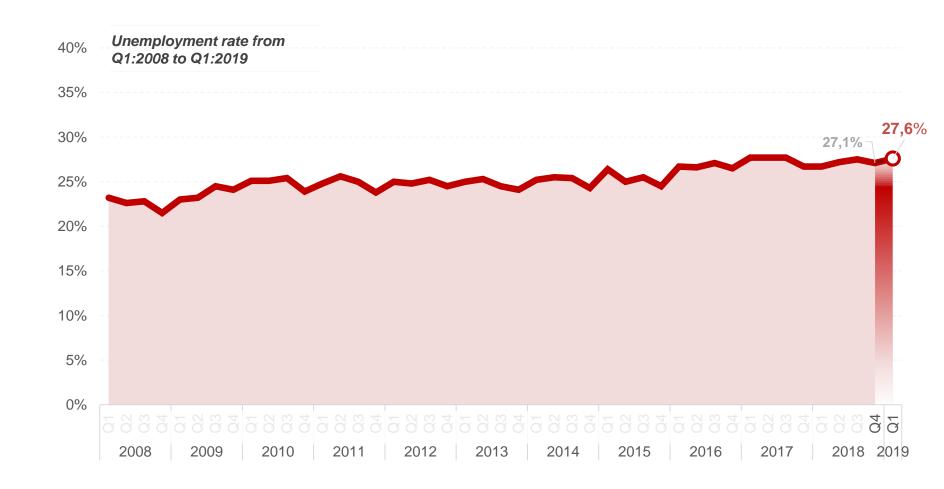




SOUTH AFRICA'S UNEMPLOYMENT RATE INCREASED BY 0,5 OF A PERCENTAGE POINT TO 27,6% IN Q1 OF 2019. The unemployment rate has fluctuated between the 20% and 30% band for the last 11 years.





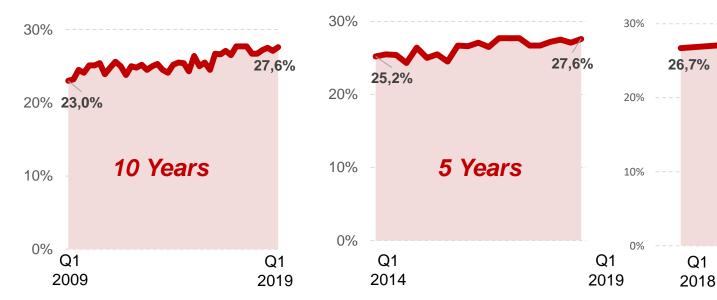
THE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE HAS REMAINED HIGH OVER TIME.

Unemployment rate from Q1:2009 to Q1:2019

Unemployment rate increased by

Q1:2009 and Q1:2019

4,6 percentage points between





Unemployment rate increased by **0,9 of a percentage point** compared to the same period last year

1 Year



Q1

2019

27,6%

THE WORKING AGE POPULATION (15-64 YEARS) IN Q1:2019 WAS 38,3 MILLION



38,3 million

People of working age in South Africa (15 – 64 year olds)

Labour force

22,5 million

Not Economically Active

15,8 million

Employed

16,3_M

Unemployed

6,2_M

3,0M

Discouraged work seekers

Other NEA

 $12,8_{\rm M}$

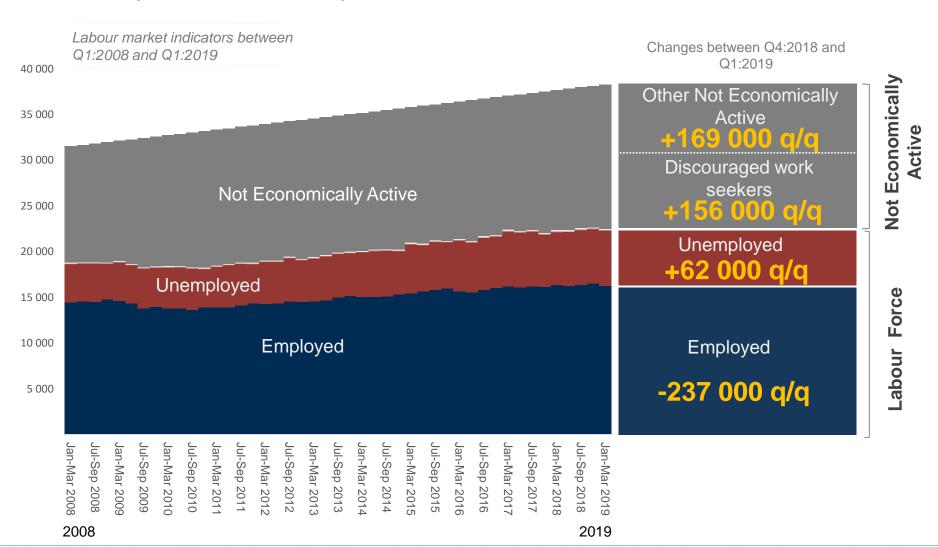
South Africa's official unemployment rate stands at

27,6%

Increased by 0,5 ppt between Q4:2018 and Q1:2019 ILO hierarchy – Employed first then unemployed and the remainder is NEA (including discouraged job-seekers). 3 mutually exclusive groups. Cannot be in two groups at the same time,



THERE WAS AN INCREASE OF 149 000 PEOPLE OF WORKING AGE IN SOUTH AFRICA (15 – 64 YEAR OLDS) BETWEEN Q4:2018 AND Q1:2019





QLFS

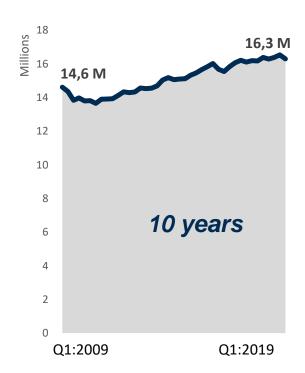
Q1:2019

EMPLOYMENT & LABOUR MARKET RATES

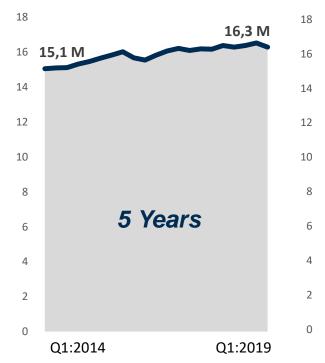


THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS DECLINED BY 237 000 TO 16,3 MILLION IN Q1:2019 Q/Q

Number of employed From Q1:2009 to Q1:2019



The number of employed people increased by **1,7 million** from **14,6** million in Q1:2009 to **16,3** million in Q1:2019



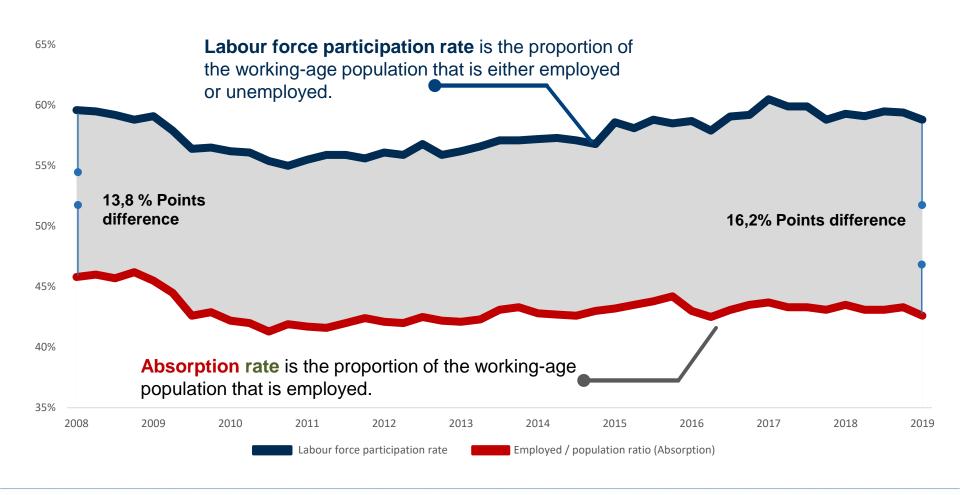
The number of employed people increased by **1,2 million** from **15,1** million in Q1:2014 to **16,3** million in Q1:2019



The number of employed people decreased by **86 thousand** from **16,4** million in Q1:2018 to **16,3** million in Q1:2019



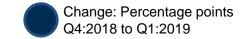
THE LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE DECREASED BY 0,8 OF A PERCENTAGE POINT FROM 59,6% IN Q1:2008 TO 58,8% IN Q1:2019





LABOUR MARKET RATES VARY SIGNIFICANTLY DEPENDING ON EDUCATION LEVEL

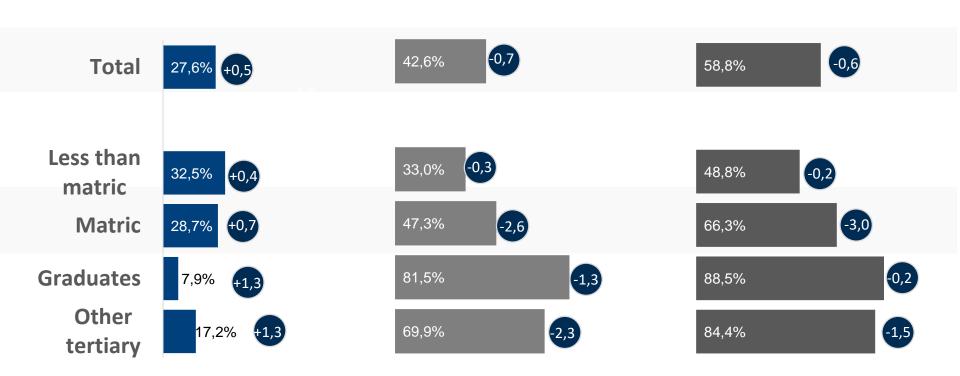
Labour market rates by education level, Q1:2019



Unemployment rate

Absorption rate

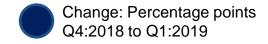
Participation rate

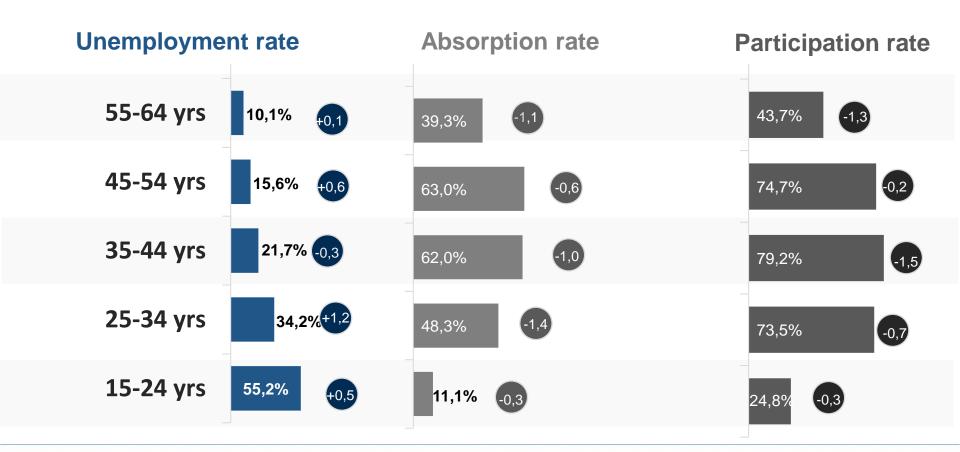




THE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE FOR THOSE AGED 25-34 (34,2%) IS MORE THAN DOUBLE THAT OF THE 45-54 (15,6%) YEAR OLDS.

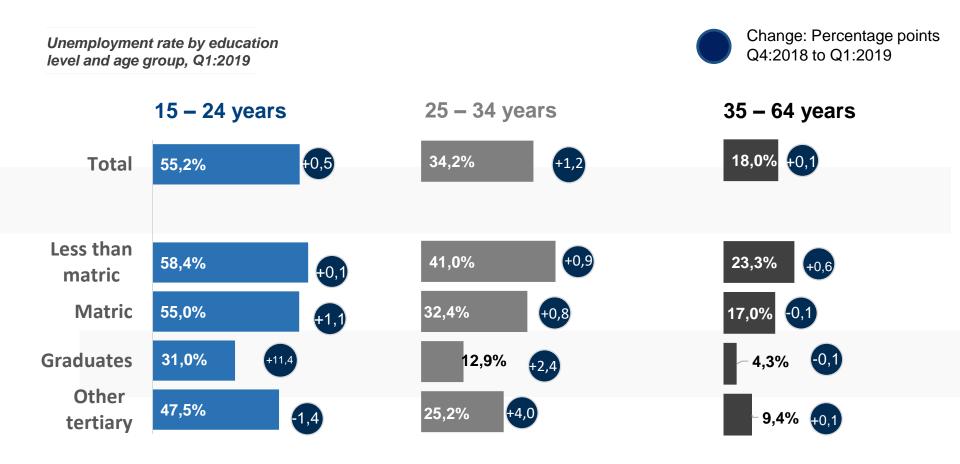
Labour market rates by age group, Q1:2019







THE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE AMONG THE YOUTH IS HIGHER IRRESPECTIVE OF EDUCATION LEVEL





QLFS

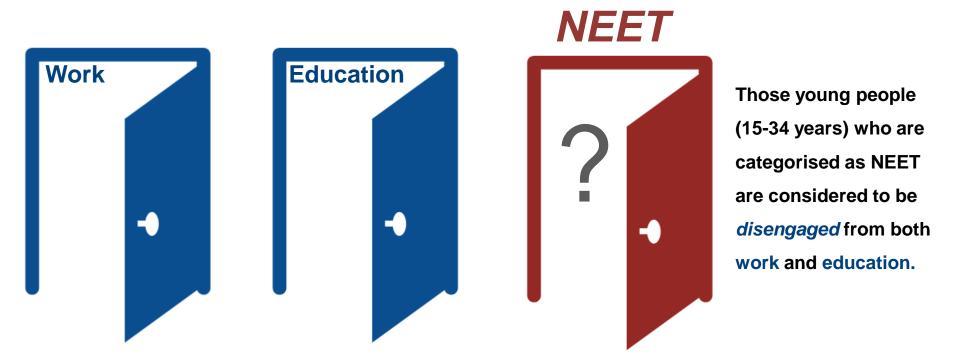
Q1:2019

PROFILE OF THOSE NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION OR TRAINING

(NEET)



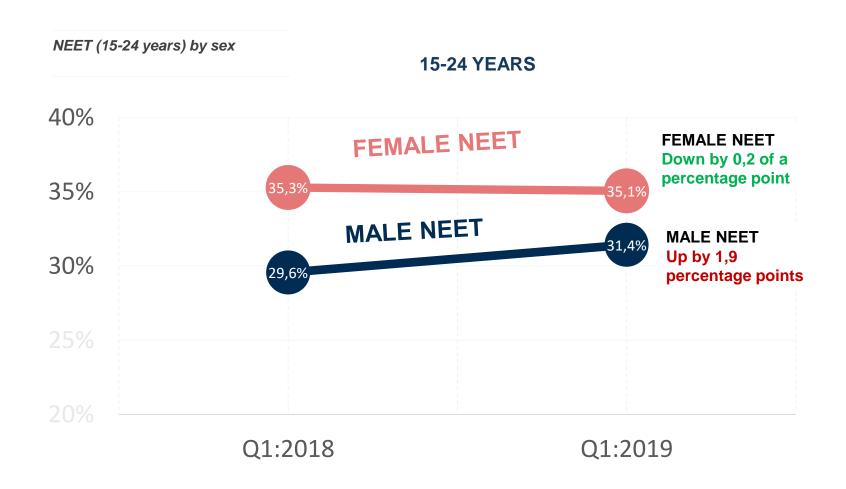
NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION OR TRAINING (NEET)



Youth NEET rate is calculated as the total number of youth who are NEET as a proportion of the total youth-specific working-age population

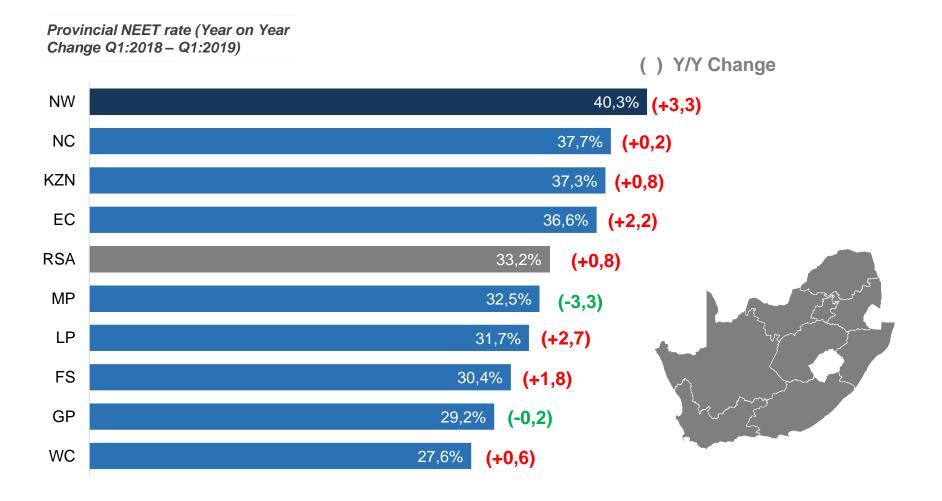


APPROXIMATELY 3,4 MILLION (33,2%) OUT OF 10,3 MILLION YOUNG PEOPLE AGED 15-24 YEARS WERE NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION OR TRAINING (NEET). The overall NEET rate increased by 0,8 of a percentage point in Q1:2019 compared to Q1:2018.



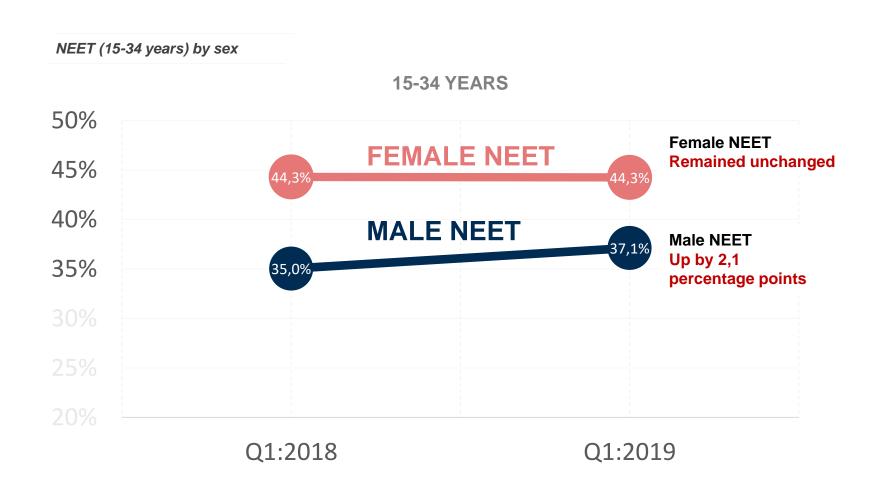


NW RECORDED THE HIGHEST RATE OF YOUNG PEOPLE AGED 15-24 YEARS NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION OR TRAINING IN Q1:2019.





APPROXIMATELY 8,3 MILLION (40,7%) OUT OF 20,3 MILLION YOUNG PEOPLE AGED 15-34 YEARS, WERE NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION OR TRAINING (NEET). The overall NEET rate increased by 1,0 percentage point y/y.





THE EC PROVINCE HAD THE HIGHEST RATE OF YOUNG PEOPLE AGED 15-34 YEARS NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION OR TRAINING AT 47,1%. The rate increased by 3,4 percentage points year-on-year.

Provincial NEET rate (Year -on - Year Change Q1:2018 - Q1:2019) () Y/Y Change (+3,4)EC 47,1% (+3,0)45,6% NW (+0,7)44,8% **KZN** (+1,2)NC 43,7% (+3,5)LP 41,5% (-1,5)40,8% MP (+1,0)RSA 40.7% FS 39,2% (+2,5)GP 36,6% (-0,8)WC 30,8% (+0,6)



QLFS Q1:2019

EMPLOYMENT



THE NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED CONTRACTED BY 237 000 IN Q1:2019 TO 16,3 MILLION.



decreased by



Formal Sector (Non agricultural)
(11,2 million jobs)



decreased by



Informal Sector (Non agricultural) (2,9 million jobs)



decreased by



Agriculture

(837 thousand jobs)



decreased by

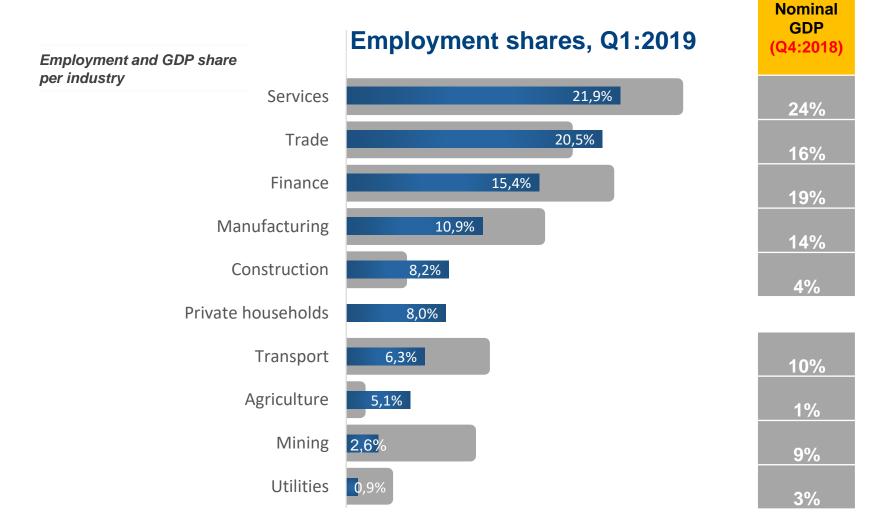


Private households

(1,3 million jobs)



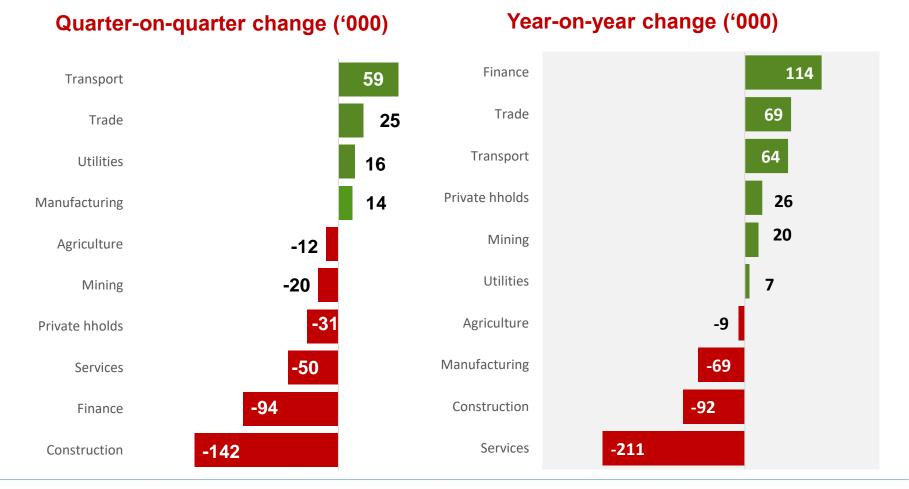
CONSTRUCTION, TRADE AND AGRICULTURE HAVE HIGHER EMPLOYMENT SHARES RELATIVE TO THEIR GDP CONTRIBUTION



Share of

THE LARGEST QUARTER-ON-QUARTER EMPLOYMENT DECLINES WERE RECORDED IN CONSTRUCTION, FINANCE AND SERVICES.

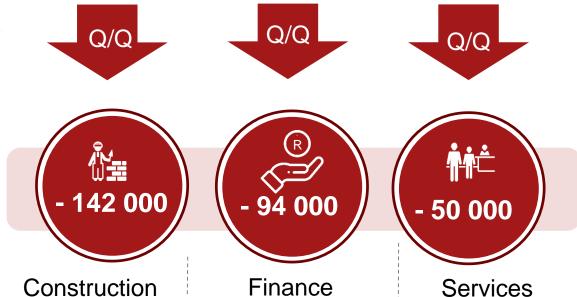
Employment changes by industry





EMPLOYMENT LOSSES WERE MAINLY DRIVEN BY CONSTRUCTION, FINANCE AND SERVICES

Quarter-on-quarter employment changes: Losses



Construction

Mainly driven by losses in:

- Building of complete construction
- Building installation

Mainly driven by losses in:

- Business Activities N.E.C.
- Insurance and pension funding

Mainly driven by losses in:

- Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and similar activities
- Other service activities
- Social work activities



EMPLOYMENT GAINS WERE MAINLY DRIVEN BY THE TRANSPORT, TRADE, UTILITIES AND MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

Quarter-on-quarter employment changes: Gains



Transport

Mainly driven by gains in:

- Other land transport
- ❖ Telecommunication.
- Supporting and Auxiliary transport activities

Trade

Mainly driven by gains in:

- Wholesale and commission trade
- Sales maintenance and repairs

Utilities

Mainly driven by gains in:

- Production, collection and distribution of electricity.
- Collection, purification and distribution of water

Manufacturing

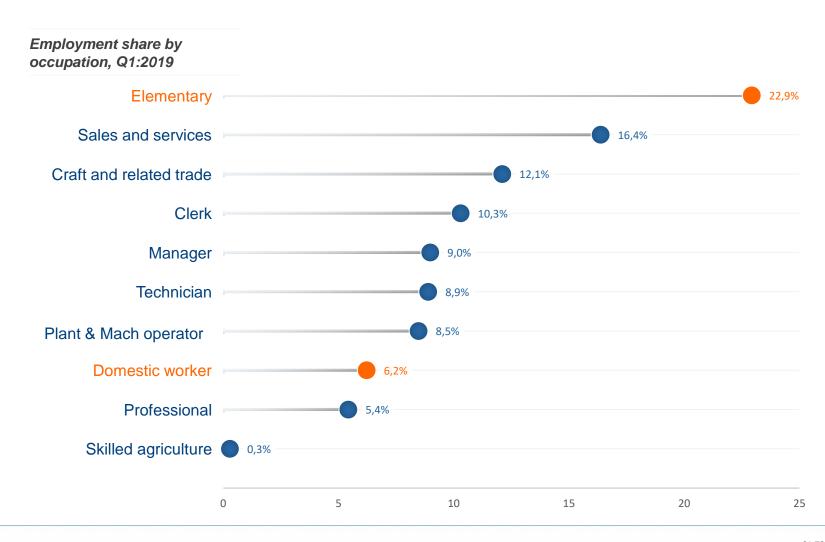
Mainly driven by gains in:

Manufacturing of

- Non-metallic mineral products
- Other food products
- ❖ Recycling N.E.C

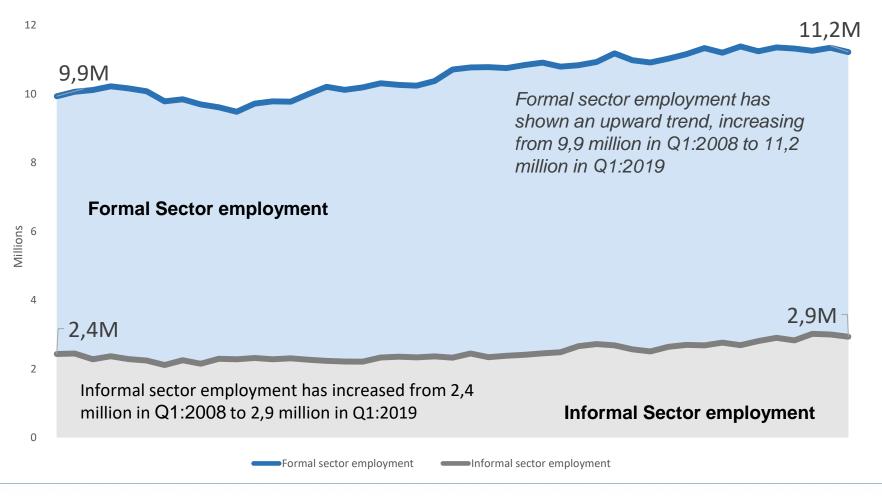


CLOSE TO A THIRD (29,1%) OF ALL PEOPLE EMPLOYED IN Q1:2019 WERE EMPLOYED IN ELEMENTARY AND DOMESTIC WORK OCCUPATIONS





THE FORMAL SECTOR IN SOUTH AFRICA ACCOUNTS FOR OVER 65% OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT





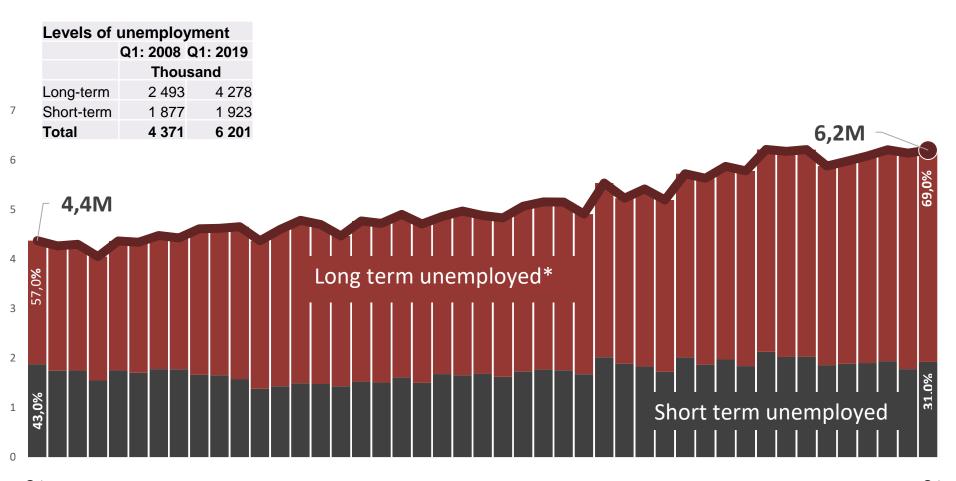
QLFSQ1:2019

UNEMPLOYMENT



THE NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED PEOPLE INCREASED FROM 4,4 MILLION IN Q1:2008

TO 6,2 MILLION IN Q1:2019. The proportion of those in long-term unemployment increased from 57,0% in Q1:2008 to 69,0% in Q1:2019, an increase of 12 percentage points.

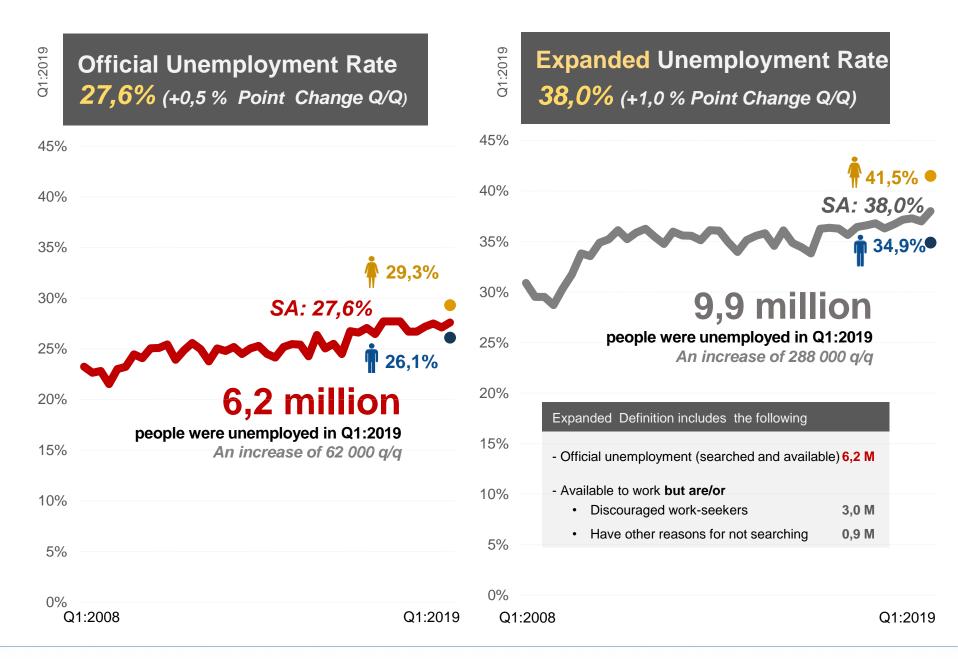


Q1 2008

* Unemployed for a year or longer

Q1 2019

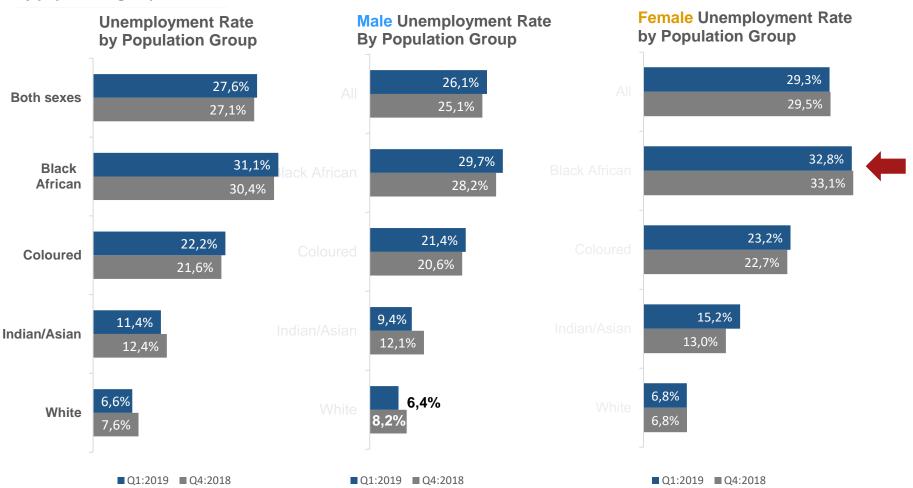






BLACK AFRICAN WOMEN ARE THE MOST VULNERABLE WITH AN UNEMPLOYMENT RATE OF OVER 30%.

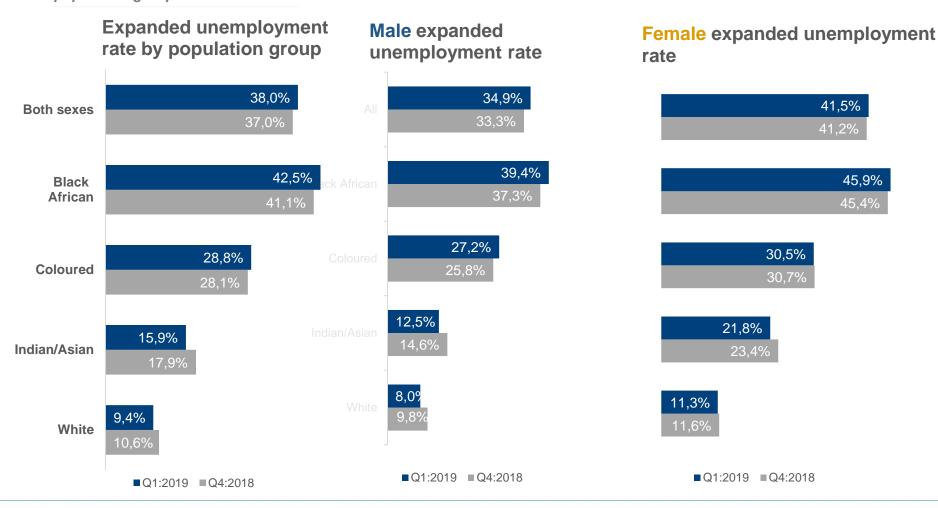
OFFICIAL unemployment rate by population group and sex





IRRESPECTIVE OF SEX, THE BLACK AFRICAN AND COLOURED POPULATION GROUPS REMAIN VULNERABLE IN THE LABOUR MARKET

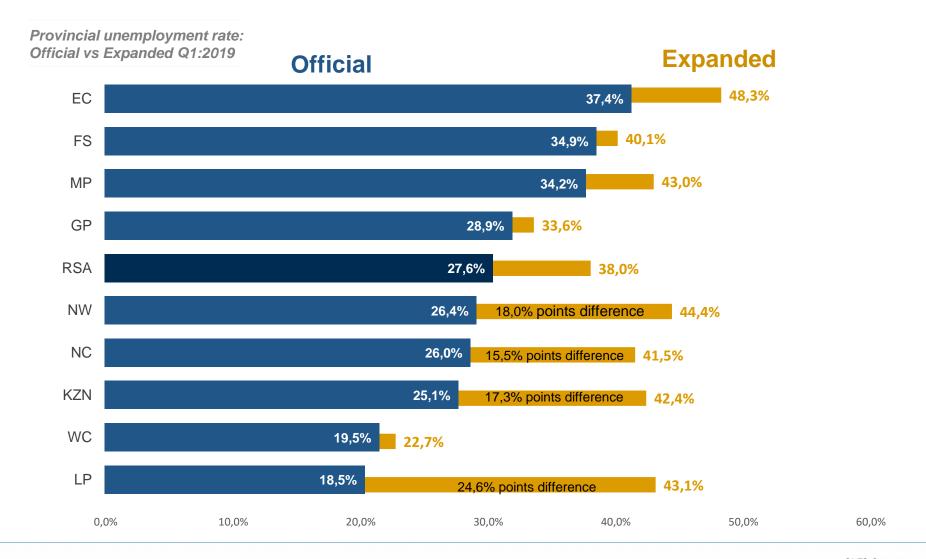
EXPANDED unemployment rate by population group and sex





HIGHEST OFFICIAL & EXPANDED UNEMPLOYMENT RATES RECORDED IN EC; while LP,

NW, KZN and NC provinces all have more than 15% points difference between their expanded and official unemployment rates





QLFSQ1:2019

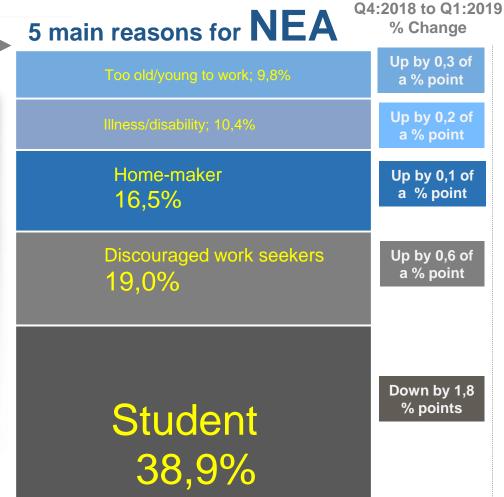
UNDERSTANDING NON-ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE (NEA)



15,8 MILLION PEOPLE AGED 15 – 64 YEARS WERE NOT ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE.

This is an increase of 325 000 q/q

Reasons why – Not economically active (NEA)



Q4:2018 to Q1:2019 Change in levels

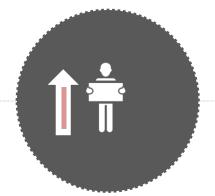
Quarter-on-quarter changes	
	Thousand
Student	-151
Homemaker	62
Illness/disability	59
Too young/too old to work	76
Discouraged work seekers	156
Other	122



15,8 M

RecapQ1:2019

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



Unemployment rate increased by 0,5 of a % point to 27,6%.

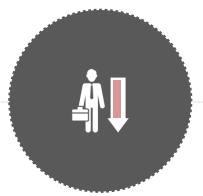
Absorption rate and labour force participation rate decreased by 0,7 of a percentage point and 0,6 of a percentage point respectively.

EMPLOYMENT GAINS



Employment gains were recorded in **Transport** (59 000), Trade (25 000), Utilities (16 000) and Manufacturing (14 000).

EMPLOYMENT LOSSES



Largest employment losses were observed in Construction (142 000), Finance (94 000) and Community and social services (50 000).

YOUTH



Of the 10,3 million persons aged 15-24 years, **33,2%** were not in employment, education or training.



QLFS Q1:2019

Ndzi hela kwala!

