



stats sa

Department:
Statistics South Africa
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

TOURISM

2019

Embargoed until:
23 April 2020
11:00

Statistics South Africa

Report No. 03-51-02 (2019)

Risenga Maluleke
Statistician-General



Dipalopalo tsa Aforikaborwa • Dipalopalo tsa Afrika Borwa • Ezezibalo zaseNingizimu Afrika • Tshitatistika Afrika Tshipembe • Tinhlayohlayo Afrika-Dzonga
Statistieke Suid-Afrika • Dipalopalo tša Afrika Borwa • Telubalo taseNingizimu Afrika • EzeeNkcukacha maNani zoMzantsi Afrika • Iimbalobalo zeSewula Afrika

The South Africa I know, the home I understand



Tourism, 2019 / Statistics South Africa

Published by Statistics South Africa, Private Bag X44, Pretoria 0001

© Statistics South Africa, 2019

Users may apply or process this data, provided Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) is acknowledged as the original source of the data; that it is specified that the application and/or analysis is the result of the user's independent processing of the data; and that neither the basic data nor any reprocessed version or application thereof may be sold or offered for sale in any form whatsoever without prior permission from Stats SA.

Stats SA Library Cataloguing-in-Publication (CIP) Data

Tourism, 2019 / Statistics South Africa. Pretoria: Statistics South Africa, 2019

[Report No. 03-51-02 (2019)]

69pp

A complete set of Stats SA publications is available at Stats SA Library and the following libraries:

National Library of South Africa, Pretoria Division
National Library of South Africa, Cape Town Division
Library of Parliament, Cape Town
Bloemfontein Public Library
Natal Society Library, Pietermaritzburg
Johannesburg Public Library
Eastern Cape Library Services, King William's Town
Central Regional Library, Polokwane
Central Reference Library, Mbombela
Central Reference Collection, Kimberley
Central Reference Library, Mmabatho

This report is available on the Stats SA website: www.statssa.gov.za

Copies are obtainable from: Printing and Distribution, Statistics South Africa

Tel: (012) 310 8093 / 8251 / 8358 / 8161

Email: annelineb@statssa.gov.za

Technical enquiries:

Tel: (012) 316 9301

Email: DuduzileGu@statssa.gov.za

Preface

The report provides information on South African residents and foreign travellers who passed through all South African ports of entry/exit (air, land and sea ports) in 2019. It summarises data published in the monthly statistical releases on *Tourism and Migration* (Statistical release P0351) in 2019, highlighting annual numbers of travellers and tourists. Details on the mode of travel, seasonal travel patterns; purpose of visit; length of stay of visit; and demographic characteristics of tourists who visited South Africa in 2019 are provided.

Risenga Maluleke
Statistician-General

Contents

List of tables.....	v
List of figures.....	vi
1. Introduction	1
1.1. Background	1
1.2. Objectives of this report.....	2
1.3. Scope of this report	2
2. Data and methods	2
2.1 Data source.....	2
2.2 Data processing and analysis.....	2
2.3 Limitations of data	3
3. All travellers.....	3
3.1 Number of travellers	3
3.1.1 South African residents	4
3.1.2 Foreign travellers.....	6
4. Tourists	11
4.1 Region of residence.....	12
4.2 Ten leading countries	13
4.3 Mode of travel	15
4.4 Purpose of visit	17
4.5 Duration of stay	18
4.6 Sex and age distribution	22
5. Summary	23
6. Appendices	25
7. Definition of terms	62
8. Other Stats SA reports	63

List of tables

Table 3.1: Number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transits of South African residents by mode of travel, 2019	5
Table 3.2: Percentage distribution of South African residents by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2019	5
Table 3.3: Number of arrivals, departures and transits of foreign travellers by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2019.....	7
Table 3.4: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals, departures and transits by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2019.....	8
Table 4.1: Distribution of tourists by mode of travel and place of arrival, 2019	16

List of figures

Figure 3.1: Number of arrivals and departures of travellers by year of travel, 2005–2019	3
Figure 3.2: Number of arrivals and departures of South African residents by year of travel, 2005–2019	4
Figure 3.3: Percentage distribution of arrivals and departures of South African residents by month of travel, 2019	6
Figure 3.4: Number of arrivals and departures of foreign travellers by year of travel, 2005–2019	7
Figure 3.5: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals and departures by month of travel, 2019	9
Figure 3.6: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit, 2019	9
Figure 3.7: Distribution of foreign arrivals by type of visitor, 2019	10
Figure 4.1: Number of tourists by month and year of travel, 2018 and 2019	11
Figure 4.2: percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence, 2019	12
Figure 4.3: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and month of arrival, 2019.....	12
Figure 4.4: Number of tourists from ten leading overseas countries in 2019 compared to 2018.....	13
Figure 4.5: Number of tourists from ten leading SADC countries in 2019 compared to 2018.....	14
Figure 4.6: Number of tourists from ten leading 'other' African countries in 2019 compared to 2018.....	15
Figure 4.7: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and mode of travel, 2019.....	17
Figure 4.8: Percentage distribution of tourists by region and purpose of visit, 2019.....	18
Figure 4.9 Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on holiday, 2019.....	19
Figure 4.10: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on business, 2019.....	19
Figure 4.11: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on study, 2019.....	19
Figure 4.12: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on medical, 2019.....	19
Figure 4.13: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on holiday, 2019	19
Figure 4.14: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on business, 2019.....	19
Figure 4.15: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on study, 2019	20
Figure 4.16: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on medical, 2019	20
Figure 4.17: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on holiday, 2019	20
Figure 4.18: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on business, 2019	20
Figure 4.19: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on study, 2019	20
Figure 4.20: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on medical, 2019	20
Figure 4.21: Average (median) number of days tourists spent by month of arrival, 2019	20
Figure 4.22: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and sex, 2019	22
Figure 4.23: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and age, 2019	23

1. Introduction

1.1. Background

Administrative records regulating the flow of people across boundaries, specifically border statistics, are an important source of statistical data on temporary population movements in many countries. Generally, countries routinely collect data from both residents and non-residents who pass through the demarcated air, land and sea ports on arrival in and departing from the country. The method, the kind of collected data, the quality of data and the dissemination and availability of processed data differ widely among countries since there is no international standardised template for the recording of information on travellers. Besides the impact of the level of infrastructure development, the national differences are largely shaped by the immigration policies and regulations of individual countries.

Data collection methods may be electronic, manual or both. Travel documents could be scanned and/or travellers are expected to complete an arrival and departure form/card. The amount of documentation and the information collected from travellers are often influenced by the citizenship / nationality of the travel document and the purpose of entry.

Data obtained from foreigners or non-residents can be used to categorise them into visitors and non-visitors. Usually, the data given on the form/card regarding the purpose of visit and/or length of stay is further used to categorise travellers into visitors and migrants. In countries that do not use cards/forms, data on type of visa/permit can also be used for the categorisation. In addition, there are countries that issue special cards for registered immigrants that they could use to cross into and out of the country of residence. Thus the information from the visa, permit and the card/form are used to classify non-visitors into migratory categories such as short-term and long-term migrants; temporary migrants; permanent migrants; labour migrants, asylum seekers, students, etc., according to a country's specifications.

Because border statistics are derived from arrival data, they could be the most suitable data source for the direct measurement of the *flow* of immigrants (UN, 2011). The data are available at any given time because they are routinely collected as travellers pass through the immigration check points at the ports of entry. It is crucial to note that unlike data from census or sample surveys that count individual persons, border statistics by their nature, measure events i.e. movements of persons rather than the physical persons. The reason is that the same person can cross the border a number of times during a specified time and his or her information is recorded every time he or she passes through the border.

The management of population movements across South African borders and immigration into South Africa fall under the jurisdiction of the Department of Home Affairs (DHA). The jurisdiction of this responsibility is enshrined in the various immigration acts, amendments, laws and regulations. Currently, with respect to the collection of data on population movements in and out of South Africa, the DHA operates under the Immigration Act 2005 (Act No. 13 of 2005), its amendments and associated regulations. The latest Immigration Regulations came into operation on 26 May 2014. Any changes and amendments in the legislation and regulations affect both the flow of travellers as well as the methods of collecting data and the kind of information collected on travellers.

At the ports of entry/exit (see Appendix I on page 25 for the distribution of all South African ports), the immigration officers of the DHA collect information on South African residents and foreign travellers arriving into or departing from South Africa. This information is used to produce statistical releases on all travellers, with emphasis on tourists and an annual report aggregating the results of one calendar year.

1.2. Objectives of this report

The report forms part of a regular annual series of publications on tourism. The main aim of the report is to present information on population movements into and out of South Africa in 2019. Specifically, the report provides:

- Information on arrivals, departures and transits of South African residents and foreign travellers.
- A detailed analysis of the movements of tourists and their demographic characteristics over the twelve-month period.

1.3. Scope of this report

This report is based on information on population movements across South Africa's ports of entry/exit covering the period 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019. It covers data on arrivals and departures of South African residents and foreign travellers. A detailed analysis of the data on foreign tourists with respect to: mode of travel, purpose of visit, sex and age distribution is covered. The report also describes trends in the overall number of travellers and tourists from 2005 to 2019.

2. Data and methods

2.1 Data source

Data routinely collected by immigration officers at all ports of entry/exit (land, air and sea ports) (see Appendix I on page 25) on all travellers (South African residents and foreign travellers) arriving into or departing from South Africa are captured into the Department of Home Affairs' (DHA) population Movement Control System (MCS). The data provide the best national coverage (in terms of both space and time) on the population movements of South African residents and foreign travellers. Among other uses, the data:

- can be used to estimate, monitor and understand salient characteristics of South African residents and foreign travellers travelling into and out of South Africa;
- provide information that can be used to assess the extent of government's progress in strengthening bilateral and multilateral political and economic relations with other countries;
- can be used to estimate the number and some characteristics of same-day visitors and tourists that visit South Africa;
- provide information for marketing tourism by identifying niche, emerging and declining markets (both at country and regional levels); and
- provide information that can be used for monitoring the effects of major international and national events (positive or negative) on the arrival of visitors into the country.

Generally, the data are collected directly from travel documents either by scanning them or by capturing information from the travel documents onto the port's electronic database. Individual ports regularly transmit the data to the national database i.e. the MCS at the head office of the DHA.

2.2 Data processing and analysis

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA), downloads the data covering a particular calendar month from DHA. The Statistical Analysis System (SAS) is used for data processing and analysis. Descriptive analyses (frequencies, cross-tabulations, percentage distributions and median ages) are used to summarise the data. The results are presented in table and graph formats. These are undertaken on a monthly basis to publish information on tourism in the monthly *Tourism and Migration* (statistical release P0351) in order to meet users' immediate needs. The cumulative data for 12 months are published in the *Tourism* report on an annual basis.

2.3 Limitations of data

The information on the total number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transit for South African residents is collected from the scanning of passports. However, data are not collected from passengers on country visited; country of final destination; intended duration of stay and purpose of visit. With this limitation, it is impossible to identify the number of tourists from the data on South African residents.

3. All travellers

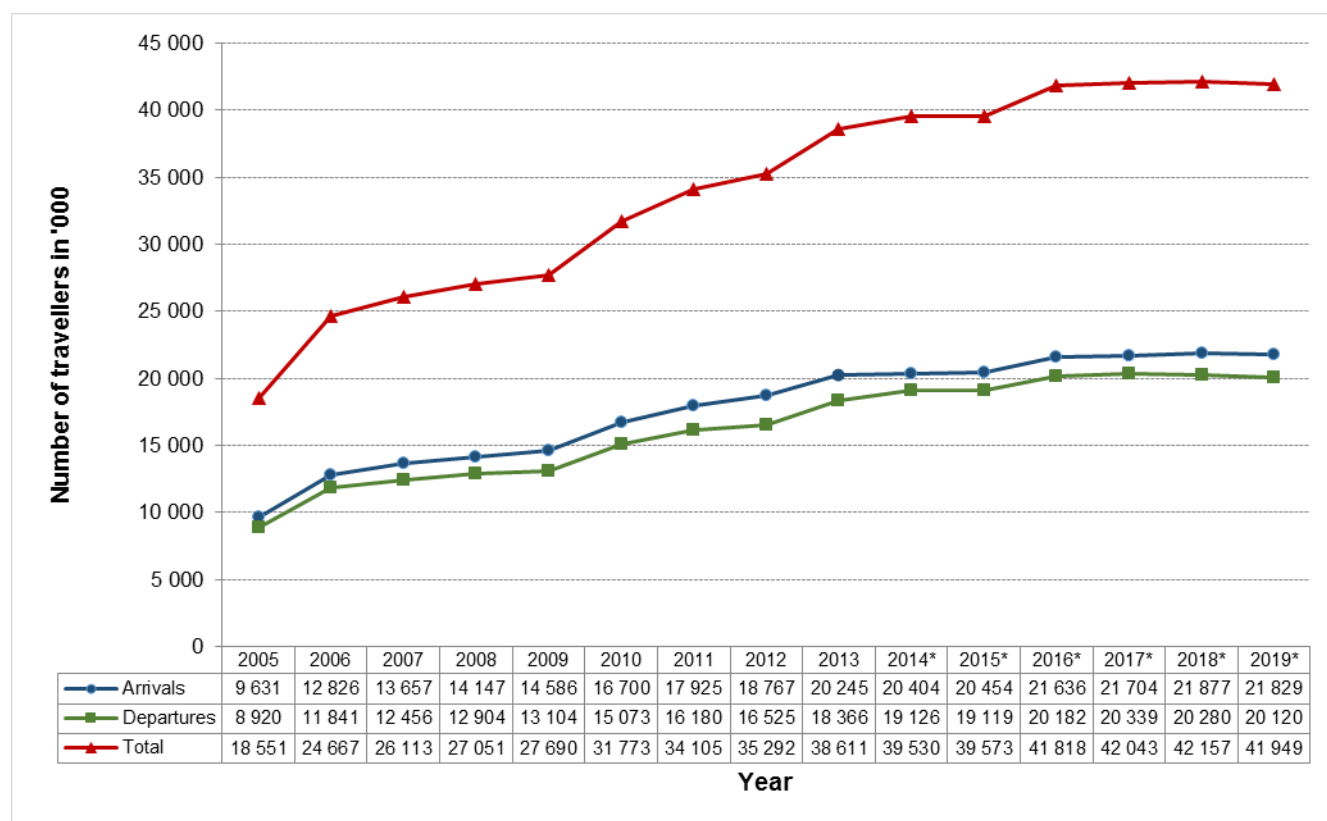
3.1 Number of travellers

The results present detailed information derived from the data published in the January to December 2019 *Tourism and Migration* monthly statistical releases (P0351). In addition to the 2019 data, where relevant, data from 2018 and earlier are presented to provide some comparison in observed trends and patterns (see Appendix II on page 26).

Travellers are composed of passengers in transit, arrivals into and departures from South Africa regardless of residency status. According to data presented in Figure 3.1 below, approximately 41 949 thousand travellers (arrivals plus departures) were recorded in 2019 compared to 18 551 thousand recorded in 2005, indicating that the overall number of travellers increased by 126,1% over this 15-year period. Similarly, there were 21 829 thousand arrivals and 20 120 thousand departures in 2019 compared to 9 631 thousand arrivals and 8 920 thousand departures in 2005.

Recent trends show that the overall number of travellers (arrivals and departures) decreased by 0,5% between 2018 and 2019. Arrivals decreased by 0,2% while departures decreased by 0,8% during the same period.

Figure 3.1: Number of arrivals and departures of travellers by year of travel, 2005 – 2019



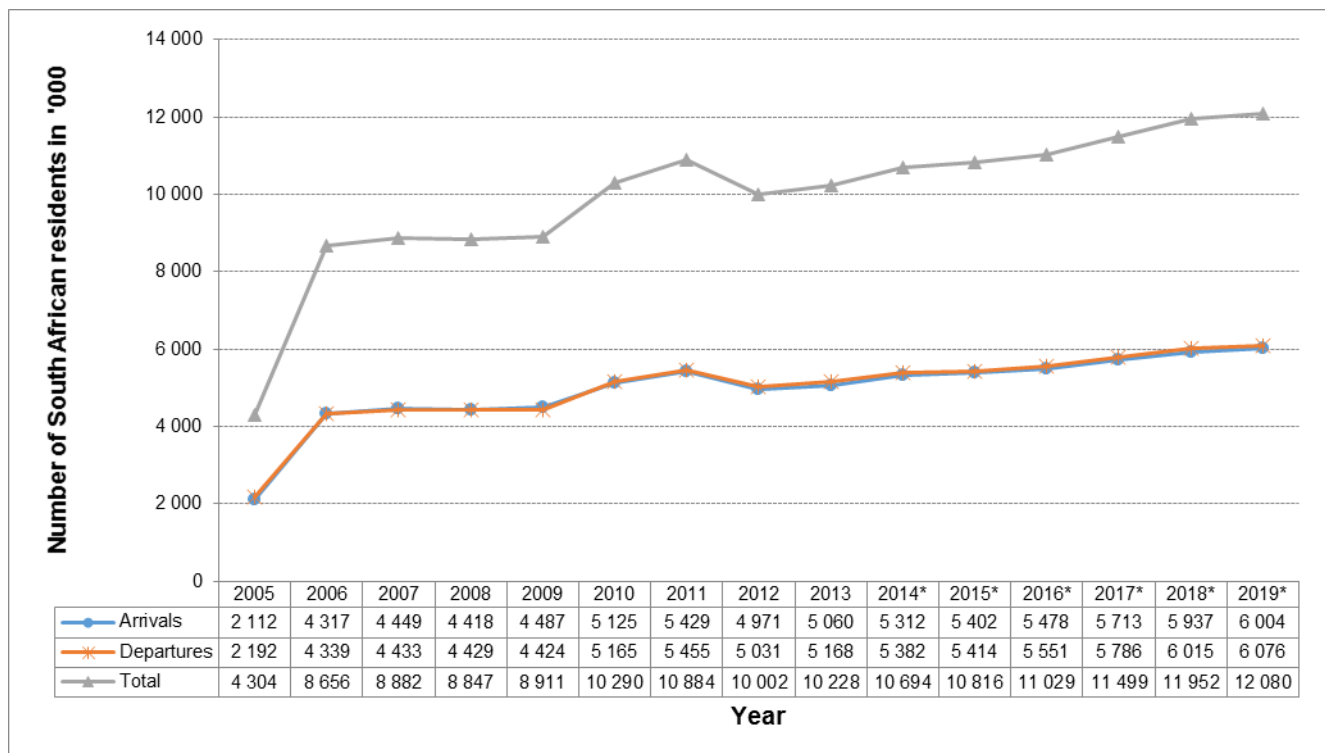
*2014-2019 data excludes travellers in transit

3.1.1 South African residents

In 2019, 12 089 619 South African resident travellers were recorded compared to the 2018 volume of 11 961 401. As shown in Appendix II on page 26, the 2019 volume was made up of 6 003 568 arrivals, 6 076 274 departures and 9 777 travellers in transit.

The data in Figure 3.2 below indicate that the annual volumes of arrivals and departures for South African residents had a drastic increase between 2005 and 2006 and then generally increased throughout the period from 2006 to 2019. The figure further shows that there were nearly as many departures as arrivals over the years.

Figure 3.2: Number of arrivals and departures of South African residents by year of travel, 2005–2019



*2014-2019 data excludes travellers in transit

Mode of travel

Table 3.1 on page 5 shows that the mode of travel for South African residents entering and leaving the country in 2019 was largely the same. Most South African residents (59,3%) arrived and (59,1%) departed the country using road transport. Air transport was the second most popular mode of travel used by 38,9% arrivals and 39,2% departures. All passengers in transit used air transport (9 777). Sea transport was the least used mode of travel by 1,7% arrivals and departures.

Table 3.1: Number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transit of South African residents by mode of travel, 2019

Mode of travel	Arrivals		Departures		Transits	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Air	2 336 600	38,9%	2 379 369	39,2%	9 777	100,0%
Road	3 562 808	59,3%	3 592 072	59,1%	-	-
Sea	104 160	1,7%	104 833	1,7%	-	-
Total	6 003 568	100,0%	6 076 274	100,0%	9 777	100,0%

Detailed information on ports used by South African residents to leave, enter or transit the country by mode of travel is provided in Table 3.2 below (absolute numbers are provided in Appendix III on page 27). Due to the large number of land ports as shown in Appendix I (on page 25), border countries are used in the table instead of the specific land ports names. That is, data for all ports found on the border within a particular country are combined and the country name is used.

Amongst road users, over half of South African residents used Lesotho and Swaziland ports of entry. For arrivals, 28,6% entered the country through Lesotho and 24,6% through Swaziland. Similarly, for departures, most road users went through Lesotho (28,8%) and Swaziland (24,8%) ports. Out of the total number of residents using air as their mode of travel, the majority (76,3%) arrived and departed (75,8%) at O.R. Tambo International Airport while 17,0% arrived and 17,2% left through Cape Town International Airport. Less than 6,5% came (5,8%) or left (6,0%) the country using King Shaka International Airport and 0,1% arrived and left through other airports. Out of those who arrived by sea, most (89,8%) arrived or (89,5%) left through the Durban harbour.

Detailed information on mode of travel by place and month of arrival and departure for South African residents for 2019 is presented in Appendix IV on page 28 and Appendix V on page 29.

Table 3.2: Percentage distribution of South African residents by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2019

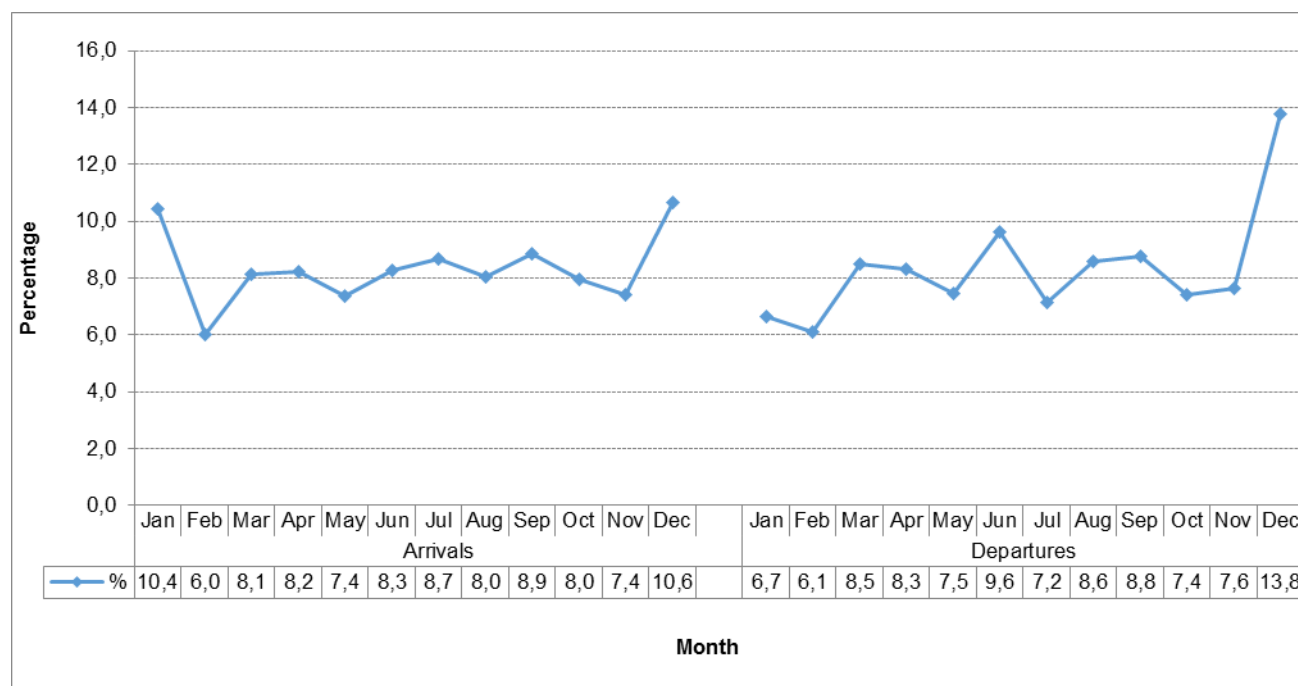
Mode of travel and place of arrival, departure or transit	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transit
Air	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%
Cape Town International Airport	17,0%	17,2%	0,7%
King Shaka International Airport	5,8%	6,0%	-
O. R. Tambo International Airport	76,3%	75,8%	99,3%
Other Airports	1,0%	1,0%	-
Road	100,0%	100,0%	-
Botswana	16,8%	16,8%	-
Eswatini	24,6%	24,8%	-
Lesotho	28,6%	28,8%	-
Mozambique	20,4%	20,1%	-
Namibia	4,1%	4,1%	-
Zimbabwe	5,4%	5,4%	-
Sea	100,0%	100,0%	-
Cape Town Harbour	10,0%	10,2%	-
Durban Harbour	89,8%	89,5%	-
Port Elizabeth Harbour	0,2%	0,3%	-

* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Month of travel

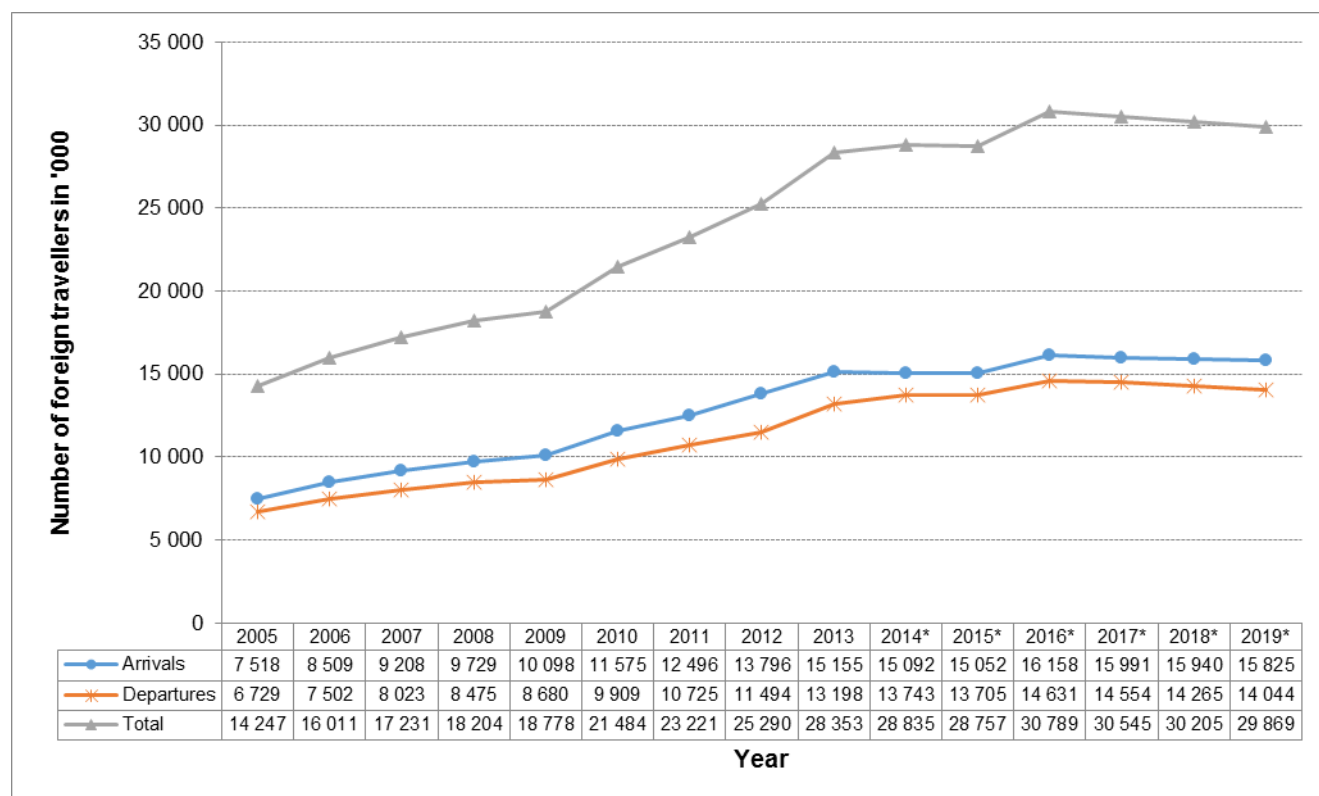
The distribution of South Africans arriving and departing the country classified by month of travel is provided in Figure 3.3 below. The results show that of the 6 003 568 arrivals, the highest proportion was recorded in December (10,6%) followed by January (10,4%), while the lowest proportion was recorded in February (6,0%). Of the 6 076 274 departures, the highest percentage was recorded in December (13,8%) and the lowest in February (6,1%).

Figure 3.3: Percentage distribution of arrivals and departures of South African residents by month of travel, 2019



3.1.2 Foreign travellers

In 2019, 30 680 548 foreign travellers were recorded compared to the 2018 volume of 30 955 754. As shown in Appendix II on page 26, the 2019 volume was made up of 15 825 296 arrivals, 14 043 589 departures and 811 663 transits. It is observed from Figure 3.4 on page 7 (and Appendix II on page 26) that the number of both foreign arrivals and departures increased between 2005 and 2019, with a slight decrease between 2014 and 2015 taking into account the exclusion of travellers in transit from arrivals starting from 2014. Unlike in the case of South African travellers, the volume of departures of foreign travellers has been lower than that of arrivals throughout the fifteen-year period.

Figure 3.4: Number of arrivals and departures of foreign travellers by year of travel, 2005 – 2019

*2014-2019 data excludes travellers in transit.

Mode of travel

Table 3.3 below indicates a marginal difference of mode of travel used by foreigners coming into South Africa or leaving the country in 2019. More than three quarters of foreigners arrived (77,9%) or left (74,9%) the country by road. Air travel was used by 21,7% of foreign arrivals and 24,6% of foreign departures. Of the foreigners who came into the country, 0,4% arrived and 0,5% departed with sea transport.

Table 3.3: Number of arrivals, departures and transits of foreign travellers by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2019

Mode of travel	Arrivals		Departures		Transits	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Air	3 427 711	21,7%	3 458 421	24,6%	811 663	100,0%
Road	12 330 052	77,9%	10 514 533	74,9%	-	-
Sea	67 533	0,4%	70 635	0,5%	-	-
Total	15 825 296	100,0%	14 043 589	100,0%	811 663	100,0%

Most of the foreign travellers who arrived by road entered through the Lesotho (29,2%) and the Zimbabwe (24,6%) ports of entry (see Table 3.4 on page 8). These two countries' ports of entry were also mostly used by foreigners who left South Africa in 2019 (29,8% and 21,4%, respectively).

The majority of the foreigners who travelled by air arrived (71,3%) and left (71,0%) South Africa through O.R. Tambo International Airport (see Appendix VI on page 30 for absolute numbers). Almost all passengers (99,8%) in transit used O.R. Tambo international airport. Cape Town International Airport was used by 26,3% foreigners to arrive in the country and 26,3% to leave the country. Those who travelled by sea mainly used the Cape Town and Durban harbours. About 47,0% and 42,6% of foreign arrivals used Cape Town and Durban harbours respectively. These harbours were also used by 50,8% and 36,3% of foreigners to leave South Africa respectively.

Table 3.4: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals, departures and transits by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2019

Mode of travel and place of arrival, departure or transit	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transits
Air	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%
Cape Town International Airport	26,3%	26,3%	0,2%
King Shaka International Airport	1,9%	2,0%	-
O. R. Tambo International Airport	71,3%	71,0%	99,8%
Other Airports	0,5%	0,7%	-
Road	100,0%	100,0%	-
Botswana	12,4%	14,3%	-
Eswatini	15,7%	16,8%	-
Lesotho	29,2%	29,8%	-
Mozambique	16,8%	16,3%	-
Namibia	1,2%	1,4%	-
Zimbabwe	24,6%	21,4%	-
Sea	100,0%	100,0%	-
Cape Town Harbour	47,0%	50,8%	-
Durban Harbour	42,6%	36,3%	-
Port Elizabeth Harbour	10,4%	13,0%	-

* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Month of travel

The monthly distribution of foreign arrivals and departures by mode of travel and place of arrival and departure are provided in Appendices VII on page 31 and VIII on page 32 and summarised in Figure 3.5 on page 9. The results indicate that most foreign arrivals were recorded in January and December (9,9%) and the least in June (7,4%) while most departures were recorded in December (11,1%) and the least in June (7,4%).

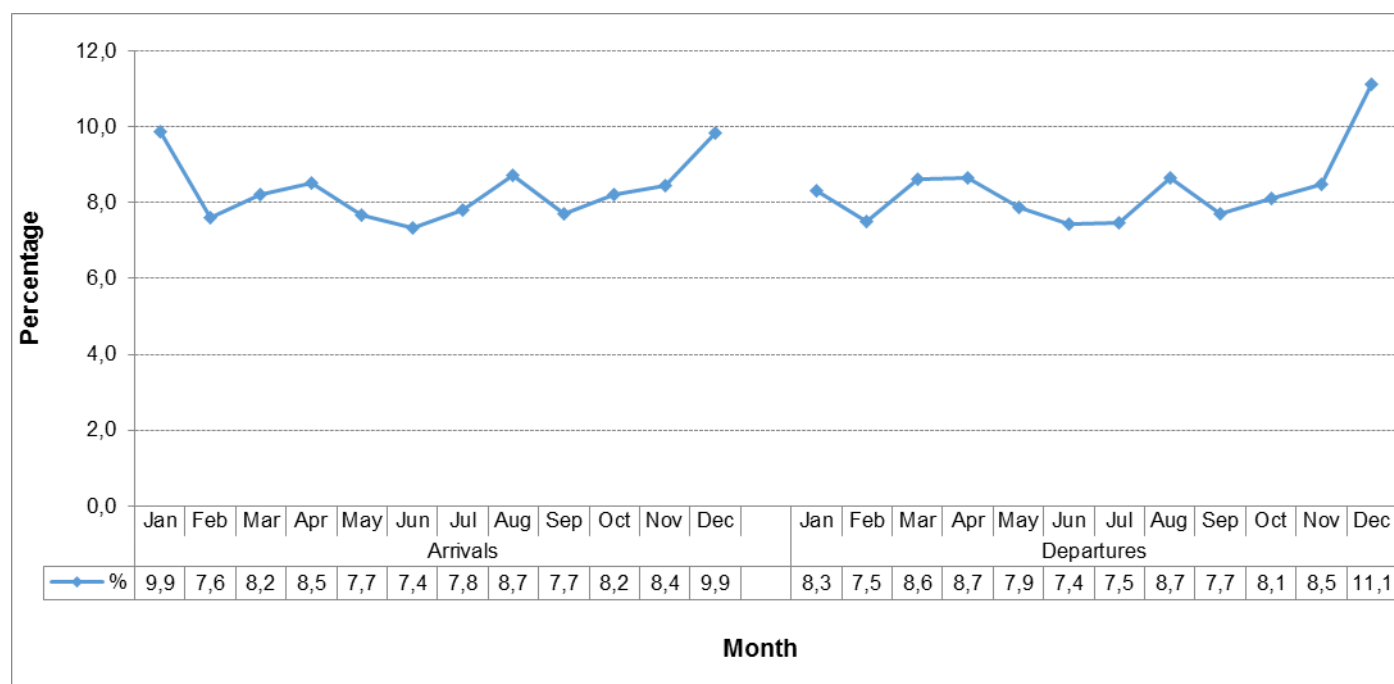
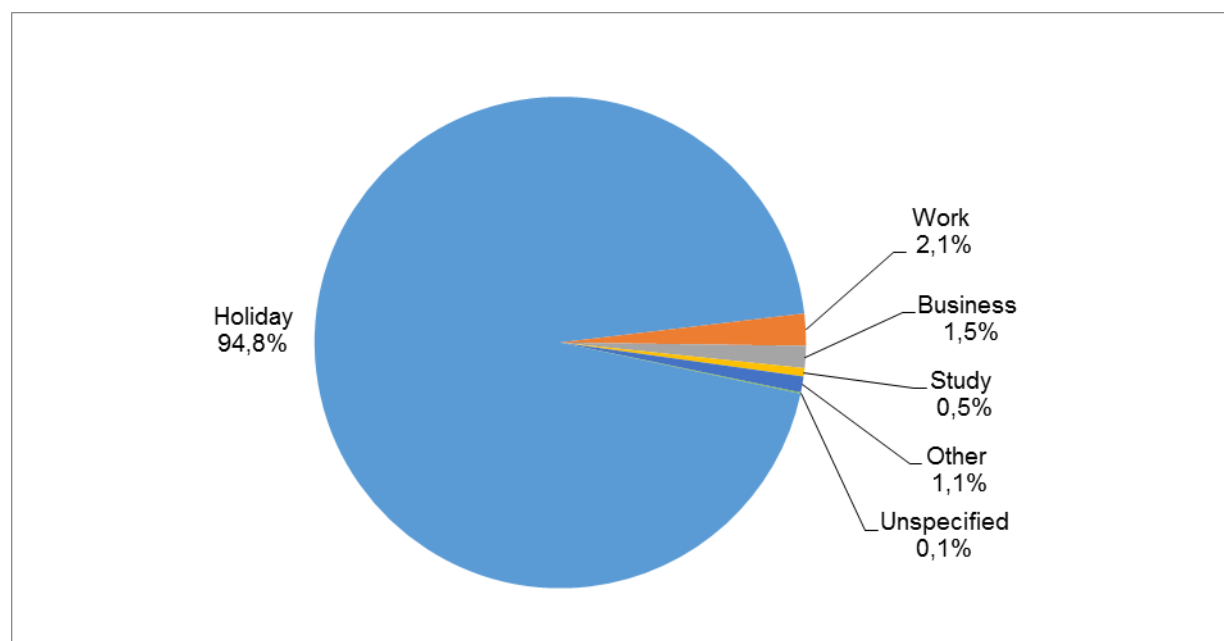
Figure 3.5: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals and departures by month of travel, 2019**Purpose of visit**

Figure 3.6 below shows that in 2019, the main purpose of visit for foreign arrivals was holidays (94,8%). Whereas 2,1% of the 2019 arrivals came for work; 1,5% came for business and 0,5% came to study. A detailed distribution of the number of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit and month can be seen in Appendix IX on page 33. January 2019 had the highest number of foreign arrivals who came to study (14 922) and to work (44 138); those who came for business came in November (22 506); while those who came for holidays came mainly in December (1 513 062) and January (1 460 326).

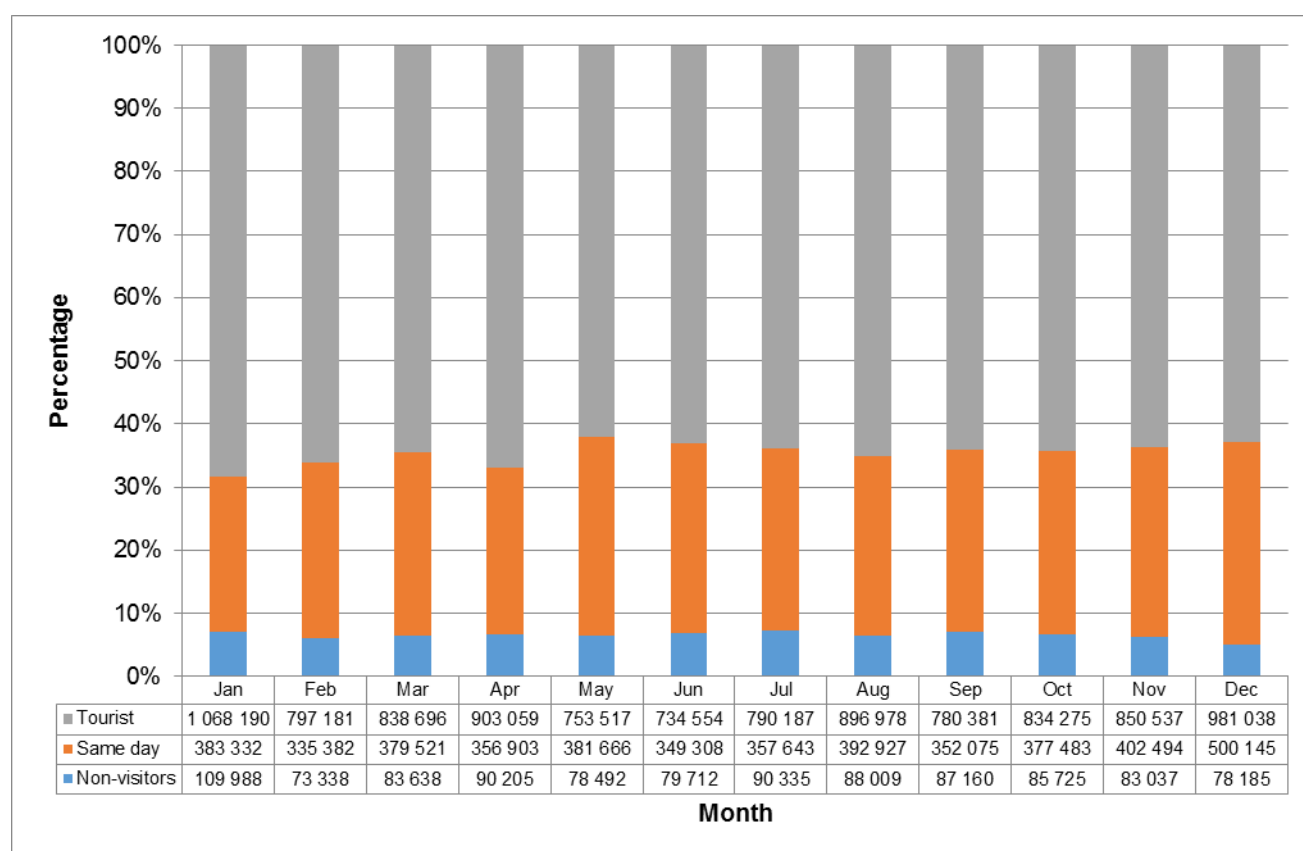
Figure 3.6: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit, 2019

Type of visitors

Foreign arrivals can be classified as visitors and non-visitors depending on their purpose of visit. Furthermore, the visitors can be grouped as same-day visitors and tourists (overnight visitors). In 2019, there were 1 027 824 (6,5%) non-visitors and 14 797 472 (93,5%) visitors (see Appendix X on page 34). The visitors were made up of 4 568 879 (30,9%) same-day visitors and 10 228 593 (69,1%) overnight visitors or tourists.

It is observed from the monthly distribution of the data presented in Figure 3.7 below that the volume of non-visitors was highest in January (109 988). February recorded the lowest number of non-visitors (73 338). The monthly volume of same-day visitors ranged from 335 382 in February to 500 145 in December with a monthly average of 380 740 visitors.

Figure 3.7: Distribution of foreign arrivals by type of visitor, 2019



Further analysis on same-day visitors (see Appendix XI on page 35) indicates that a great majority of the same-day visitors [4 325 659 (94,7%)] came into the country by road; most of whom were from Southern African Development Community (SADC) countries [4 265 364 (98,6%)]. Virtually all same day visitors [4 536 180 (99,3%)] came for holidays. The rest came for business [16 893 (0,4%)] for study purposes [15 309 (0,3%)] and for medical treatment [497 (less than 0,1%)].

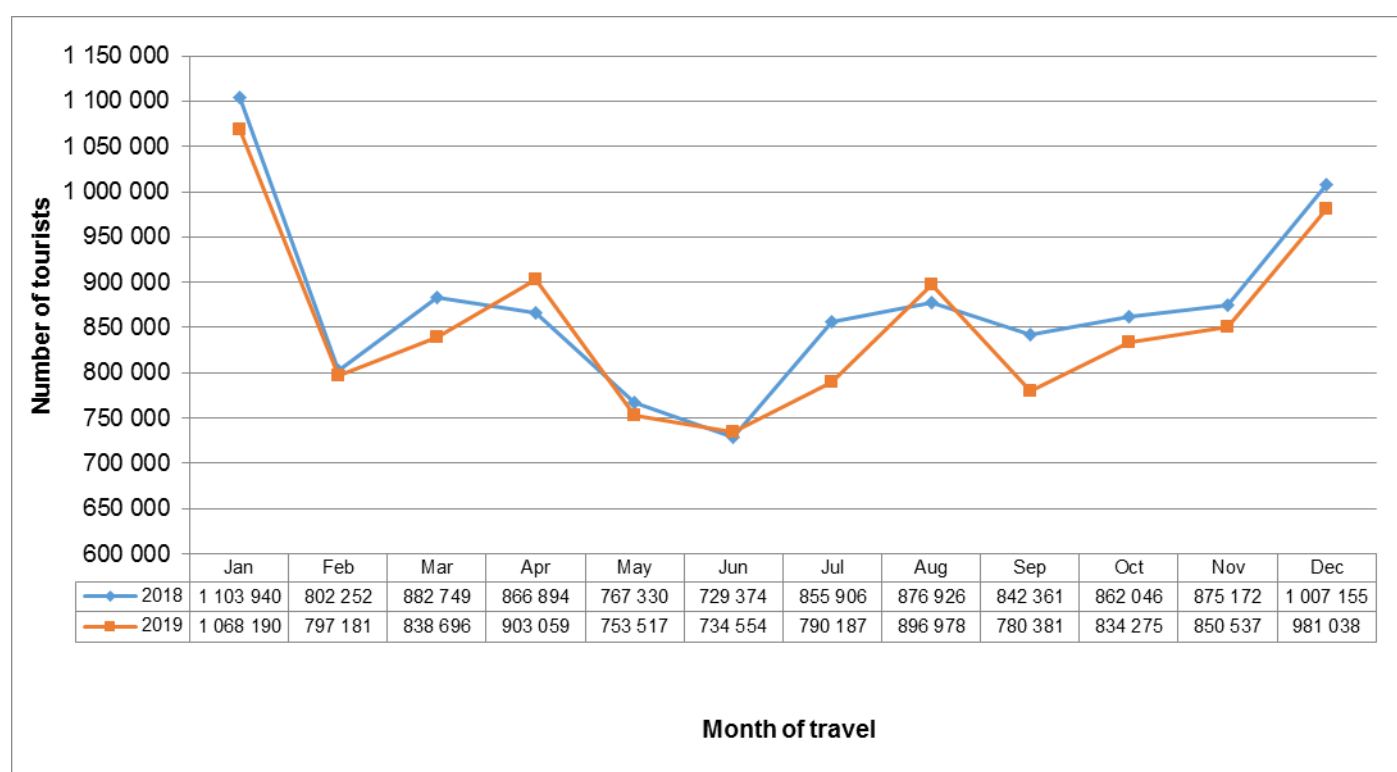
4. Tourists

This section presents the number of tourists that visited South Africa in 2019, as well as their regions of residence, mode of travel, purpose of visit, duration of stay and their demographic characteristics (age and sex). A total of 10 228 593 tourists came to South Africa in 2019, showing a decrease of 2,3% from the 10 472 105 tourists recorded in 2018.

Information presented in Figure 4.1 below (and Appendix XII on page 36) indicate that the highest number of tourist arrivals [1 068 190 (10,4%)] was recorded in January 2019 whilst the least number was recorded in June 2019 [734 554 (7,2%)]. The information shows that the monthly tourist arrivals in 2019 were generally lower than the monthly arrivals observed in 2018. However, the monthly patterns were generally the same for both 2019 and 2018

Appendix XII (on page 36) further indicates some diversity in the monthly arrival patterns regarding the types of tourists. The highest number of tourists who came on holiday was recorded in January [1 036 173 (10,4%)], that of business persons was recorded in November [20 611 (9,8%)], that of students was recorded in January [12 604 (19,2%)], and that of medical treatment was recorded in May [665 (10,9%)]

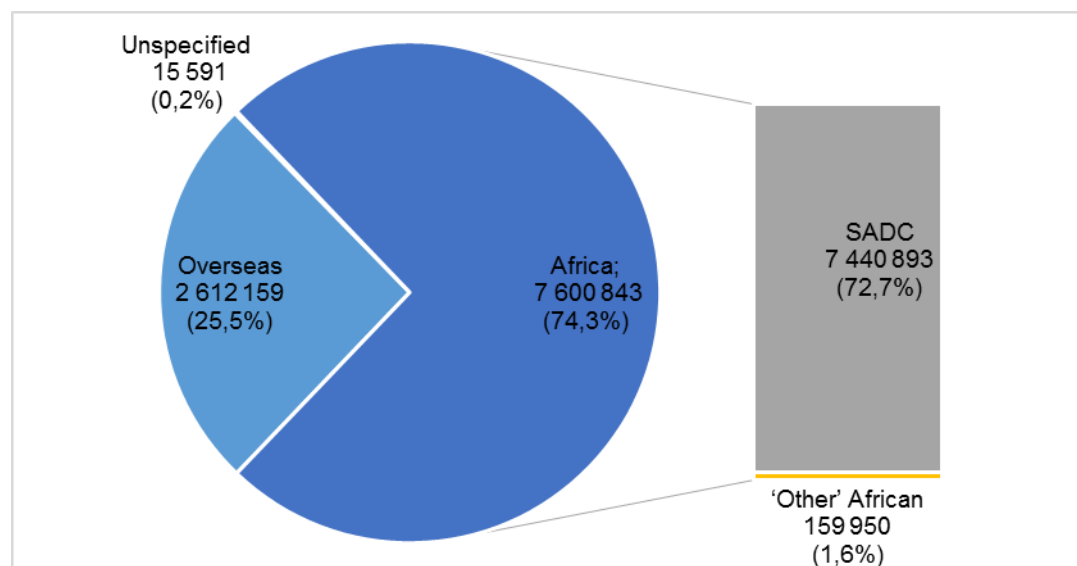
Figure 4.1: Number of tourists by month and year of travel, 2018 and 2019



4.1 Region of residence

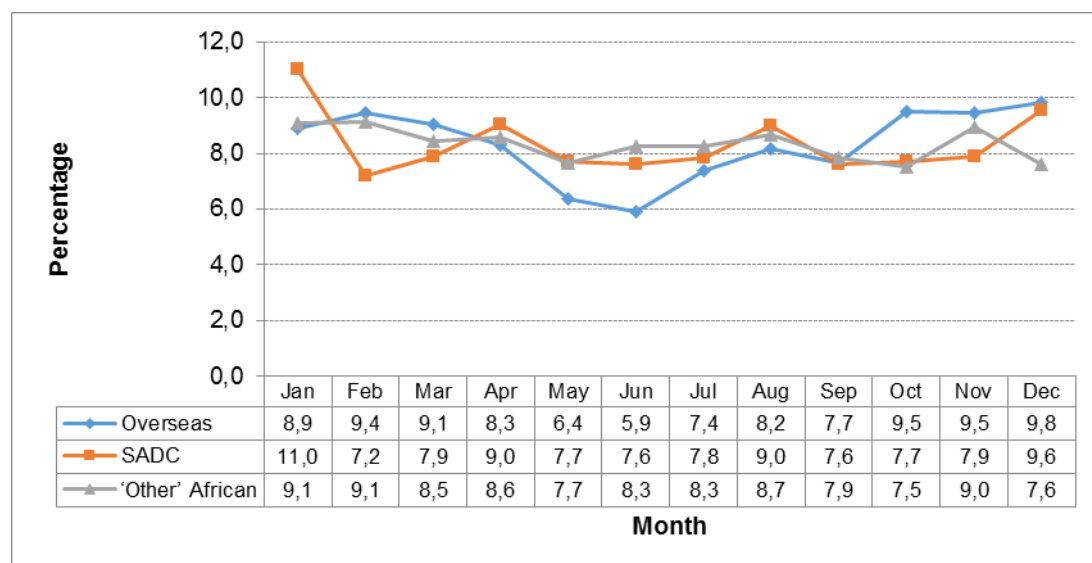
The breakdown of the number of tourists by region provided in Figure 4.2 below indicates that 72,7% of the tourists who arrived in South Africa in 2019 were residents of SADC countries and 1,6% were from 'other' African countries. These two sub-regions made up 74,3% of tourists from Africa in total. Residents of overseas countries made up 25,5% of the tourists.

Figure 4.2: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence, 2019



Detailed information on the number of tourists by region and sub-region of residence and the month of arrival is provided in Appendix XIII on page 37 and the percentage distribution at regional level is shown in Figure 4.3 below. It is observed that there are regional differences in the monthly arrivals of tourists. Thus in 2019, the lowest proportion of overseas tourists was recorded in June (5,9%) and the highest proportion in December (9,8%). The largest proportion of tourist arrivals from the SADC region was recorded in January (11,0%), and the lowest in February (7,2%). Furthermore, for tourists from the 'other' African region, the lowest proportion of tourist arrivals was recorded in October (7,5%) and the highest proportion in January and February (9,1%).

Figure 4.3: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and month of arrival, 2019

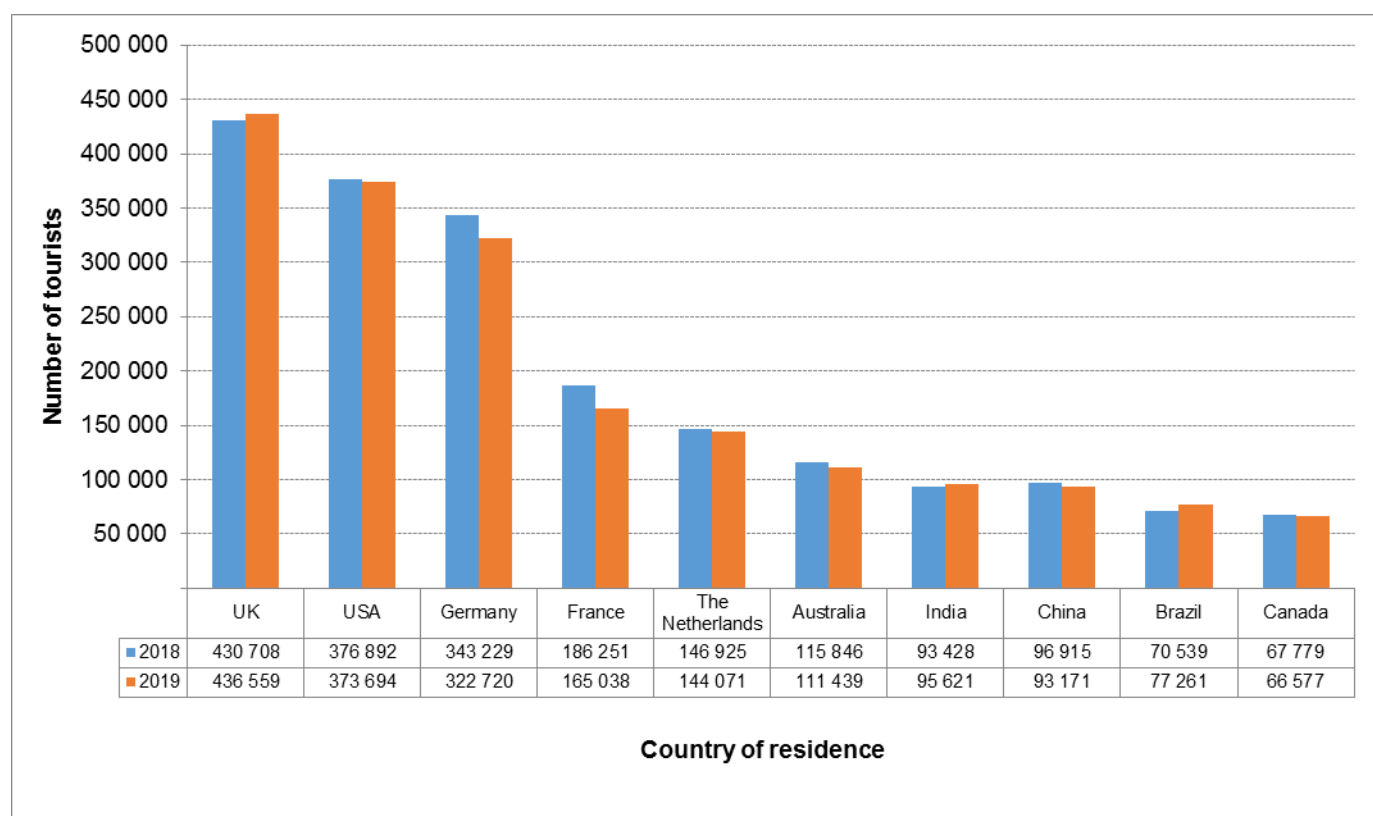


4.2 Ten leading countries

Overseas

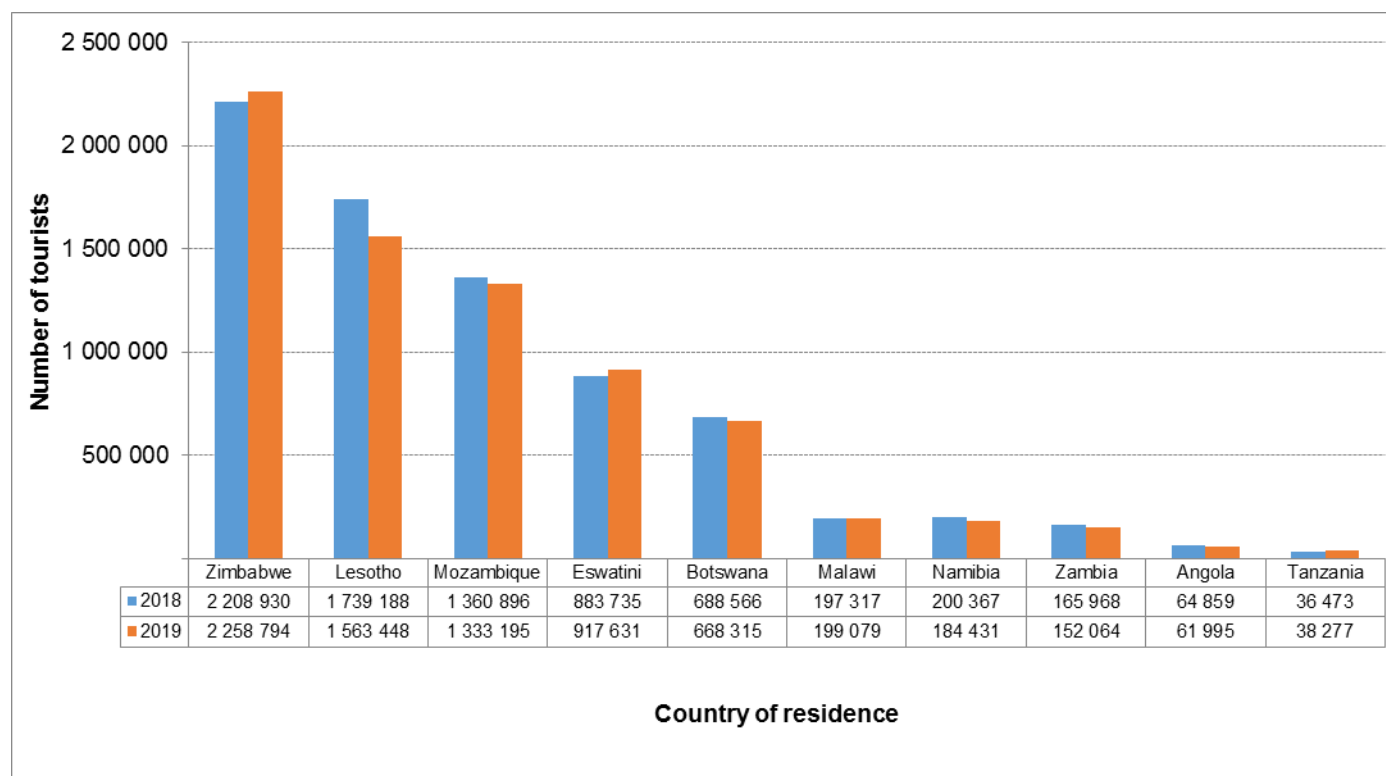
As presented in Figure 4.4 below (and Appendix XV on page 39–43), the ten leading countries for overseas tourists in 2019 were: The United Kingdom (UK), 436 559 (16,7%); United States of America (USA), 373 694 (14,3%); Germany, 322 720 (12,4%); France, 165 038 (6,3%); The Netherlands, 144 071 (5,5%); Australia, 111 439 (4,3%); India, 95 621 (3,7%); China, 93 171 (3,6%); Brazil, 77 261 (3,0%) and Canada, 66 577 (2,5%). A comparison of the 2019 volumes with the 2018 volumes indicates that the number of tourists decreased in nine of the ten leading overseas countries. France had the largest drop of 11,4%.

Figure 4.4: Number of tourists from ten leading overseas countries in 2019 compared to 2018

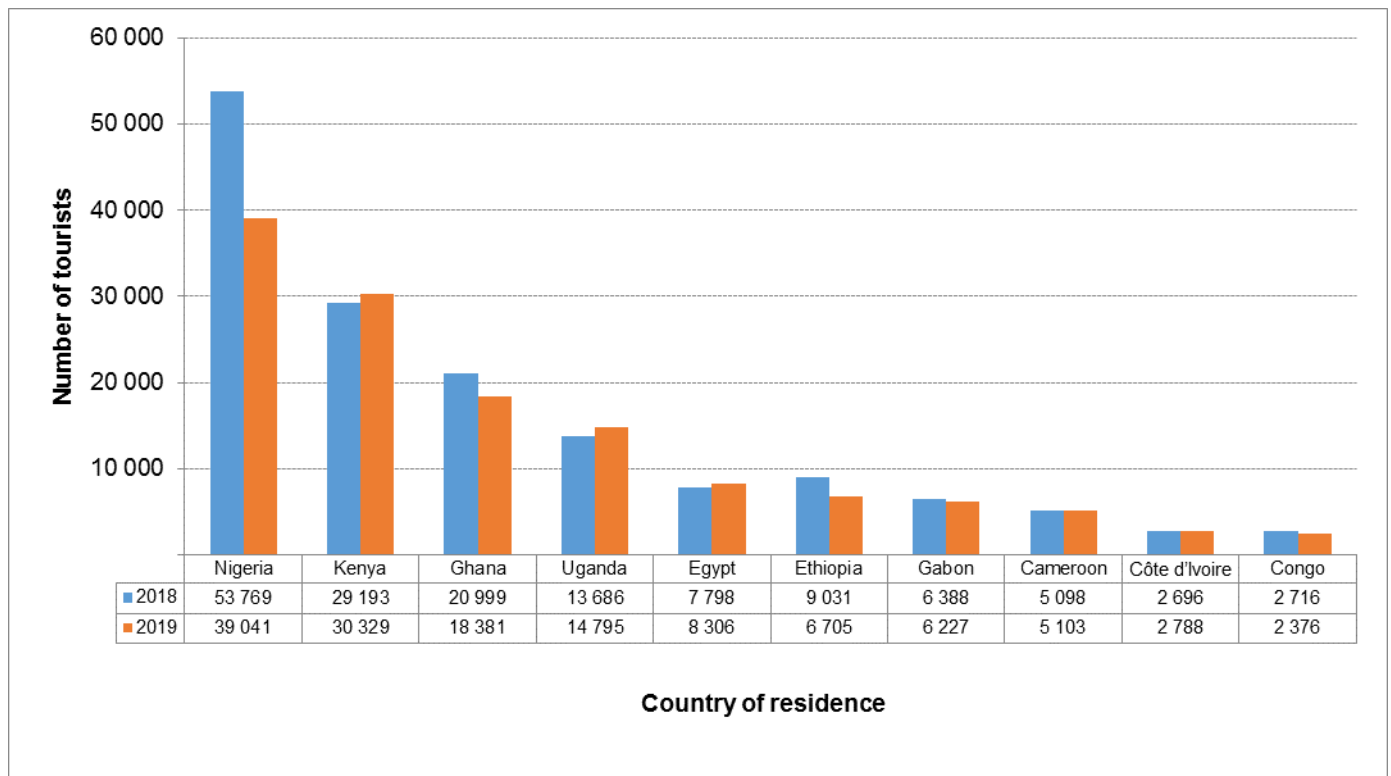


SADC

Figure 4.5 on page 14 (and Appendix XV on page 44) shows the ten leading countries for tourists from the SADC region in 2019. These were: Zimbabwe, 2 258 794 (30,4%); Lesotho, 1 563 448 (21,0%); Mozambique, 1 333 195 (17,9%); Eswatini, 917 631 (12,3%); Botswana, 668 315 (9,0%); Malawi, 199 079 (2,7%); Namibia, 184 431 (2,5%); Zambia, 152 064 (2,0%); Angola, 61 995 (0,8%) and Tanzania, 38 277 (0,5%). Six of the ten leading SADC countries showed a decrease in the number of tourists from 2018 to 2019. Lesotho showed the largest decrease of 10,1%.

Figure 4.5: Number of tourists from ten leading SADC countries in 2019 compared to 2018**'Other' African**

As presented in Figure 4.6 on page 15 (and Appendix XV on page 44–45), the ten leading countries for tourists from 'other' African countries in 2019 were: Nigeria, 39 041 (24,4%); Kenya, 30 329 (19,0%); Ghana, 18 381 (11,5%); Uganda, 14 795 (9,2%); Egypt, 8 306 (5,2%); Ethiopia, 6 705 (4,2%); Gabon, 6 227 (3,9%); Cameroon, 5 103 (3,2%); Côte d'Ivoire, 2 788 (1,7%) and Congo, 2 376 (1,5%). A comparison between the 2019 and 2018 volumes indicates that the number of tourists decreased in five of the ten leading countries. Nigeria had the largest drop of 27,4%.

Figure 4.6: Number of tourists from ten leading 'other' African countries in 2019 compared to 2018

4.3 Mode of travel

Place of arrival

Table 4.1 on page 16 provides information on the number of tourists by mode of travel and place of arrival. A large number of tourists who came to South Africa in 2019 used road transport [7 206 273 (70,5%)] followed by those who came by air [3 006 254 (29,4%)] and those who arrived through sea ports [16 066 (0,2%)]. The results further show that the road users mainly came in through the Zimbabwe (28,5%) and Lesotho (22,1%) ports of entry. Namibia (1,5%) had the least number of the 2019 tourists using its ports of entry.

Out of the 3 006 254 tourists that flew into the country, the largest proportion (69,3%) used O.R. Tambo International Airport. Cape Town and King Shaka international airports were used by 28,5% and 1,9% tourists respectively. Most of the tourists that used sea ports of entry came in through the Cape Town (48,2%) and Durban (35,0%) harbours.

A detailed table including month of travel is shown in Appendix XIV on page 38. The highest volume of tourists that passed through the Zimbabwe port of entry were recorded in January (166 810) whereas the lowest volumes were recorded in April (107 129). Meanwhile, the highest volume of tourists that entered South Africa through the O.R. Tambo International Airport were recorded in December (192 374) and October (191 360). Further details on the number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival are provided in Appendix XV on page 39.

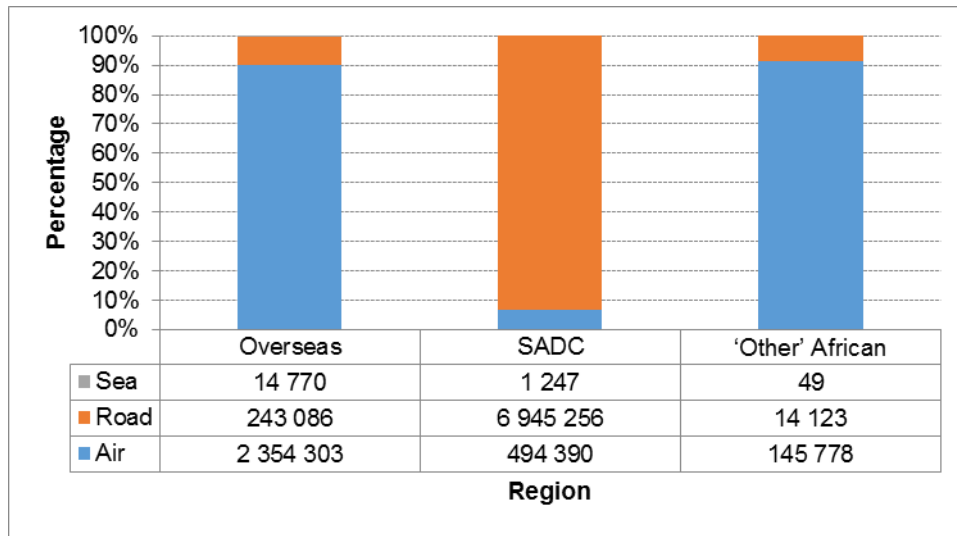
Table 4.1: Distribution of tourists by mode of travel and place of arrival, 2019

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	%
Total	10 228 593	100,0%
Air	3 006 254	100,0%
Cape Town International Airport	856 507	28,5%
King Shaka International Airport	56 019	1,9%
O. R. Tambo International Airport	2 082 049	69,3%
Other Airports	11 679	0,4%
Road	7 206 273	100,0%
Botswana	922 372	12,8%
Eswatini	1 106 118	15,3%
Lesotho	1 591 205	22,1%
Mozambique	1 422 382	19,7%
Namibia	111 548	1,5%
Zimbabwe	2 052 648	28,5%
Sea	16 066	100,0%
Cape Town Harbour	7 751	48,2%
Durban Harbour	5 626	35,0%
Port Elizabeth Harbour	2 689	16,7%

* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Region of residence

As observed from Figure 4.7 on page 17, a large proportion of overseas tourists [90,1% (2 354 303)] came into South Africa by air compared to [9,3% (243 086)] who came in by road and [0,6% (14 770)] who came by sea. Similarly, tourists from 'other' African countries generally entered the country by air [91,1% (145 778)] rather than by road [8,8% (14 123)] or sea [less than 0,1% (49)]. However, the mode of travel used by most tourists from SADC countries was road [93,3% (6 945 256)] compared to air [6,6% (494 390)] and to sea [less than 0,1% (1 247)]. Detailed data on sub-region and country of residence and mode of travel is presented in Appendix XVI on page 46.

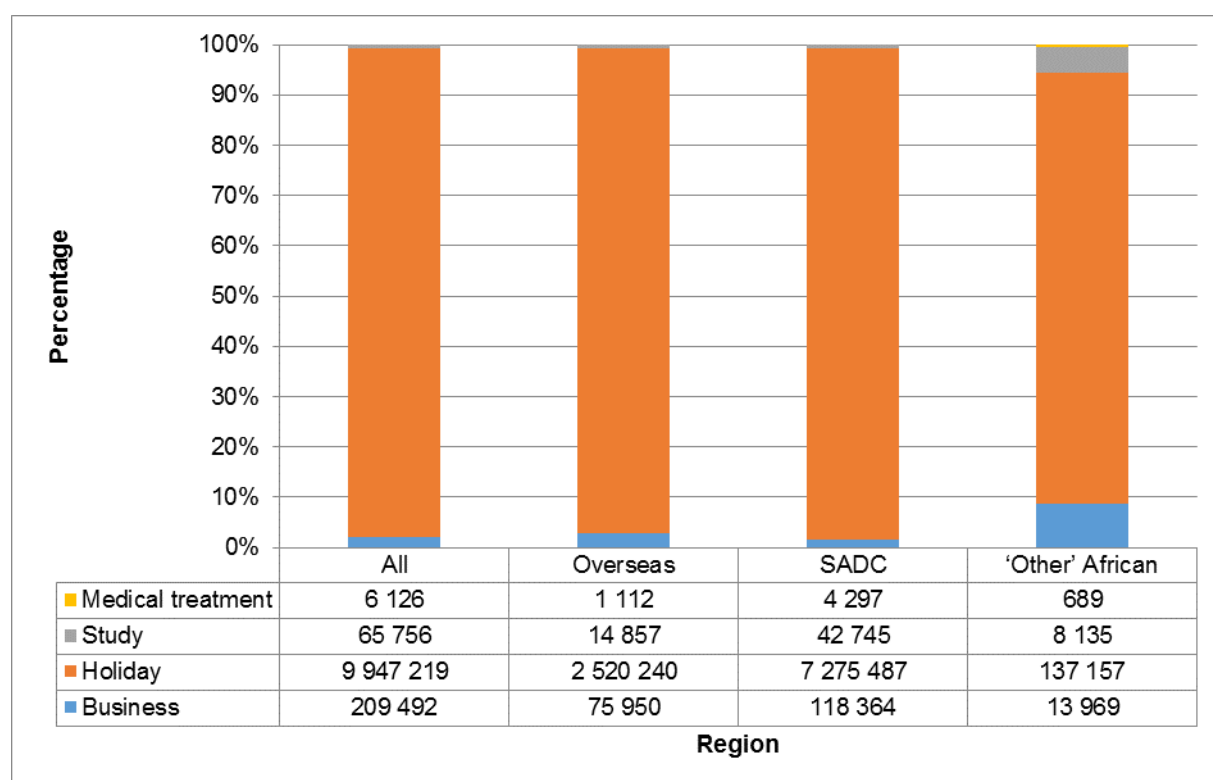
Figure 4.7: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and mode of travel, 2019

4.4 Purpose of visit

Region of residence

Besides information in Figure 4.8 on page 18, reference has been made to data on the main types of tourists that visit South Africa (see Appendix XII on page 36) – using the purpose of visit to identify them. In 2019, most tourists came to South Africa for holidays [9 947 219 (97,2%)]. The remaining tourists came for business [209 492 (2,0%)], for study purposes [65 756 (0,6%)] and for medical treatment [6 126 (0,1%)] .

The 2019 data reveals some regional and country differentials with respect to the purpose of visit. For example, [13 969 (8,7%)] tourists from 'other' African countries and [75 950 (2,9%)] of tourists from overseas countries came for business compared to [118 364 (1,6%)] from SADC countries. In addition, students made up [8 135 (5,1%)] of tourists from 'other' African countries compared to [42 745 (0,6%)] of tourists from SADC countries and [14 857 (0,6%)] of overseas tourists. Detailed data on country of residence and purpose of visit is presented in Appendix XVII on page 53.

Figure 4.8: Percentage distribution of tourists by region and purpose of visit, 2019

Country of residence

Figures 4.9, 4.10 and 4.12 on page 19 reveal that most overseas tourists on holiday (16,7%), business persons (17,3%) and medical treatment (30,8%) were UK residents. However, it is shown in Figure 4.11 on page 19 that the highest proportion of overseas students came from the USA (12,8%).

As observed from Figure 4.13 and Figure 4.14 on page 19 and also Figure 4.15 and Figure 4.16 on page 20, the majority of SADC tourists on holiday (30,6%) were from Zimbabwe, business persons (23,9%) were from Mozambique, students (21,6%) were from Lesotho and the highest proportion of SADC tourists on medical treatment came from Botswana (31,6%).

Regarding tourists from 'other' African countries, Nigerian residents were the majority on holiday (25,5%) and study (28,3%). The majority of tourists from 'other' African countries who came for business (28,6%) were from Kenya and majority of tourists who came for medical treatment were Cameroon residents (see Figures 4.17 – 4.20 on page 20). Detailed data on country of residence and purpose of visit is presented in Appendix XVII on page 53.

4.5 Duration of stay

The number of days tourists spent in South Africa is based on the tourists who arrived and left in the same month. Figure 4.21 on page 21 indicates that generally tourists from overseas and 'other' African countries spent on average more days (about five to six days per month) in the country compared to SADC residents who spent an average of three days in a month. Tourists from Overseas spent less days (about five days) in May, June and July while the shortest duration for tourists from 'other' African countries was recorded in October, with an average of four days' stay.

Figure 4.9: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on holiday, 2019

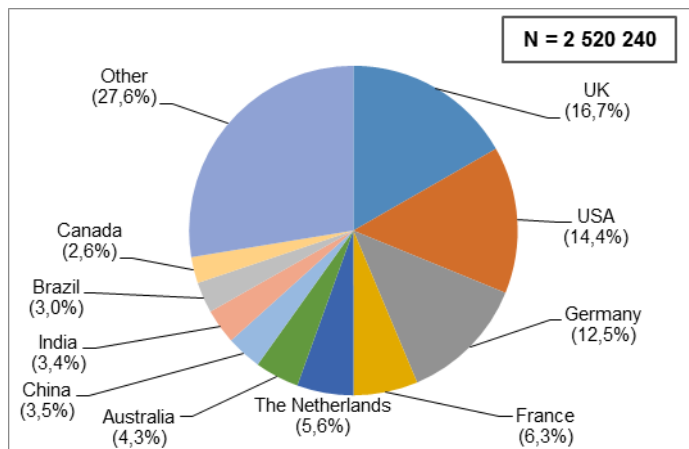


Figure 4.12: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on medical, 2019

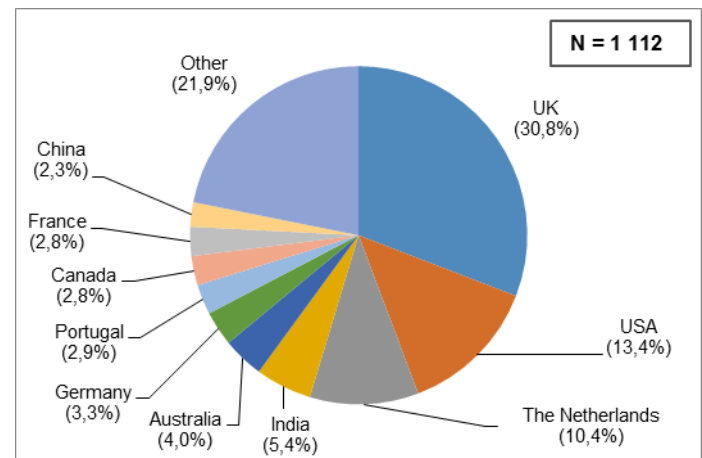


Figure 4.10: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on business, 2019

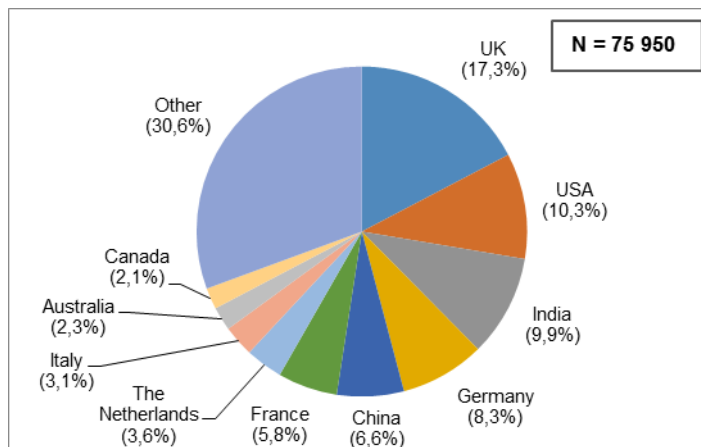


Figure 4.13: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on holiday, 2019

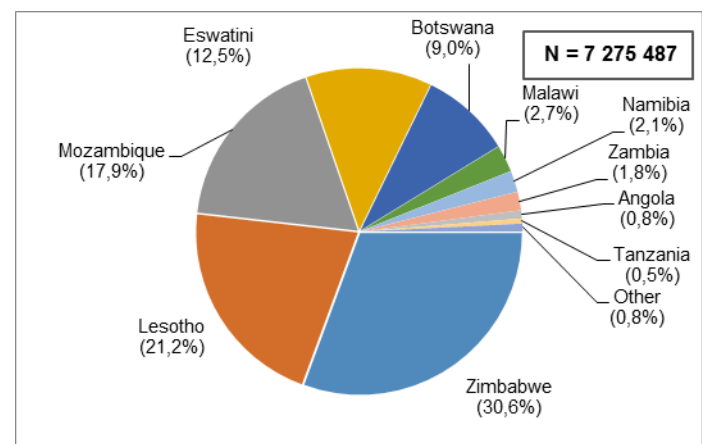


Figure 4.11: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on study, 2019

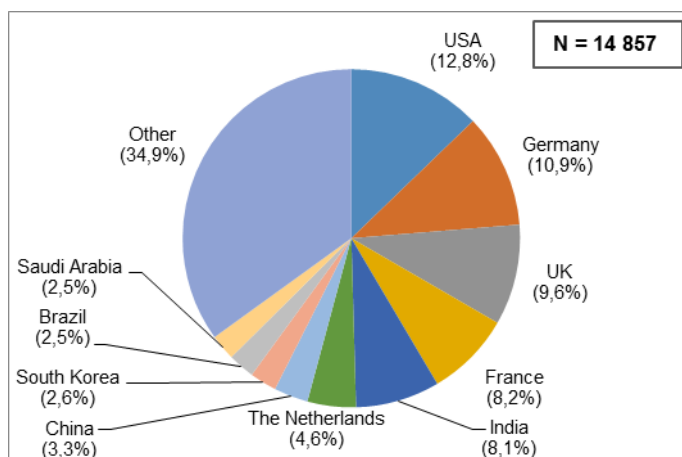


Figure 4.14: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on business, 2019

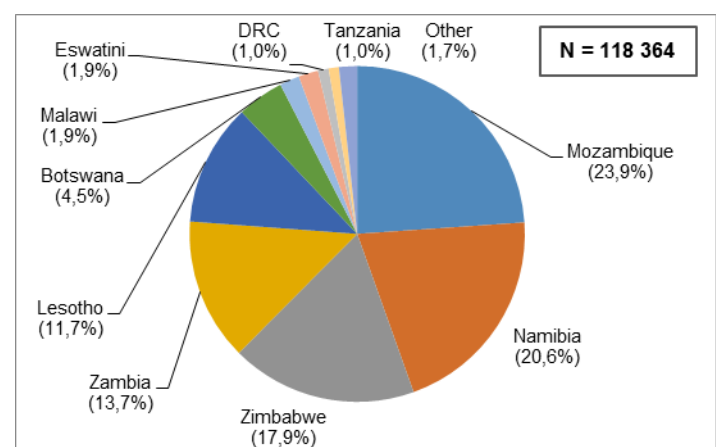


Figure 4.15: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on study, 2019

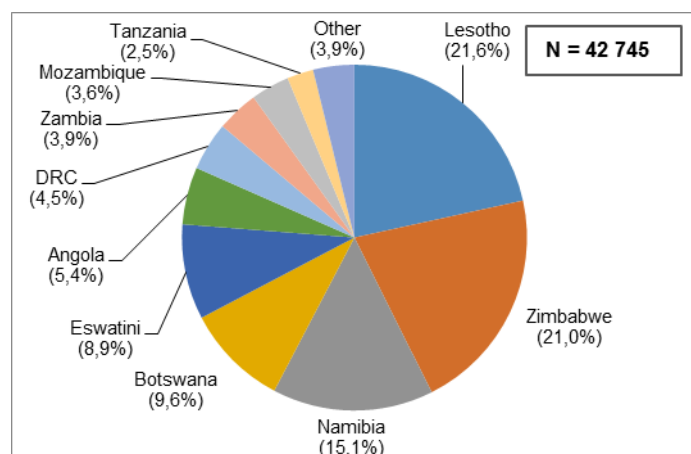


Figure 4.18: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on business, 2019

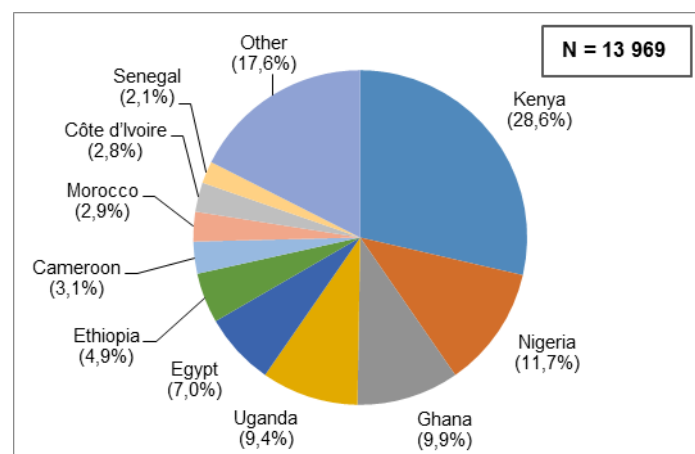


Figure 4.16: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on medical, 2019

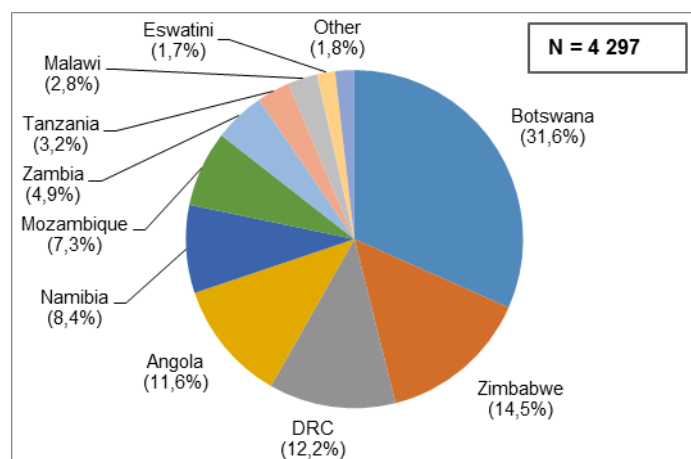


Figure 4.19: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on study, 2019

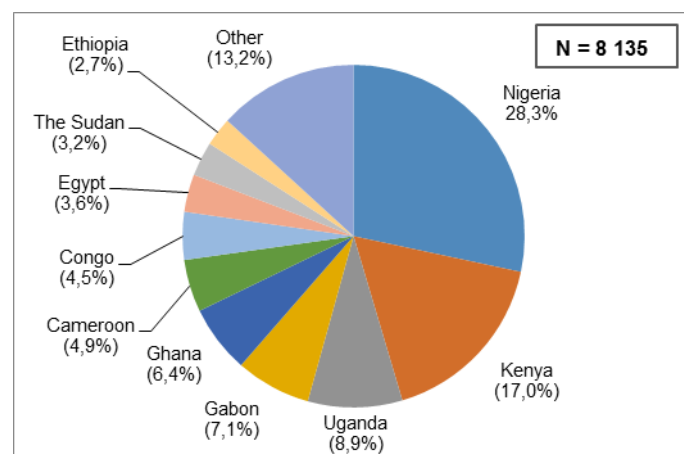


Figure 4.17: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on holiday, 2019

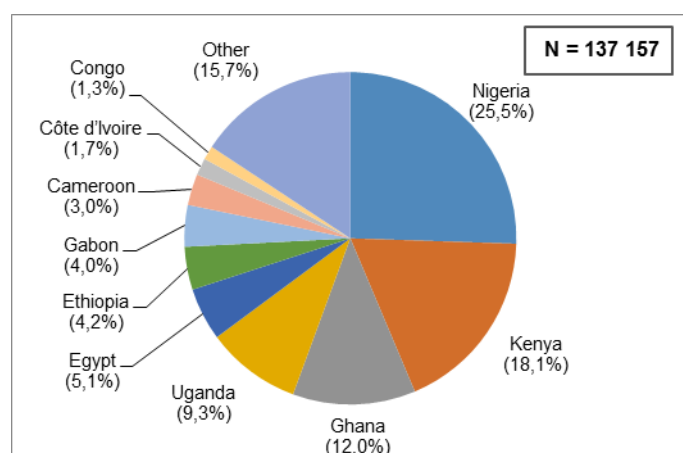


Figure 4.20: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on medical, 2019

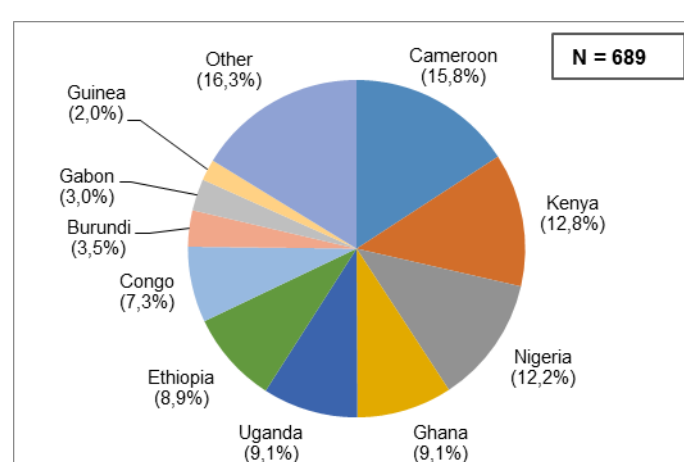
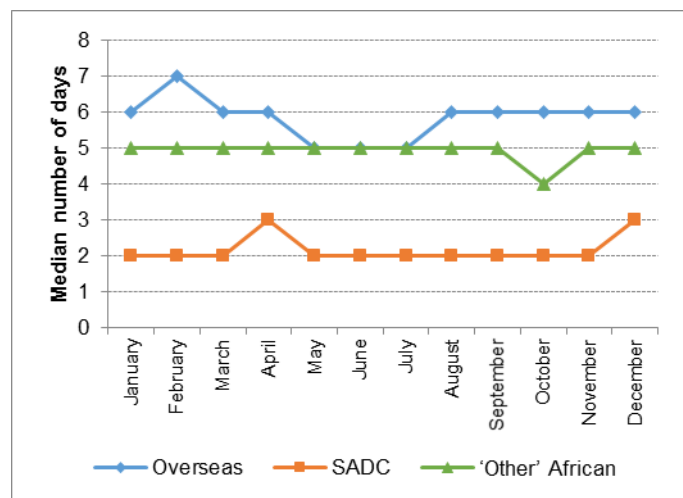


Figure 4.21: Average (median) number of days tourists spent by month of arrival, 2019

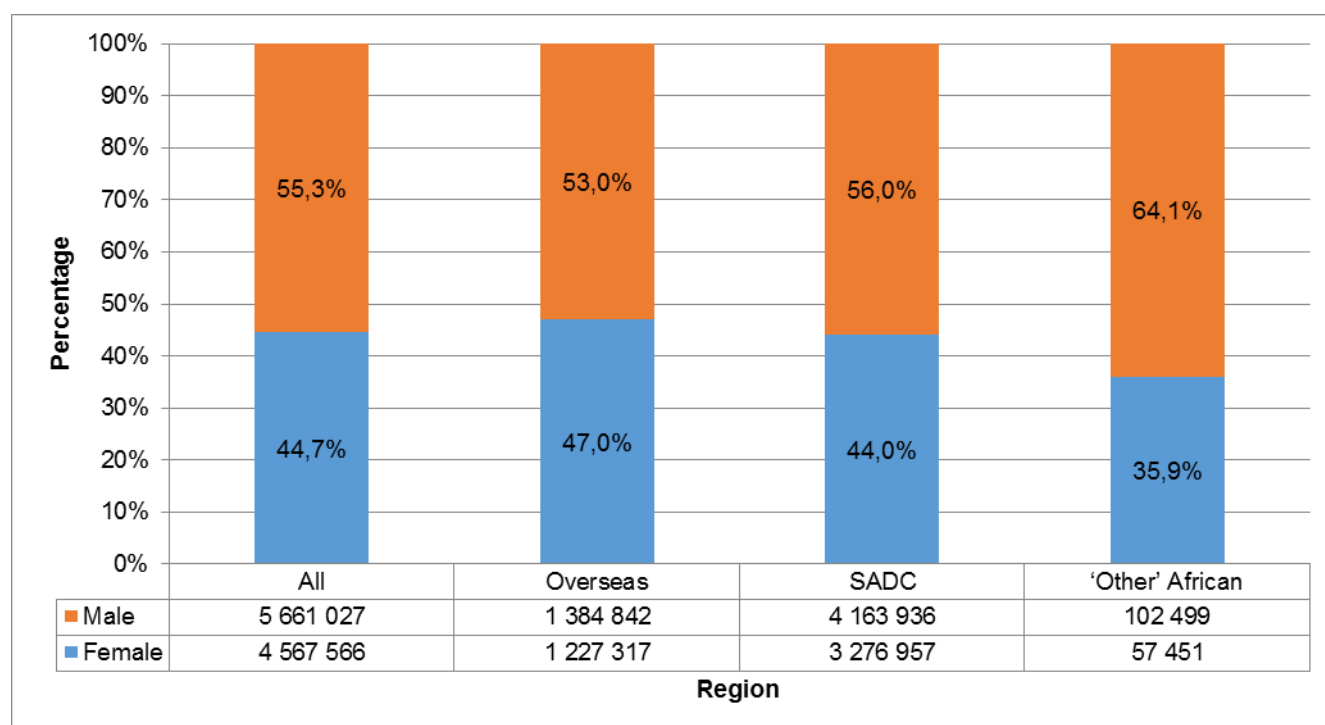


4.6 Sex and age distribution

Sex

In 2019, as shown in Figure 4.22 below, there were more male [5 661 027 (55,3%)] than female [4 567 566 (44,7%)] tourists. Male tourists constituted the majority of tourists for all three regions, SADC [4 163 936 (56,0%)], overseas [1 384 842 (53,0%)] tourists and 'other' African countries [102 499 (64,1%)]. Similarly, the largest portion of female tourists was from SADC [3 276 957 (44,0%)], followed by overseas [1 227 317 (47,0%)] and the lowest from 'other' African countries [57 451 (35,9%)]. Detailed information on the number of tourists by sex, age and region of residence are shown in Appendix XVIII on page 60 while the same distribution by month of arrival is shown in Appendix XIX on page 61.

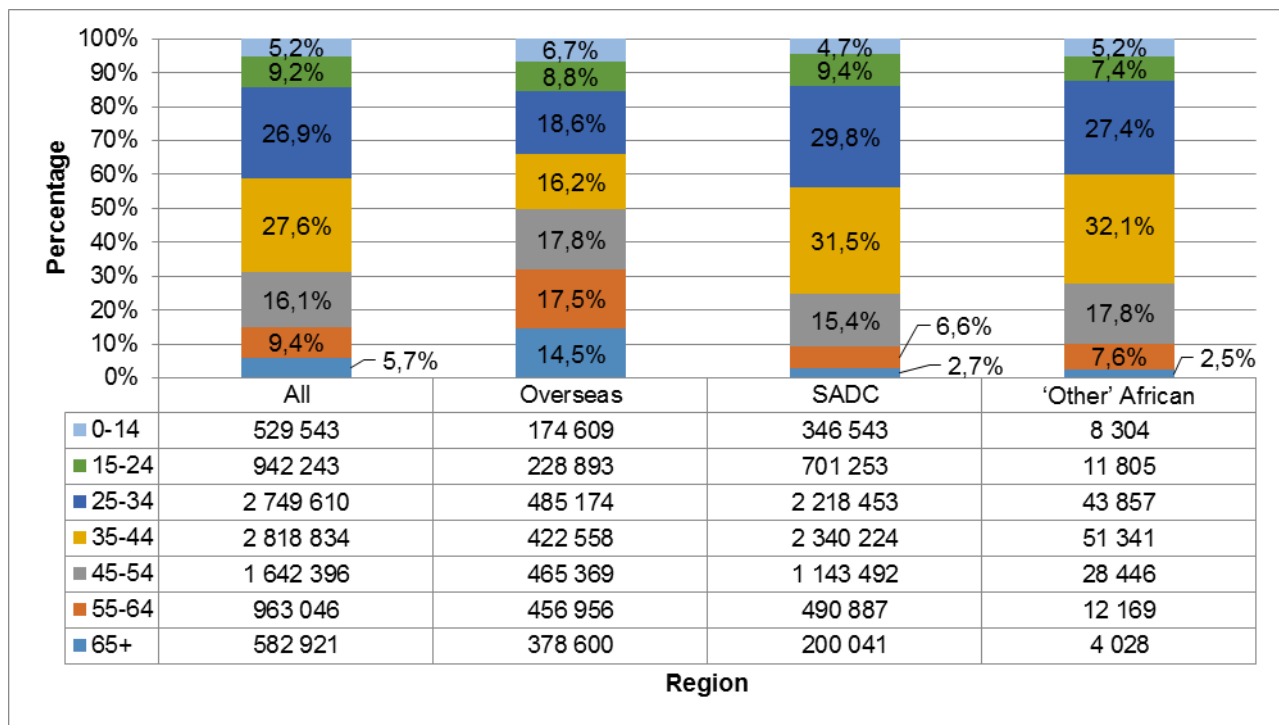
Figure 4.22: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and sex, 2019



Age

The age distribution indicates that out of all tourists, [529 543 (5,2%)] were aged less than 15 years; [942 243 (9,2%)] were aged between 15 and 24 years; [2 749 610 (26,9%)] were aged between 25 and 34 years; [2 818 834 (27,6%)] were aged between 35 and 44 years; [1 642 396 (16,1%)] were aged between 45 and 54 years; [963 046 (9,4%)] were aged between 55 and 64 years and [582 921 (5,7%)] were aged 65 years and above. (see Figure 4.23 on page 23).

Taking the region of residence into consideration, the results show that the highest proportion of tourists from SADC countries [2 340 224 (31,5%)] and those from 'other' African countries [51 341 (32,1%)] were aged between 35 and 44 years, whereas overseas countries [485 174 (18,6%)] were aged between 35 and 44 years. The second highest proportion of tourists from SADC countries [2 218 453 (29,8%)] and those from 'other' African countries [43 857 (27,4%)] were aged between 25 and 34 years whereas overseas countries [465 369 (17,8%)] were aged between 45 and 54. The median ages of tourists from overseas, SADC and 'other' African countries were 44, 36 and 37 years respectively. The proportion of tourists aged less than 15 years was higher among tourists from overseas countries, 6,7% (174 609) compared to those from 'other' African countries, 5,2% (8 304) and to those from SADC countries, 4,7% (346 543). Detailed information on the number of tourists by sex, age and region of residence are shown in Appendix XVIII on page 60 while the same distribution by month of arrival is shown in Appendix XIX on page 61.

Figure 4.23: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and age, 2019

5. Summary

This report provides information collected by DHA immigration officers on South African residents and foreign travellers that passed through South African air, land and sea ports of entry/exit in 2019. The report also presents detailed information on the mode of travel, purpose of visit, length of stay and demographic characteristics of tourists (foreigners). A total of 41 948 727 travellers (arrivals plus departures) entered or departed South Africa in 2019 showing a decrease of 0,5% from the 2018 volume of 42 156 447.

South African resident arrivals increased by 1,1% from 5 936 978 in 2018 to 6 003 568 in 2019 and departures increased by 1,0% from 6 014 912 in 2018 to 6 076 274 in 2019. Foreign arrivals dropped by 0,7% from 15 939 855 in 2018 to 15 825 296 in 2019 and departures dropped by 1,6% from 14 264 702 in 2018 to 14 043 589 in 2019. Due to limited data on South African residents, information on tourists is available only from foreign travellers. In 2019, foreign arrivals were made up of 6,5% non-visitors and 93,5% visitors. The visitors were further categorised into same-day visitors (30,9%) and overnight visitors or tourists (69,1%).

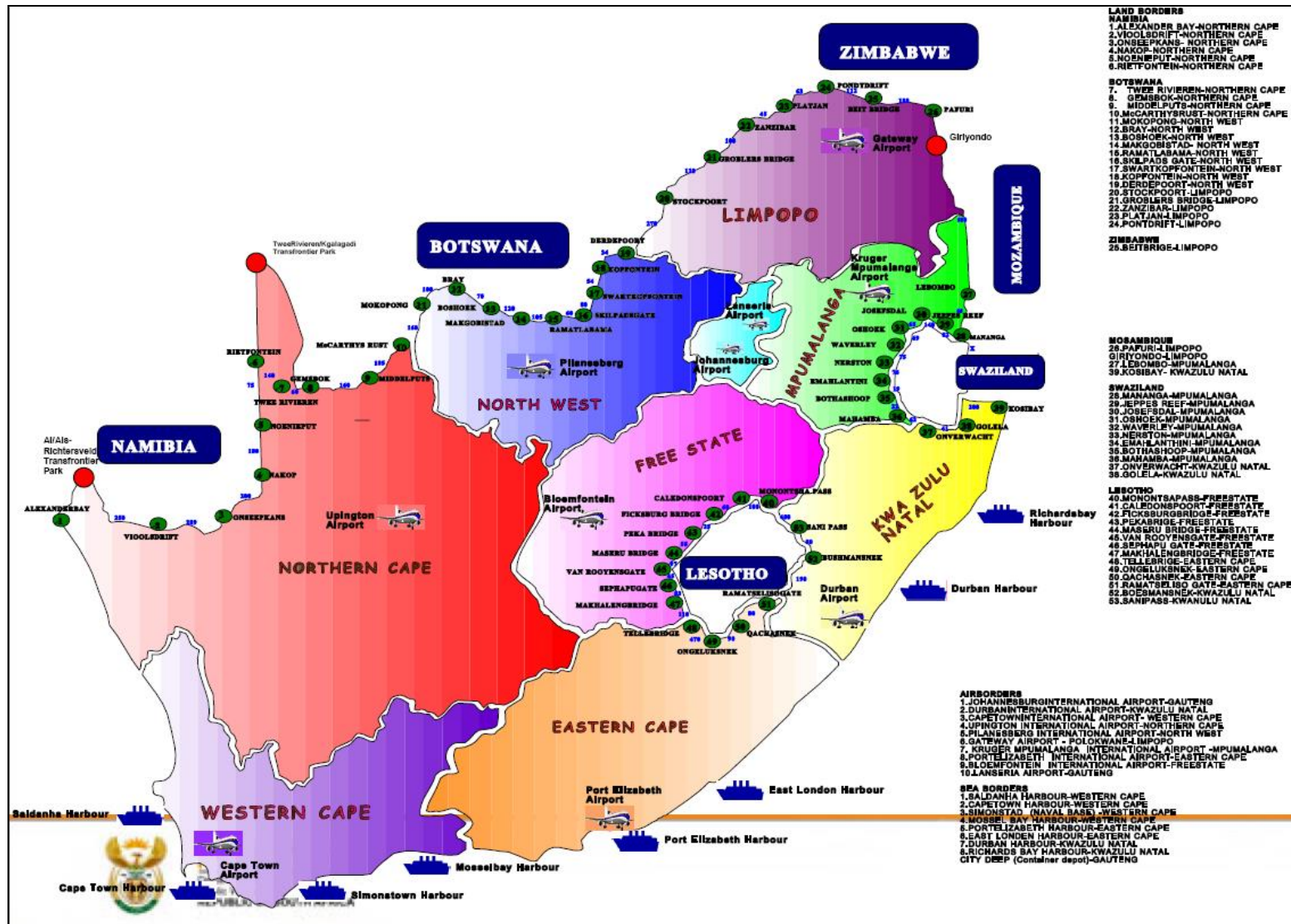
The volume of tourists decreased by 2,3% from 10 472 105 in 2018 to 10 228 593 in 2019. The distribution of tourists by region of residence followed a similar pattern as shown in previous years. Thus, a high proportion (72,7%) of tourists was residents from the SADC countries; while 25,5% and 1,6% of tourists were from overseas and 'other' African countries respectively.

Likewise, the 2019 patterns of mode of travel and purpose of visit did not differ greatly from what was observed in 2018 and earlier years. Generally, overseas and 'other' African tourists flew into the country whereas tourists from SADC countries came in by road. Holiday continued to be the main reason for visiting South Africa. A large majority (97,2%) of tourists came for holidays whilst business persons, students and medical treatment constituted 2,0%, 0,6% and 0,1% respectively of the 2019 tourists. Overseas holiday, business and medical treatment tourists were mainly UK residents and students were mostly USA residents. The majority of SADC tourists on holiday (30,6%) were from Zimbabwe, business persons (23,9%) were from Mozambique, students (21,6%) were from Lesotho and the highest proportion of SADC tourists on medical treatment came from Botswana (31,6%). With regard to 'other' African countries, tourists on holiday (25,5%) and students (28,3%) were mostly from Nigeria. The majority of tourists from 'other' African countries who came for business (28,6%) were from Kenya and those who came for medical treatment were Cameroon residents.

In 2019, tourists from overseas and 'other' African countries spent, on average, six and five days per month respectively in South Africa, compared to tourists from SADC who spent two days. Tourists continued to be predominantly male (55,3%).

6. APPENDICES

Appendix I: Ports of entry/exit in South Africa



Source: National Department of Home Affairs

Appendix II: Number of foreign travellers and South African residents by year of travel, 2005 – 2019

Year	All travellers				South African residents				Foreign travellers			
	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total
2005	9 630 617	8 920 258		18 550 875	2 112 300	2 191 599		4 303 899	7 518 317	6 728 659		14 246 976
2006	12 826 280	11 840 669		24 666 949	4 317 475	4 338 914		8 656 389	8 508 805	7 501 755		16 010 560
2007	13 656 529	12 456 288		26 112 817	4 448 832	4 433 492		8 882 324	9 207 697	8 022 796		17 230 493
2008	14 147 347	12 904 062		27 051 409	4 418 487	4 429 399		8 847 886	9 728 860	8 474 663		18 203 523
2009	14 585 617	13 104 237		27 689 854	4 487 311	4 423 987		8 911 298	10 098 306	8 680 250		18 778 556
2010	16 699 789	15 073 447		31 773 236	5 125 249	5 164 929		10 290 178	11 574 540	9 908 518		21 483 058
2011	17 924 920	16 180 473		34 105 393	5 429 177	5 455 260		10 884 437	12 495 743	10 725 213		23 220 956
2012	18 766 958	16 524 601		35 291 559	4 971 428	5 030 768		10 002 196	13 795 530	11 493 833		25 289 363
2013	20 245 051	18 365 779		38 610 830	5 090 060	5 167 651		10 257 711	15 154 991	13 198 128		28 353 119
2014	20 403 641	19 125 502	781 520	40 310 663	5 311 625	5 382 139	8 178	10 701 942	15 092 016	13 743 363	773 342	29 608 721
2015	20 453 522	19 119 232	823 597	40 396 351	5 401 696	5 414 362	9 760	10 825 818	15 051 826	13 704 870	813 837	29 570 533
2016	21 636 026	20 181 907	833 829	42 651 762	5 477 607	5 550 904	9 855	11 038 366	16 158 419	14 631 003	823 974	31 613 396
2017	21 703 731	20 339 239	763 050	42 806 020	5 713 133	5 785 699	9 617	11 508 449	15 990 598	14 553 540	753 433	31 297 571
2018	21 876 833	20 279 614	760 708	42 917 155	5 936 978	6 014 912	9 511	11 961 401	15 939 855	14 264 702	751 197	30 955 754
2019	21 828 864	20 119 863	821 440	42 770 167	6 003 568	6 076 274	9 777	12 089 619	15 825 296	14 043 589	811 663	30 680 548

Appendix III: Number of arrivals and departures of South African residents by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2019

Mode of travel and place of arrival or departure	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transits
Total	6 003 568	6 076 274	9 777	-	-	-
Air	2 336 600	2 379 369	9 777	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%
Cape Town International Airport	396 983	409 184	69	17,0%	17,2%	0,7%
King Shaka International Airport	134 524	141 714	-	5,8%	6,0%	-
O. R. Tambo International Airport	1 782 465	1 803 650	9 708	76,3%	75,8%	99,3%
Other Airports	22 628	24 821	-	1,0%	1,0%	-
Road	3 562 808	3 592 072	-	100,0%	100,0%	-
Botswana	599 082	601 745	-	16,8%	16,8%	-
Eswatini	876 669	890 324	-	24,6%	24,8%	-
Lesotho	1 018 254	1 034 882	-	28,6%	28,8%	-
Mozambique	727 932	722 250	-	20,4%	20,1%	-
Namibia	146 940	147 449	-	4,1%	4,1%	-
Zimbabwe	193 931	195 422	-	5,4%	5,4%	-
Sea	104 160	104 833	-	100,0%	100,0%	-
Cape Town Harbour	10 459	10 647	-	10,0%	10,2%	-
Durban Harbour	93 532	93 877	-	89,8%	89,5%	-
Port Elizabeth Harbour	169	309	-	0,2%	0,3%	-

Appendix IV: Number of South African residents by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2019

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	6 003 568	626 128	360 186	487 479	493 734	442 436	495 461	522 117	482 712	532 228	477 340	445 039	638 708
Air	2 336 600	240 931	131 217	182 365	179 014	177 178	199 624	231 066	183 318	212 362	200 574	167 647	231 304
Cape Town	396 983	42 643	21 349	31 034	29 406	28 730	36 160	41 971	30 358	35 289	32 246	28 695	39 102
King Shaka	134 524	15 026	7 413	10 874	10 350	8 021	11 050	15 061	10 023	11 525	11 911	8 797	14 473
O. R. Tambo	1 782 465	181 814	101 059	138 847	137 688	138 666	150 221	171 568	141 122	163 406	154 342	127 932	175 800
Other Airports	22 628	1 448	1 396	1 610	1 570	1 761	2 193	2 466	1 815	2 142	2 075	2 223	1 929
Road	3 562 808	373 942	211 590	282 388	294 382	265 017	295 693	290 863	299 163	319 707	276 503	268 433	385 127
Botswana	599 082	52 958	33 909	46 881	50 827	45 512	52 911	51 115	51 622	56 075	45 806	49 526	61 940
Eswatini	876 669	72 579	53 706	72 727	74 513	73 614	72 380	71 406	78 089	85 404	71 046	63 408	87 797
Lesotho	1 018 254	107 881	65 961	81 081	88 501	74 510	80 922	81 165	82 395	82 613	77 944	76 098	119 183
Mozambique	727 932	98 611	41 224	56 299	52 886	47 633	58 539	56 904	55 669	65 327	57 916	57 424	79 500
Namibia	146 940	14 440	6 945	11 535	11 336	11 036	15 445	14 322	12 136	14 215	9 930	10 172	15 428
Zimbabwe	193 931	27 473	9 845	13 865	16 319	12 712	15 496	15 951	19 252	16 073	13 861	11 805	21 279
Sea	104 160	11 255	17 379	22 726	20 338	241	144	188	231	159	263	8 959	22 277
Cape Town	10 459	8 562	62	381	138	227	100	159	173	132	217	247	61
Durban	93 532	2 683	17 306	22 340	20 136	11	41	22	44	15	38	8 703	22 193
Port Elizabeth	169	10	11	5	64	3	3	7	14	12	8	9	23

Appendix V: Number of South African residents by mode of travel, place and month of departure, 2019

Mode of travel and place of departure	Total	Month of departure											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	6 076 274	405 062	370 186	515 398	506 224	453 266	584 008	435 202	522 927	532 049	449 801	464 103	838 048
Air	2 379 369	163 896	138 452	200 500	191 013	180 072	261 872	173 741	202 037	224 752	176 347	168 279	298 408
Cape Town	409 184	29 128	21 980	34 392	31 175	33 081	51 246	30 684	32 032	39 268	27 799	27 396	51 003
King Shaka	141 714	10 275	8 364	12 811	9 736	8 555	16 714	11 121	11 590	13 299	10 212	9 972	19 065
O. R. Tambo	1 803 650	122 984	106 681	151 302	148 330	136 490	191 432	129 621	156 377	169 542	136 150	128 698	226 043
Other Airports	24 821	1 509	1 427	1 995	1 772	1 946	2 480	2 315	2 038	2 643	2 186	2 213	2 297
Road	3 592 072	230 293	214 535	290 849	295 784	273 040	321 994	261 065	320 708	307 083	273 223	284 680	518 818
Botswana	601 745	36 813	34 726	47 470	50 488	47 405	57 075	46 352	54 771	54 241	45 422	52 446	74 536
Eswatini	890 324	57 213	54 530	75 887	74 636	77 155	73 719	67 978	86 657	80 032	71 424	68 498	102 595
Lesotho	1 034 882	77 326	67 215	82 370	88 788	78 543	85 330	76 148	89 270	80 263	78 765	83 086	147 778
Mozambique	722 250	40 356	41 098	58 622	53 367	46 093	67 341	47 336	57 074	62 919	54 966	58 334	134 744
Namibia	147 449	9 027	7 091	12 201	11 502	11 470	19 786	10 233	12 163	14 103	9 573	10 386	19 914
Zimbabwe	195 422	9 558	9 875	14 299	17 003	12 374	18 743	13 018	20 773	15 525	13 073	11 930	39 251
Sea	104 833	10 873	17 199	24 049	19 427	154	142	396	182	214	231	11 144	20 822
Cape Town	10 647	8 397	144	188	394	122	81	365	145	182	154	134	341
Durban	93 877	2 357	17 048	23 854	19 019	30	61	25	25	15	47	10 926	20 470
Port Elizabeth	309	119	7	7	14	2	-	6	12	17	30	84	11

Appendix VI: Number of foreign arrivals and departures by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2019

Mode of travel and place of arrival or departure	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Percentage of arrivals	Percentage of departures	Percentage of transits
Total	15 825 296	14 043 589	811 663	-	-	-
Air	3 427 711	3 458 421	811 663	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%
Cape Town International Airport	900 644	909 632	1 585	26,3%	26,3%	0,2%
King Shaka International Airport	65 723	68 035	-	1,9%	2,0%	-
O. R. Tambo International Airport	2 445 282	2 454 818	810 078	71,3%	71,0%	99,8%
Other Airports	16 062	25 936	-	0,5%	0,7%	-
Road	12 330 052	10 514 533	-	100,0%	100,0%	-
Botswana	1533523	1503163	-	12,4%	14,3%	-
Eswatini	1939235	1764774	-	15,7%	16,8%	-
Lesotho	3602921	3135961	-	29,2%	29,8%	-
Mozambique	2076837	1715368	-	16,8%	16,3%	-
Namibia	145926	148296	-	1,2%	1,4%	-
Zimbabwe	3031610	2246971	-	24,6%	21,4%	-
Sea	67 533	70 635	-	100,0%	100,0%	-
Cape Town Harbour	31 716	35 856	-	47,0%	50,8%	-
Durban Harbour	28 764	25 617	-	42,6%	36,3%	-
Port Elizabeth Harbour	7 053	9 162	-	10,4%	13,0%	-

Appendix VII: Number of foreign arrivals by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2019

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	15 825 296	1 561 510	1 205 901	1 301 855	1 350 167	1 213 675	1 163 574	1 238 165	1 377 914	1 219 616	1 297 483	1 336 068	1 559 368
Air	3 427 711	308 409	313 334	303 127	285 204	232 071	220 790	262 200	288 407	267 445	309 217	306 319	331 188
Cape Town	900 644	101 498	101 449	91 896	71 538	47 751	41 991	48 833	56 519	58 081	79 525	96 512	105 051
King Shaka	65 723	5 126	5 727	5 795	6 068	3 880	4 989	5 960	5 991	4 628	5 610	5 512	6 437
O. R. Tambo	2 445 282	200 790	205 468	204 243	206 572	178 844	172 426	205 630	223 941	203 118	222 626	202 919	218 705
Other	16 062	995	690	1 193	1 026	1 596	1 384	1 777	1 956	1 618	1 456	1 376	995
Road	12 330 052	1 242 408	888 500	989 847	1 055 813	978 752	939 719	973 004	1 086 074	949 161	983 691	1 019 394	1 223 689
Botswana	1 533 523	120 050	96 955	120 602	147 923	121 832	119 937	124 303	138 728	114 589	122 579	129 273	176 752
Eswatini	1 939 235	151 907	139 523	162 005	174 079	159 666	134 251	156 706	186 158	163 570	165 355	166 571	179 444
Lesotho	3 602 921	381 641	260 460	303 253	307 706	286 915	285 128	287 696	285 790	277 935	282 653	293 679	350 065
Mozambique	2 076 837	223 084	164 874	159 985	152 061	171 023	168 686	163 503	180 751	160 970	168 858	179 700	183 342
Namibia	145 926	12 547	10 218	12 238	14 801	10 992	9 901	10 255	12 932	10 879	10 308	12 124	18 731
Zimbabwe	3 031 610	353 179	216 470	231 764	259 243	228 324	221 816	230 541	281 715	221 218	233 938	238 047	315 355
Sea	67 533	10 693	4 067	8 881	9 150	2 852	3 065	2 961	3 433	3 010	4 575	10 355	4 491
Cape Town	31 716	6 560	1 331	5 519	2 314	1 241	1 448	1 220	1 635	1 283	2 861	4 671	1 633
Durban	28 764	2 435	2 515	3 158	3 777	1 428	1 317	1 487	1 452	1 458	1 538	5 476	2 723
Port Elizabeth	7 053	1 698	221	204	3 059	183	300	254	346	269	176	208	135

Appendix VIII: Number of foreign departures by mode of travel, place and month of departure, 2019

Mode of travel and place of departure	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	14 043 589	1 169 796	1 055 331	1 210 297	1 217 493	1 106 649	1 044 833	1 048 816	1 215 970	1 080 483	1 139 310	1 193 490	1 561 121
Air	3 458 421	334 552	305 211	342 960	293 768	253 956	230 423	231 395	307 261	256 738	288 473	325 589	288 095
Cape Town	909 632	108 044	99 955	108 610	74 682	55 231	44 046	42 752	61 009	53 302	72 867	101 362	87 772
King Shaka	68 035	7 264	6 241	6 532	6 256	4 151	4 482	4 932	7 103	4 389	5 086	6 756	4 843
O. R. Tambo	2 454 818	217 758	197 943	225 878	210 990	192 123	179 508	181 025	235 921	196 038	208 062	215 816	193 756
Other	25 936	1 486	1 072	1 940	1 840	2 451	2 387	2 686	3 228	3 009	2 458	1 655	1 724
Road	10 514 533	823 003	745 507	858 280	910 888	849 666	811 690	814 413	905 786	820 802	847 762	860 059	1 266 677
Botswana	1 503 163	123 364	93 796	119 586	145 249	116 611	120 337	126 846	124 909	119 583	125 061	121 306	166 515
Eswatini	1 764 774	139 316	127 801	151 153	157 839	147 947	123 578	141 487	165 720	149 516	148 229	145 353	166 835
Lesotho	3 135 961	251 264	223 750	265 500	268 493	253 418	249 460	240 307	253 246	235 846	250 490	260 110	384 077
Mozambique	1 715 368	125 273	135 076	133 832	129 574	138 758	143 140	130 443	153 606	129 231	139 203	143 043	214 189
Namibia	148 296	15 109	10 120	12 516	13 708	12 606	10 929	10 515	13 019	11 278	10 818	12 003	15 675
Zimbabwe	2 246 971	168 677	154 964	175 693	196 025	180 326	164 246	164 815	195 286	175 348	173 961	178 244	319 386
Sea	70 635	12 241	4 613	9 057	12 837	3 027	2 720	3 008	2 923	2 943	3 075	7 842	6 349
Cape Town	35 856	6 228	2 216	5 976	7 537	1 451	1 158	1 340	1 152	1 330	1 370	2 615	3 483
Durban	25 617	2 194	2 179	2 891	4 932	1 397	1 232	1 414	1 429	1 327	1 527	2 336	2 759
Port Elizabeth	9 162	3 819	218	190	368	179	330	254	342	286	178	2 891	107

Appendix IX: Number of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit and month of arrival, 2019

Purpose of visit	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	15 825 296	1 561 510	1 205 901	1 301 855	1 350 167	1 213 675	1 163 574	1 238 165	1 377 914	1 219 616	1 297 483	1 336 068	1 559 368
Business	230 153	21 196	22 077	21 042	17 125	19 538	19 613	18 993	16 574	18 982	20 391	22 506	12 116
Holiday	14 999 208	1 460 326	1 137 800	1 231 508	1 279 494	1 149 266	1 098 473	1 166 538	1 311 215	1 150 879	1 230 971	1 269 676	1 513 062
Study	86 292	14 922	8 519	6 094	7 253	5 258	4 875	11 293	7 019	6 494	6 285	4 941	3 339
Work	332 763	44 138	23 520	28 572	31 094	26 038	25 860	26 502	28 444	27 373	25 381	25 576	20 265
Other	166 258	19 761	13 230	13 835	14 332	12 900	13 746	13 996	13 422	15 113	13 604	12 598	9 721
Unspecified	10 622	1 167	755	804	869	675	1 007	843	1 240	775	851	771	865

Appendix X: Number of foreign arrivals by type of visitor and month of arrival, 2019

Type of visitor	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	15 825 296	1 561 510	1 205 901	1 301 855	1 350 167	1 213 675	1 163 574	1 238 165	1 377 914	1 219 616	1 297 483	1 336 068	1 559 368
Non-visitors	1 027 824	109 988	73 338	83 638	90 205	78 492	79 712	90 335	88 009	87 160	85 725	83 037	78 185
Visitors	14 797 472	1 451 522	1 132 563	1 218 217	1 259 962	1 135 183	1 083 862	1 147 830	1 289 905	1 132 456	1 211 758	1 253 031	1 481 183
Same-day	4 568 879	383 332	335 382	379 521	356 903	381 666	349 308	357 643	392 927	352 075	377 483	402 494	500 145
Tourist	10 228 593	1 068 190	797 181	838 696	903 059	753 517	734 554	790 187	896 978	780 381	834 275	850 537	981 038

Appendix XI: Number of same day visitors by mode of travel, region of residence and purpose of visit, 2019

Mode of travel and region of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Total	4 568 874	16 893	4 536 180	15 309	497
Air	241 173	2 592	238 069	324	188
Overseas	163 001	1 291	161 644	39	27
SADC	74 492	1 135	72 966	238	153
'Other' Africa	2 665	136	2 474	47	8
Unspecified	1 015	30	985	-	-
Road	4 325 659	14 301	4 296 094	14 980	284
Overseas	53 630	55	52 939	635	1
SADC	4 265 364	14 235	4 236 591	14 255	283
'Other' African	4 924	9	4 825	90	-
Unspecified	1 741	2	1 739	-	-
Sea	2 042	-	2 017	5	25
Overseas	1 359	-	1 333	1	25
SADC	683	-	679	4	-
'Other' African	5	-	5	-	-

Appendix XII: Number of tourist arrivals by purpose of visit and month of arrival, 2019

Purpose of visit	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	10 228 593	1 068 190	797 181	838 696	903 059	753 517	734 554	790 187	896 978	780 381	834 275	850 537	981 038
Business	209 492	18 845	20 404	19 473	15 583	17 852	18 213	17 046	14 821	17 421	18 590	20 611	10 633
Holiday	9 947 219	1 036 173	769 894	814 046	881 530	731 264	712 168	762 917	876 743	757 261	811 157	826 580	967 486
Study	65 756	12 604	6 341	4 676	5 472	3 736	3 653	9 707	4 914	5 173	4 014	2 869	2 597
Medical treatment	6 126	568	542	501	474	665	520	517	500	526	514	477	322

Appendix XIII: Number of tourists by region of residence and month of arrival, 2019

Region	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	10 228 593	1 068 190	797 181	838 696	903 059	753 517	734 554	790 187	896 978	780 381	834 275	850 537	981 038
Overseas	2 612 159	232 872	246 394	236 647	217 131	166 227	154 361	192 277	213 074	200 571	248 673	247 136	256 796
Europe	1 556 452	151 933	169 025	146 833	134 273	75 308	63 589	104 590	118 657	105 873	158 332	164 704	163 335
North America	440 271	30 120	30 016	42 273	32 950	40 470	40 205	37 967	39 448	39 575	34 393	33 420	39 434
Central and South America	120 380	11 961	9 950	9 875	8 954	7 885	7 970	9 909	9 806	10 937	10 423	10 004	12 706
Australasia	128 153	9 867	7 447	9 320	11 889	10 052	10 292	10 435	11 368	12 606	10 442	10 193	14 242
Middle East	55 532	3 562	4 066	4 280	4 113	2 448	4 377	5 630	7 530	4 755	6 524	4 425	3 822
Asia	311 371	25 429	25 890	24 066	24 952	30 064	27 928	23 746	26 265	26 825	28 559	24 390	23 257
Africa	7 600 843	834 401	549 445	600 708	684 811	586 104	578 783	596 814	682 586	578 364	584 227	601 655	722 945
SADC	7 440 893	819 895	534 866	587 189	671 079	573 862	565 561	583 584	668 741	565 790	572 219	587 324	710 783
'Other' Africa	159 950	14 506	14 579	13 519	13 732	12 242	13 222	13 230	13 845	12 574	12 008	14 331	12 162
East and Central Africa	71 751	5 871	6 134	5 979	5 729	5 137	5 547	6 012	6 777	6 270	5 614	6 388	6 293
West Africa	71 242	6 868	6 830	6 126	6 235	6 113	6 436	6 052	5 862	5 066	5 063	6 075	4 516
North Africa	16 957	1 767	1 615	1 414	1 768	992	1 239	1 166	1 206	1 238	1 331	1 868	1 353
Unspecified	15 591	917	1 342	1 341	1 117	1 186	1 410	1 096	1 318	1 446	1 375	1 746	1 297

Appendix XIV: Number of tourists by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2019

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	10 228 593	1 068 190	797 181	838 696	903 059	753 517	734 554	790 187	896 978	780 381	834 275	850 537	981 038
Air	3 006 254	270 105	284 482	270 321	251 938	197 697	188 167	223 805	243 641	230 099	273 090	272 542	300 367
Cape Town	856 507	96 222	97 836	87 923	68 039	44 721	38 901	45 350	53 065	54 755	75 908	92 316	101 471
King Shaka	56 019	4 215	4 898	4 924	5 119	3 207	4 311	5 225	5 067	3 859	4 777	4 659	5 758
O. R. Tambo	2 082 049	168 989	181 294	176 683	177 992	148 785	143 853	171 929	183 949	170 218	191 360	174 623	192 374
Other Airports	11 679	679	454	791	788	984	1 102	1 301	1 560	1 267	1 045	944	764
Road	7 206 273	793 850	512 322	565 869	648 358	555 777	546 380	566 370	653 323	550 273	560 261	573 410	680 080
Botswana	922 372	70 312	57 104	70 359	100 174	71 675	71 130	72 276	86 489	68 445	70 280	74 703	109 425
Eswatini	1 106 118	81 957	77 804	92 615	105 345	89 259	74 071	88 963	110 801	93 715	95 664	95 459	100 465
Lesotho	1 591 205	198 535	110 984	132 755	146 167	121 309	129 097	132 339	123 372	122 922	117 945	118 500	137 280
Mozambique	1 422 382	166 810	113 966	109 019	107 129	113 871	112 273	111 558	123 553	109 814	113 428	121 309	119 652
Namibia	111 548	9 470	7 761	9 253	11 933	8 345	7 262	7 571	10 213	8 347	7 554	8 926	14 913
Zimbabwe	2 052 648	266 766	144 703	151 868	177 610	151 318	152 547	153 663	198 895	147 030	155 390	154 513	198 345
Sea	16 066	4 235	377	2 506	2 763	43	7	12	14	9	924	4 585	591
Cape Town	7 751	2 958	36	1 606	25	39	5	12	12	6	917	2 060	75
Durban	5 626	165	341	900	1 161	4	2	-	2	3	7	2 525	516
Port Elizabeth	2 689	1 112	-	-	1 577	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2019

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	10 228 593	1 068 190	797 181	838 696	903 059	753 517	734 554	790 187	896 978	780 381	834 275	850 537	981 038
Overseas	2 612 159	232 872	246 394	236 647	217 131	166 227	154 361	192 277	213 074	200 571	248 673	247 136	256 796
Europe	1 556 452	151 933	169 025	146 833	134 273	75 308	63 589	104 590	118 657	105 873	158 332	164 704	163 335
Albania	214	14	15	18	19	7	11	11	17	16	24	25	37
Andorra	100	-	5	3	8	4	3	12	20	5	5	27	8
Austria	30 376	3 363	4 493	2 802	2 304	1 020	934	1 548	1 934	1 835	2 982	3 950	3 211
Belgium	54 233	3 687	4 703	4 689	5 777	2 134	2 280	6 471	4 244	3 929	5 741	5 846	4 732
Bosnia-Herzegovina	248	30	41	20	16	15	5	12	15	21	20	24	29
Bulgaria	2 358	264	260	220	212	142	103	137	149	139	173	238	321
Croatia	1 274	150	175	104	105	66	59	70	65	136	106	124	114
Cyprus	1 663	163	140	131	137	115	91	122	213	83	107	136	225
Czech Republic	7 751	633	969	854	656	350	373	431	400	623	797	978	687
Denmark	24 837	3 132	3 813	2 263	2 155	1 103	820	1 409	1 117	1 502	2 755	2 380	2 388
Estonia	1 327	187	364	92	77	33	31	18	28	30	89	199	179
Finland	9 918	1 221	1 290	1 087	731	425	402	318	348	491	820	1 470	1 315
France	165 038	13 595	17 246	17 451	14 275	11 142	6 519	12 002	14 095	10 410	19 412	16 673	12 218
Georgia	235	21	15	32	50	11	3	21	10	10	30	14	18
Germany	322 720	31 501	36 692	33 940	25 823	11 827	9 748	14 060	18 787	24 588	40 840	41 119	33 795
Greece	5 957	558	567	556	573	351	371	342	456	397	452	613	721
Hungary	4 008	413	407	589	288	262	218	254	220	270	301	448	338
Iceland	857	113	97	81	75	83	37	32	25	46	100	43	125
Ireland	30 282	3 022	2 901	2 908	2 745	1 719	1 664	1 965	1 946	1 972	2 671	2 912	3 857
Italy	64 764	4 617	4 603	4 305	5 519	3 135	3 440	5 145	13 517	4 690	4 837	4 566	6 390
Latvia	722	63	62	57	72	28	26	23	21	40	95	114	121
Liechtenstein	271	22	23	28	29	9	7	15	25	17	24	41	31
Lithuania	1 307	170	147	177	149	86	49	59	42	80	87	155	106
Luxembourg	1 917	135	146	126	297	65	38	117	308	102	140	189	254
Macedonia	193	19	9	17	20	11	14	11	17	17	14	16	28
Malta	941	72	69	60	58	55	68	90	162	94	65	68	80
Moldova	150	8	9	12	18	8	10	10	11	20	14	15	15
Monaco	92	8	8	5	12	9	3	10	6	11	8	1	11

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Montenegro	81	6	4	6	12	6	4	-	4	11	12	10	6
Norway	17 408	1 927	2 835	1 479	1 834	594	891	861	695	939	1 311	2 068	1 974
Poland	13 068	1 531	1 485	1 314	1 035	727	489	578	962	956	1 123	1 631	1 237
Portugal	29 737	2 437	2 773	2 987	3 230	2 039	2 007	1 992	2 413	1 942	2 236	2 949	2 732
Republic of Belarus	581	60	103	47	48	34	23	22	44	36	53	71	40
Romania	3 414	306	343	329	274	201	164	230	260	253	231	390	433
Russian Federation	16 276	1 893	1 519	1 631	1 256	1 197	906	655	936	1 016	1 513	1 741	2 013
San Marino	16	1	2	-	3	-	2	3	2	1	2	-	-
Serbia	1 346	156	142	131	133	90	65	77	101	93	109	114	135
Slovakia	2 852	248	424	321	225	124	87	168	142	217	282	366	248
Slovenia	1 381	139	174	162	116	63	103	75	69	70	148	146	116
Spain	41 524	2 325	2 243	2 759	3 625	2 836	2 857	4 402	6 990	3 573	3 895	3 426	2 593
Sweden	41 787	6 128	6 688	3 796	2 481	2 123	1 220	1 090	1 032	1 315	3 869	4 794	7 251
Switzerland	55 432	5 793	6 207	4 658	5 398	2 161	1 588	3 188	2 312	4 167	6 877	7 397	5 686
The Netherlands	144 071	12 888	13 297	10 364	11 273	5 782	4 859	18 741	13 076	10 547	15 516	14 417	13 311
Turkey	14 072	1 839	1 154	1 139	1 129	1 058	1 104	795	1 035	1 180	1 017	1 429	1 193
UK	436 559	46 633	50 125	42 772	39 755	21 834	19 711	26 850	30 189	27 831	37 164	41 064	52 631
Ukraine	3 082	440	236	311	245	222	180	148	195	152	265	307	381
Vatican	9	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-
Yugoslavia	3	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
North America	440 271	30 120	30 016	42 273	32 950	40 470	40 205	37 967	39 448	39 575	34 393	33 420	39 434
Canada	66 577	5 927	6 149	7 148	5 190	4 771	3 715	3 869	4 481	5 617	7 039	6 132	6 539
USA	373 694	24 193	23 867	35 125	27 760	35 699	36 490	34 098	34 967	33 958	27 354	27 288	32 895
Central and South America	120 380	11 961	9 950	9 875	8 954	7 885	7 970	9 909	9 806	10 937	10 423	10 004	12 706
Antigua and Barbuda	143	9	16	4	28	1	21	7	6	15	14	9	13
Argentina	15 553	3 417	2 523	1 520	1 158	894	534	915	953	881	921	996	841
Bahamas	287	12	29	10	22	17	27	20	19	51	38	24	18
Barbados	223	15	15	10	25	2	18	23	20	34	22	26	13
Belize	67	3	4	3	11	2	7	5	6	10	5	4	7
Bermuda	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Bolivia	368	32	19	34	28	29	25	29	28	30	23	35	56
Brazil	77 261	6 523	4 838	6 423	5 534	5 149	5 645	6 593	6 114	7 138	7 039	6 495	9 770
Chile	5 944	632	1 223	438	329	359	284	448	398	655	373	430	375
Colombia	2 318	155	129	161	208	125	229	207	195	194	192	315	208
Costa Rica	643	39	29	45	61	64	46	66	50	66	54	57	66
Cuba	1 002	189	42	81	69	63	42	83	91	170	47	54	71
Dominica	61	4	9	4	5	5	4	6	5	4	4	4	7
Dominican Republic	185	12	9	18	17	11	14	28	21	17	10	9	19
Ecuador	842	38	50	90	89	94	72	67	92	81	62	60	47
El Salvador	95	4	14	11	9	4	6	14	3	6	6	11	7
Grenada	46	1	3	4	17	3	2	4	1	5	1	4	1
Guatemala	244	14	8	14	21	36	18	23	22	25	28	20	15
Guyana	201	21	14	17	20	15	13	22	20	23	9	13	14
Haiti	107	8	6	10	8	8	12	8	9	14	9	4	11
Honduras	145	5	19	11	12	10	5	10	13	9	26	13	12
Jamaica	952	58	76	56	111	79	59	55	115	121	72	71	79
Mexico	5 286	250	292	341	499	403	482	721	419	437	626	403	413
Nicaragua	75	7	3	10	6	1	5	9	6	8	11	7	2
Panama	342	38	21	38	27	17	35	25	21	33	27	16	44
Paraguay	705	51	41	49	106	40	17	30	71	83	86	91	40
Peru	3 919	177	230	197	206	206	181	316	621	520	456	517	292
Saint Lucia	36	2	7	-	4	5	-	4	7	1	-	4	2
St Vincent And Grenadines	41	3	4	1	7	5	2	5	3	4	1	2	4
Suriname	36	2	1	3	3	3	-	5	3	5	3	2	6
Trinidad and Tobago	649	35	68	46	71	53	30	37	58	56	72	86	37
Uruguay	1 687	103	148	118	170	81	76	73	314	179	130	161	134
Venezuela	878	99	54	104	68	98	57	50	100	62	48	58	80
West Indies	37	3	6	4	4	3	2	1	1	-	8	3	2

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Australasia	128 153	9 867	7 447	9 320	11 889	10 052	10 292	10 435	11 368	12 606	10 442	10 193	14 242
American Samoa	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-
Australia	111 439	8 980	6 696	8 099	10 615	8 825	9 064	9 122	9 995	10 893	8 876	8 723	11 551
Cook Islands	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federated States of Micronesia	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Fiji	170	11	12	15	6	20	14	14	14	10	7	7	40
French Polynesia	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-
Kiribati	7	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-
Nauru	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	16 410	872	730	1 191	1 247	1 193	1 208	1 283	1 356	1 690	1 551	1 452	2 637
Papua New Guinea	52	-	1	7	17	5	2	4	2	6	3	4	1
Pitcairn	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Samoa	20	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	2	10
Solomon Islands	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	1	3	-
Tonga	25	-	-	2	4	9	1	5	-	1	-	-	3
Tuvalu	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vanuatu	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-
Middle East	55 532	3 562	4 066	4 280	4 113	2 448	4 377	5 630	7 530	4 755	6 524	4 425	3 822
Bahrain	232	11	23	19	14	16	41	34	22	13	15	9	15
Iran	1 974	105	97	566	138	117	85	98	176	166	150	143	133
Iraq	363	18	28	114	15	19	21	43	22	20	23	22	18
Israel	28 887	2 189	2 567	1 984	2 558	1 405	1 024	1 899	2 924	2 916	4 855	2 465	2 101
Jordan	2 463	215	248	277	236	119	196	197	178	196	202	222	177
Kuwait	1 220	49	77	49	60	20	126	263	430	50	35	28	33
Lebanon	3 018	216	240	376	354	282	185	221	193	219	247	252	233
Oman	633	26	39	90	58	15	72	91	78	51	32	59	22
Palestine	386	21	28	28	60	20	41	39	56	21	20	33	19
Qatar	835	46	9	80	42	13	140	150	104	51	50	84	66
Saudi Arabia	10 931	455	502	474	341	294	2 008	1 666	2 260	803	656	774	698
Syria	717	52	66	64	70	39	63	48	90	41	57	59	68
United Arab Emirates	3 077	83	81	125	107	59	289	787	887	151	124	199	185
Yemen	796	76	61	34	60	30	86	94	110	57	58	76	54

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Asia	311 371	25 429	25 890	24 066	24 952	30 064	27 928	23 746	26 265	26 825	28 559	24 390	23 257
Afghanistan	254	32	21	20	38	22	19	19	15	19	18	14	17
Armenia	109	7	6	11	15	7	3	15	4	16	4	16	5
Azerbaijan	141	11	17	4	14	5	19	11	4	15	11	11	19
Bangladesh	5 813	514	585	441	453	401	535	442	409	524	547	496	466
Bhutan	33	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	10	3	1
Brunei Darussalam	59	-	1	2	24	9	3	-	1	12	3	3	1
Cambodia	89	4	2	6	11	7	5	9	6	8	22	4	5
China	93 171	7 962	9 948	7 679	6 712	7 259	6 721	7 635	7 460	9 445	7 969	8 416	5 965
Hong Kong	199	7	29	11	8	8	9	13	7	12	9	38	48
India	95 621	6 900	6 619	7 043	8 534	13 238	9 315	6 589	7 555	7 014	8 509	7 247	7 058
Indonesia	3 604	215	178	266	261	288	716	229	239	217	378	233	384
Japan	28 388	2 679	1 908	2 333	2 161	2 066	2 471	1 759	2 810	2 559	3 401	1 923	2 318
Kazakhstan	563	41	48	57	38	43	33	46	44	60	51	42	60
Kyrgyzstan	138	8	9	10	12	9	17	12	13	12	17	9	10
Laos	30	4	2	1	3	8	1	3	-	1	4	1	2
Macau	48	17	5	3	4	2	5	5	3	1	2	1	-
Malaysia	9 295	438	509	485	701	1 328	1 532	719	865	800	633	581	704
Maldives	77	5	1	7	16	7	13	-	8	11	-	5	4
Mongolia	119	8	21	16	7	9	15	6	3	9	7	5	13
Myanmar	257	17	18	35	40	13	14	10	17	35	23	20	15
Nepal	697	52	87	39	33	45	54	72	54	97	59	74	31
North Korea	113	6	4	11	9	15	6	11	10	13	9	11	8
Northern Mariana Islands	34	8	2	3	2	5	2	4	1	1	2	4	-
Pakistan	13 753	1 356	1 217	1 167	1 310	952	1 219	1 174	1 042	1 091	1 050	1 110	1 065
Philippines	7 802	441	480	532	784	781	672	654	767	711	677	582	721
Singapore	10 052	395	462	591	720	829	1 571	680	1 062	857	764	830	1 291
South Korea	19 947	3 046	2 148	1 704	1 145	1 126	1 518	1 699	1 910	1 495	1 243	1 314	1 599
Sri Lanka	2 675	136	202	191	409	138	180	250	237	203	256	185	288
Taiwan	6 924	568	565	681	379	448	419	648	697	831	964	371	353
Tajikistan	22	1	3	-	-	-	1	7	5	-	3	-	2
Thailand	7 980	416	497	554	919	703	562	846	838	438	1 042	548	617
Timor-Leste	22	2	2	2	-	2	2	1	-	-	3	1	7
Turkmenistan	6	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	-
Uzbekistan	128	9	6	11	19	11	9	9	17	12	6	9	10
Vietnam	3 208	121	287	148	168	278	263	167	159	303	862	282	170

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Africa	7 600 843	834 401	549 445	600 708	684 811	586 104	578 783	596 814	682 586	578 364	584 227	601 655	722 945
SADC	7 440 893	819 895	534 866	587 189	671 079	573 862	565 561	583 584	668 741	565 790	572 219	587 324	710 783
Angola	61 995	8 355	5 936	5 608	5 004	5 090	3 661	4 445	5 775	3 961	4 325	4 622	5 213
Botswana	668 315	39 709	40 437	51 948	75 903	51 668	49 895	51 233	62 365	50 244	51 251	56 288	87 374
DRC	33 105	2 588	2 753	2 644	2 759	2 309	2 276	3 088	4 294	2 125	2 266	2 248	3 755
Eswatini	917 631	69 643	62 622	77 128	90 022	75 161	65 087	72 177	89 605	77 540	75 315	76 104	87 227
Lesotho	1 563 448	195 516	108 081	129 159	144 143	121 426	128 802	131 897	120 510	120 910	115 027	114 844	133 133
Madagascar	3 114	192	189	247	228	183	208	219	257	335	325	392	339
Malawi	199 079	17 415	14 723	16 074	13 647	12 853	16 612	18 721	20 338	15 918	17 087	16 462	19 229
Mauritius	21 934	1 716	1 838	1 677	2 323	1 378	1 377	1 930	1 807	1 313	2 028	2 496	2 051
Mozambique	1 333 195	162 393	106 481	101 110	100 392	106 341	104 813	104 657	115 855	102 862	105 046	110 399	112 846
Namibia	184 431	14 483	13 381	17 140	20 030	14 682	12 377	13 156	15 949	13 374	13 244	14 622	21 993
Seychelles	5 511	515	734	617	421	262	278	280	419	282	401	667	635
Tanzania	38 277	3 021	2 958	3 197	3 025	2 936	2 976	3 277	3 274	3 129	3 225	3 322	3 937
Zambia	152 064	13 056	12 129	12 523	13 571	11 527	12 384	12 915	13 905	11 074	11 979	12 186	14 815
Zimbabwe	2 258 794	291 293	162 604	168 117	199 611	168 046	164 815	165 589	214 388	162 723	170 700	172 672	218 236
'Other' African	159 950	14 506	14 579	13 519	13 732	12 242	13 222	13 230	13 845	12 574	12 008	14 331	12 162
East and Central Africa	71 751	5 871	6 134	5 979	5 729	5 137	5 547	6 012	6 777	6 270	5 614	6 388	6 293
Burundi	936	71	89	91	56	49	82	101	118	53	84	92	50
Cameroon	5 103	437	392	439	437	378	423	504	404	383	394	526	386
Central African Republic	165	6	13	3	9	7	17	32	16	18	12	23	9
Chad	376	18	36	28	47	14	38	39	26	35	36	36	23
Comoros	373	16	16	35	18	55	31	36	27	35	32	50	22
Congo	2 376	220	244	212	194	177	138	214	291	198	154	194	140
Djibouti	110	9	11	6	9	6	12	6	8	8	7	28	-
Equatorial Guinea	496	37	48	20	21	41	30	48	36	61	48	60	46
Eritrea	663	83	54	58	55	65	45	57	46	54	39	52	55
Ethiopia	6 705	631	614	675	493	510	469	580	570	565	545	647	406
Gabon	6 227	674	505	417	411	272	269	737	1 047	599	347	316	633
Kenya	30 329	2 172	2 613	2 526	2 616	2 161	2 449	2 290	2 688	2 631	2 308	2 794	3 081
Réunion	13	8	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Rwanda	1 159	67	72	112	73	118	113	81	106	95	101	156	65
São Tomé and Príncipe	103	4	3	4	5	8	17	8		10	27	11	6
Somalia	1 822	174	135	132	178	140	188	207	236	206	80	77	69
Uganda	14 795	1 244	1 288	1 221	1 105	1 136	1 226	1 072	1 158	1 319	1 400	1 325	1 301
West Africa	71 242	6 868	6 830	6 126	6 235	6 113	6 436	6 052	5 862	5 066	5 063	6 075	4 516
Benin	1 841	124	128	154	141	136	178	155	184	162	131	205	143
Burkina Faso	791	43	86	83	84	47	65	59	60	46	85	103	30
Cape Verde Island	371	26	30	37	32	40	28	29	28	27	30	41	23
Côte d'Ivoire	2 788	200	330	221	190	225	237	309	229	200	212	288	147
Gambia	450	27	45	22	28	38	40	33	40	31	46	74	26
Ghana	18 381	1 545	1 798	1 549	1 414	1 441	1 359	1 485	1 628	1 663	1 477	1 581	1 441
Guinea	1 322	115	154	94	111	97	103	101	107	86	102	172	80
Guinea-Bissau	134	10	16	8	7	11	6	15	10	10	17	20	4
Liberia	731	56	73	60	54	41	55	81	66	56	62	86	41
Mali	1 142	80	145	73	98	87	89	93	86	66	140	114	71
Mauritania	234	8	21	28	18	11	28	12	18	19	21	43	7
Niger	316	17	49	26	32	18	36	16	31	22	23	26	20
Nigeria	39 041	4 374	3 600	3 453	3 711	3 597	3 882	3 350	3 097	2 396	2 376	2 903	2 302
Saint Helena	97	7	10	2	10	2	8	10	16	11	4	9	8
Senegal	2 166	153	173	202	194	181	188	188	158	155	203	279	92
Sierra Leone	800	49	111	54	53	47	68	59	68	72	85	86	48
Togo	637	34	61	60	58	94	66	57	36	44	49	45	33
North Africa	16 957	1 767	1 615	1 414	1 768	992	1 239	1 166	1 206	1 238	1 331	1 868	1 353
Algeria	1 488	246	134	104	150	74	108	101	119	120	136	130	66
Egypt	8 306	872	886	717	967	409	502	500	615	594	628	854	762
Libya	866	116	47	56	80	38	89	48	52	88	62	87	103
Morocco	2 143	187	182	169	215	157	193	204	119	143	153	315	106
South Sudan	1 026	57	69	79	89	117	90	71	57	51	109	104	133
The Sudan	1 800	159	165	159	136	108	160	141	150	164	162	196	100
Tunisia	1 313	128	132	129	128	88	96	101	92	77	80	179	83
Western Sahara	15	2	-	1	3	1	1	-	2	1	1	3	-
Unspecified	15 591	917	1 342	1 341	1 117	1 186	1 410	1 096	1 318	1 446	1 375	1 746	1 297

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2019

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Total	10 228 593	3 006 254	7 206 273	16 066
Overseas	2 612 159	2 354 303	243 086	14 770
Europe	1 556 452	1 386 215	161 484	8 753
Albania	214	141	72	1
Andorra	100	91	9	-
Austria	30 376	27 636	2 656	84
Belgium	54 233	45 890	8 272	71
Bosnia-Herzegovina	248	237	8	3
Bulgaria	2 358	2 101	244	13
Croatia	1 274	1 181	85	8
Cyprus	1 663	1 567	95	1
Czech Republic	7 751	6 815	928	8
Denmark	24 837	23 129	1 686	22
Estonia	1 327	1 161	163	3
Finland	9 918	9 153	753	12
France	165 038	136 436	28 426	176
Georgia	235	223	12	-
Germany	322 720	288 433	32 550	1 737
Greece	5 957	5 617	325	15
Hungary	4 008	3 771	234	3
Iceland	857	786	69	2
Ireland	30 282	28 432	1 768	82
Italy	64 764	59 294	5 373	97
Latvia	722	681	41	-
Liechtenstein	271	252	19	-
Lithuania	1 307	1 227	80	-
Luxembourg	1 917	1 679	233	5
Macedonia	193	159	31	3
Malta	941	781	154	6
Moldova	150	119	30	1
Monaco	92	82	10	-

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Montenegro	81	58	22	1
Norway	17 408	16 093	1 273	42
Poland	13 068	11 643	1 393	32
Portugal	29 737	18 527	11 169	41
Republic of Belarus	581	537	41	3
Romania	3 414	3 235	168	11
Russian Federation	16 276	14 990	1 238	48
San Marino	16	15	1	-
Serbia	1 346	1 156	185	5
Slovakia	2 852	2 559	280	13
Slovenia	1 381	1 231	149	1
Spain	41 524	37 148	4 308	68
Sweden	41 787	39 275	2 469	43
Switzerland	55 432	49 571	5 517	344
The Netherlands	144 071	119 162	24 755	154
Turkey	14 072	12 856	1 208	8
UK	436 559	408 195	22 806	5 558
Ukraine	3 082	2 880	174	28
Vatican	9	7	2	-
Yugoslavia	3	3	-	-
North America	440 271	404 514	32 697	3 060
Canada	66 577	59 318	6 721	538
USA	373 694	345 196	25 976	2 522
Central and South America	120 380	112 911	7 325	144
Antigua and Barbuda	143	125	15	3
Argentina	15 553	14 709	833	11
Bahamas	287	267	20	-
Barbados	223	200	23	-
Belize	67	62	5	-
Bermuda	2	2	-	-
Bolivia	368	354	13	1

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Brazil	77 261	72 468	4 711	82
Chile	5 944	5 637	297	10
Colombia	2 318	2 226	87	5
Costa Rica	643	619	24	-
Cuba	1 002	794	207	1
Dominica	61	55	6	-
Dominican Republic	185	154	30	1
Ecuador	842	789	50	3
El Salvador	95	82	13	-
Grenada	46	45	1	-
Guatemala	244	239	5	-
Guyana	201	164	37	-
Haiti	107	95	11	1
Honduras	145	115	30	-
Jamaica	952	870	82	-
Mexico	5 286	5 106	163	17
Nicaragua	75	73	2	-
Panama	342	326	14	2
Paraguay	705	655	50	-
Peru	3 919	3 645	272	2
Saint Lucia	36	27	8	1
St Vincent And Grenadines	41	36	5	-
Suriname	36	34	2	-
Trinidad and Tobago	649	602	47	-
Uruguay	1 687	1 585	100	2
Venezuela	878	715	161	2
West Indies	37	36	1	-
Australasia	128 153	118 612	8 240	1 301
American Samoa	3	2	1	-
Australia	111 439	103 044	7 182	1 213
Cook Islands	1	-	1	-
Federated States of Micronesia	3	-	3	-
Fiji	170	167	3	-

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
French Polynesia	4	-	4	-
Kiribati	7	6	1	-
Nauru	2	2	-	-
New Zealand	16 410	15 279	1 043	88
Papua New Guinea	52	51	1	-
Pitcairn	2	1	1	-
Samoa	20	20	-	-
Solomon Islands	9	9	-	-
Tonga	25	25	-	-
Tuvalu	2	2	-	-
Vanuatu	4	4	-	-
Middle East	55 532	53 225	2 291	16
Bahrain	232	231	1	-
Iran	1 974	1 870	103	1
Iraq	363	358	5	-
Israel	28 887	27 212	1 662	13
Jordan	2 463	2 315	148	-
Kuwait	1 220	1 211	9	-
Lebanon	3 018	2 837	181	-
Oman	633	587	45	1
Palestine	386	359	27	-
Qatar	835	824	11	-
Saudi Arabia	10 931	10 889	42	-
Syria	717	696	20	1
United Arab Emirates	3 077	3 051	26	-
Yemen	796	785	11	-
Asia	311 371	278 826	31 049	1 496
Afghanistan	254	157	97	-
Armenia	109	107	2	-
Azerbaijan	141	131	10	-
Bangladesh	5 813	3 731	2 081	1
Bhutan	33	31	1	1

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Brunei Darussalam	59	56	3	-
Cambodia	89	85	4	-
China	93 171	89 070	3 907	194
Hong Kong	199	195	-	4
India	95 621	84 727	10 754	140
Indonesia	3 604	3 369	212	23
Japan	28 388	26 024	1 494	870
Kazakhstan	563	527	36	-
Kyrgystan	138	110	28	-
Laos	30	25	4	1
Macau	48	2	46	-
Malaysia	9 295	8 801	459	35
Maldives	77	60	17	-
Mongolia	119	110	9	-
Myanmar	257	233	23	1
Nepal	697	661	35	1
North Korea	113	60	53	-
Northern Mariana Islands	34	-	34	-
Pakistan	13 753	8 610	5 140	3
Philippines	7 802	6 773	954	75
Singapore	10 052	9 797	228	27
South Korea	19 947	17 452	2 478	17
Sri Lanka	2 675	1 678	986	11
Taiwan	6 924	5 345	1 495	84
Tajikistan	22	19	3	-
Thailand	7 980	7 655	317	8
Timor-Leste	22	12	10	-
Turkmenistan	6	6	-	-
Uzbekistan	128	122	6	-
Vietnam	3 208	3 085	123	-

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Africa	7 600 843	640 168	6 959 379	1 296
SADC	7 440 893	494 390	6 945 256	1 247
Angola	61 995	56 442	5 535	18
Botswana	668 315	35 895	632 234	186
DRC	33 105	26 856	6 244	5
Eswatini	917 631	6 648	910 941	42
Lesotho	1 563 448	6 320	1 556 959	169
Madagascar	3 114	2 928	184	2
Malawi	199 079	24 081	174 987	11
Mauritius	21 934	20 862	1 050	22
Mozambique	1 333 195	33 887	1 299 213	95
Namibia	184 431	58 437	125 595	399
Seychelles	5 511	5 390	118	3
Tanzania	38 277	21 288	16 981	8
Zambia	152 064	40 151	111 903	10
Zimbabwe	2 258 794	155 205	2 103 312	277
'Other' African	159 950	145 778	14 123	49
East and Central Africa	71 751	64 752	6 977	22
Burundi	936	866	70	-
Cameroon	5 103	4 680	420	3
Central African Republic	165	163	2	-
Chad	376	373	3	-
Comoros	373	367	6	-
Congo	2 376	2 308	68	-
Djibouti	110	110	-	-
Equatorial Guinea	496	485	11	-
Eritrea	663	602	61	-
Ethiopia	6 705	5 913	791	1
Gabon	6 227	6 188	38	1
Kenya	30 329	27 640	2 673	16
Réunion	13	13	-	-
Rwanda	1 159	999	160	-

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2019 (concluded)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
São Tomé and Príncipe	103	103	-	-
Somalia	1 822	585	1 237	-
Uganda	14 795	13 357	1 437	1
West Africa	71 242	64 871	6 349	22
Benin	1 841	1 756	85	-
Burkina Faso	791	766	25	-
Cape Verde Island	371	314	57	-
Côte d'Ivoire	2 788	2 727	61	-
Gambia	450	398	52	-
Ghana	18 381	17 388	984	9
Guinea	1 322	839	483	-
Guinea-Bissau	134	115	19	-
Liberia	731	710	21	-
Mali	1 142	755	386	1
Mauritania	234	227	7	-
Niger	316	306	10	-
Nigeria	39 041	35 127	3 902	12
Saint Helena	97	97	-	-
Senegal	2 166	2 034	132	-
Sierra Leone	800	686	114	-
Togo	637	626	11	-
North Africa	16 957	16 155	797	5
Algeria	1 488	1 427	61	-
Egypt	8 306	7 936	368	2
Libya	866	650	216	-
Morocco	2 143	2 089	54	-
South Sudan	1 026	1 008	18	-
The Sudan	1 800	1 732	67	1
Tunisia	1 313	1 298	13	2
Western Sahara	15	15	-	-
Unspecified	15 591	11 783	3 808	-

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2019

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Total	10 228 593	209 492	9 947 219	65 756	6 126
Overseas	2 612 159	75 950	2 520 240	14 857	1 112
Europe	1 556 452	42 708	1 505 543	7 496	705
Albania	214	11	199	4	-
Andorra	100	2	98	-	-
Austria	30 376	688	29 593	92	3
Belgium	54 233	1 307	52 587	325	14
Bosnia-Herzegovina	248	18	227	3	-
Bulgaria	2 358	128	2 210	20	-
Croatia	1 274	114	1 145	15	-
Cyprus	1 663	88	1 566	6	3
Czech Republic	7 751	311	7 425	15	-
Denmark	24 837	609	24 122	88	18
Estonia	1 327	51	1 271	5	-
Finland	9 918	511	9 361	46	-
France	165 038	4 428	159 367	1 212	31
Georgia	235	34	196	5	-
Germany	322 720	6 294	314 769	1 620	37
Greece	5 957	405	5 509	37	6
Hungary	4 008	154	3 841	12	1
Iceland	857	18	833	6	-
Ireland	30 282	1 055	29 109	97	21
Italy	64 764	2 320	62 095	329	20
Latvia	722	41	673	8	-
Liechtenstein	271	8	263	-	-
Lithuania	1 307	69	1 226	12	-
Luxembourg	1 917	25	1 879	13	-
Macedonia	193	15	172	6	-
Malta	941	34	906	1	-
Moldova	150	15	134	1	-
Monaco	92	2	88	2	-
Montenegro	81	13	68	-	-
Norway	17 408	509	16 715	176	8
Poland	13 068	604	12 407	50	7

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Portugal	29 737	711	28 821	173	32
Republic of Belarus	581	34	544	1	2
Romania	3 414	239	3 143	29	3
Russian Federation	16 276	660	15 531	80	5
San Marino	16	-	16	-	-
Serbia	1 346	120	1 214	10	2
Slovakia	2 852	126	2 718	8	-
Slovenia	1 381	92	1 286	3	-
Spain	41 524	1 365	39 929	222	8
Sweden	41 787	1 295	40 333	155	4
Switzerland	55 432	927	54 213	277	15
The Netherlands	144 071	2 772	140 493	690	116
Turkey	14 072	1 108	12 771	189	4
UK	436 559	13 145	421 642	1 429	343
Ukraine	3 082	232	2 824	24	2
Vatican	9	1	8	-	-
Yugoslavia	3	-	3	-	-
North America	440 271	9 446	428 546	2 099	180
Canada	66 577	1 587	64 763	196	31
USA	373 694	7 859	363 783	1 903	149
Central and South America	120 380	1 423	118 334	608	15
Antigua and Barbuda	143	10	131	2	-
Argentina	15 553	148	15 381	24	-
Bahamas	287	4	280	3	-
Barbados	223	9	209	5	-
Belize	67	6	61	-	-
Bermuda	2	-	2	-	-
Bolivia	368	10	358	-	-
Brazil	77 261	577	76 299	378	7
Chile	5 944	94	5 828	22	-
Colombia	2 318	92	2 195	30	1
Costa Rica	643	30	604	9	-
Cuba	1 002	11	958	31	2
Dominica	61	9	52	-	-

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Dominican Republic	185	4	178	3	-
Ecuador	842	19	814	9	-
El Salvador	95	7	88	-	-
Grenada	46	2	44	-	-
Guatemala	244	12	232	-	-
Guyana	201	11	190	-	-
Haiti	107	12	95	-	-
Honduras	145	6	138	1	-
Jamaica	952	24	922	6	-
Mexico	5 286	196	5 045	45	-
Nicaragua	75	8	67	-	-
Panama	342	4	335	3	-
Paraguay	705	6	697	2	-
Peru	3 919	41	3 856	19	3
Saint Lucia	36	6	30	-	-
St Vincent And Grenadines	41	1	40	-	-
Suriname	36	3	32	1	-
Trinidad and Tobago	649	17	628	3	1
Uruguay	1 687	17	1 668	2	-
Venezuela	878	20	847	10	1
West Indies	37	7	30	-	-
Australasia	128 153	2 102	125 791	213	47
American Samoa	3	-	3	-	-
Australia	111 439	1 765	109 458	172	44
Cook Islands	1	-	1	-	-
Federated States of Micronesia	3	-	3	-	-
Fiji	170	22	144	4	-
French Polynesia	4	-	4	-	-
Kiribati	7	1	6	-	-
Nauru	2	-	2	-	-
New Zealand	16 410	302	16 068	37	3
Papua New Guinea	52	6	46	-	-
Pitcairn	2	-	2	-	-
Samoa	20	3	17	-	-
Solomon Islands	9	1	8	-	-

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Tonga	25	1	24	-	-
Tuvalu	2	1	1	-	-
Vanuatu	4	-	4	-	-
Middle East	55 532	2 337	52 138	1 041	16
Bahrain	232	36	191	5	-
Iran	1 974	146	1 747	81	-
Iraq	363	73	272	17	1
Israel	28 887	686	28 093	100	8
Jordan	2 463	263	2 171	29	-
Kuwait	1 220	32	1 183	5	-
Lebanon	3 018	516	2 468	28	6
Oman	633	62	566	5	-
Palestine	386	31	329	26	-
Qatar	835	39	670	126	-
Saudi Arabia	10 931	224	10 341	366	-
Syria	717	79	619	18	1
United Arab Emirates	3 077	137	2 908	32	-
Yemen	796	13	580	203	-
Asia	311 371	17 934	289 888	3 400	149
Afghanistan	254	19	224	11	-
Armenia	109	20	89	-	-
Azerbaijan	141	23	114	4	-
Bangladesh	5 813	237	5 482	91	3
Bhutan	33	8	25	-	-
Brunei Darussalam	59	6	53	-	-
Cambodia	89	26	63	-	-
China	93 171	4 979	87 679	487	26
Hong Kong	199	21	178	-	-
India	95 621	7 556	86 806	1 199	60
Indonesia	3 604	287	3 275	38	4
Japan	28 388	1 389	26 783	203	13
Kazakhstan	563	76	473	14	-
Kyrgyzstan	138	15	115	8	-
Laos	30	4	23	3	-

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Macau	48	-	48	-	-
Malaysia	9 295	343	8 709	243	-
Maldives	77	8	66	3	-
Mongolia	119	14	105	-	-
Myanmar	257	38	217	1	1
Nepal	697	85	584	28	-
North Korea	113	5	108	-	-
Northern Mariana Islands	34	-	34	-	-
Pakistan	13 753	550	12 902	282	19
Philippines	7 802	283	7 418	88	13
Singapore	10 052	362	9 669	20	1
South Korea	19 947	659	18 901	382	5
Sri Lanka	2 675	195	2 397	80	3
Taiwan	6 924	363	6 514	47	-
Tajikistan	22	2	20	-	-
Thailand	7 980	206	7 672	101	1
Timor-Leste	22	1	21	-	-
Turkmenistan	6	-	6	-	-
Uzbekistan	128	15	110	3	-
Vietnam	3 208	139	3 005	64	-
Africa	7 600 843	132 333	7 412 644	50 880	4 986
SADC	7 440 893	118 364	7 275 487	42 745	4 297
Angola	61 995	875	58 328	2 294	498
Botswana	668 315	5 339	657 498	4 119	1 359
DRC	33 105	1 212	29 428	1 942	523
Eswatini	917 631	2 246	911 508	3 802	75
Lesotho	1 563 448	13 882	1 540 340	9 218	8
Madagascar	3 114	199	2 781	131	3
Malawi	199 079	2 269	195 669	1 019	122
Mauritius	21 934	900	20 515	463	56
Mozambique	1 333 195	28 298	1 303 042	1 543	312
Namibia	184 431	24 413	153 206	6 450	362
Seychelles	5 511	95	5 367	37	12
Tanzania	38 277	1 174	35 910	1 057	136

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2019 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Zambia	152 064	16 217	133 962	1 675	210
Zimbabwe	2 258 794	21 245	2 227 933	8 995	621
'Other' African	159 950	13 969	137 157	8 135	689
East and Central Africa	71 751	7 274	60 053	3 977	447
Burundi	936	94	760	58	24
Cameroon	5 103	432	4 160	402	109
Central African Republic	165	21	136	8	-
Chad	376	28	298	39	11
Comoros	373	32	311	29	1
Congo	2 376	117	1 842	367	50
Djibouti	110	22	84	4	-
Equatorial Guinea	496	60	377	53	6
Eritrea	663	28	616	14	5
Ethiopia	6 705	678	5 746	220	61
Gabon	6 227	85	5 543	578	21
Kenya	30 329	3 997	24 857	1 387	88
Réunion	13	-	12	1	-
Rwanda	1 159	155	930	70	4
São Tomé and Príncipe	103	5	97	-	1
Somalia	1 822	208	1 590	21	3
Uganda	14 795	1 312	12 694	726	63
West Africa	71 242	4 619	63 175	3 222	226
Benin	1 841	122	1 658	53	8
Burkina Faso	791	154	608	29	-
Cape Verde Island	371	23	345	2	1
Côte d'Ivoire	2 788	397	2 284	99	8
Gambia	450	52	376	19	3
Ghana	18 381	1 384	16 413	521	63
Guinea	1 322	82	1 176	50	14
Guinea-Bissau	134	12	120	2	-
Liberia	731	61	633	30	7
Mali	1 142	133	988	16	5
Mauritania	234	41	192	1	-

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2019 (concluded)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Niger	316	54	256	6	-
Nigeria	39 041	1 640	35 011	2 306	84
Saint Helena	97	-	88	-	9
Senegal	2 166	297	1 818	46	5
Sierra Leone	800	79	683	25	13
Togo	637	88	526	17	6
North Africa	16 957	2 076	13 929	936	16
Algeria	1 488	198	1 222	65	3
Egypt	8 306	980	7 034	289	3
Libya	866	23	655	188	-
Morocco	2 143	400	1 694	49	-
South Sudan	1 026	125	845	48	8
The Sudan	1 800	138	1 398	264	-
Tunisia	1 313	212	1 066	33	2
Western Sahara	15	-	15	-	-
Unspecified	15 591	1 209	14 335	19	28

Appendix XVIII: Number of tourists by sex, age group and region of residence, 2019

Sex and age group	Total	Region of residence			
		Overseas	SADC	'Other' African	Unspecified
All	10 228 593	2 612 159	7 440 893	159 950	15 591
0-14	529 543	174 609	346 543	8 304	87
15-24	942 243	228 893	701 253	11 805	292
25-34	2 749 610	485 174	2 218 453	43 857	2 126
35-44	2 818 834	422 558	2 340 224	51 341	4 711
45-54	1 642 396	465 369	1 143 492	28 446	5 089
55-64	963 046	456 956	490 887	12 169	3 034
65+	582 921	378 600	200 041	4 028	252
Male	5 661 027	1 384 842	4 163 936	102 499	9 750
0-14	264 890	90 155	170 489	4 204	42
15-24	483 617	103 723	373 427	6 261	206
25-34	1 501 510	242 627	1 231 022	26 562	1 299
35-44	1 679 201	247 984	1 393 347	35 130	2 740
45-54	942 638	263 257	656 391	19 733	3 257
55-64	500 755	240 387	250 204	8 150	2 014
65+	288 416	196 709	89 056	2 459	192
Female	4 567 566	1 227 317	3 276 957	57 451	5 841
0-14	264 653	84 454	176 054	4 100	45
15-24	458 626	125 170	327 826	5 544	86
25-34	1 248 100	242 547	987 431	17 295	827
35-44	1 139 633	174 574	946 877	16 211	1 971
45-54	699 758	202 112	487 101	8 713	1 832
55-64	462 291	216 569	240 683	4 019	1 020
65+	294 505	181 891	110 985	1 569	60

Appendix XIX: Number of tourists by sex, age group and month of arrival, 2019

Sex and age group	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
All	10 228 593	1 068 190	797 181	838 696	903 059	753 517	734 554	790 187	896 978	780 381	834 275	850 537	981 038
0-14	529 543	54 693	31 938	31 389	61 053	25 945	30 470	44 707	63 609	26 748	36 116	30 867	92 008
15-24	942 243	101 475	68 339	68 694	79 437	60 107	70 522	95 260	91 074	63 471	62 721	67 771	113 372
25-34	2 749 610	297 054	210 748	225 964	233 233	210 358	203 324	208 544	234 432	216 727	223 183	230 893	255 150
35-44	2 818 834	301 588	215 095	232 760	247 852	221 640	213 219	217 187	243 366	217 302	226 396	231 167	251 262
45-54	1 642 396	162 349	129 910	138 147	149 035	123 907	120 464	129 545	143 615	125 730	137 207	137 463	145 024
55-64	963 046	88 034	84 023	86 487	83 691	70 301	63 421	64 250	79 272	80 020	90 315	92 642	80 590
65+	582 921	62 997	57 128	55 255	48 758	41 259	33 134	30 694	41 610	50 383	58 337	59 734	43 632
Male	5 661 027	601 691	448 900	471 372	492 705	423 338	411 467	436 308	485 375	436 824	460 958	470 385	521 704
0-14	264 890	27 292	16 269	15 752	30 500	13 096	15 143	22 599	31 711	13 445	18 056	15 375	45 652
15-24	483 617	54 582	35 624	35 229	40 627	31 024	36 026	48 345	46 326	32 714	32 604	34 423	56 093
25-34	1 501 510	162 940	116 574	124 284	125 902	116 247	112 252	114 876	126 362	119 871	122 853	124 699	134 650
35-44	1 679 201	180 119	130 955	141 702	145 262	133 446	127 710	128 326	141 307	132 142	135 375	138 649	144 208
45-54	942 638	96 749	75 999	81 176	83 956	72 485	70 092	73 127	79 364	73 067	77 903	79 576	79 144
55-64	500 755	47 896	44 254	45 567	42 750	36 877	33 889	33 896	40 378	40 989	45 582	47 753	40 924
65+	288 416	32 113	29 225	27 662	23 708	20 163	16 355	15 139	19 927	24 596	28 585	29 910	21 033
Female	4 567 566	466 499	348 281	367 324	410 354	330 179	323 087	353 879	411 603	343 557	373 317	380 152	459 334
0-14	264 653	27 401	15 669	15 637	30 553	12 849	15 327	22 108	31 898	13 303	18 060	15 492	46 356
15-24	458 626	46 893	32 715	33 465	38 810	29 083	34 496	46 915	44 748	30 757	30 117	33 348	57 279
25-34	1 248 100	134 114	94 174	101 680	107 331	94 111	91 072	93 668	108 070	96 856	100 330	106 194	120 500
35-44	1 139 633	121 469	84 140	91 058	102 590	88 194	85 509	88 861	102 059	85 160	91 021	92 518	107 054
45-54	699 758	65 600	53 911	56 971	65 079	51 422	50 372	56 418	64 251	52 663	59 304	57 887	65 880
55-64	462 291	40 138	39 769	40 920	40 941	33 424	29 532	30 354	38 894	39 031	44 733	44 889	39 666
65+	294 505	30 884	27 903	27 593	25 050	21 096	16 779	15 555	21 683	25 787	29 752	29 824	22 599

7. DEFINITION OF TERMS

Definitions used by the United Nations World Tourism Organisation (UNWTO)

- **Traveller** is someone who moves between different geographical locations for any purpose and any duration. Note: in this publication, the geographical locations are countries. Hence in this report, the term traveller refers to an international traveller.
- **Visitor** refers to any person travelling to a place other than that of his/her usual environment for less than 12 months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.
- **Same-day visitor** is a visitor who visits a place for less than one night.
- **Tourist** (overnight visitor) is a visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited for less than twelve months.
- **Tourism** comprises the activities of persons travelling to, and staying in places outside their usual environment, for not more than one uninterrupted year, for leisure, business and other purposes. The usual environment of a person consists of a certain area around his/her place of residence, plus all other places he/she frequently visits.

Definitions used specifically in this report

- **South African resident** refers to either a South African citizen or a non-South African citizen with a South African permanent residence permit.
- **Foreign traveller** refers to a traveller who is not a South African citizen or permanent resident.
- **Country** refers to individual countries within a region. (Note: The country of residence is used here and not the country from which the visitor travelled).
- **Region** refers to the following country classification: Overseas, SADC and 'Other' African. Overseas consists of Europe, North America, Central and South America, Australasia, the Middle East and Asia.
- **Overseas:** refers to all countries outside Africa
- **Africa** refers to all the countries in Africa (both mainland and island countries).
- **SADC** refers to the fourteen countries, excluding South Africa, that belong to the Southern African Development Community
- **'Other' African** refers to all countries in Africa that are not members of the SADC. They are grouped as: East and Central Africa, West Africa and North Africa.

Symbol used

- = Nil

Limitations

▪ Outbound tourists

The information on the total number of arrivals and departures of South African residents is collected from the scanning of passports. However, data on the country visited are not collected from passengers; country of final destination, the duration of stay; intended duration of stay and purpose of visit. With this limitation, it is impossible to identify the number of tourists from the data on South African residents.

▪ Purpose of visit

The holiday category includes tourists who came for vacation, visiting friends and relatives, shopping and other personal reasons such as attending weddings. While it's possible to separate 'visiting friends and relatives' from the broad category of Holiday, shopping and other reasons for visiting South Africa are all combined with vacation in the DHA movement control system. Discussions are in progress with the Department of Home Affairs to capture vacation and shopping as separate categories for a clearer breakdown of tourists by purpose of visit.

Related publications

Tourism statistics are also published in the monthly Statistical Release P0351: *Tourism and Migration*.

8. OTHER STATS SA REPORTS

No. 03-51-02 (2000) - Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2001) - Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2002) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2003) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2004, 2005 and 2006) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2007) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2008) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2009) - Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2010) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2011) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2012) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2013) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2014) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2015) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2016) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2017) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2018) -Tourism