218

Table 7 – Growth rates in expenditure on GDP (constant 2015 prices and seasonally adjusted)

	Final consumption expenditure			Gross fixed capital formation	Gross capital formation	Gross domestic expenditure	Exports of goods and services	Imports of goods and services	Expenditure on GDP	
	Households	General government	Total							
	% change year-on-year									
2017	1,7	-0,3	1,3	-2,0	3,0	1,5	-0,3	1,5	1,0	
2018	3,2	1,1	2,7	-1,2	-1,2	2,0	2,7	3,5	1,8	
2019	1,3	1,8	1,4	-1,7	-0,2	1,1	-3,3	0,6	0,1	
2020	-6,1	0,9	-4,5	-14,6	-24,6	-7,8	-12,0	-17,6	-6,2	
2021	5,8	0,5	4,6	0,6	7,5	5,0	9,1	9,6	4,8	
2022	2,5	1,0	2,1	4,8	14,7	3,9	7,4	14,9	1,9	
2023	0,7	2,1	1,1	4,2	0,2	0,9	3,5	4,1	0,7	
	% change quarter-on-quarter (seasonally adjusted)									
2020 Q4	3,5	0,4	2,8	4,8	13,0	3,9	5,6	11,2	2,7	
2021 Q1	0,5	-0,6	0,3	-2,7	14,7	2,0	1,2	6,6	0,7	
2021 Q2	1,7	0,5	1,4	-0,2	-4,1	0,7	3,1	0,3	1,4	
2021 Q3	-2,9	0,6	-2,1	-0,1	7,6	-0,8	-6,8	-3,4	-1,8	
2021 Q4	2,9	0,2	2,3	1,5	-3,0	1,5	8,3	8,5	1,5	
2022 Q1	1,2	0,9	1,1	2,9	8,6	2,2	3,7	6,2	1,5	
2022 Q2	0,1	-0,9	-0,1	0,4	3,5	0,4	0,2	4,9	-0,9	
2022 Q3	-0,1	0,5	0,1	0,4	7,7	1,2	2,0	0,2	1,7	
2022 Q4	0,7	-0,7	0,4	1,5	-4,9	-0,5	-3,2	-0,8	-1,1	
2023 Q1	0,4	1,0	0,6	1,8	0,4	0,5	4,2	4,6	0,3	
2023 Q2	-0,2	1,9	0,3	4,0	9,2	1,6	0,5	3,2	0,8	
2023 Q3	-0,2	0,5	-0,1	-3,8	-17,3	-2,9	0,6	-8,7	-0,1	
2023 Q4	0,2	-0,3	0,1	-0,2	7,1	1,1	0,6	4,0	0,1	

Table 8 – Contributions to growth in expenditure on GDP (constant 2015 prices and seasonally adjusted)

	Final consumption expenditure			Gross capital formation			Gross domestic expenditure	Exports of goods and services	Imports of goods and services	Expenditure on GDP
	Households	General government	Total	Gross fixed capital formation	Change in inventories	Total				
	% points									
2017	1,1	-0,1	1,0	-0,4	0,9	0,5	1,5	-0,1	-0,4	1,0
2018	2,0	0,2	2,2	-0,2	0,0	-0,2	2,0	0,8	-1,0	1,8
2019	0,8	0,3	1,2	-0,3	0,3	0,0	1,1	-0,9	-0,2	0,1
2020	-4,0	0,2	-3,9	-2,4	-1,7	-4,1	-8,0	-3,2	5,0	-6,2
2021	3,8	0,1	3,9	0,1	0,9	1,0	5,0	2,3	-2,4	4,8
2022	1,6	0,2	1,8	0,7	1,3	2,0	3,9	1,9	-3,9	1,9
2023	0,5	0,4	0,9	0,6	-0,6	0,0	0,9	1,0	-1,2	0,7
	% points									
2020 Q4	2,3	0,1	2,4	0,7	0,8	1,4	3,8	1,4	-2,5	2,7
2021 Q1	0,3	-0,1	0,2	-0,4	2,2	1,8	2,0	0,3	-1,6	0,7
2021 Q2	1,1	0,1	1,2	0,0	-0,5	-0,6	0,7	0,8	-0,1	1,4
2021 Q3	-1,9	0,1	-1,8	0,0	1,0	1,0	-0,8	-1,8	0,9	-1,8
2021 Q4	1,9	0,0	1,9	0,2	-0,6	-0,4	1,5	2,1	-2,1	1,5
2022 Q1	0,8	0,2	1,0	0,4	0,8	1,2	2,2	1,0	-1,7	1,5
2022 Q2	0,0	-0,2	-0,1	0,1	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,1	-1,4	-0,9
2022 Q3	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,1	1,1	1,2	1,2	0,5	0,0	1,7
2022 Q4	0,5	-0,1	0,3	0,2	-1,0	-0,8	-0,5	-0,9	0,2	-1,1
2023 Q1	0,3	0,2	0,5	0,3	-0,2	0,1	0,6	1,1	-1,4	0,3
2023 Q2	-0,1	0,4	0,3	0,6	0,8	1,4	1,7	0,1	-1,0	0,8
2023 Q3	-0,2	0,1	-0,1	-0,6	-2,4	-2,9	-3,0	0,2	2,7	-0,1
2023 Q4	0,1	-0,1	0,1	0,0	1,0	1,0	1,1	0,2	-1,2	0,1

Table 9 – Expenditure on GDP (constant 2015 prices)

	Final consumption expenditure			Gross capital formation			Gross domestic expenditure	Exports of goods and services	Imports of goods and services	Expenditure on GDP
	Households	General government	Total	Gross fixed capital formation	Change in inventories	Total				
	R million									
2017	2 883 014	853 842	3 736 856	764 883	12 237	777 120	4 513 976	1 226 794	1 248 436	4 492 334
2018	2 974 191	863 117	3 837 308	755 594	12 090	767 684	4 604 993	1 260 509	1 291 871	4 573 631
2019	3 012 316	879 004	3 891 321	742 420	23 740	766 160	4 657 481	1 218 750	1 299 017	4 577 214
2020	2 827 579	887 166	3 714 746	633 822	-55 838	577 985	4 292 730	1 072 892	1 070 690	4 294 932
2021	2 992 578	891 561	3 884 139	637 876	-16 466	621 410	4 505 549	1 170 413	1 173 260	4 502 701
2022	3 066 585	900 045	3 966 630	668 460	44 292	712 752	4 679 381	1 256 903	1 347 992	4 588 292
2023	3 089 494	918 933	4 008 427	696 850	17 051	713 901	4 722 329	1 301 271	1 403 307	4 620 292
	R million									
2020 Q4	778 848	225 285	1 004 132	167 202	-38 932	128 270	1 132 403	291 669	279 175	1 144 897
2021 Q1	725 012	222 106	947 118	157 994	-14 838	143 156	1 090 274	272 222	282 910	1 079 586
2021 Q2	741 086	218 624	959 710	154 717	-1 892	152 826	1 112 536	301 479	285 497	1 128 518
2021 Q3	727 640	223 422	951 062	160 667	16 029	176 697	1 127 759	289 155	293 846	1 123 067
2021 Q4	798 840	227 409	1 026 249	164 497	-15 765	148 732	1 174 980	307 557	311 007	1 171 531
2022 Q1	745 618	227 544	973 162	164 856	-7 701	157 156	1 130 318	293 990	315 179	1 109 128
2022 Q2	751 032	220 334	971 365	161 414	16 442	177 855	1 149 221	314 951	334 003	1 130 169
2022 Q3	758 282	225 358	983 639	170 015	35 835	205 850	1 189 489	333 365	354 864	1 167 990
2022 Q4	811 654	226 809	1 038 463	172 174	-284	171 890	1 210 354	314 597	343 945	1 181 005
2023 Q1	751 617	227 721	979 338	171 509	-3 482	168 026	1 147 365	304 189	343 565	1 107 989
2023 Q2	757 695	225 834	983 528	174 040	25 002	199 043	1 182 571	323 996	359 041	1 147 526
2023 Q3	763 977	231 291	995 268	175 407	4 185	179 593	1 174 860	341 165	347 629	1 168 396
2023 Q4	816 206	234 088	1 050 293	175 894	-8 655	167 239	1 217 533	331 920	353 071	1 196 381

Table 10 – Growth rates in expenditure on GDP (constant 2015 prices)

	Final consumption expenditure			Gross fixed capital formation	Gross capital formation	Gross domestic expenditure	Exports of goods and services	Imports of goods and services	Expenditure on GDP
	Households	General government	Total						
	% change year-on-year								
2017	1,7	-0,3	1,3	-2,0	3,0	1,5	-0,3	1,5	1,0
2018	3,2	1,1	2,7	-1,2	-1,2	2,0	2,7	3,5	1,8
2019	1,3	1,8	1,4	-1,7	-0,2	1,1	-3,3	0,6	0,1
2020	-6,1	0,9	-4,5	-14,6	-24,6	-7,8	-12,0	-17,6	-6,2
2021	5,8	0,5	4,6	0,6	7,5	5,0	9,1	9,6	4,8
2022	2,5	1,0	2,1	4,8	14,7	3,9	7,4	14,9	1,9
2023	0,7	2,1	1,1	4,2	0,2	0,9	3,5	4,1	0,7
	% change year-on-year								
2020 Q4	-3,2	0,3	-2,4	-9,9	-25,5	-5,7	-6,3	-13,8	-3,7
2021 Q1	-2,2	-0,8	-1,9	-9,9	-4,4	-2,2	-4,4	-3,6	-2,4
2021 Q2	24,0	1,0	17,9	16,0	-6,8	13,7	41,9	18,2	18,9
2021 Q3	2,6	0,9	2,2	1,7	29,9	5,7	1,8	14,6	2,6
2021 Q4	2,6	0,9	2,2	-1,6	16,0	3,8	5,4	11,4	2,3
2022 Q1	2,8	2,4	2,7	4,3	9,8	3,7	8,0	11,4	2,7
2022 Q2	1,3	0,8	1,2	4,3	16,4	3,3	4,5	17,0	0,1
2022 Q3	4,2	0,9	3,4	5,8	16,5	5,5	15,3	20,8	4,0
2022 Q4	1,6	-0,3	1,2	4,7	15,6	3,0	2,3	10,6	0,8
2023 Q1	0,8	0,1	0,6	4,0	6,9	1,5	3,5	9,0	-0,1
2023 Q2	0,9	2,5	1,3	7,8	11,9	2,9	2,9	7,5	1,5
2023 Q3	0,8	2,6	1,2	3,2	-12,8	-1,2	2,3	-2,0	0,0
2023 Q4	0,6	3,2	1,1	2,2	-2,7	0,6	5,5	2,7	1,3

Explanatory notes

Forthcoming issues	Issue:	Expected date of publication:
	First quarter 2024	4 June 2024
	Second quarter 2024	3 September 2024
	Third quarter 2024	3 December 2024
	Fourth quarter 2024	4 March 2025
Reference documents	Information related to the compilation of the GDP estimates is available in the National Accounts: Sources and Methods document on the Stats SA website: http://www.statssa.gov.za/publications/Report%2004-04-04/Report%2004-04-042021.pdf .	

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