











### Revisions for Q1: 2019

**GDP** production







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**GDP** production

	Industry	Previous	Revised	Difference	
	illausti y		Q-Q growth		
ф	General government services	1,2	2,4	1,2	
	Construction	-2,2	-2,0	0,2	
No change	Manufacturing	-8,8	-8,8	0,0	
	Mining and quarrying	-10,8	-10,8	0,0	
	Trade, catering and accommodation	-3,6	-3,6	0,0	
	Transport, storage and communication	-4,4	-4,4	0,0	
	Finance, real estate and business services	1,1	1,1	0,0	
	Manufacturing -8,8  Mining and quarrying -10,8  Trade, catering and accommodation -3,6  Transport, storage and communication -4,4  Finance, real estate and business services 1,1  Personal services 1,1  Electricity, gas and water -6,9  Agriculture, forestry and fishing -13,2	1,1	0,0		
Down	Electricity, gas and water	-6,9	-7,4	-0,4	
	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-13,2	-16,8	-3,6	
Total value added at basic prices		-3,2	-3,1	0,1	
Taxes less subsidies on products		-3,1	-2,8	0,3	
GDP at	market prices	-3,2	-3,1	0,1	

The differences between previous and revised data may not necessarily add up due to rounding-off.





# Growth figures for Q2: 2019



in Q2: 2019
(quarter-on-quarter)
Seasonally adjusted and annualised



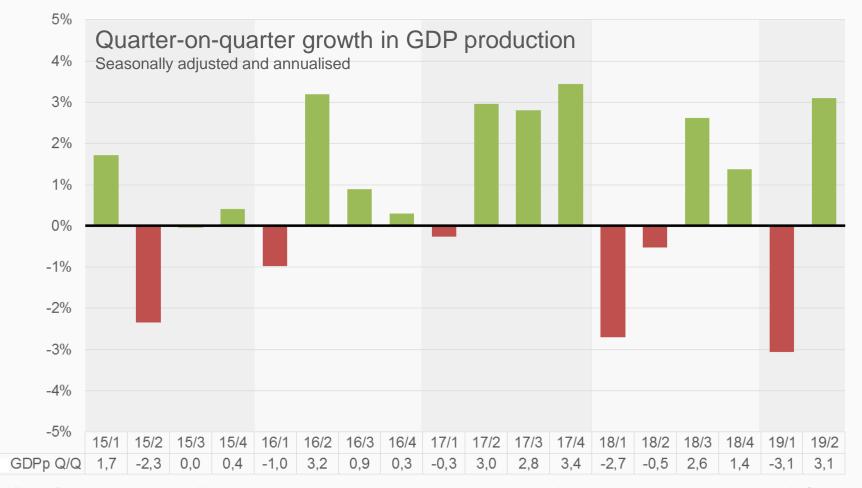
in Q2: 2019 (year-on-year) unadjusted



in Q2: 2019 (6 month-6 month) Unadjusted, year-on-year



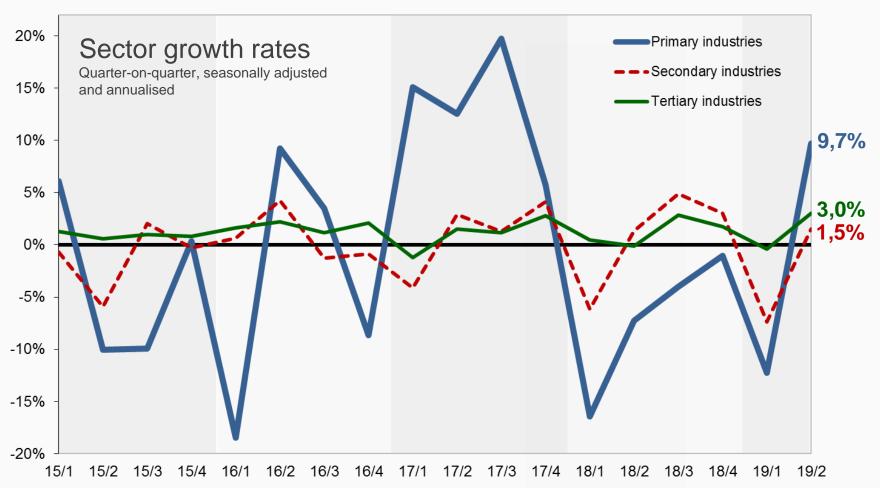




Mining; finance, real estate and business services; trade and government services were the main drivers behind the 3,1% rise in Q2: 2019



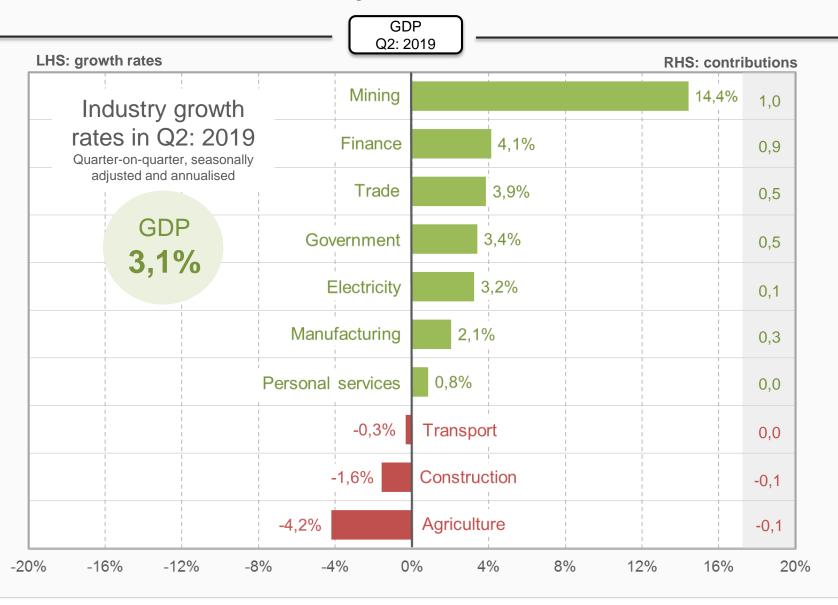




The primary, secondary and tertiary sectors all recorded positive growth rates in Q2: 2019



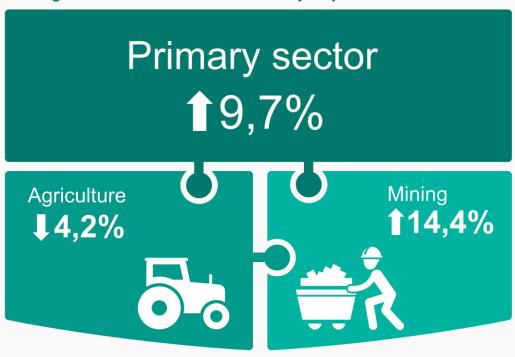








Q/Q growth in Q2: 2019, seasonally adjusted and annualised



Agriculture: Decreased production was reported for field crops and horticultural products

Mining: Iron ore, manganese ore and coal were the main drivers behind the 14,4% rise in mining production





Q/Q growth in Q2: 2019, seasonally adjusted and annualised



Manufacturing: Food and beverages; basic iron, steel and machinery; and motor vehicles and parts were the main drivers of growth in Q2: 2019

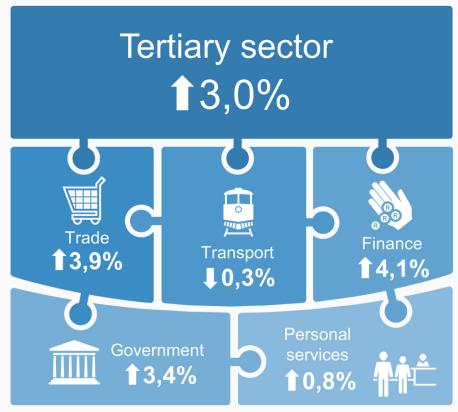
Electricity, gas and water: A rise in the volume of electricity distributed pushed overall growth up by 3,2%

Construction: A decline in activity was reported for non-residential buildings and construction works





Q/Q growth in Q2: 2019, seasonally adjusted and annualised



**Trade**: Buoyant wholesale, retail, motor trade sales and accommodation services contributed to the 3,9% rise in the trade industry

Transport: Decreased activity was reported for land transport and transport support services

Finance: Financial intermediation, real estate activities and business services contributed to growth

Government: The rise in government was partly attributed to increasing employment numbers in the civil service





GDP Q2: 2019

# Nominal GDP values for Q2: 2019





Nominal GDP was estimated at R1,26 trillion in Q2: 2019, up by R60 billion from Q1: 2019



Agriculture was up by R16 billion to R36 billion



Electricity, gas and water was up by R11 billion to R52 billion



**Government** was up by R10 billion to R207 billion

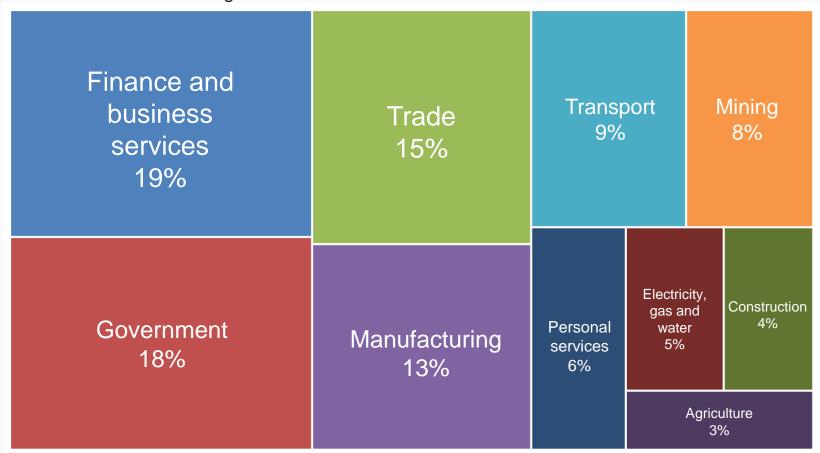


Mining was up by R8 billion to R89 billion





# Which are the largest (and smallest) industries in South Africa? Percentage contribution to total nominal value added in Q2: 2019



Percentages have been rounded and may not sum to 100%











### Revisions for Q1: 2019

Expenditure on GDP







### Revisions for Q1: 2019

Expenditure on GDP

	Component	Previous	Revised	Diffe	rence
	Component	Q-Q growth			
	GFCE	1,3	2,0		0,7
д	GFCF	-4,5	-4,1		0,4
	HFCE	-0,8	-0,6		0,3
Down	Imports	-4,8	-5,1		-0,3
	Exports	-26,4	-27,0		-0,6
Gross	domestic expenditure	4,3 4,4		0,1	
Expen	diture on GDP	-3,4 -3,4		0,0	

Change in inventories (R billion)	-11,6	-13,7	-2,1
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The differences between previous and revised data may not necessarily add up due to rounding-off





### Growth figures for Q2: 2019



in Q2: 2019
(quarter-on-quarter)
Seasonally adjusted and annualised



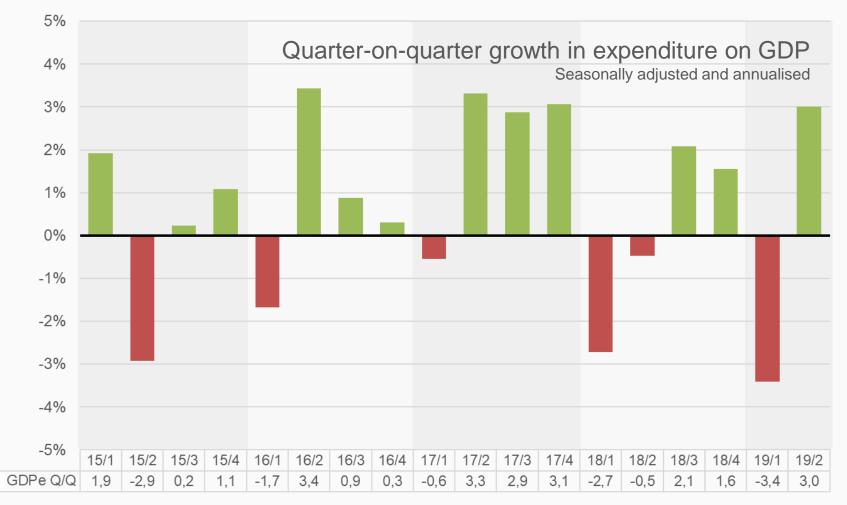
in Q2: 2019 (year-on-year) Unadjusted



(6 month-6 month) Unadjusted, year-on-year



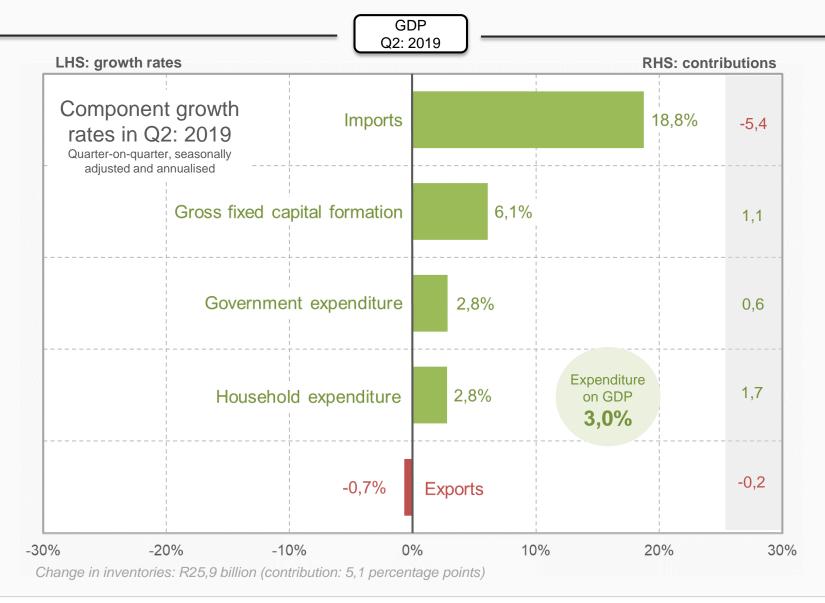




Growth in Q2: 2019 was spurred on by a build-up of inventories, household expenditure, gross fixed capital formation and government expenditure











Household final consumption expenditure (HFCE)

2,8%

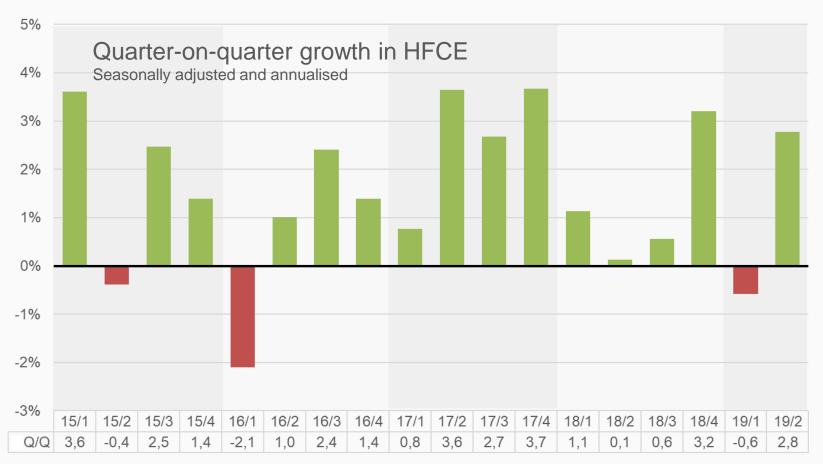
in Q2: 2019

(quarter-on-quarter)

Seasonally adjusted and annualised



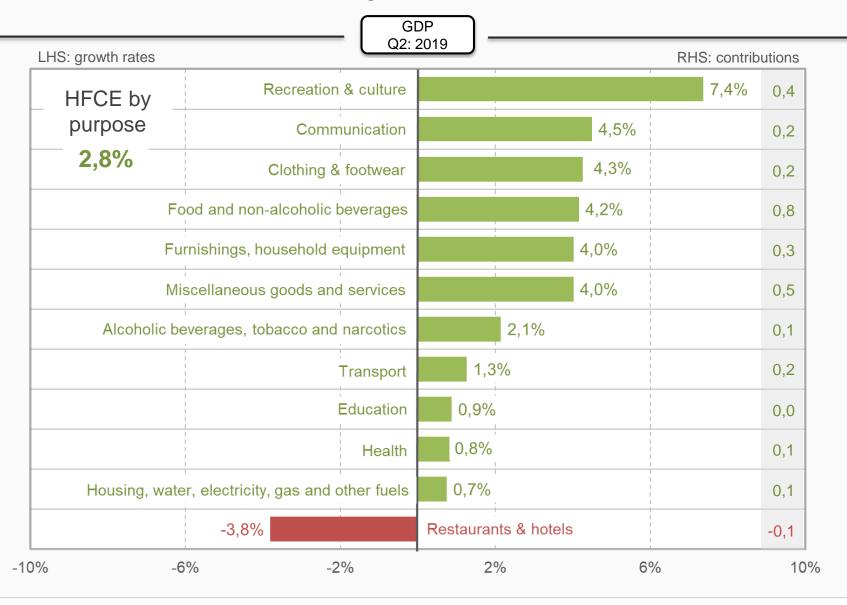




Household consumption expenditure increased by 2,8% in Q2: 2019, in line with a rise in retail trade and new motor vehicle sales

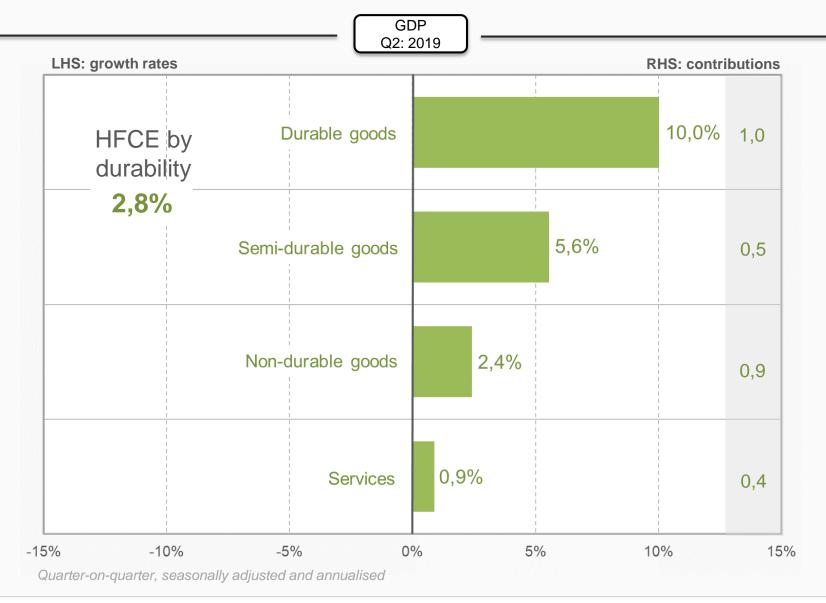






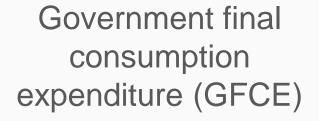












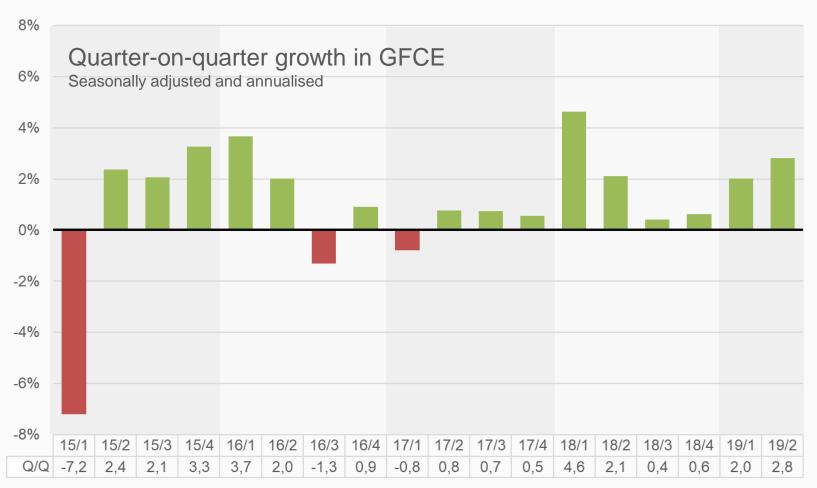
2,8%

in Q2: 2019
(quarter-on-quarter)
Seasonally adjusted and annualised





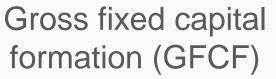




An rise in civil service employment contributed to the 2,8% increase in Q2: 2019







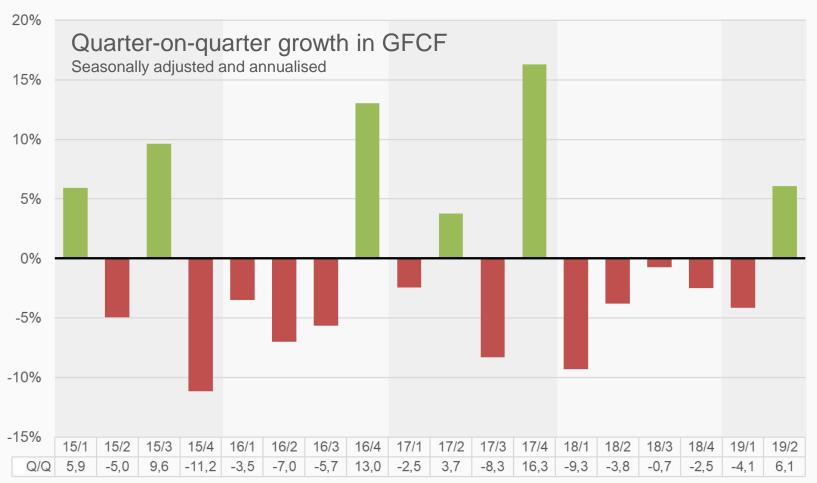
6,1%

in Q2: 2019
(quarter-on-quarter)
Seasonally adjusted and annualised





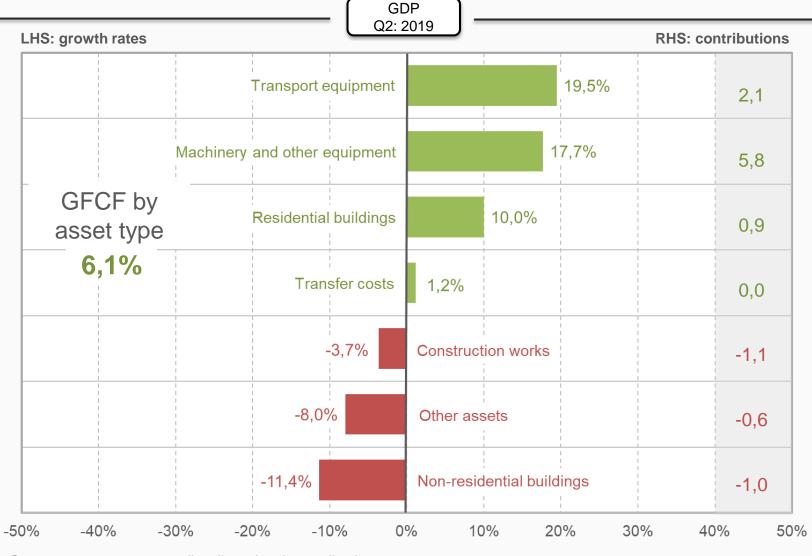




Fixed capital formation grew by 6,1% in Q2: 2019, driven largely by investments in machinery and equipment, transport equipment and residential buildings







Quarter-on-quarter, seasonally adjusted and annualised





# Change in inventories

R25 999 million

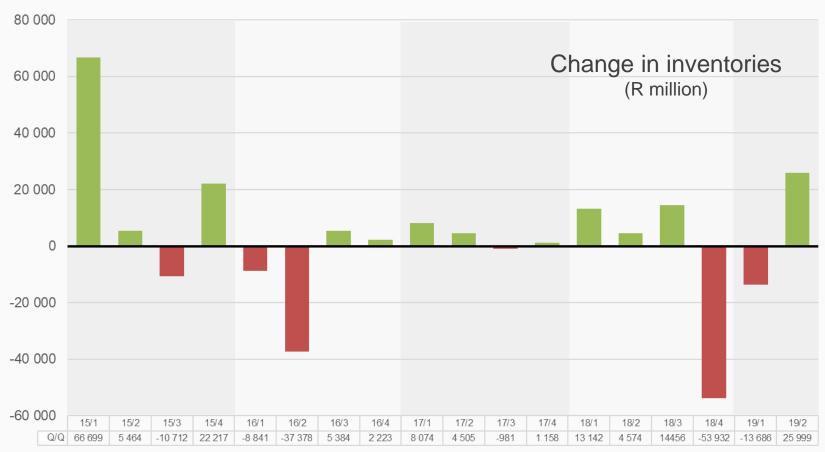
in Q2: 2019

(quarter-on-quarter)

Seasonally adjusted and annualised







In Q2: 2019, the were large inventory build-ups for the mining and trade









(quarter-on-quarter)

Seasonally adjusted and annualised

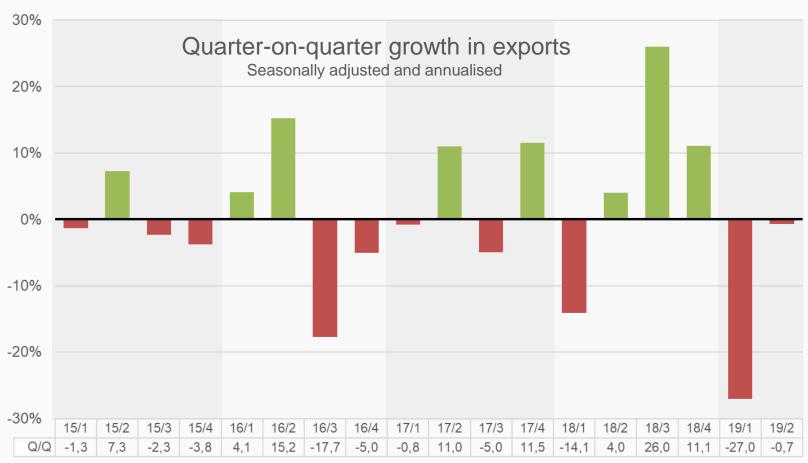




in Q2: 2019
(quarter-on-quarter)
Seasonally adjusted and annualised





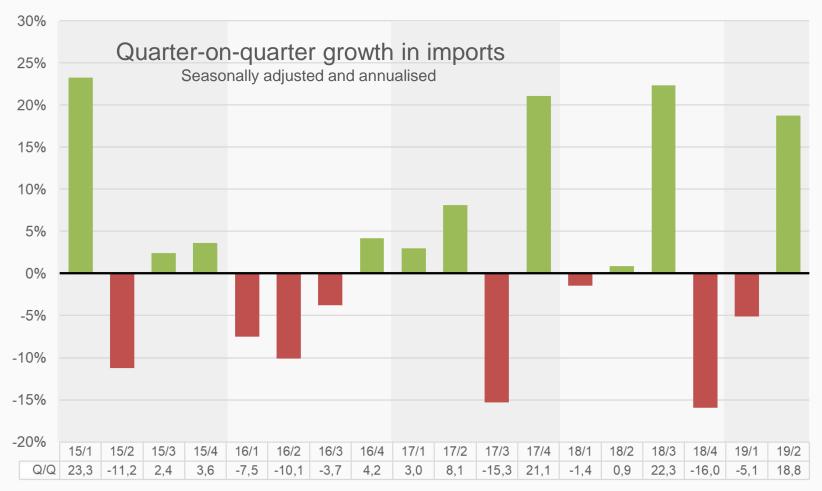


Exports decreased by 0,7% in Q2: 2019, largely influenced by a fall in the trade of pearls, precious & semi-precious stones





GDP Q2: 2019



Imports of goods and services jumped by 18,8% in Q2: 2019, driven mostly by a rise in trade of machinery and electrical equipment, mineral products and chemical products



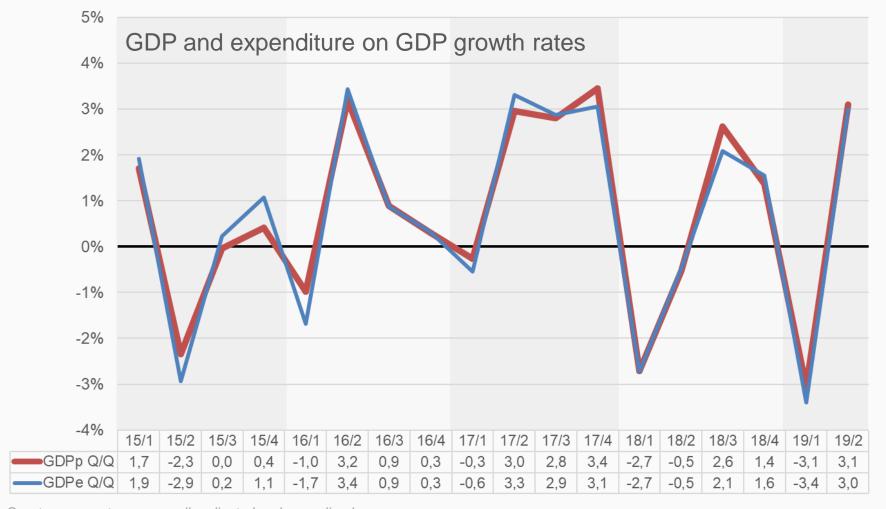


GDP Q2: 2019

# Recap







Quarter-on-quarter, seasonally adjusted and annualised





# Growth figures for Q2: 2019



in Q2: 2019
(quarter-on-quarter)
Seasonally adjusted and annualised



in Q2: 2019 (year-on-year) unadjusted



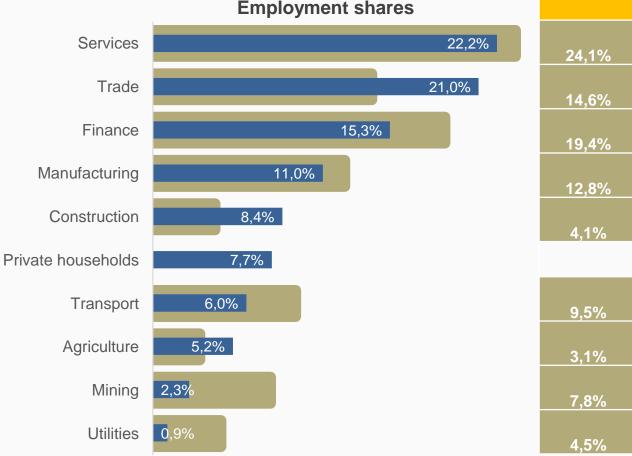
in Q2: 2019 (6 month-6 month) Unadjusted, year-on-year





### Employment and GDP share per industry, Q2: 2019

#### **Employment shares**



Percentages have been rounded and may not sum to 100%

Employment shares: Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS), 2nd quarter 2019





Share of nominal GDP