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Preface

The report provides information on South African residents and foreign travellers who passed through all South African ports of entry/exit (air, land and sea ports) in 2018. It summarises data published in the monthly statistical releases on *Tourism and Migration* (Statistical release P0351) in 2018, highlighting annual numbers of travellers and tourists. Details on the mode of travel, seasonal travel patterns; purpose of visit; length of stay of visit; and demographic characteristics of tourists who visited South Africa in 2018 are provided.

Risenga Maluleke
Statistician-General

Contents

List of tables.....	v
List of figures.....	vi
1. Introduction	1
1.1. Background	1
1.2. Objectives of this report.....	2
1.3. Scope of this report	2
2. Data and methods	2
2.1 Data source.....	2
2.2 Data processing and analysis.....	2
2.3 Limitations of data	3
3. All travellers.....	3
3.1 Number of travellers	3
3.1.1 South African residents	4
3.1.2 Foreign travellers.....	6
4. Tourists	11
4.1 Region of residence.....	12
4.2 Ten leading countries	13
4.3 Mode of travel	15
4.4 Purpose of visit	17
4.5 Duration of stay	18
4.6 Sex and age distribution	22
5. Summary	23
6. Appendices	25
7. Definition of terms	62
8. Other Stats SA reports	63

List of tables

Table 3.1: Number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transits of South African residents by mode of travel, 2018	5
Table 3.2: Percentage distribution of South African residents by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2018	5
Table 3.3: Number of arrivals, departures and transits of foreign travellers by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2018.....	7
Table 3.4: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals, departures and transits by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2018.....	8
Table 4.1: Distribution of tourists by mode of travel and place of arrival, 2018	16

List of figures

Figure 3.1: Number of arrivals and departures of travellers by year of travel, 2004–2018	3
Figure 3.2: Number of arrivals and departures of South African residents by year of travel, 2004–2018	4
Figure 3.3: Percentage distribution of arrivals and departures of South African residents by month of travel, 2018	6
Figure 3.4: Number of arrivals and departures of foreign travellers by year of travel, 2004–2018	7
Figure 3.5: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals and departures by month of travel, 2018	9
Figure 3.6: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit, 2018	9
Figure 3.7: Distribution of foreign arrivals by type of visitor, 2018	10
Figure 4.1: Number of tourists by month and year of travel, 2017 and 2018	11
Figure 4.2: percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence, 2018	12
Figure 4.3: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and month of arrival, 2018.....	12
Figure 4.4: Number of tourists from ten leading overseas countries in 2018 compared to 2017	13
Figure 4.5: Number of tourists from ten leading SADC countries in 2018 compared to 2017.....	14
Figure 4.6: Number of tourists from ten leading 'other' African countries in 2018 compared to 2017.....	15
Figure 4.7: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and mode of travel, 2018.....	17
Figure 4.8: Percentage distribution of tourists by region and purpose of visit, 2018.....	18
Figure 4.9 Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on holiday, 2018.....	19
Figure 4.10: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on business, 2018.....	19
Figure 4.11: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on study, 2018.....	19
Figure 4.12: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on medical, 2018.....	19
Figure 4.13: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on holiday, 2018	19
Figure 4.14: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on business, 2018.....	19
Figure 4.15: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on study, 2018	20
Figure 4.16: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on medical, 2018	20
Figure 4.17: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on holiday, 2018	20
Figure 4.18: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on business, 2018	20
Figure 4.19: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on study, 2018	20
Figure 4.20: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on medical, 2018	20
Figure 4.21: Average (median) number of days tourists spent by month of arrival, 2018	20
Figure 4.22: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and sex, 2018	22
Figure 4.23: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and age, 2018	23

1. Introduction

1.1. Background

Administrative records regulating the flow of people across boundaries, specifically border statistics, are an important source of statistical data on temporary population movements in many countries. Generally, countries routinely collect data from both residents and non-residents who pass through the demarcated air, land and sea ports on arrival in and departing from the country. The method, the kind of collected data, the quality of data and the dissemination and availability of processed data differ widely among countries since there is no international standardised template for the recording of information on travellers. Besides the impact of the level of infrastructure development, the national differences are largely shaped by the immigration policies and regulations of individual countries.

Data collection methods may be electronic, manual or both. Travel documents could be scanned and/or travellers are expected to complete an arrival and departure form/card. The amount of documentation and the information collected from travellers are often influenced by the citizenship / nationality of the travel document and the purpose of entry.

Data obtained from foreigners or non-residents can be used to categorise them into visitors and non-visitors. Usually, the data given on the form/card regarding the purpose of visit and/or length of stay is further used to categorise travellers into visitors and migrants. In countries that do not use cards/forms, data on type of visa/permit can also be used for the categorisation. In addition, there are countries that issue special cards for registered immigrants that they could use to cross into and out of the country of residence. Thus the information from the visa, permit and the card/form are used to classify non-visitors into migratory categories such as short-term and long-term migrants; temporary migrants; permanent migrants; labour migrants, asylum seekers, students, etc., according to a country's specifications.

Because border statistics are derived from arrival data, they could be the most suitable data source for the direct measurement of the *flow* of immigrants (UN, 2011). The data are available at any given time because they are routinely collected as travellers pass through the immigration check points at the ports of entry. It is crucial to note that unlike data from census or sample surveys that count individual persons, border statistics by their nature, measure events i.e. movements of persons rather than the physical persons. The reason is that the same person can cross the border a number of times during a specified time and his or her information is recorded every time he or she passes through the border.

The management of population movements across South African borders and immigration into South Africa fall under the jurisdiction of the Department of Home Affairs (DHA). The jurisdiction of this responsibility is enshrined in the various immigration acts, amendments, laws and regulations. Currently, with respect to the collection of data on population movements in and out of South Africa, the DHA operates under the Immigration Act 2004 (Act No. 13 of 2004), its amendments and associated regulations. The latest Immigration Regulations came into operation on 26 May 2014. Any changes and amendments in the legislation and regulations affect both the flow of travellers as well as the methods of collecting data and the kind of information collected on travellers.

At the ports of entry/exit (see Appendix I on page 25 for the distribution of all South African ports), the immigration officers of the DHA collect information on South African residents and foreign travellers arriving into or departing from South Africa. This information is used to produce statistical releases on all travellers, with emphasis on tourists and an annual report aggregating the results of one calendar year.

1.2. Objectives of this report

The report forms part of a regular annual series of publications on tourism. The main aim of the report is to present information on population movements into and out of South Africa in 2018. Specifically, the report provides:

- Information on arrivals, departures and transits of South African residents and foreign travellers.
- A detailed analysis of the movements of tourists and their demographic characteristics over the twelve-month period.

1.3. Scope of this report

This report is based on information on population movements across South Africa's ports of entry/exit covering the period 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018. It covers data on arrivals and departures of South African residents and foreign travellers. A detailed analysis of the data on foreign tourists with respect to: mode of travel, purpose of visit, sex and age distribution is covered. The report also describes trends in the overall number of travellers and tourists from 2004 to 2018.

2. Data and methods

2.1 Data source

Data routinely collected by immigration officers at all ports of entry/exit (land, air and sea ports) (see Appendix I on page 25) on all travellers (South African residents and foreign travellers) arriving into or departing from South Africa are captured into the Department of Home Affairs's (DHA) population Movement Control System (MCS). The data provide the best national coverage (in terms of both space and time) on the population movements of South African residents and foreign travellers. Among other uses, the data:

- can be used to estimate, monitor and understand salient characteristics of South African residents and foreign travellers travelling into and out of South Africa;
- provide information that can be used to assess the extent of government's progress in strengthening bilateral and multilateral political and economic relations with other countries;
- can be used to estimate the number and some characteristics of same-day visitors and tourists that visit South Africa;
- provide information for marketing tourism by identifying niche, emerging and declining markets (both at country and regional levels); and
- provide information that can be used for monitoring the effects of major international and national events (positive or negative) on the arrival of visitors into the country.

Generally, the data are collected directly from travel documents either by scanning them or by capturing information from the travel documents onto the port's electronic database. Individual ports regularly transmit the data to the national database i.e. the MCS at the head office of the DHA.

2.2 Data processing and analysis

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA), downloads the data covering a particular calendar month from DHA. The Statistical Analysis System (SAS) is used for data processing and analysis. Descriptive analyses (frequencies, cross-tabulations, percentage distributions and median ages) are used to summarise the data. The results are presented in table and graph formats. These are undertaken on a monthly basis to publish information on tourism in the monthly *Tourism and Migration* (statistical release P0351) in order to meet users' immediate needs. The cumulative data for 12 months are published in the *Tourism* report on an annual basis.

2.3 Limitations of data

The information on the total number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transit for South African residents is collected from the scanning of passports. However, data are not collected from passengers on country visited; country of final destination; intended duration of stay and purpose of visit. With this limitation, it is impossible to identify the number of tourists from the data on South African residents.

3. All travellers

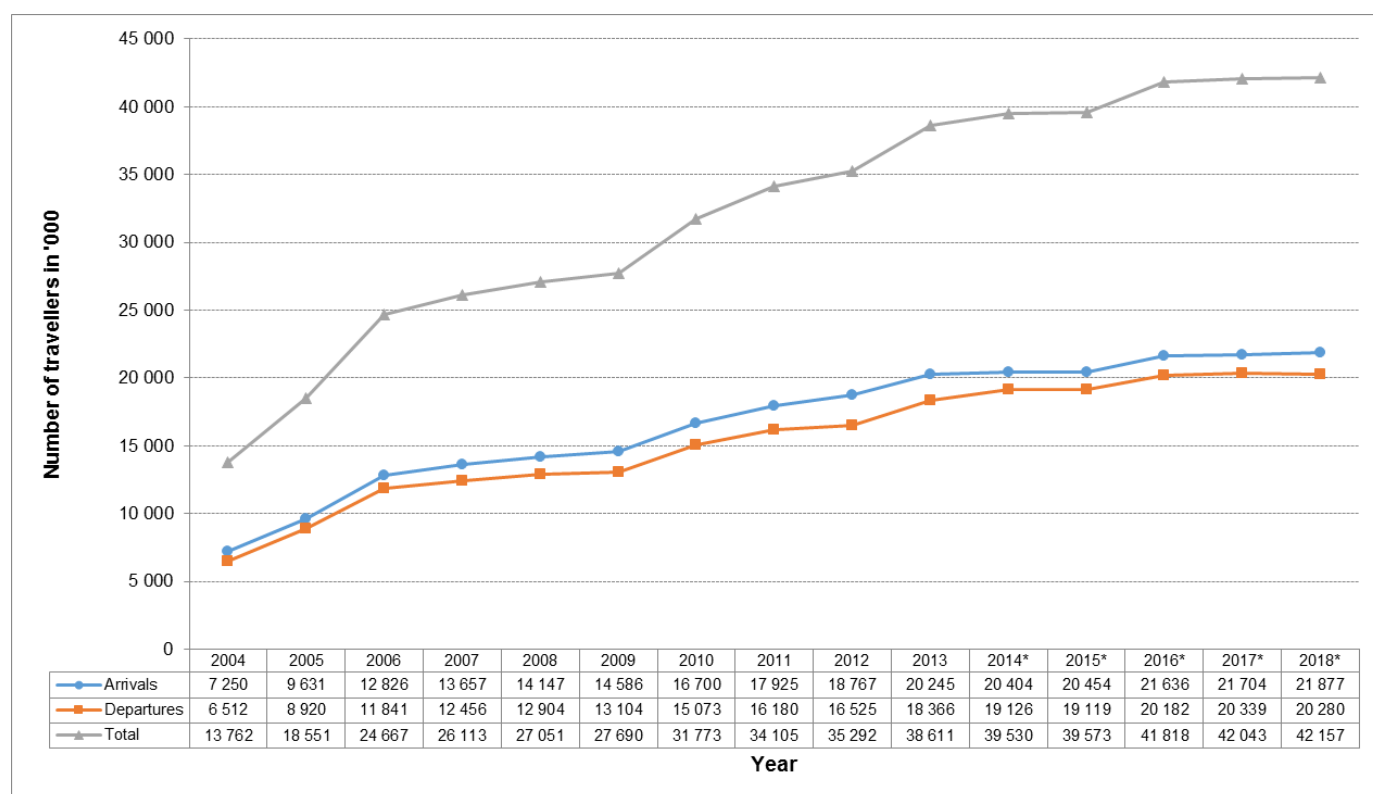
3.1 Number of travellers

The results present detailed information derived from the data published in the January to December 2018 *Tourism and Migration* monthly statistical releases (P0351). In addition to the 2018 data, data from 2017 and earlier are presented to provide some comparison in observed trends and patterns (see Appendix II on page 26).

Travellers are composed of passengers in transit, arrivals into and departures from South Africa regardless of residency status. According to data presented in Figure 3.1 below, approximately 42 157 thousand travellers (arrivals plus departures) were recorded in 2018 compared to 13 762 thousand recorded in 2004, indicating that the overall number of travellers tripled over this 15-year period. Similarly, there were 21 877 thousand arrivals and 20 280 thousand departures in 2018 compared to 7 250 thousand arrivals and 6 512 thousand departures in 2004.

Recent trends show that the overall number of travellers (arrivals and departures) increased by 0,3% between 2017 and 2018. Arrivals increased by 0,8% while departures decreased by 0,3% during the same period.

Figure 3.1: Number of arrivals and departures of travellers by year of travel, 2004 – 2018



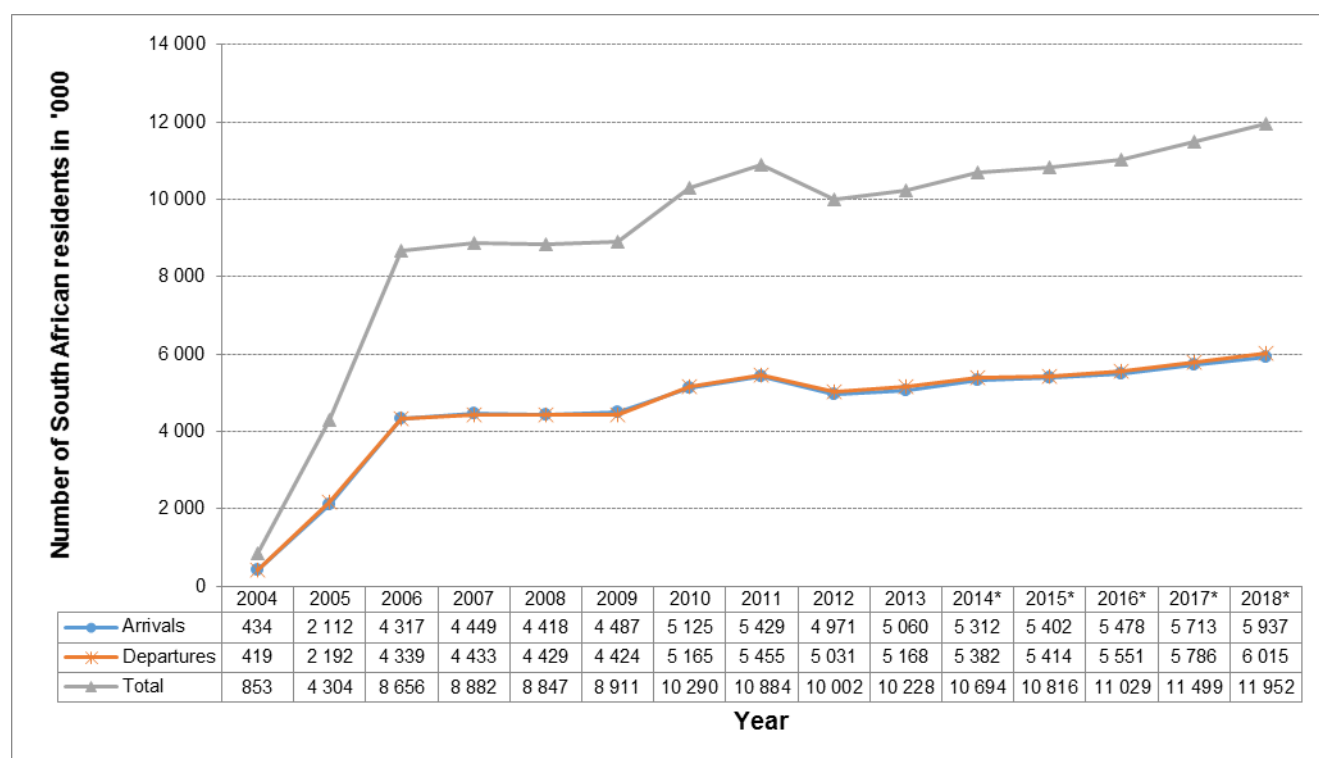
*2014-2018 data excludes travellers in transit

3.1.1 South African residents

In 2018, 11 961 401 South African resident travellers were recorded compared to the 2017 volume of 11 508 449. As shown in Appendix II on page 26, the 2018 volume was made up of 5 936 978 arrivals, 6 014 912 departures and 9 511 travellers in transit.

The data in Figure 3.2 below indicate that the annual volumes of arrivals and departures for South African residents had a drastic increase between 2004 and 2006 and then generally increased throughout the period from 2006 to 2018. The lowest number in the volume of South African travellers in 2004 was mainly due to the changes in the Immigration Act, 2002 (Act No.13 of 2002) regarding the recording of information on international movements of South African residents. The amendments to the Act resulted in information on arrival and departure of South African residents not being consistently collected (i.e. misinterpretation of the Act led to some immigration officers collecting while others were not collecting information on South African residents). Collection resumed after the implementation of the Immigration Amendment Act, 2004 (Act No.19 of 2004). The figure further shows that there were nearly as many departures as arrivals over the years.

Figure 3.2: Number of arrivals and departures of South African residents by year of travel, 2004–2018



*2014-2018 data excludes travellers in transit

Mode of travel

Table 3.1 on page 5 shows that the mode of travel for South African residents entering and leaving the country in 2018 was largely the same. Most South African residents (59,2%) arrived and departed the country using road transport. Air transport was the second most popular mode of travel used by 39,4% arrivals and 39,3% departures. All passengers in transit used air transport (9 511). Sea transport was the least used mode of travel by 1,4% arrivals and departures.

Table 3.1: Number of arrivals, departures and travellers in transit of South African residents by mode of travel, 2018

Mode of travel	Arrivals		Departures		Transits	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Air	2 340 966	39,4	2 364 753	39,3	9 511	100,0
Road	3 512 690	59,2	3 563 385	59,2	-	0,0
Sea	83 322	1,4	86 774	1,4	-	0,0
Total	5 936 978	100,0	6 014 912	100,0	9 511	100,0

Detailed information on ports used by South African residents to leave, enter or transit the country by mode of travel is provided in Table 3.2 below (absolute numbers are provided in Appendix III on page 27). Due to the large number of land ports as shown in Appendix I (on page 25), border countries are used in the table instead of the specific land ports names. That is, data for all ports found on the border within a particular country are combined and the country name is used.

Amongst road users, over half of South African residents used Lesotho and Swaziland ports of entry. For arrivals, 28,8% entered the country through Lesotho and 24,2% through Swaziland. Similarly, for departures, most road users went through Lesotho (29,1%) and Swaziland (24,3%) ports. Out of the total number of residents using air as their mode of travel, the majority (76,6%) arrived and departed (76,1%) at O.R. Tambo International Airport while 17,2% arrived and 17,4% left through Cape Town International Airport. Less than 6,0% came (5,3%) or left (5,6%) the country using King Shaka International Airport and 0,9% arrived and 1,0% left through other airports. Out of those who arrived by sea, most (91,2%) arrived or left through the Cape Town harbour.

Detailed information on mode of travel by place and month of arrival and departure for South African residents for 2018 is presented in Appendix IV on page 28 and Appendix V on page 29.

Table 3.2: Percentage distribution of South African residents by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2018

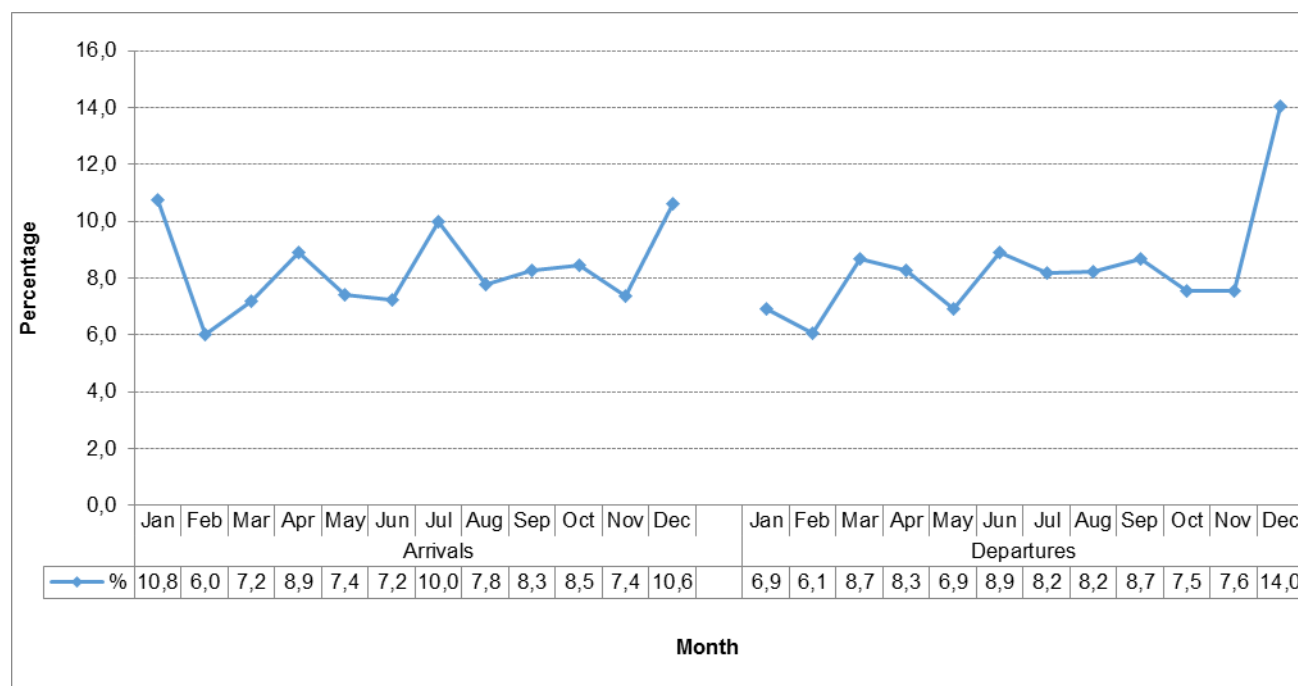
Mode of travel and place of arrival, departure or transit	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transit
Air	100,0	100,0	100,0
Cape Town International Airport	17,2	17,4	0,7
King Shaka International Airport	5,3	5,6	0,0
O. R. Tambo International Airport	76,6	76,1	99,3
Other Airports	0,9	1,0	0,0
Road	100,0	100,0	0,0
Botswana	17,0	16,8	0,0
Lesotho	28,8	29,1	0,0
Mozambique	20,0	19,8	0,0
Namibia	4,3	4,2	0,0
Swaziland	24,2	24,3	0,0
Zimbabwe	5,7	5,7	0,0
Sea	100,0	100,0	0,0
Cape Town Harbour	8,4	8,4	0,0
Durban Harbour	91,2	91,2	0,0
Port Elizabeth Harbour	0,3	0,3	0,0
Other Harbours	0,1	0,0	0,0

* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Month of travel

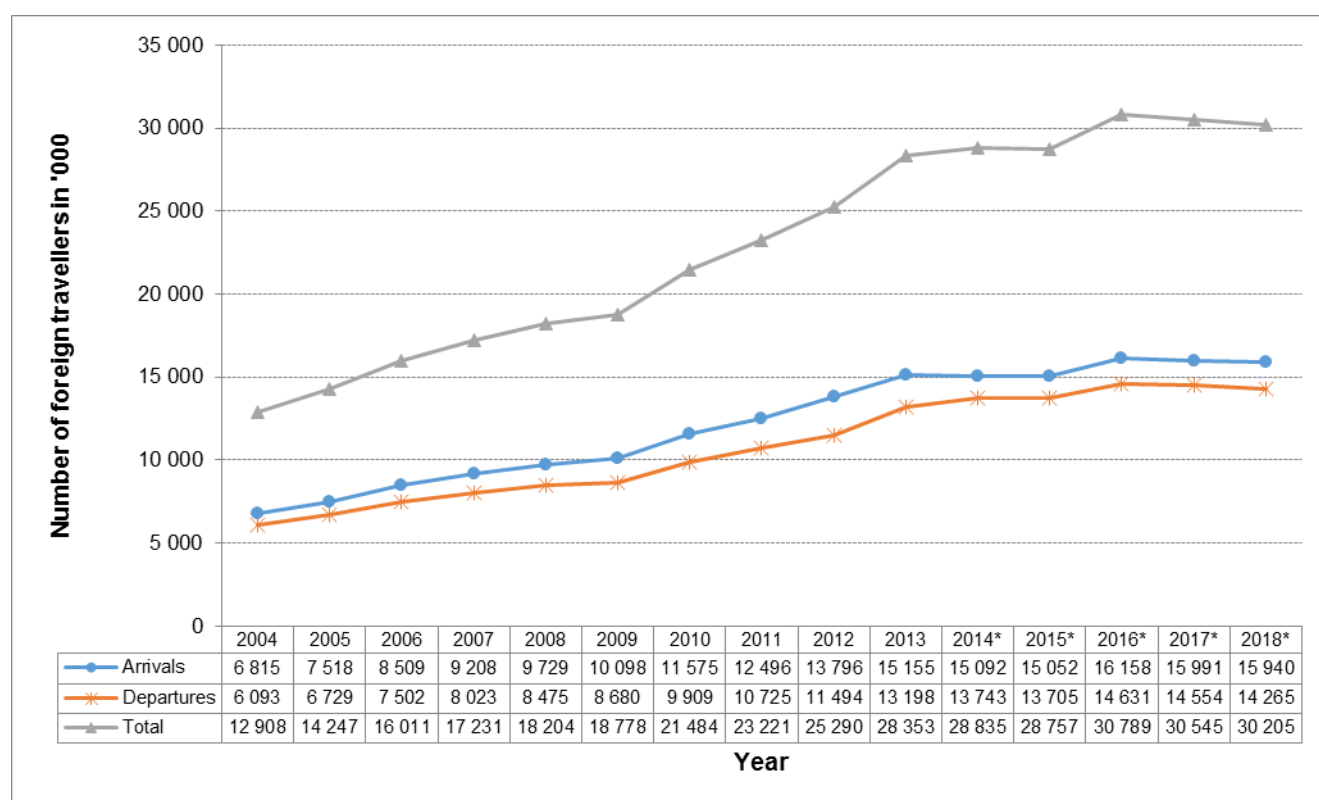
The distribution of South Africans arriving and departing the country classified by month of travel is provided in Figure 3.3 below. The results show that of the 5 936 978 arrivals, the highest proportion was recorded in January (10,8%) followed by December (10,6%), while the lowest proportion was recorded in February (6,0%). Of the 6 014 912 departures, the highest percentage was recorded in December (14,0%) and the lowest in February (6,1%).

Figure 3.3: Percentage distribution of arrivals and departures of South African residents by month of travel, 2018



3.1.2 Foreign travellers

In 2018, 30 955 754 foreign travellers were recorded compared to the 2017 volume of 31 297 571. As shown in Appendix II on page 26, the 2018 volume was made up of 15 939 855 arrivals, 14 264 702 departures and 751 197 transits. It is observed from Figure 3.4 on page 7 (and Appendix II on page 26) that the number of both foreign arrivals and departures increased between 2004 and 2018, with a slight decrease between 2014 and 2015 taking into account the exclusion of travellers in transit from arrivals starting from 2014. Unlike in the case of South African travellers, the volume of departures of foreign travellers has been lower than that of arrivals throughout the fifteen-year period.

Figure 3.4: Number of arrivals and departures of foreign travellers by year of travel, 2004 – 2018

*2014-2018 data excludes travellers in transit.

Mode of travel

Table 3.3 below indicates a marginal difference of mode of travel used by foreigners coming into South Africa or leaving the country in 2018. More than three quarters of foreigners arrived (77,5%) or left (74,7%) the country by road. Air travel was used by 22,1% of foreign arrivals and 24,8% of foreign departures. Of the foreigners who came into the country, 0,4% arrived and departed with sea transport.

Table 3.3: Number of arrivals, departures and transits of foreign travellers by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2018

Mode of travel	Arrivals		Departures		Transits	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Air	3 525 565	22,1	3 544 014	24,8	751 197	100,0
Road	12 347 879	77,5	10 659 161	74,7	-	0,0
Sea	66 411	0,4	61 527	0,4	-	0,0
Total	15 939 855	100,0	14 264 702	100,0	751 197	100,0

Most of the foreign travellers who arrived by road entered through the Lesotho (30,1%) and the Zimbabwe (23,2%) ports of entry (see Table 3.4 on page 8). These two countries' ports of entry were also mostly used by foreigners who left South Africa in 2018 (29,9% and 20,6%, respectively). Other common ports of entry/exit from Mozambique were used by about 16% of arrivals and departures.

The majority of the foreigners who travelled by air arrived (72,2%) and left (72,1%) South Africa through O.R. Tambo International Airport (see Appendix VI on page 30 for absolute numbers). Almost all passengers (99,8%) in transit used O.R. Tambo international airport. Cape Town International Airport was used by 25,7% foreigners to arrive in the country and 25,4% to leave the country. Those who travelled by sea mainly used the Cape Town and Durban harbours. About 50,1% and 38,9% of foreign arrivals used Cape Town and Durban harbours respectively. These harbours were also used by 48,6% and 39,2% of foreigners to leave South Africa respectively.

Table 3.4: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals, departures and transits by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2018

Mode of travel and place of arrival, departure or transit	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transits
Air	100,0	100,0	100,0
Cape Town International Airport	25,7	25,4	0,2
King Shaka International Airport	1,7	1,8	0,0
O. R. Tambo International Airport	72,2	72,1	99,8
Other Airports	0,5	0,7	0,0
Road	100,0	100,0	-
Botswana	12,7	14,5	-
Lesotho	30,1	29,9	-
Mozambique	16,8	16,5	-
Namibia	1,3	1,5	-
Swaziland	15,8	17,1	-
Zimbabwe	23,2	20,6	-
Sea	100,0	100,0	-
Cape Town Harbour	50,1	48,6	-
Durban Harbour	38,9	39,2	-
Port Elizabeth Harbour	10,6	11,8	-
Other Harbours	0,4	0,4	-

* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Month of travel

The monthly distribution of foreign arrivals and departures by mode of travel and place of arrival and departure are provided in Appendices VII on page 31 and VIII on page 32 and summarised in Figure 3.5 on page 9. The results indicate that most foreign arrivals were recorded in January and December (10,0%) and the least in June (7,3%) while most departures were recorded in December (11,3%) and the least in February (7,4%).

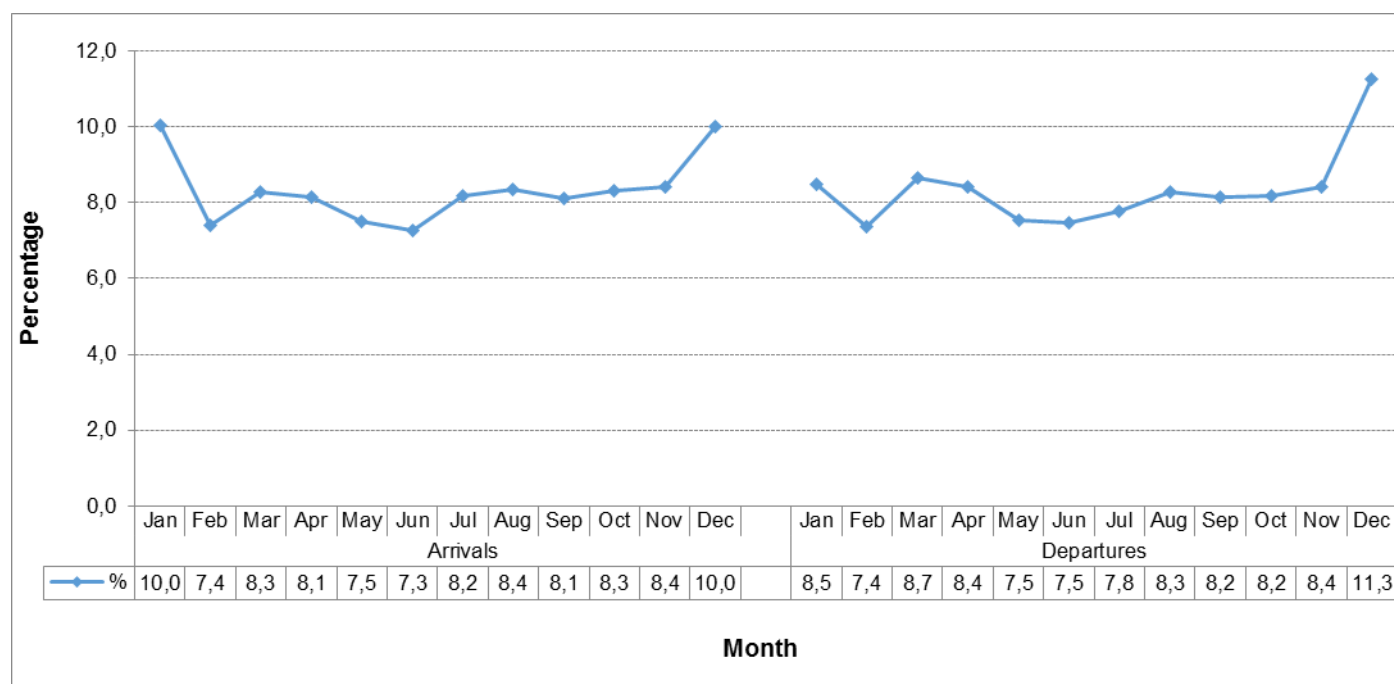
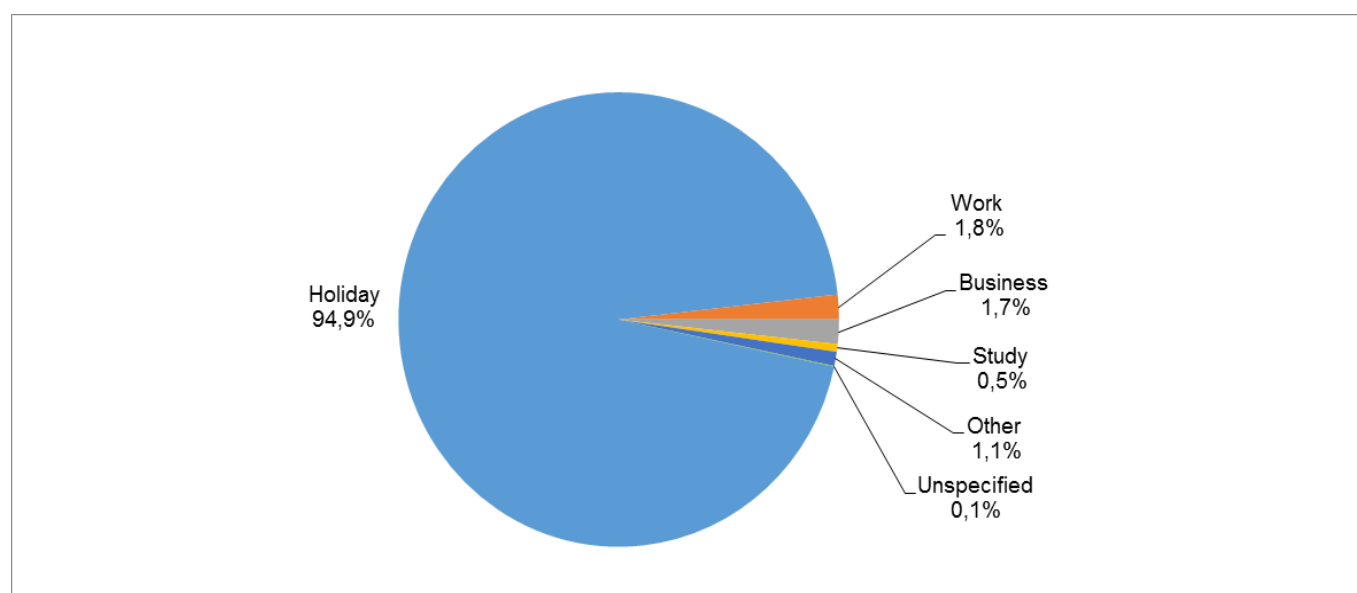
Figure 3.5: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals and departures by month of travel, 2018**Purpose of visit**

Figure 3.6 below shows that in 2018, the main purpose of visit for foreign arrivals was holidays (94,9%). Whereas 1,8% of the 2018 arrivals came for work; 1,7% came for business and 0,5% came to study. A detailed distribution of the number of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit and month can be seen in Appendix XI on page 33. January 2018 had the highest number of foreign arrivals who came to study (15 455) and to work (33 566); those who came for business came in November (29 389); while those who came for holidays came mainly in December (1 540 731) and January (1 506 522).

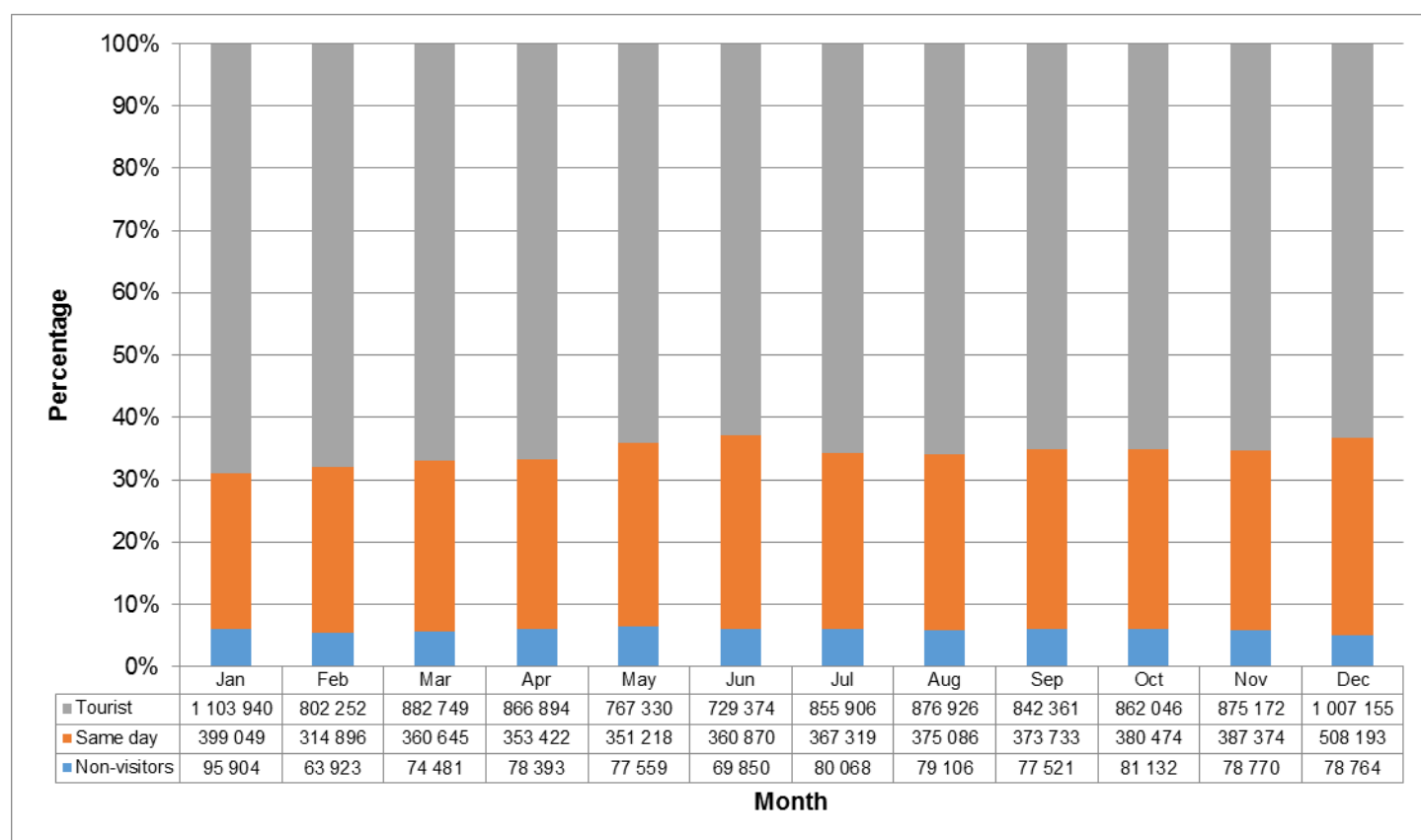
Figure 3.6: Percentage distribution of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit, 2018

Type of visitors

Foreign arrivals can be classified as visitors and non-visitors depending on their purpose of visit. Furthermore, the visitors can be grouped as same-day visitors and tourists (overnight visitors). In 2018, there were 935 471 (5,9%) non-visitors and 15 004 384 (94,1%) visitors (see Appendix X on page 34). The visitors were made up of 4 532 279 (30,2%) same-day visitors and 10 472 105 (69,8%) overnight visitors or tourists.

It is observed from the monthly distribution of the data presented in Figure 3.7 below that the volume of non-visitors was highest in January (95 904). February recorded the lowest number of non-visitors (63 923). The monthly volume of same-day visitors ranged from 314 896 in February to 508 193 in December with a monthly average of 377 690 visitors.

Figure 3.7: Distribution of foreign arrivals by type of visitor, 2018



Further analysis on same-day visitors (see Appendix XI on page 35) indicates that a great majority of the same-day visitors [4 286 301 (94,6%)] came into the country by road; most of whom were from Southern African Development Community (SADC) countries [4 228 394 (98,6%)]. Virtually all same day visitors [4 492 363 (99,1%)] came for holidays. The rest came for business [29 331 (0,6%)]; for study purposes [10 048 (0,2%)] and for medical treatment [531 (less than 0,1%)].

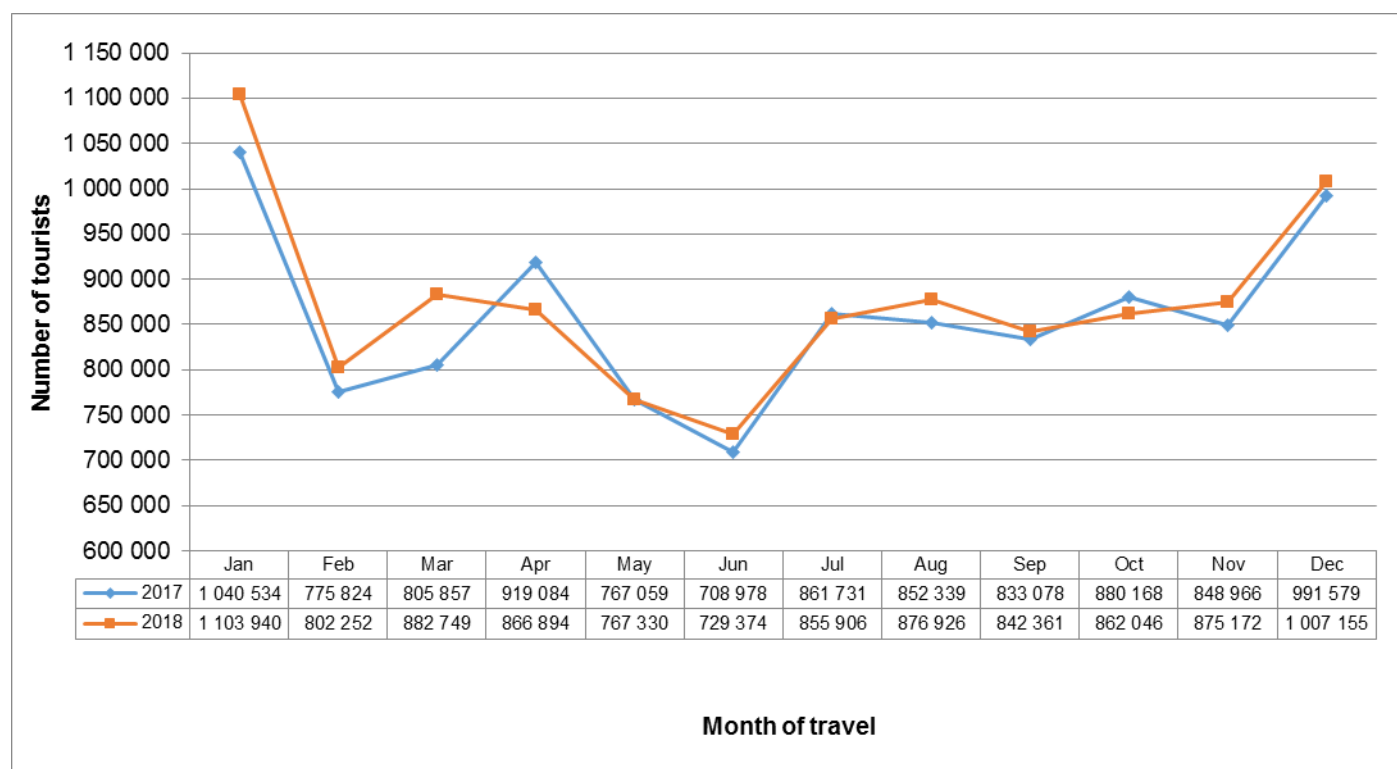
4. Tourists

This section presents the number of tourists that visited South Africa in 2018, as well as their regions of residence, mode of travel, purpose of visit, duration of stay and their demographic characteristics (age and sex). A total of 10 472 105 tourists came to South Africa in 2018, showing an increase of 1,8% from the 10 285 197 tourists recorded in 2017.

Information presented in Figure 4.1 below (and Appendix XII on page 36) indicate that the highest number of tourist arrivals [1 103 940 (10,5%)] was recorded in January 2018 whilst the least number was recorded in June 2018 [729 374 (7,0%)]. The information shows that the monthly tourist arrivals in 2018 were generally higher than the monthly arrivals observed in 2017. However, the monthly patterns were generally the same for both 2018 and 2017

Appendix XII (on page 36) further indicates some diversity in the monthly arrival patterns regarding the types of tourists. Whereas the highest number of tourists who came on holiday was recorded in January [1 068 229 (10,5%)], that of business persons was recorded in November [26 075 (10,8%)], that of students was recorded in January [13 994 (19,0%)], and that of medical treatment was recorded in November [629 (9,4%)]

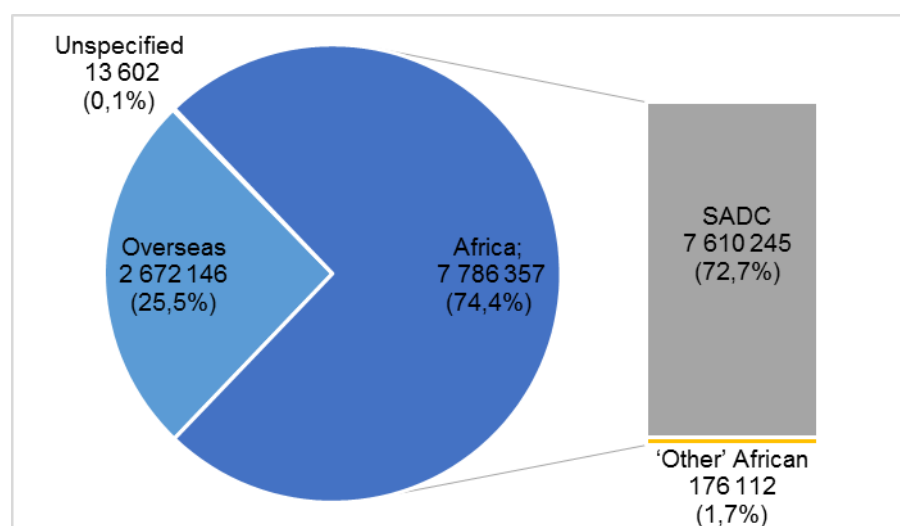
Figure 4.1: Number of tourists by month and year of travel, 2017 and 2018



4.1 Region of residence

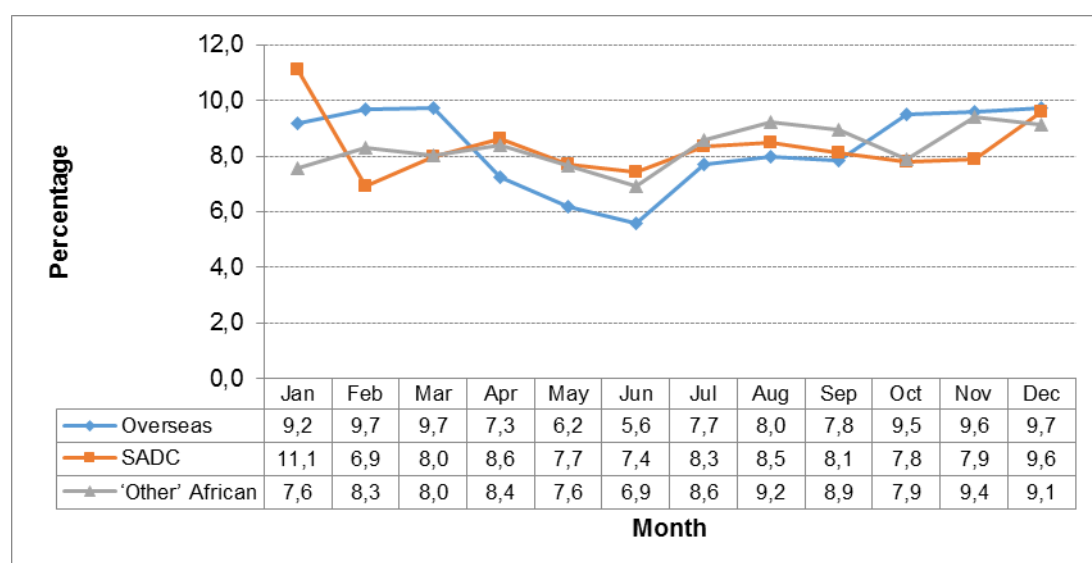
The breakdown of the number of tourists by region provided in Figure 4.2 below indicates that 72,7% of the tourists who arrived in South Africa in 2018 were residents of SADC countries and 1,7% were from 'other' African countries. These two sub-regions made up 74,4% of tourists from Africa in total. Residents of overseas countries made up 25,5% of the tourists.

Figure 4.2: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence, 2018



Detailed information on the number of tourists by region and sub-region of residence and the month of arrival is provided in Appendix XIII on page 37 and the percentage distribution at regional level is shown in Figure 4.3 below. It is observed that there are regional differences in the monthly arrivals of tourists. Thus in 2018, the lowest proportion of overseas tourists was recorded in June (5,6%) and the highest proportion in February and December (9,7%). The largest proportion of tourist arrivals from the SADC region was recorded in January (11,1%), and the lowest in February (6,9%). Furthermore, for tourists from the 'other' African region, the lowest and the highest proportions of tourist arrivals occurred in June (6,9%) and November (9,4%).

Figure 4.3: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and month of arrival, 2018

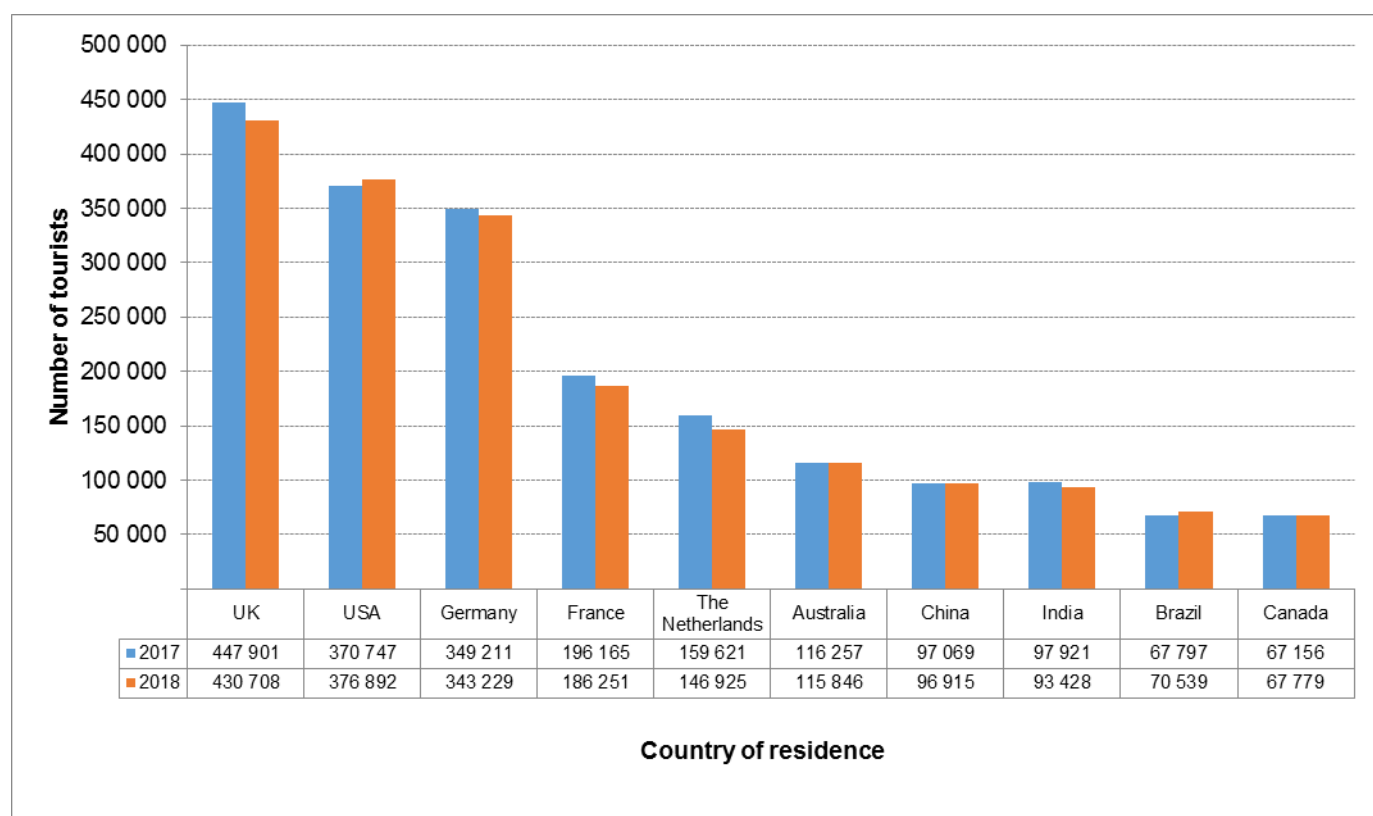


4.2 Ten leading countries

Overseas

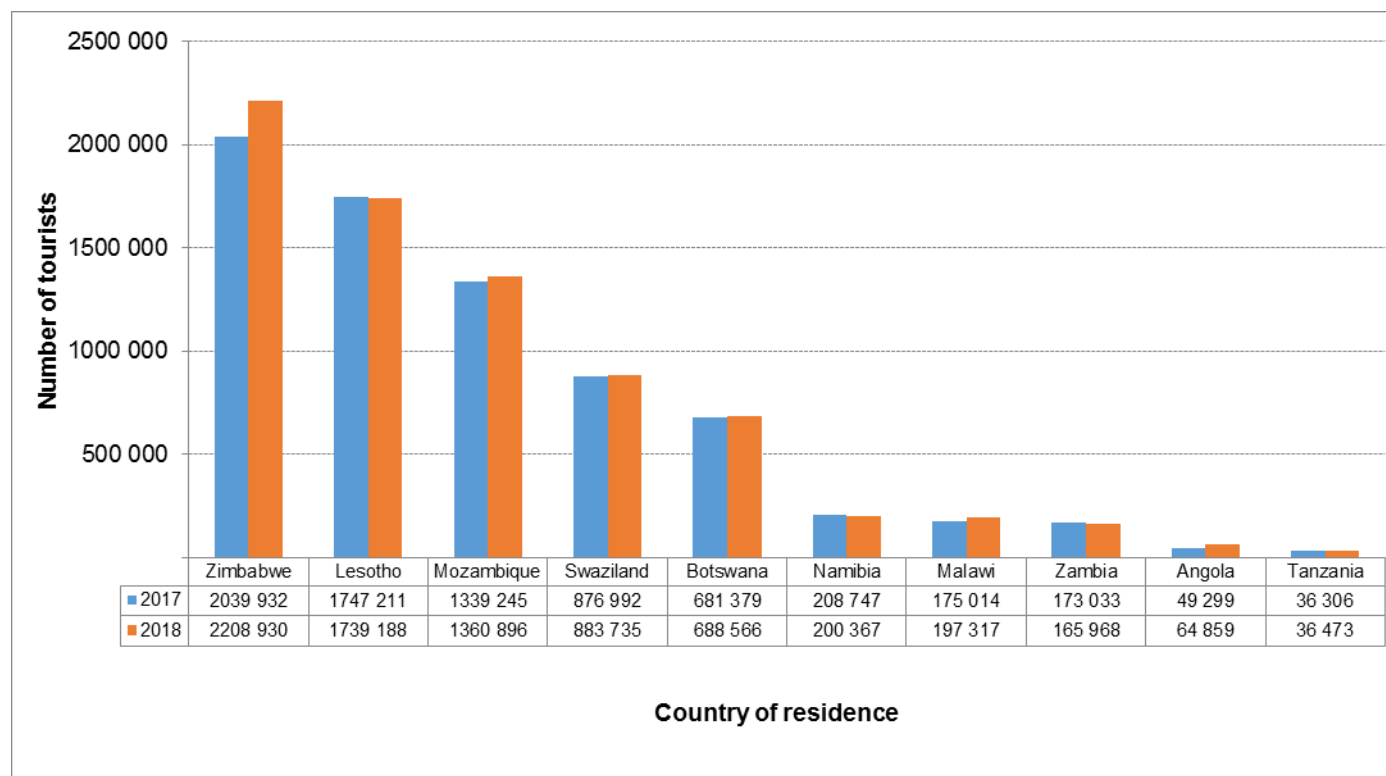
As presented in Figure 4.4 below (and Appendix XV on page 39–43), the ten leading countries for overseas tourists in 2018 were: The United Kingdom (UK), 430 708 (16,1%); United States of America (USA), 376 892 (14,1%); Germany, 343 229 (12,8%); France, 186 251 (7,0%); The Netherlands, 146 925 (5,5%); Australia, 115 846 (4,3%); China, 96 915 (3,6%); India, 93 428 (3,5%); Brazil, 70 539 (2,6%) and Canada, 67 779 (2,5%). A comparison of the 2018 volumes with the 2017 volumes indicates that the number of tourists increased in nine of the ten leading overseas countries. Brazil had the largest increase of 4,0%.

Figure 4.4: Number of tourists from ten leading overseas countries in 2018 compared to 2017

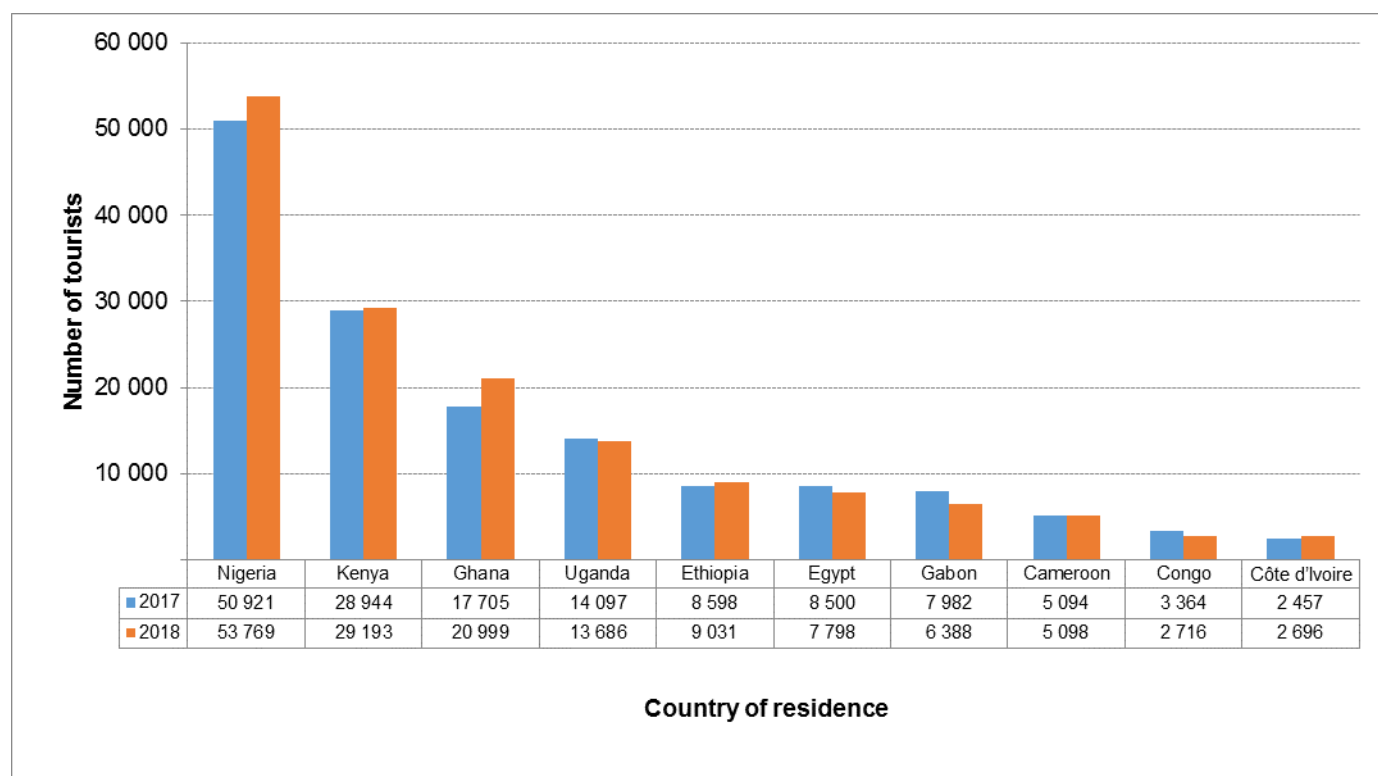


SADC

Figure 4.5 on page 14 (and Appendix XV on page 44) shows the ten leading countries for tourists from the SADC region in 2018. These were: Zimbabwe, 2 208 930 (29,0%); Lesotho, 1 739 188 (22,9%); Mozambique, 1 360 896 (17,9%); Swaziland, 883 735 (11,6%); Botswana, 688 566 (9,0%); Namibia, 200 367 (2,6%); Malawi, 197 317 (2,6%); Zambia, 165 968 (2,2%); Angola, 64 859 (0,9%) and Tanzania, 36 473 (0,5%). Seven of the ten leading SADC countries showed an increase in the number of tourists from 2017 to 2018. Angola had the highest increase of 31,6%.

Figure 4.5: Number of tourists from ten leading SADC countries in 2018 compared to 2017**'Other' African**

As presented in Figure 4.6 on page 15 (and Appendix XV on page 44–45), the ten leading countries for tourists from 'other' African countries in 2018 were: Nigeria, 53 769 (30,5%); Kenya, 29 193 (16,6%); Ghana, 20 999 (11,9%); Uganda, 13 686 (7,8%); Ethiopia, 9 031 (5,1%); Egypt, 7 798 (4,4%); Gabon, 6 388 (3,6%); Cameroon, 5 098 (2,9%); Congo, 2 716 (1,5%) and Côte d'Ivoire, 2 696 (1,5%). A comparison between the 2018 and 2017 volumes indicates that the number of tourists increased in six of the ten leading countries. Ghana had the highest increase of 18,6%.

Figure 4.6: Number of tourists from ten leading 'other' African countries in 2018 compared to 2017

4.3 Mode of travel

Place of arrival

Table 4.1 on page 16 provides information on the number of tourists by mode of travel and place of arrival. A large number of tourists who came to South Africa in 2018 used road transport [7 368 025 (70,4%)]; followed by those who came by air [3 088 524 (29,5%)]; and those who arrived through sea ports [15 556 (0,1%)]. The results further shows that the road users mainly came in through the Zimbabwe (27,1%) and Lesotho (24,0%) ports of entry. Namibia (1,6%) had the least number of the 2018 tourists using its ports of entry.

Out of the 3 088 524 tourists that flew into the country, the largest proportion (70,2%) used O.R. Tambo International Airport. Cape Town and King Shaka international airports were used by 27,8% and 1,6% tourists respectively. More than half of the tourists that used sea ports of entry came in through the Cape Town Harbour (56,2%).

A detailed table including month of travel is shown in Appendix XIV on page 38. The highest volume of tourists that passed through the Zimbabwe port of entry were recorded in January (250 937) whereas the lowest volumes were recorded in February (130 721). Meanwhile, the highest volumes of tourists that entered South Africa through the Namibia ports of entry were recorded in December (16 649) whereas the lowest volumes were recorded in June (7 316) and February (7 944). Further details on the number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival are provided in Appendix XV on page 39.

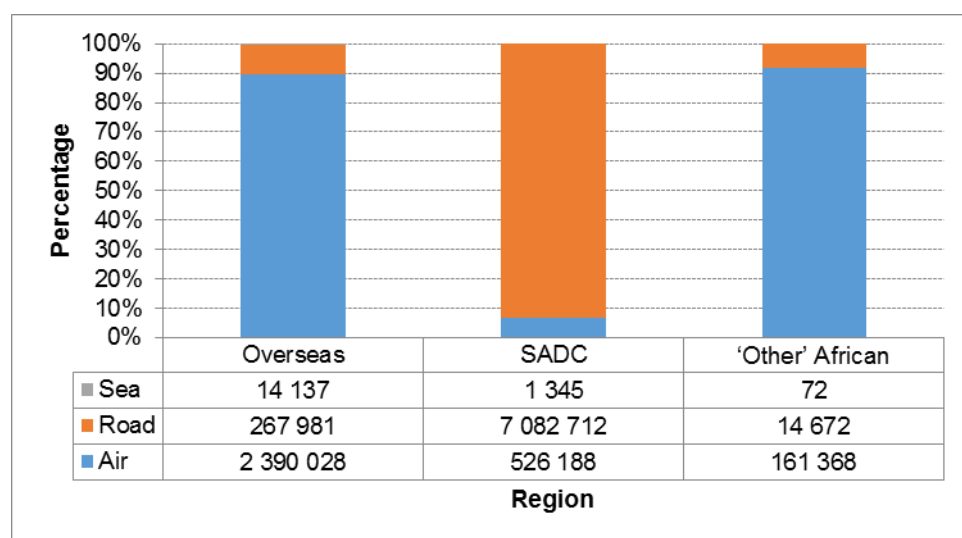
Table 4.1: Distribution of tourists by mode of travel and place of arrival, 2018

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	%
Total	10 472 105	100,0
Air	3 088 524	100,0
Cape Town International Airport	859 451	27,8
King Shaka International Airport	49 041	1,6
O. R. Tambo International Airport	2 168 291	70,2
Other Airports	11 741	0,4
Road	7 368 025	100,0
Botswana	958 936	13,0
Lesotho	1 767 316	24,0
Mozambique	1 423 090	19,3
Namibia	119 488	1,6
Swaziland	1 101 006	14,9
Zimbabwe	1 998 189	27,1
Sea	15 556	100,0
Cape Town Harbour	8 738	56,2
Durban Harbour	3 949	25,4
Port Elizabeth Harbour	2868	18,4
Other Harbours	1	0,0

* Percentages might not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Region of residence

As observed from Figure 4.7 on page 17, a large proportion of overseas tourists [89,4% (2 390 028)] came into South Africa by air compared to [10,0% (267 981)] who came in by road and [0,5% (14 137)] who came by sea. Similarly, tourists from 'other' African countries generally entered the country by air [85,9% (161 368)] rather than by road [7,8% (14 672)] or sea [less than 0,1% (72)]. However, the mode of travel used by most tourists from SADC countries was road [96,8% (7 082 712)] compared to air [7,2% (526 188)] and to sea [less than 0,1% (1 345)]. Detailed data on sub-region and country of residence and mode of travel is presented in Appendix XVI on page 46.

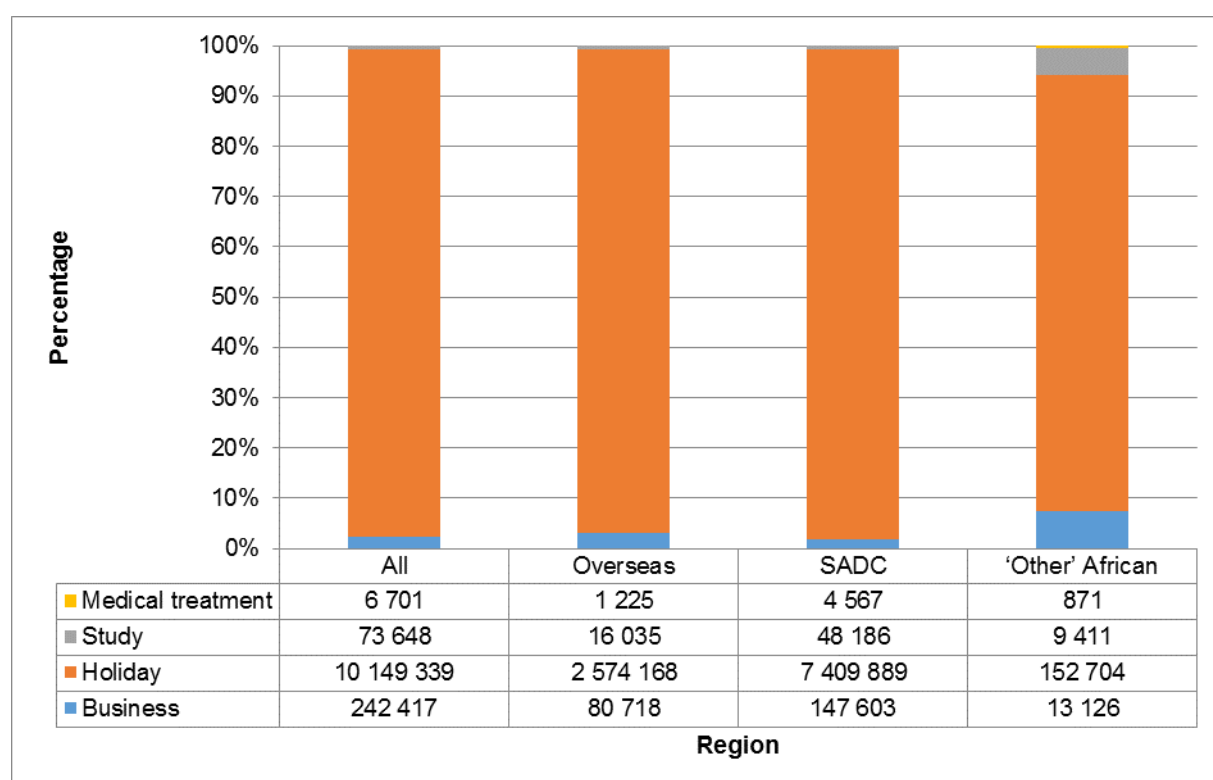
Figure 4.7: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and mode of travel, 2018

4.4 Purpose of visit

Region of residence

Besides information in Figure 4.8 on page 18, reference has been made to data on the main types of tourists that visit South Africa (see Appendix XII on page 36) – using the purpose of visit to identify them. In 2018, most tourists came to South Africa for holidays [10 149 339 (96,9%)]. The remaining tourists came for business [242 417 (2,3%)], for study purposes [73 648 (0,7%)] and for medical treatment [6 701 (0,1%)] .

The 2018 data reveals some regional and country differentials with respect to the purpose of visit. For example, [13 126 (7,5%)] tourists from 'other' African countries and [80 718 (3,0%)] of tourists from overseas countries came for business compared to [147 603 (1,9%)] from SADC countries. In addition, students made up [9 411 (5,3%)] of tourists from 'other' African countries compared to [48 186 (0,6%)] of tourists from SADC countries and [16 035 (0,6%)] of overseas tourists. Detailed data on country of residence and purpose of visit is presented in Appendix XVII on page 53.

Figure 4.8: Percentage distribution of tourists by region and purpose of visit, 2018

Country of residence

Figures 4.9, 4.10 and 4.12 on page 19 reveal that most overseas tourists on holiday (16,1%), business persons (17,6%) and medical treatment were UK residents. However, it is shown in Figure 4.11 on page 19 that the highest proportion of overseas students came from the USA (12,8%).

As observed from Figure 4.13 and Figure 4.14 on page 19 and also Figure 4.15 on page 20, the majority of SADC tourists on holiday (29,1%), business persons (27,5%), and students (20,9%) were from Zimbabwe. Whereas the highest proportion of SADC tourists on medical treatment came from Botswana (31,9%) (see Figure 4.16 on page 20).

Regarding tourists from 'other' African countries, Nigerian residents were the majority on holiday (31,7%), study (31,9%) and medical treatment (24,3%). The majority of tourists from 'other' African countries who came for business (26,7%) were from Kenya (see Figures 4.17 – 4.20 on page 20). Detailed data on country of residence and purpose of visit is presented in Appendix XVII on page 53.

4.5 Duration of stay

The number of days tourists spent in South Africa is based on the tourists who arrived and left in the same month. Figure 4.21 on page 21 indicates that generally tourists from overseas and 'other' African countries spent on average more days (about five to six days per month) in the country compared to SADC residents who spent an average of three days in a month. Tourists from Overseas spent less days (about five days) in May, June and September while the shortest duration for tourists from SADC countries was recorded in February and November, with an average of two days' stay.

Figure 4.9: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on holiday, 2018

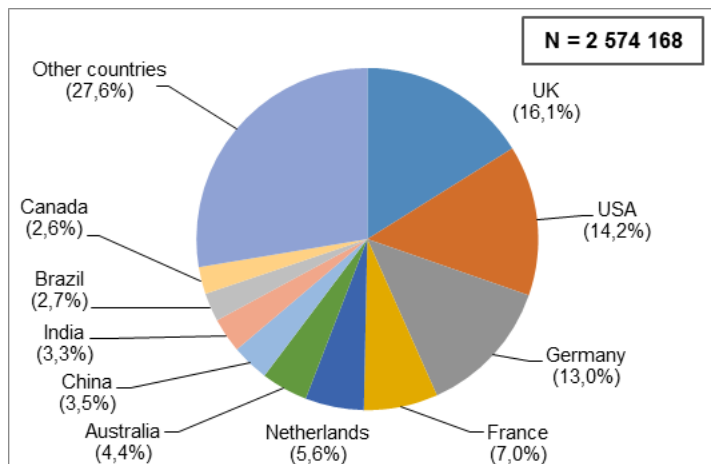


Figure 4.12: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on medical, 2018

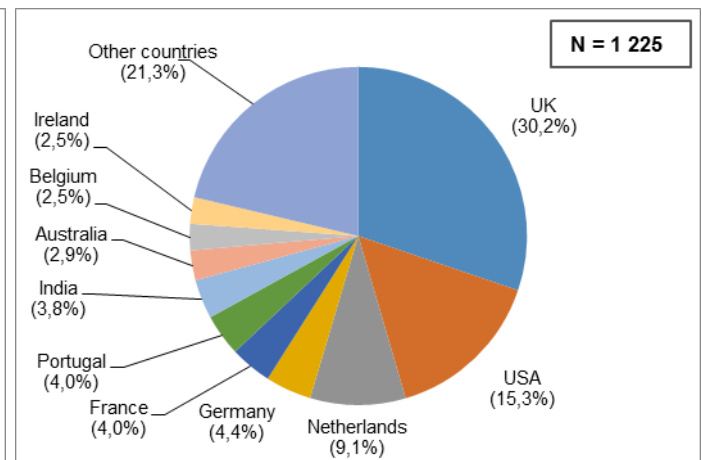


Figure 4.10: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on business, 2018

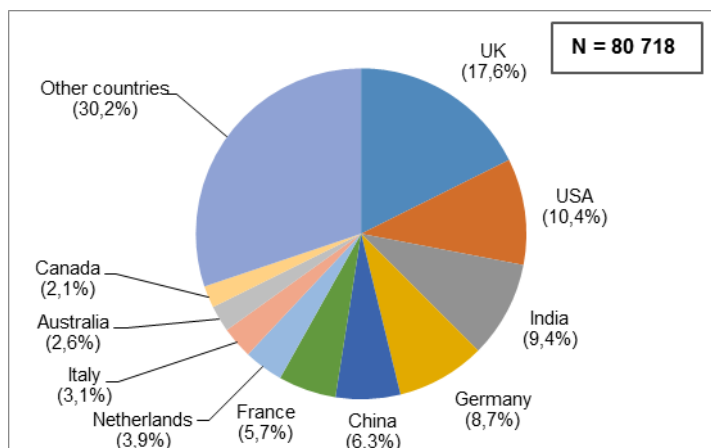


Figure 4.13: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on holiday, 2018

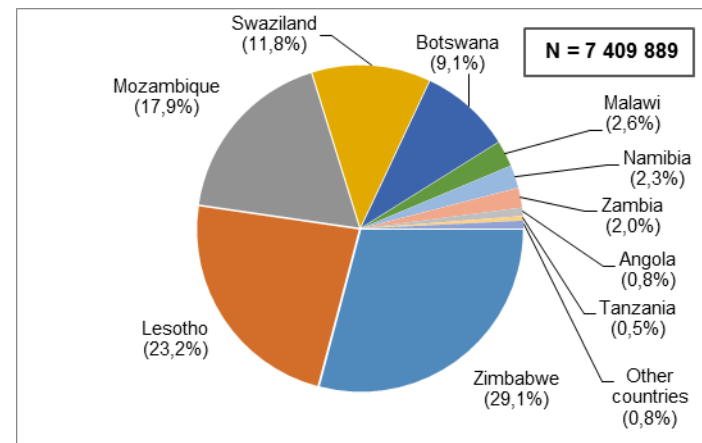


Figure 4.11: Percentage distribution of tourists from overseas countries on study, 2018

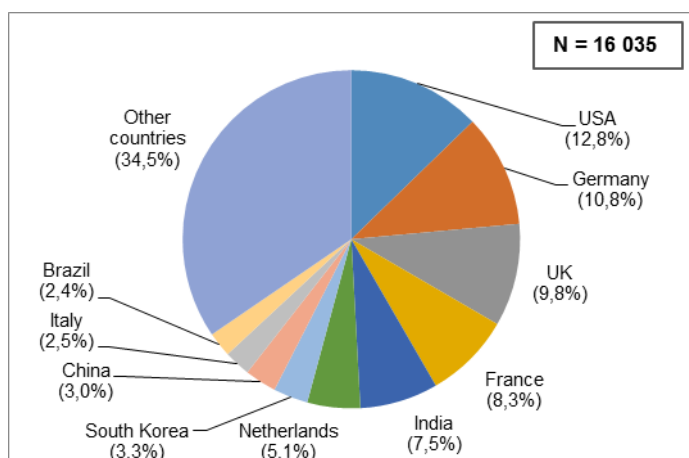


Figure 4.14: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on business, 2018

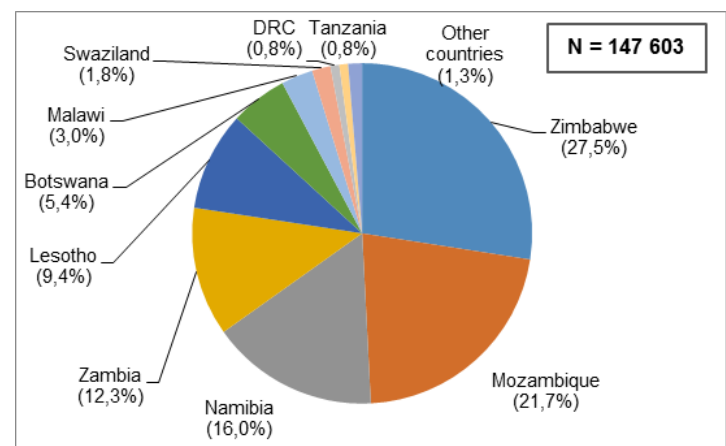


Figure 4.15: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on study, 2018

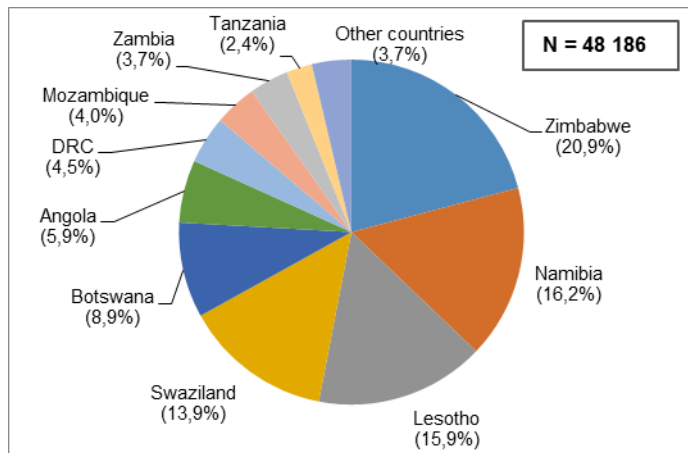


Figure 4.18: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on business, 2018

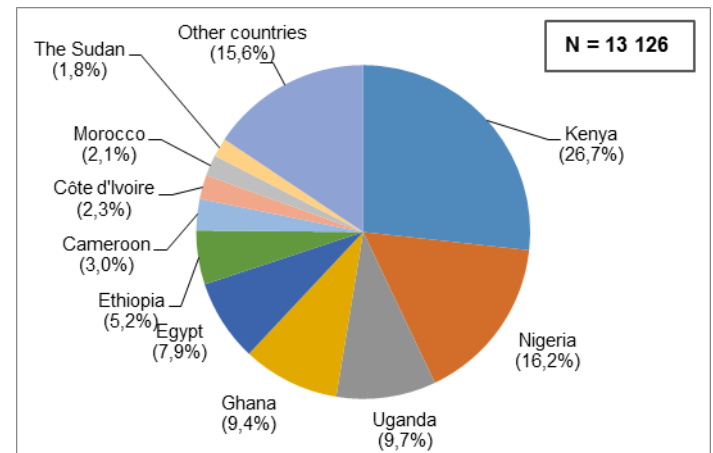


Figure 4.16: Percentage distribution of tourists from SADC countries on medical, 2018

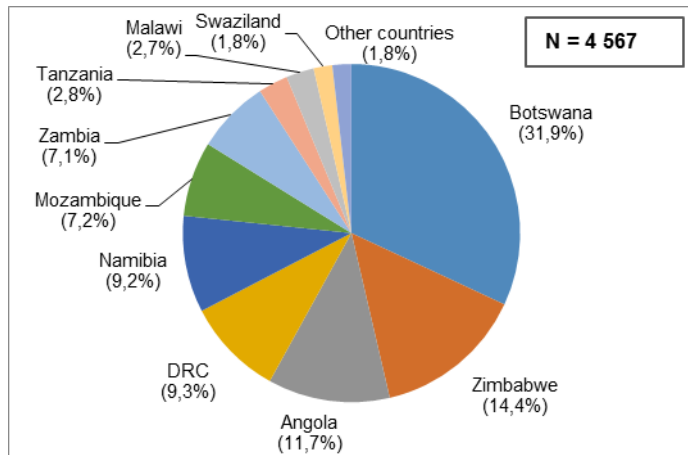


Figure 4.19: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on study, 2018

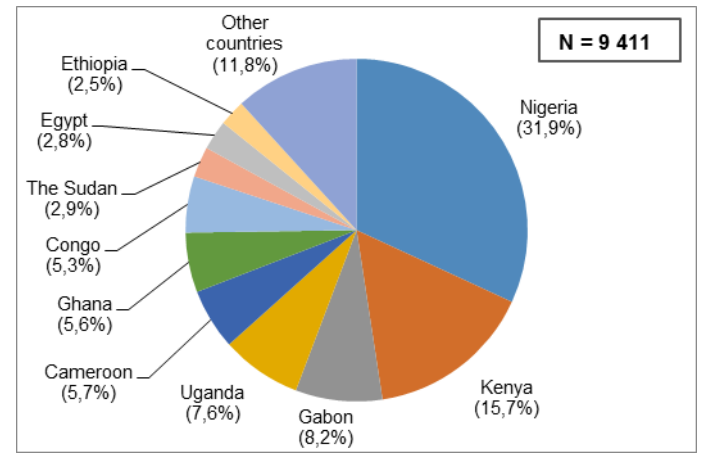


Figure 4.17: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on holiday, 2018

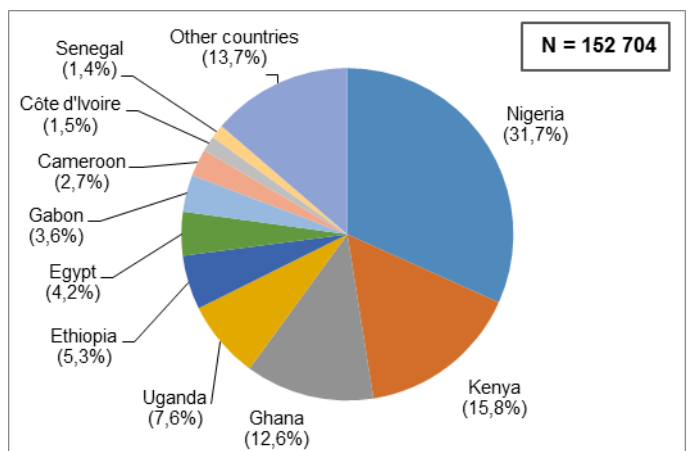


Figure 4.20: Percentage distribution of tourists from 'other' African countries on medical, 2018

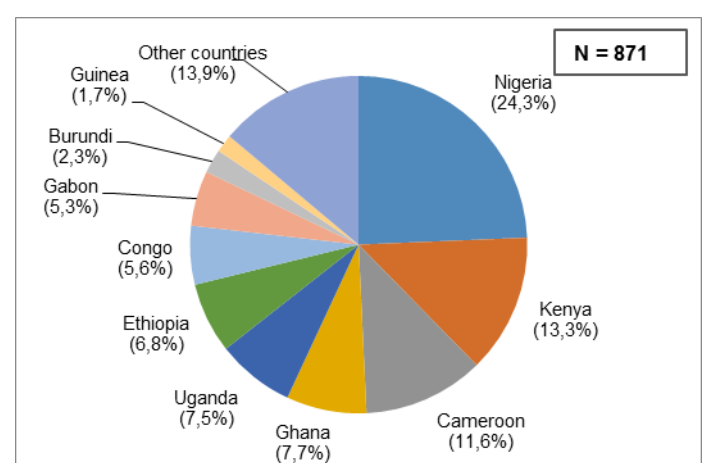
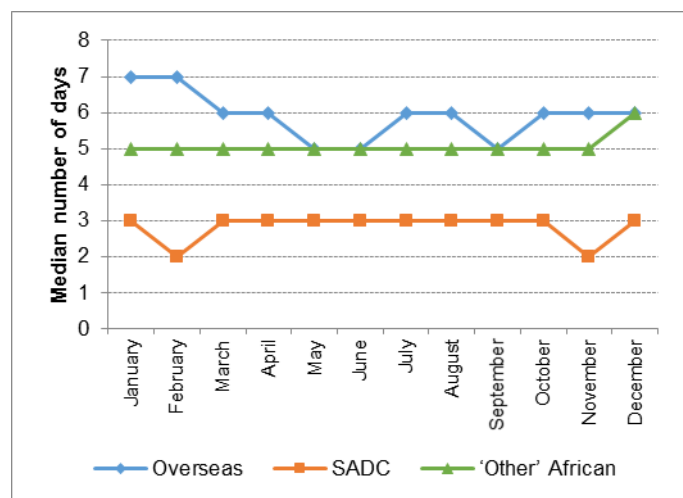


Figure 4.21: Average (median) number of days tourists spent by month of arrival, 2018

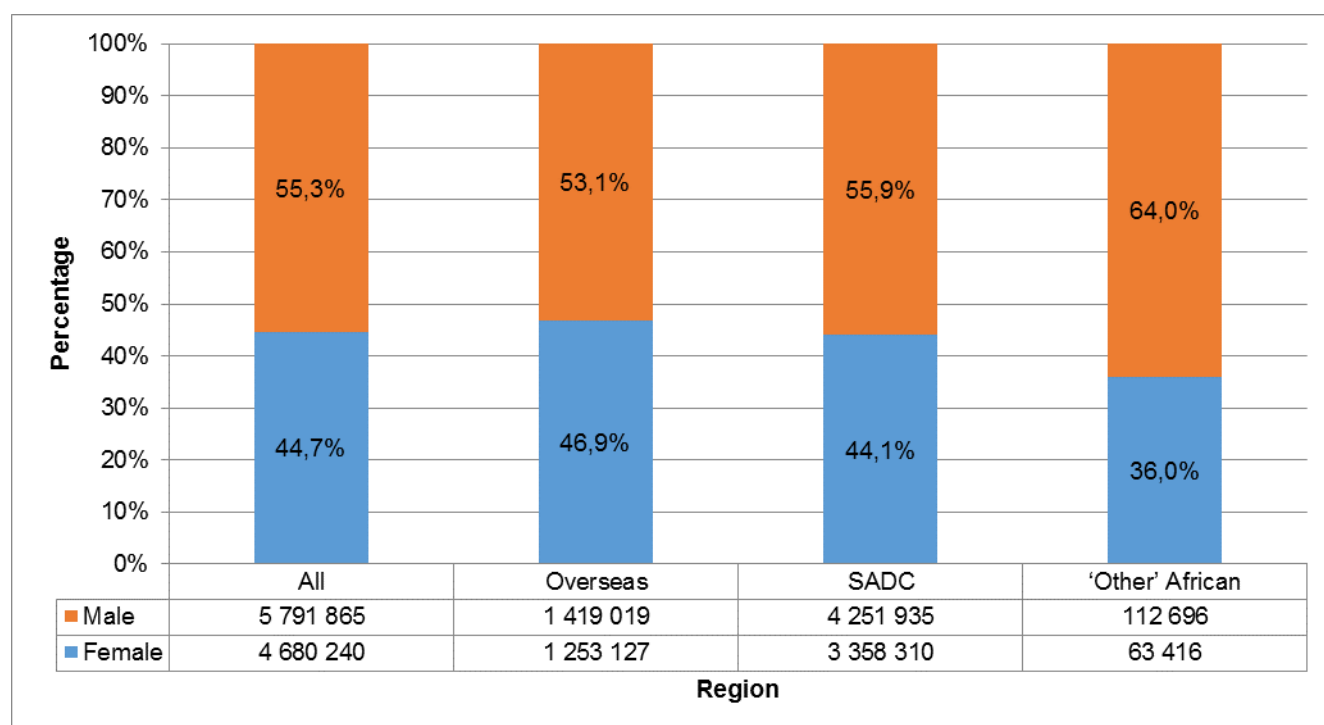


4.6 Sex and age distribution

Sex

In 2018, as shown in Figure 4.22 below, there were more male [5 791 865 (55,3%)] than female [4 680 240 (44,7%)] tourists. Male tourists constituted the majority of tourists for all three regions, SADC [4 251 935 (55,9%)], overseas [1 419 019 (53,1%)] tourists and 'other' African countries [112 696 (64,0%)]. Similarly, the largest portion of female tourists was from SADC [3 358 310 (44,1%)], followed by overseas [1 253 127 (46,9%)] and the lowest from 'other' African countries [63 416 (36,0%)]. Detailed information on the number of tourists by sex, age and region of residence are shown in Appendix XVIII on page 60 while the same distribution by month of arrival is shown in Appendix XIX on page 61.

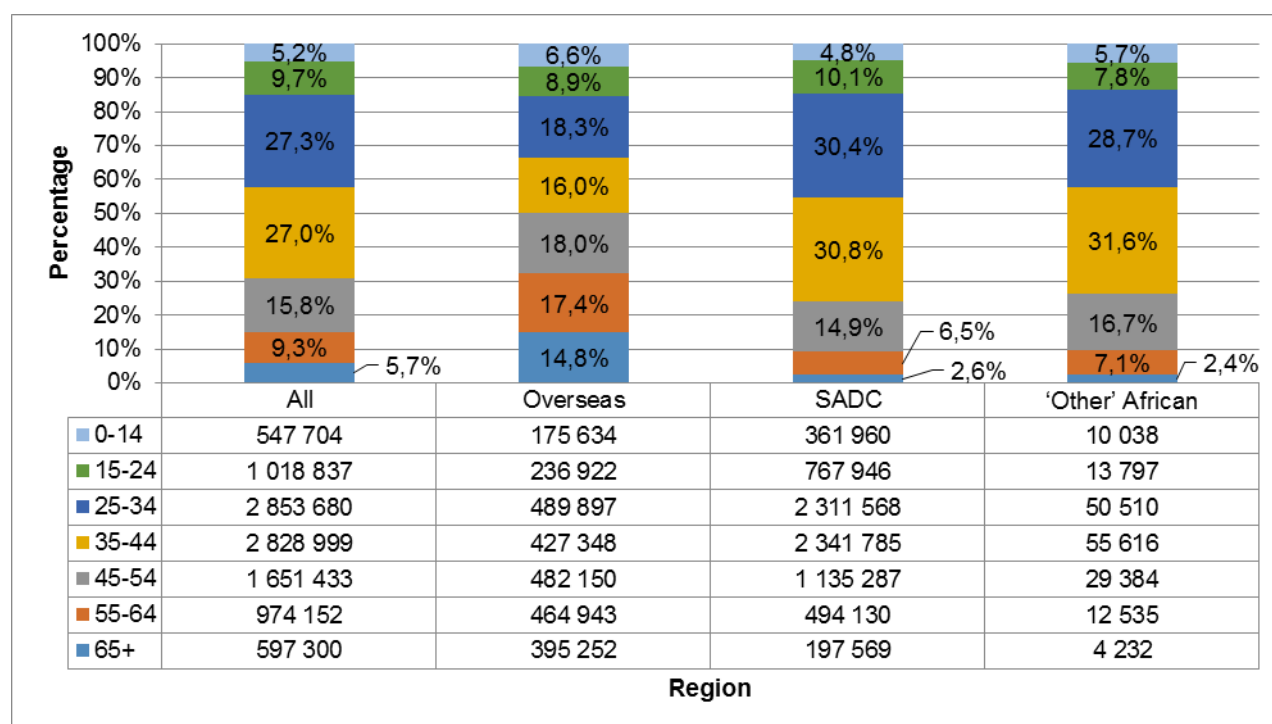
Figure 4.22: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and sex, 2018



Age

The age distribution indicates that out of all tourists, [547 704 (5,2%)] were aged less than 15 years; [1 018 837 (9,7%)] were aged between 15 and 24 years; [2 853 680 (27,3%)] were aged between 25 and 34 years; [2 828 999 (27,0%)] were aged between 35 and 44 years; [1 651 433 (15,8%)] were aged between 45 and 54 years; [974 152 (9,3%)] were aged between 55 and 64 years and [897 300 (5,7%)] were aged 65 years and above. (see Figure 4.23 on page 23).

Taking the region of residence into consideration, the results show that the highest proportion of tourists from SADC countries [2 341 785 (30,8%)] and those from 'other' African countries [55 616 (31,6%)] were aged between 35 and 44 years, whereas overseas countries [489 897 (18,3%)] were aged between 35 and 44 years. The second highest proportion of tourists from SADC countries [2 311 568 (30,4%)] and those from 'other' African countries [50 510 (28,7%)] were aged between 25 and 34 years whereas overseas countries [482 150 (18,0%)] were aged between 45 and 54. The median ages of tourists from overseas, SADC and 'other' African countries were 45, 36 and 37 years respectively. The proportion of tourists aged less than 15 years was higher among tourists from overseas countries, 6,6% (175 634) compared to those from 'other' African countries, 5,7% (10 038) and to those from SADC countries, 4,8% (361 960). Detailed information on the number of tourists by sex, age and region of residence are shown in Appendix XVIII on page 60 while the same distribution by month of arrival is shown in Appendix XIX on page 61.

Figure 4.23: Percentage distribution of tourists by region of residence and age, 2018

5. Summary

This report provides information collected by DHA immigration officers on South African residents and foreign travellers that passed through South African air, land and sea ports of entry/exit in 2018. The report also presents detailed information on the mode of travel, purpose of visit, length of stay and demographic characteristics of tourists (foreigners). A total of 42 156 447 travellers (arrivals plus departures) entered or departed South Africa in 2018 showing an increase of 0,3% from the 2017 volume of 42 042 970.

South African resident arrivals increased by 3,9% from 5 713 133 in 2017 to 5 936 978 in 2018 and departures increased by 4,0% from 5 785 699 in 2017 to 6 014 912 in 2018. Foreign arrivals dropped by 0,3% from 15 990 598 in 2017 to 15 939 855 in 2018 and departures dropped by 2,0% from 14 553 540 in 2017 to 14 264 702 in 2018. Due to limited data on South African residents, information on tourists is available only from foreign travellers. In 2018, foreign arrivals were made up of 5,9% non-visitors and 94,1% visitors. The visitors were further categorised into same-day visitors (30,2%) and overnight visitors or tourists (69,8%).

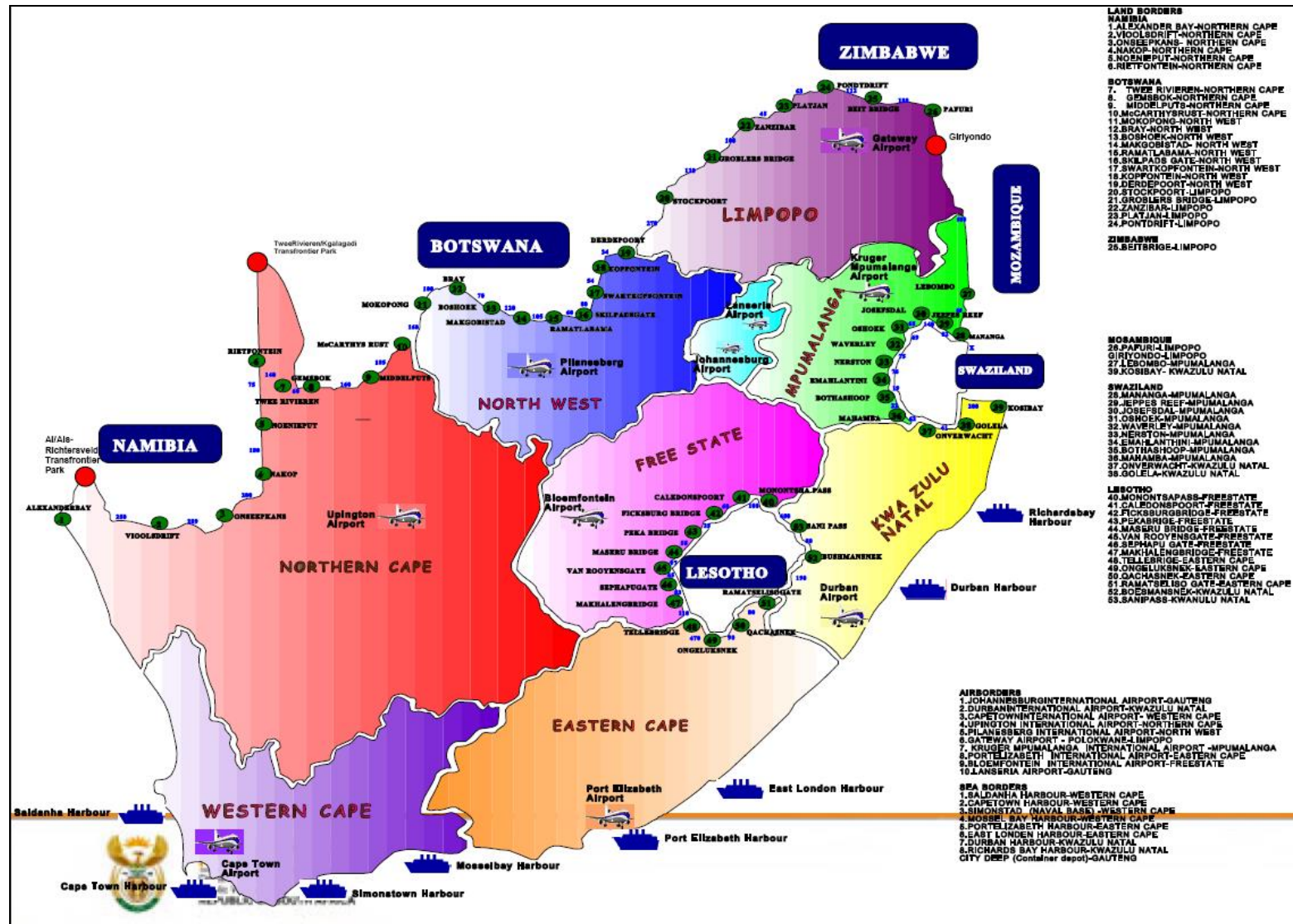
The volume of tourists increased by 1,8% from 10 285 197 in 2017 to 10 472 105 in 2018. The distribution of tourists by region of residence followed a similar pattern as shown in previous years. Thus, a high proportion (72,7%) of tourists was residents from the SADC countries; while 25,5% and 1,7% of tourists were from overseas and 'other' African countries respectively.

Likewise, the 2018 patterns of mode of travel and purpose of visit did not differ greatly from what was observed in 2017 and earlier years. Generally, overseas and 'other' African tourists flew into the country whereas tourists from SADC countries came in by road. Holiday continued to be the main reason for visiting South Africa. A large majority (96,9%) of tourists came for holidays whilst business persons, students and medical treatment constituted 2,3%, 0,7% and 0,1% respectively of the 2018 tourists. Overseas holiday, business and medical treatment tourists were mainly UK residents and students were mostly USA residents. The highest proportion of SADC tourists on holiday (29,1%), on business (27,5%) and students (20,9%) came from Zimbabwe (27,5%). Most tourists coming for medical treatment were from Botswana (31,9%). With regard to 'other' African countries, tourists on holiday (31,7%) students (31,9%) and medical treatment (24,3%) were mostly from Nigeria. The majority of tourists from 'other' African countries who came for business (26,7%) were from Kenya.

In 2018, tourists from overseas and 'other' African countries spent, on average, six and five days per month respectively in South Africa, compared to tourists from SADC who spent three days. Tourists continued to be predominantly male (55,3%) while 89,1% of the 2018 tourists were in the productive age group of 15 to 64 years.

6. APPENDICES

Appendix I: Ports of entry/exit in South Africa



Source: National Department of Home Affairs

Appendix II: Number of foreign travellers and South African residents by year of travel, 2004 – 2018

Year	All travellers				South African residents				Foreign travellers			
	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	Total
2004	7 249 596	6 511 898		13 761 494	434 400	418 585		852 985	6 815 196	6 093 313		12 908 509
2005	9 630 617	8 920 258		18 550 875	2 112 300	2 191 599		4 303 899	7 518 317	6 728 659		14 246 976
2006	12 826 280	11 840 669		24 666 949	4 317 475	4 338 914		8 656 389	8 508 805	7 501 755		16 010 560
2007	13 656 529	12 456 288		26 112 817	4 448 832	4 433 492		8 882 324	9 207 697	8 022 796		17 230 493
2008	14 147 347	12 904 062		27 051 409	4 418 487	4 429 399		8 847 886	9 728 860	8 474 663		18 203 523
2009	14 585 617	13 104 237		27 689 854	4 487 311	4 423 987		8 911 298	10 098 306	8 680 250		18 778 556
2010	16 699 789	15 073 447		31 773 236	5 125 249	5 164 929		10 290 178	11 574 540	9 908 518		21 483 058
2011	17 924 920	16 180 473		34 105 393	5 429 177	5 455 260		10 884 437	12 495 743	10 725 213		23 220 956
2012	18 766 958	16 524 601		35 291 559	4 971 428	5 030 768		10 002 196	13 795 530	11 493 833		25 289 363
2013	20 245 051	18 365 779		38 610 830	5 090 060	5 167 651		10 257 711	15 154 991	13 198 128		28 353 119
2014	20 403 641	19 125 502	781 520	40 310 663	5 311 625	5 382 139	8 178	10 701 942	15 092 016	13 743 363	773 342	29 608 721
2015	20 453 522	19 119 232	823 597	40 396 351	5 401 696	5 414 362	9 760	10 825 818	15 051 826	13 704 870	813 837	29 570 533
2016	21 636 026	20 181 907	833 829	42 651 762	5 477 607	5 550 904	9 855	11 038 366	16 158 419	14 631 003	823 974	31 613 396
2017	21 703 731	20 339 239	763 050	42 806 020	5 713 133	5 785 699	9 617	11 508 449	15 990 598	14 553 540	753 433	31 297 571
2018	21 876 833	20 279 614	760 708	42 917 155	5 936 978	6 014 912	9 511	11 961 401	15 939 855	14 264 702	751 197	30 955 754

Appendix III: Number of arrivals and departures of South African residents by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2018

Mode of travel and place of arrival or departure	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transits
Total	5 936 978	6 014 912	9 511	-	-	-
Air	2 340 966	2 364 753	9 511	100,0	100,0	100,0
Cape Town International Airport	401 682	410 450	62	17,2	17,4	0,7
King Shaka International Airport	124 592	131 323	-	5,3	5,6	-
O. R. Tambo International Airport	1 793 014	1 798 820	9 449	76,6	76,1	99,3
Other Airports	21 678	24 160	-	0,9	1,0	-
Road	3 512 690	3 563 385	-	100,0	100,0	-
Botswana	596 260	598 322	-	17,0	16,8	-
Lesotho	1 013 130	1 038 448	-	28,8	29,1	-
Mozambique	703 219	706 016	-	20,0	19,8	-
Namibia	149 879	150 571	-	4,3	4,2	-
Swaziland	850 562	867 420	-	24,2	24,3	-
Zimbabwe	199 640	202 608	-	5,7	5,7	-
Sea	83 322	86 774	-	100,0	100,0	-
Cape Town Harbour	7 018	7 330	-	8,4	8,4	-
Durban Harbour	76 011	79 133	-	91,2	91,2	-
Port Elizabeth Harbour	247	292	-	0,3	0,3	-
Other Harbours	46	19	-	0,1	0,0	-

Appendix IV: Number of South African residents by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2018

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	5 936 978	638 928	358 135	425 546	529 412	439 970	428 421	592 301	462 206	491 800	502 528	436 946	630 785
Air	2 340 966	240 688	129 909	167 671	194 693	179 141	180 214	262 049	185 826	196 000	212 542	164 589	227 644
Cape Town	401 682	40 773	20 616	26 332	30 735	29 294	30 871	52 589	31 639	35 690	37 089	26 622	39 432
King Shaka	124 592	13 968	7 102	9 024	11 460	9 715	8 868	13 459	8 576	9 900	11 446	8 423	12 651
O. R. Tambo	1 793 014	184 579	100 999	130 665	151 043	137 938	137 825	193 730	143 572	148 680	162 228	127 982	173 773
Other Airports	21 678	1 368	1 192	1 650	1 455	2 194	2 650	2 271	2 039	1 730	1 779	1 562	1 788
Road	3 512 690	388 670	211 723	240 428	326 337	260 495	248 028	329 993	276 241	295 707	289 692	258 828	386 548
Botswana	596 260	54 357	35 176	39 727	52 482	43 734	44 578	59 606	49 716	53 662	53 085	47 765	62 372
Lesotho	1 013 130	111 556	65 091	72 731	99 498	71 377	70 228	87 582	79 729	81 641	80 790	75 634	117 273
Mozambique	703 219	100 234	41 228	47 972	65 147	54 354	47 770	66 631	49 962	53 093	55 873	47 163	73 792
Namibia	149 879	14 857	7 262	9 462	13 883	11 654	12 464	20 982	11 941	10 664	11 449	9 182	16 079
Swaziland	850 562	78 709	52 577	58 806	76 078	65 487	60 137	75 835	66 611	80 800	72 640	67 329	95 553
Zimbabwe	199 640	28 957	10 389	11 730	19 249	13 889	12 851	19 357	18 282	15 847	15 855	11 755	21 479
Sea	83 322	9 570	16 503	17 447	8 382	334	179	259	139	93	294	13 529	16 593
Cape Town	7 018	5 162	313	132	183	288	76	210	68	63	271	112	140
Durban	76 011	4 391	16 130	17 291	8 090	43	87	44	59	25	20	13 395	16 436
Port Elizabeth	247	13	59	9	93	2	13	5	8	4	2	22	17
Other Harbours	46	4	1	15	16	1	3	-	4	1	1	-	-

Appendix V: Number of South African residents by mode of travel, place and month of departure, 2018

Mode of travel and place of departure	Total	Month of departure											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	6 014 912	415 543	365 633	523 059	497 432	416 597	536 234	492 322	494 032	522 365	452 652	455 068	843 975
Air	2 364 753	165 323	134 124	191 835	204 156	173 515	241 517	200 174	199 633	219 640	176 439	166 360	292 037
Cape Town	410 450	26 899	21 112	32 661	33 115	31 202	49 390	36 874	33 659	40 975	27 967	25 980	50 616
King Shaka	131 323	9 976	7 761	11 375	11 369	9 349	12 194	10 879	10 040	12 161	9 752	9 301	17 166
O. R. Tambo	1 798 820	127 116	103 886	145 993	157 807	130 743	176 663	150 395	153 592	164 377	136 762	129 331	222 155
Other Airports	24 160	1 332	1 365	1 806	1 865	2 221	3 270	2 026	2 342	2 127	1 958	1 748	2 100
Road	3 563 385	241 324	215 833	312 350	284 614	242 816	294 494	291 941	294 211	302 482	275 985	273 612	533 723
Botswana	598 322	36 752	35 118	48 589	45 460	42 246	52 674	52 050	51 747	55 704	50 482	50 017	77 483
Lesotho	1 038 448	79 604	68 448	95 829	85 153	68 682	79 772	82 306	85 374	83 487	80 311	81 354	148 128
Mozambique	706 016	43 980	40 498	62 218	58 882	45 168	58 104	56 743	51 284	56 545	49 751	49 512	133 331
Namibia	150 571	9 695	7 431	12 313	12 606	11 298	19 137	14 043	11 924	11 832	9 571	9 736	20 985
Swaziland	867 420	60 229	53 535	75 319	67 040	63 214	67 942	70 696	74 343	78 503	72 091	71 021	113 487
Zimbabwe	202 608	11 064	10 803	18 082	15 473	12 208	16 865	16 103	19 539	16 411	13 779	11 972	40 309
Sea	86 774	8 896	15 676	18 874	8 662	266	223	207	188	243	228	15 096	18 215
Cape Town	7 330	4 974	111	154	702	209	126	141	131	204	146	116	316
Durban	79 133	3 724	15 558	18 704	7 951	48	89	61	39	33	61	14 973	17 892
Port Elizabeth	292	198	7	10	9	7	8	5	7	6	21	7	7
Other Harbours	19	-	-	6	-	2	-	-	11	-	-	-	-

Appendix VI: Number of foreign arrivals and departures by mode of travel and place of arrival or departure, 2018

Mode of travel and place of arrival or departure	Arrivals	Departures	Transits	% Arrivals	% Departures	% Transits
Total	15 939 855	14 264 702	751 197	-	-	-
Air	3 525 565	3 544 014	751 197	100,0	100,0	-
Cape Town International Airport	905 362	899 301	1 610	25,7	25,4	0,2
King Shaka International Airport	59 482	63 488	-	1,7	1,8	-
O. R. Tambo International Airport	2 544 583	2 555 053	749 579	72,2	72,1	-
Other Airports	16 138	26 172	8	0,5	0,7	0,0
Road	12 347 879	10 659 161	-	100,0	100,0	-
Botswana	1 573 078	1 540 403	-	12,7	14,5	-
Lesotho	3 712 827	3 187 612	-	30,1	29,9	-
Mozambique	2 080 196	1 753 985	-	16,8	16,5	-
Namibia	157 721	161 599	-	1,3	1,5	-
Swaziland	1 956 432	1 817 443	-	15,8	17,1	-
Zimbabwe	2 867 625	2 198 119	-	23,2	20,6	-
Sea	66 411	61 527	-	100,0	100,0	-
Cape Town Harbour	33 289	29 900	-	50,1	48,6	-
Durban Harbour	25 805	24 092	-	38,9	39,2	-
Port Elizabeth Harbour	7 055	7 259	-	10,6	11,8	-
Other Harbours	262	276	-	0,4	0,4	-

Appendix VII: Number of foreign arrivals by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2018

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	15 939 855	1 598 893	1 181 071	1 317 875	1 298 709	1 196 107	1 160 094	1 303 293	1 331 118	1 293 615	1 323 652	1 341 316	1 594 112
Air	3 525 565	316 778	319 981	325 915	263 344	235 405	217 305	283 420	290 042	282 909	318 989	325 548	345 929
Cape Town	905 362	103 577	102 713	93 961	59 024	44 208	39 045	51 780	57 888	62 154	83 096	99 607	108 309
King Shaka	59 482	4 293	4 744	5 686	5 457	4 331	4 403	5 018	4 194	4 518	4 678	5 502	6 658
O. R. Tambo	2 544 583	207 758	211 689	225 216	197 589	185 475	171 916	224 549	226 327	214 690	230 037	219 355	229 982
Other	16 138	1 150	835	1 052	1 274	1 391	1 941	2 073	1 633	1 547	1 178	1 084	980
Road	12 347 879	1 271 794	855 919	984 895	1 027 380	957 701	939 585	1 016 506	1 037 750	1 008 049	1 000 763	1 007 513	1 240 024
Botswana	1 573 078	125 711	102 962	150 915	120 225	114 610	118 199	126 657	136 583	137 891	125 730	128 287	185 308
Lesotho	3 712 827	427 037	269 218	286 057	326 923	293 314	285 760	321 013	278 964	295 738	298 115	289 213	341 475
Mozambique	2 080 196	206 919	146 996	151 983	161 584	171 642	163 326	176 076	183 411	170 129	175 010	178 498	194 622
Namibia	157 721	12 960	10 742	14 776	12 563	12 807	10 307	11 353	13 743	12 547	12 301	12 267	21 355
Swaziland	1 956 432	165 217	141 070	167 220	161 356	152 874	147 469	161 829	171 933	168 729	168 981	162 369	187 385
Zimbabwe	2 867 625	333 950	184 931	213 944	244 729	212 454	214 524	219 578	253 116	223 015	220 626	236 879	309 879
Sea	66 411	10 321	5 171	7 065	7 985	3 001	3 204	3 367	3 326	2 657	3 900	8 255	8 159
Cape Town	33 289	7 484	2 781	3 627	3 206	1 107	1 496	1 652	1 786	994	2 351	2 845	3 960
Durban	25 805	1 816	2 176	3 089	1 831	1 611	1 559	1 558	1 336	1 521	1 373	5 213	2 722
Port Elizabeth	7 055	1 020	213	214	2 946	171	145	156	198	142	176	197	1 477
Other	262	1	1	135	2	112	4	1	6	-	-	-	-

Appendix VIII: Number of foreign departures by mode of travel, place and month of departure, 2018

Mode of travel and place of departure	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	14 264 702	1 209 841	1 049 469	1 236 166	1 198 469	1 076 526	1 066 717	1 109 388	1 183 057	1 162 946	1 166 107	1 200 690	1 605 326
Air	3 544 014	336 174	312 473	341 161	301 830	251 699	230 879	248 695	304 020	274 378	299 006	335 202	308 497
Cape Town	899 301	107 128	102 654	102 988	73 126	49 629	40 807	42 265	60 003	54 519	73 517	101 049	91 616
King Shaka	63 488	6 547	5 277	5 584	6 396	4 977	4 098	4 783	5 343	4 226	4 765	6 295	5 197
O. R. Tambo	2 555 053	221 133	203 318	230 792	220 205	194 714	183 539	198 436	235 558	212 931	218 412	226 181	209 834
Other	26 172	1 366	1 224	1 797	2 103	2 379	2 435	3 211	3 116	2 702	2 312	1 677	1 850
Road	10 659 161	864 230	731 606	888 177	887 406	822 011	832 938	857 604	876 023	885 850	863 231	860 624	1 289 461
Botswana	1 540 403	131 343	100 670	118 683	146 181	113 019	114 725	125 818	123 418	139 479	131 299	122 326	173 442
Lesotho	3 187 612	263 201	227 891	284 777	258 283	245 962	251 568	259 513	242 736	256 918	257 275	256 125	383 363
Mozambique	1 753 985	117 977	121 058	138 420	135 300	136 973	145 393	144 411	154 534	147 181	145 560	144 774	222 404
Namibia	161 599	15 993	10 798	13 333	13 295	14 646	11 185	12 029	13 698	13 431	12 709	12 178	18 304
Swaziland	1 817 443	151 081	133 078	155 951	155 847	142 936	136 986	150 126	158 333	160 043	154 066	144 752	174 244
Zimbabwe	2 198 119	184 635	138 111	177 013	178 500	168 475	173 081	165 707	183 304	168 798	162 322	180 469	317 704
Sea	61 527	9 437	5 390	6 828	9 233	2 816	2 900	3 089	3 014	2 718	3 870	4 864	7 368
Cape Town	29 900	2 993	2 029	3 834	6 635	1 138	1 315	1 390	1 433	1 208	2 357	1 808	3 760
Durban	24 092	1 910	3 122	2 655	2 321	1 458	1 445	1 528	1 322	1 365	1 337	2 875	2 754
Port Elizabeth	7 259	4 529	227	198	277	181	125	171	195	145	176	181	854
Other	276	5	12	141	-	39	15	-	64	-	-	-	-

Appendix IX: Number of foreign arrivals by purpose of visit and month of arrival, 2018

Purpose of visit	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	15 939 855	1 598 893	1 181 071	1 317 875	1 298 709	1 196 107	1 160 094	1 303 293	1 331 118	1 293 615	1 323 652	1 341 316	1 594 112
Business	276 119	24 004	24 849	23 676	20 384	23 053	22 973	22 447	20 994	22 370	26 127	29 389	15 853
Holiday	15 127 189	1 506 522	1 117 815	1 256 150	1 227 234	1 131 169	1 101 595	1 228 477	1 266 133	1 226 869	1 253 397	1 271 097	1 540 731
Study	87 589	15 455	8 767	5 170	8 163	5 529	4 194	12 800	6 209	6 765	6 353	4 652	3 532
Work	279 833	33 566	18 695	21 420	26 391	21 381	19 525	24 249	23 138	22 361	23 284	23 179	22 644
Other	158 853	18 115	10 040	10 581	15 877	14 032	11 148	14 567	13 341	14 500	13 843	12 177	10 632
Unspecified	10 272	1 231	905	878	660	943	659	753	1 303	750	648	822	720

Appendix X: Number of foreign arrivals by type of visitor and month of arrival, 2018

Type of visitor	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	15 939 855	1 598 893	1 181 071	1 317 875	1 298 709	1 196 107	1 160 094	1 303 293	1 331 118	1 293 615	1 323 652	1 341 316	1 594 112
Non-visitors	935 471	95 904	63 923	74 481	78 393	77 559	69 850	80 068	79 106	77 521	81 132	78 770	78 764
Visitors	15 004 384	1 502 989	1 117 148	1 243 394	1 220 316	1 118 548	1 090 244	1 223 225	1 252 012	1 216 094	1 242 520	1 262 546	1 515 348
Same-day	4 532 279	399 049	314 896	360 645	353 422	351 218	360 870	367 319	375 086	373 733	380 474	387 374	508 193
Tourist	10 472 105	1 103 940	802 252	882 749	866 894	767 330	729 374	855 906	876 926	842 361	862 046	875 172	1 007 155

Appendix XI: Number of same day visitors by mode of travel, region of residence and purpose of visit, 2018

Mode of travel and region of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Total	4 532 273	29 331	4 492 363	10 048	531
Air	244 173	2 883	240 662	393	235
Overseas	163 467	1 377	161 969	79	42
SADC	76 928	1 341	75 138	269	180
'Other' Africa	2 765	121	2 587	45	12
Unspecified	1 013	44	968	-	1
Road	4 286 301	26 448	4 249 924	9 648	281
Overseas	52 724	46	52 265	412	1
SADC	4 228 394	26 397	4 192 524	9 194	279
'Other' African	3 919	5	3 871	42	1
Unspecified	1 264	-	1 264	-	-
Sea	1 799	-	1 777	7	15
Overseas	1 232	-	1 216	1	15
SADC	567	-	561	6	-
'Other' African	6	-	6	-	-

Appendix XII: Number of tourist arrivals by purpose of visit and month of arrival, 2018

Purpose of visit	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	10 472 105	1 103 940	802 252	882 749	866 894	767 330	729 374	855 906	876 926	842 361	862 046	875 172	1 007 155
Business	242 417	21 115	22 134	20 555	17 546	20 266	19 352	19 879	18 369	20 224	23 455	26 075	13 447
Holiday	10 149 339	1 068 229	772 114	857 543	841 588	741 884	706 104	823 725	853 174	816 157	832 961	845 422	990 438
Study	73 648	13 994	7 432	4 049	7 202	4 564	3 445	11 769	4 880	5 362	5 032	3 046	2 873
Medical treatment	6 701	602	572	602	558	616	473	533	503	618	598	629	397

Appendix XIII: Number of tourists by region of residence and month of arrival, 2018

Region	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	10 472 105	1 103 940	802 252	882 749	866 894	767 330	729 374	855 906	876 926	842 361	862 046	875 172	1 007 155
Overseas	2 672 146	244 657	259 123	260 514	194 017	165 137	149 791	206 076	213 761	209 185	253 945	256 537	259 403
Europe	1 618 762	166 328	177 473	167 370	113 734	78 065	64 080	109 834	121 751	114 738	166 610	171 540	167 239
North America	444 671	28 834	31 648	40 560	33 332	38 591	40 066	41 816	38 467	38 990	36 500	34 244	41 623
Central and South America	116 516	12 626	10 245	10 454	8 362	7 897	7 467	10 765	9 034	10 174	9 655	9 555	10 282
Australasia	131 348	9 855	7 995	11 375	11 136	9 569	10 174	11 226	12 557	14 348	10 094	9 137	13 882
Middle East	49 867	4 158	4 253	6 362	3 009	2 567	3 337	5 060	5 404	4 967	3 142	4 096	3 512
Asia	310 982	22 856	27 509	24 393	24 444	28 448	24 667	27 375	26 548	25 968	27 944	27 965	22 865
Africa	7 786 357	858 505	542 105	621 063	671 834	600 986	578 509	648 805	662 058	631 991	606 922	617 076	746 503
SADC	7 610 245	845 163	527 483	606 898	657 020	587 531	566 336	633 740	645 837	616 277	593 052	600 507	730 401
'Other' Africa	176 112	13 342	14 622	14 165	14 814	13 455	12 173	15 065	16 221	15 714	13 870	16 569	16 102
East and Central Africa	71 646	5 454	6 242	5 591	5 982	5 130	4 999	6 351	6 605	6 467	5 470	6 209	7 146
West Africa	88 662	6 312	6 938	7 334	7 525	7 113	6 163	7 435	8 408	7 908	7 095	8 834	7 597
North Africa	15 804	1 576	1 442	1 240	1 307	1 212	1 011	1 279	1 208	1 339	1 305	1 526	1 359
Unspecified	13 602	778	1 024	1 172	1 043	1 207	1 074	1 025	1 107	1 185	1 179	1 559	1 249

Appendix XIV: Number of tourists by mode of travel, place and month of arrival, 2018

Mode of travel and place of arrival	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	10 472 105	1 103 940	802 252	882 749	866 894	767 330	729 374	855 906	876 926	842 361	862 046	875 172	1 007 155
Air	3 088 524	276 404	291 517	291 592	230 100	199 996	183 428	242 182	245 376	244 623	280 229	289 607	313 470
Cape Town	859 451	98 107	98 917	90 411	55 753	41 173	36 289	47 900	53 850	58 462	78 690	95 259	104 640
King Shaka	49 041	3 342	3 956	4 561	4 348	3 486	3 598	4 200	3 406	3 682	3 951	4 668	5 843
O. R. Tambo	2 168 291	174 126	188 059	195 878	169 165	154 325	142 059	188 747	186 801	181 275	196 695	188 870	202 291
Other Airports	11 741	829	585	742	834	1 012	1 482	1 335	1 319	1 204	893	810	696
Road	7 368 025	823 872	509 356	589 485	633 934	567 307	545 905	613 706	631 545	597 729	581 215	582 801	691 170
Botswana	958 936	75 155	61 188	99 499	74 751	67 833	70 662	74 644	84 651	85 226	73 322	76 608	115 397
Lesotho	1 767 316	243 054	126 471	129 602	164 774	138 018	136 556	166 310	130 182	136 684	133 905	125 230	136 530
Mozambique	1 423 090	155 563	104 050	107 642	114 918	120 170	110 969	121 094	122 742	112 741	112 904	117 475	122 822
Namibia	119 488	9 747	7 944	11 467	9 853	9 791	7 316	8 565	10 563	9 289	9 360	8 944	16 649
Swaziland	1 101 006	89 416	78 982	96 345	91 374	84 209	79 672	89 122	99 988	94 087	97 724	96 628	103 459
Zimbabwe	1 998 189	250 937	130 721	144 930	178 264	147 286	140 730	153 971	183 419	159 702	154 000	157 916	196 313
Sea	15 556	3 664	1 379	1 672	2 860	27	41	18	5	9	602	2 764	2 515
Cape Town	8 738	3 074	1 052	937	1 007	20	37	16	2	7	591	655	1 340
Durban	3 949	152	326	734	119	7	4	2	3	2	11	2 109	480
Port Elizabeth	2 868	438	1	-	1 734	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	695
Other Harbours	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2018

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	10 472 105	1 103 940	802 252	882 749	866 894	767 330	729 374	855 906	876 926	842 361	862 046	875 172	1 007 155
Overseas	2 672 146	244 657	259 123	260 514	194 017	165 137	149 791	206 076	213 761	209 185	253 945	256 537	259 403
Europe	1 618 762	166 328	177 473	167 370	113 734	78 065	64 080	109 834	121 751	114 738	166 610	171 540	167 239
Albania	188	14	19	22	14	8	13	19	11	9	14	20	25
Andorra	68	5	4	5	3	2	15	10	5	3	4	5	7
Austria	30 119	3 190	4 115	2 929	1 744	1 206	924	1 863	1 810	1 526	3 419	3 859	3 534
Belgium	57 232	4 130	5 339	5 250	4 846	2 330	2 005	6 744	5 058	4 461	5 847	5 963	5 259
Bosnia-Herzegovina	219	34	12	16	24	13	7	39	6	13	22	21	12
Bulgaria	2 144	281	193	252	147	112	110	142	100	118	194	239	256
Croatia	1 771	333	155	163	167	88	78	156	96	125	120	149	141
Cyprus	1 660	113	144	144	115	95	68	110	254	93	161	128	235
Czech Republic	8 044	763	979	855	585	357	345	656	436	811	705	906	646
Denmark	27 649	3 917	4 123	3 139	1 655	1 196	932	1 942	1 122	1 748	3 032	2 473	2 370
Estonia	1 603	232	348	159	71	31	23	38	84	43	136	268	170
Finland	10 430	1 235	1 502	1 084	664	536	431	356	368	598	771	1 431	1 454
France	186 251	15 681	18 700	19 058	15 861	12 833	6 833	12 970	14 528	12 682	23 352	20 063	13 690
Georgia	277	21	26	12	89	9	19	18	21	18	9	22	13
Germany	343 229	35 434	40 730	42 756	19 827	13 618	9 306	15 069	20 130	27 536	42 644	42 851	33 328
Gibraltar	1			1									
Greece	6 288	673	591	601	446	404	339	431	452	515	506	562	768
Hungary	3 828	413	438	522	220	245	192	215	196	195	331	501	360
Iceland	1 082	94	124	138	72	131	31	21	55	32	89	120	175
Ireland	31 597	3 173	2 822	3 866	2 218	1 535	1 810	1 994	1 987	2 018	2 841	3 196	4 137
Italy	63 870	4 906	4 537	4 213	4 089	3 369	3 309	5 250	12 060	5 014	5 688	5 033	6 402
Latvia	815	96	85	134	33	34	30	40	20	54	74	106	109
Liechtenstein	245	26	17	39	15	10	3	12	18	19	29	23	34
Lithuania	1 350	119	114	198	105	69	89	63	75	87	138	176	117
Luxembourg	2 364	154	165	212	143	55	170	206	351	151	239	287	231
Macedonia	191	19	6	24	13	19	7	12	15	14	23	22	17
Malta	1 014	93	63	62	32	41	74	94	223	91	78	55	108
Moldova	167	20	12	10	8	9	13	16	8	13	15	16	27

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Monaco	120	6	11	6	10	6	6	10	24	12	11	8	10
Montenegro	92	13	9	12	7	8	3	6	3	6	5	8	12
Norway	19 282	2 351	3 102	2 656	1 009	701	882	1 108	597	919	1 554	2 138	2 265
Poland	13 743	1 799	1 669	1 323	1 210	678	614	666	1 089	886	1 086	1 714	1 009
Portugal	31 754	2 641	2 830	3 341	2 769	2 094	2 046	2 125	2 461	2 337	2 912	2 968	3 230
Republic of Belarus	466	40	38	38	37	31	15	19	32	51	37	66	62
Romania	3 190	255	366	325	237	207	145	192	223	180	287	292	481
Russian Federation	16 783	1 850	1 351	1 375	1 478	982	1 032	1 664	971	1 153	1 359	1 613	1 955
San Marino	61	3	8	1	2	-	-	2	10	3	26	4	2
Serbia	1 552	231	131	130	130	138	91	89	96	82	124	149	161
Slovakia	2 791	222	359	364	220	162	96	188	132	211	256	331	250
Slovenia	1 260	106	142	113	75	99	56	86	63	58	142	156	164
Spain	41 766	2 500	2 218	3 153	2 421	2 335	3 373	4 214	7 000	3 987	3 971	3 578	3 016
Sweden	48 740	7 898	7 148	5 010	2 432	1 811	1 250	1 185	1 190	1 787	4 233	5 829	8 967
Switzerland	58 320	6 696	6 594	5 095	4 581	2 341	1 534	3 345	2 512	4 633	7 326	7 698	5 965
The Netherlands	146 925	13 665	13 782	9 781	10 892	6 509	4 945	17 624	13 315	11 086	15 525	15 247	14 554
Turkey	14 586	1 818	1 351	1 301	1 148	961	976	1 121	1 376	987	1 100	1 276	1 171
UK	430 708	48 663	50 772	47 238	31 641	20 502	19 694	27 553	30 967	28 126	35 864	39 672	50 016
Ukraine	2 913	402	228	244	227	143	146	151	199	247	309	294	323
Vatican	11	-	1	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	-	3	1
Yugoslavia	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-
North America	444 671	28 834	31 648	40 560	33 332	38 591	40 066	41 816	38 467	38 990	36 500	34 244	41 623
Canada	67 779	5 380	6 213	7 031	5 557	4 666	3 467	4 256	4 694	5 733	6 850	6 870	7 062
USA	376 892	23 454	25 435	33 529	27 775	33 925	36 599	37 560	33 773	33 257	29 650	27 374	34 561
Central and South America	116 516	12 626	10 245	10 454	8 362	7 897	7 467	10 765	9 034	10 174	9 655	9 555	10 282
Antigua and Barbuda	86	6	6	5	4	6	5	6	10	9	4	9	16
Argentina	19 439	3 142	3 119	2 571	1 302	957	621	1 284	1 200	1 198	1 248	1 437	1 360
Bahamas	196	7	10	14	12	9	12	28	24	28	26	18	8
Barbados	213	14	13	17	20	9	13	11	25	22	21	17	31
Belize	58	1	3	4	4	8	3	3	4	4	8	7	9

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Bermuda	5	-	-	1	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bolivia	379	31	15	37	66	14	26	26	29	19	31	40	45
Brazil	70 539	7 558	4 780	5 363	5 247	5 189	5 103	6 880	5 232	6 377	6 108	5 979	6 723
Chile	6 631	599	1 115	651	479	401	354	520	570	717	476	360	389
Colombia	2 347	169	123	260	148	142	183	221	245	159	257	187	253
Costa Rica	583	39	37	50	29	37	38	52	74	39	37	56	95
Cuba	936	175	56	68	48	54	57	88	109	116	46	53	66
Dominica	42	4	1	5	1	3	1	3	3	3	6	5	7
Dominican Republic	194	11	18	16	9	12	7	5	10	36	33	27	10
Ecuador	792	31	73	81	59	39	54	50	137	89	56	72	51
El Salvador	153	7	13	11	4	7	3	26	33	16	2	14	17
Falkland Islands	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grenada	29	2	-	2	3	2	3	-	1	3	4	2	7
Guatemala	212	16	11	19	10	21	15	17	24	26	25	14	14
Guyana	175	16	11	14	8	16	17	16	12	26	13	14	12
Haiti	104	4	21	7	4	5	10	11	5	11	7	12	7
Honduras	115	14	12	7	4	7	8	7	16	11	12	11	6
Jamaica	848	45	51	75	48	63	37	128	60	76	59	90	116
Mexico	4 917	223	233	437	314	444	383	708	445	415	370	462	483
Nicaragua	59	4	5	5	5	4	4	1	4	3	7	10	7
Panama	505	54	45	34	16	30	32	97	28	25	42	72	30
Paraguay	704	37	93	40	38	59	68	39	32	21	112	121	44
Peru	2 420	185	167	232	158	176	166	256	275	204	216	148	237
Saint Lucia	28	1	1	4	-	-	1	1	-	6	3	5	6
St Vincent And Grenadines	28	1	1	2	1	3	3	1	2	8	5	1	1
Suriname	57	1	2	9	31	-	-	3	1	-	1	7	2
Trinidad and Tobago	533	25	45	42	41	30	36	29	60	54	60	55	56
Uruguay	2 144	132	102	286	151	79	122	199	226	348	275	156	68
Venezuela	1 004	71	60	82	96	67	78	47	136	103	81	84	99
West Indies	40	2	3	3	2	3	-	2	2	2	4	10	7

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Australasia	131 348	9 855	7 995	11 375	11 136	9 569	10 174	11 226	12 557	14 348	10 094	9 137	13 882
American Samoa	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Australia	115 846	8 871	7 154	9 949	9 740	8 510	8 985	9 921	11 226	12 770	8 758	8 143	11 819
Federated States of Micronesia	10	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	3	1
Fiji	143	9	9	10	15	11	2	10	15	19	6	12	25
French Polynesia	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Kiribati	8	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	4	-	-
Marshall Islands	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Nauru	12	-	-	6	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
New Zealand	15 213	971	821	1 397	1 367	1 039	1 184	1 286	1 300	1 550	1 319	966	2 013
Niue	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Papua New Guinea	37	2	8	3	4	3	-	3	3	2	3	3	3
Pitcairn	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Samoa	26	1	1	4	2	-	-	1	3	1	1	1	11
Solomon Islands	9	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	1	3	1
Tonga	33	1	2	5	4	3	1	4	2	2	1	4	4
Tuvalu	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Vanuatu	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
Middle East	49 867	4 158	4 253	6 362	3 009	2 567	3 337	5 060	5 404	4 967	3 142	4 096	3 512
Bahrain	237	14	8	25	14	15	16	43	34	12	15	15	26
Iran	3 319	297	288	1 486	101	185	150	134	124	139	111	131	173
Iraq	260	21	20	15	26	11	22	15	25	36	36	20	13
Israel	26 007	2 194	2 700	3 486	1 507	1 171	1 035	1 892	2 441	3 382	1 750	2 566	1 883
Jordan	2 315	180	162	197	241	208	162	206	165	208	184	220	182
Kuwait	1 200	63	65	48	97	36	119	203	326	59	58	69	57
Lebanon	3 040	249	256	248	282	230	183	235	164	304	238	336	315
Oman	561	50	32	40	40	42	52	55	62	67	46	38	37
Palestine	403	36	29	36	24	24	25	58	38	21	53	33	26
Qatar	500	35	17	12	34	86	60	93	66	34	21	13	29
Saudi Arabia	8 149	803	434	460	375	348	1 184	1 308	1 396	486	373	412	570
Syria	643	46	66	57	71	36	43	70	45	43	58	55	53
United Arab Emirates	2 431	68	124	201	145	130	208	663	424	120	135	129	84
Yemen	802	102	52	51	52	45	78	85	94	56	64	59	64

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Asia	310 982	22 856	27 509	24 393	24 444	28 448	24 667	27 375	26 548	25 968	27 944	27 965	22 865
Afghanistan	273	38	22	31	30	18	18	23	18	21	13	21	20
Armenia	135	6	13	11	4	6	9	10	5	10	23	13	25
Azerbaijan	142	8	16	5	8	19	7	8	5	32	8	12	14
Bangladesh	5 770	525	405	476	461	455	335	498	444	525	657	572	417
Bhutan	24	-	5	2	1	2	-	-	1	2	1	7	3
Brunei Darussalam	33	2	1	3	-	5	1	3	1	-	-	7	10
Cambodia	85	8	9	9	4	3	3	6	6	5	13	18	1
China	96 915	6 506	11 145	7 029	7 280	6 829	6 572	9 697	8 347	9 347	9 204	9 274	5 685
Hong Kong	221	10	27	27	11	14	21	9	9	2	17	47	27
India	93 428	7 115	7 544	6 769	7 652	12 816	8 119	7 204	6 896	6 443	6 532	9 315	7 023
Indonesia	4 067	164	220	485	286	191	798	265	203	250	580	280	345
Japan	27 541	1 621	1 784	2 613	2 034	2 335	2 135	2 136	3 005	2 408	3 591	1 882	1 997
Kazakhstan	576	46	36	60	67	32	21	78	45	46	39	41	65
Kyrgyzstan	112	2	6	15	8	4	7	12	11	7	17	9	14
Laos	27	5	-	3	-	4	1	5	1	1	3	3	1
Macau	61	11	4	5	2	7	3	3	7	7	3	5	4
Malaysia	7 460	385	468	711	629	506	893	506	726	816	558	585	677
Maldives	53	3	2	6	11	5	3		1	7	4	6	5
Mongolia	133	10	14	8	33	7	12	7	13	2	6	12	9
Myanmar	305	15	24	38	27	17	11	11	20	18	34	67	23
Nepal	531	86	35	33	65	41	44	29	32	35	49	44	38
North Korea	95	10	7	9	8	9	6	14	2	9	3	6	12
Northern Mariana Islands	41	9	2	2	4	4	5	5	3	1	3	1	2
Pakistan	15 003	1 230	1 177	1 229	1 381	1 281	1 122	1 438	1 153	1 248	1 166	1 361	1 217
Philippines	7 610	444	419	713	541	629	742	752	628	464	779	562	937
Singapore	9 093	395	514	558	656	773	978	783	979	879	561	876	1 141
South Korea	21 868	3 201	1 939	1 942	1 427	1 287	1 508	2 197	2 022	1 755	1 517	1 359	1 714
Sri Lanka	2 359	129	151	219	232	154	158	313	214	153	203	199	234
Taiwan	5 556	344	566	491	306	327	311	675	504	608	636	449	339
Tajikistan	28	-	3	3	7	2	9	-	-	1	1	-	2
Thailand	7 811	394	559	604	853	493	557	543	1 075	623	971	486	653
Timor-Leste	12	1	3	2	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	2
Turkmenistan	13	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	-	3	1	-	3
Uzbekistan	174	11	8	24	56	8	13	7	6	5	10	10	16
Vietnam	3 427	122	381	257	359	164	243	136	166	232	741	436	190

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Africa	7 786 357	858 505	542 105	621 063	671 834	600 986	578 509	648 805	662 058	631 991	606 922	617 076	746 503
SADC	7 610 245	845 163	527 483	606 898	657 020	587 531	566 336	633 740	645 837	616 277	593 052	600 507	730 401
Angola	64 859	8 680	5 918	5 427	4 849	5 044	3 450	4 266	5 827	4 802	4 654	5 151	6 791
Botswana	688 566	43 427	43 514	79 447	50 536	44 840	49 733	51 743	60 097	65 031	53 027	57 004	90 167
DRC	35 356	2 403	2 310	2 550	2 909	2 413	2 135	3 751	4 488	2 772	2 352	2 458	4 815
Lesotho	1 739 188	239 647	122 311	126 417	163 989	138 328	137 171	165 478	127 398	134 028	130 174	121 722	132 525
Madagascar	2 571	164	244	240	218	193	159	216	214	310	160	262	191
Malawi	197 317	16 961	14 446	15 979	14 774	14 477	14 164	18 142	18 645	18 650	17 654	17 911	15 514
Mauritius	19 928	1 559	1 789	1 549	1 754	1 318	1 082	1 878	1 477	1 456	1 627	2 277	2 162
Mozambique	1 360 896	155 819	99 773	101 133	109 483	114 785	104 838	114 857	117 966	108 941	106 964	109 669	116 668
Namibia	200 367	15 039	13 466	19 633	17 214	17 106	12 956	15 469	16 265	15 797	16 533	15 726	25 163
Seychelles	6 091	467	789	575	367	366	216	258	368	397	654	886	748
Swaziland	883 735	71 113	62 079	77 330	74 359	68 177	69 127	72 133	76 911	75 608	73 659	74 540	88 699
Tanzania	36 473	2 815	2 772	3 122	3 133	2 823	2 581	3 148	2 791	3 025	3 017	3 537	3 709
Zambia	165 968	13 061	12 976	13 247	13 868	13 686	13 129	14 210	14 495	14 310	13 261	13 638	16 087
Zimbabwe	2 208 930	274 008	145 096	160 249	199 567	163 975	155 595	168 191	198 895	171 150	169 316	175 726	227 162
'Other' African	176 112	13 342	14 622	14 165	14 814	13 455	12 173	15 065	16 221	15 714	13 870	16 569	16 102
East and Central Africa	71 646	5 454	6 242	5 591	5 982	5 130	4 999	6 351	6 605	6 467	5 470	6 209	7 146
Burundi	816	69	67	70	60	54	59	63	92	74	56	74	78
Cameroon	5 098	439	383	447	421	360	337	536	459	458	405	402	451
Central African Republic	167	14	19	10	20	17	10	11	8	21	5	26	6
Chad	328	32	29	36	33	25	32	26	21	23	23	32	16
Comoros	295	13	21	22	21	42	31	30	27	27	21	25	15
Congo	2 716	268	255	239	209	193	158	329	226	183	174	239	243
Djibouti	100	6	22	5	8	10	2	8	7	8	8	15	1
Equatorial Guinea	407	48	46	34	32	23	12	25	16	37	28	37	69
Eritrea	680	85	48	50	50	51	46	69	64	61	35	49	72
Ethiopia	9 031	663	786	913	722	782	781	732	818	838	720	706	570
Gabon	6 388	551	584	459	487	331	300	709	1 070	537	345	417	598
Kenya	29 193	1 935	2 618	2 104	2 540	2 005	1 965	2 363	2 403	2 526	2 470	2 815	3 449
Réunion	24	8	-	5	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	1	6

Appendix XV: Number of tourists by country of residence and month of arrival, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Rwanda	1 068	71	72	83	70	76	73	124	98	97	72	163	69
São Tomé and Príncipe	113	7	6	15	23	15	3	4	6	9	7	15	3
Somalia	1 536	59	40	98	101	117	137	162	185	75	209	152	201
Uganda	13 686	1 186	1 246	1 001	1 185	1 029	1 051	1 160	1 105	1 493	890	1 041	1 299
West Africa	88 662	6 312	6 938	7 334	7 525	7 113	6 163	7 435	8 408	7 908	7 095	8 834	7 597
Benin	1 520	103	102	133	119	84	104	131	160	178	128	147	131
Burkina Faso	707	50	69	55	54	66	59	56	60	74	48	81	35
Cape Verde Island	367	31	26	25	31	35	20	27	33	32	43	43	21
Côte d'Ivoire	2 696	189	241	269	248	171	164	286	248	201	229	287	163
Gambia	509	33	47	72	41	32	42	36	54	49	23	55	25
Ghana	20 999	1 252	1 502	1 760	1 825	1 847	1 539	1 700	1 874	1 959	1 756	2 035	1 950
Guinea	1 572	145	149	96	114	154	97	146	177	118	100	169	107
Guinea-Bissau	147	15	15	8	18	19	13	11	11	11	5	12	9
Liberia	671	34	56	55	39	79	50	73	51	52	57	68	57
Mali	1 418	116	144	114	148	136	92	105	97	142	102	117	105
Mauritania	212	9	35	23	23	12	13	7	23	16	11	29	11
Niger	320	21	27	16	36	22	28	30	27	33	17	44	19
Nigeria	53 769	4 093	4 221	4 349	4 480	4 166	3 682	4 415	5 295	4 714	4 271	5 353	4 730
Saint Helena	136	8	33	5	11	8	9	11	10	9	13	12	7
Senegal	2 360	140	192	238	246	197	161	233	177	202	197	240	137
Sierra Leone	659	48	48	37	45	45	47	53	74	72	53	87	50
Togo	600	25	31	79	47	40	43	115	37	46	42	55	40
North Africa	15 804	1 576	1 442	1 240	1 307	1 212	1 011	1 279	1 208	1 339	1 305	1 526	1 359
Algeria	1 083	71	83	85	124	77	39	70	76	125	103	123	107
Egypt	7 798	939	811	654	599	545	447	597	651	493	646	693	723
Libya	898	55	62	79	72	66	65	98	62	80	69	86	104
Morocco	1 902	173	169	129	185	196	113	129	115	196	172	218	107
South Sudan	868	82	52	65	71	58	63	68	83	91	45	73	117
The Sudan	2 206	177	167	155	166	171	199	202	167	254	180	224	144
Tunisia	1 026	79	98	70	90	96	75	111	54	99	90	108	56
Western Sahara	23	-	-	3	-	3	10	4	-	1	-	1	1
Unspecified	13 602	778	1 024	1 172	1 043	1 207	1 074	1 025	1 107	1 185	1 179	1 559	1 249

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2018

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Total	10 472 105	3 088 524	7 368 025	15 556
Overseas	2 672 146	2 390 028	267 981	14 137
Europe	1 618 762	1 426 188	184 788	7 786
Albania	188	116	71	1
Andorra	68	61	7	-
Austria	30 119	27 108	2 842	169
Belgium	57 232	48 178	8 992	62
Bosnia-Herzegovina	219	211	8	-
Bulgaria	2 144	1 957	180	7
Croatia	1 771	1 667	97	7
Cyprus	1 660	1 497	160	3
Czech Republic	8 044	6 920	1 113	11
Denmark	27 649	25 636	1 988	25
Estonia	1 603	1 408	194	1
Finland	10 430	9 549	876	5
France	186 251	148 137	37 923	191
Georgia	277	255	21	1
Germany	343 229	302 763	38 075	2 391
Gibraltar	1	-	1	-
Greece	6 288	5 833	449	6
Hungary	3 828	3 626	197	5
Iceland	1 082	979	91	12
Ireland	31 597	29 647	1 849	101
Italy	63 870	58 691	5 097	82
Latvia	815	733	82	-
Liechtenstein	245	232	12	1
Lithuania	1 350	1 236	111	3
Luxembourg	2 364	2 125	233	6
Macedonia	191	178	13	-
Malta	1 014	875	138	1
Moldova	167	145	21	1

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Monaco	120	105	15	-
Montenegro	92	65	27	-
Norway	19 282	17 489	1 715	78
Poland	13 743	12 311	1 404	28
Portugal	31 754	20 176	11 541	37
Republic of Belarus	466	445	19	2
Romania	3 190	3 060	121	9
Russian Federation	16 783	15 440	1 223	120
San Marino	61	60	1	-
Serbia	1 552	1 358	191	3
Slovakia	2 791	2 524	264	3
Slovenia	1 260	1 120	138	2
Spain	41 766	37 333	4 371	62
Sweden	48 740	45 658	3 039	43
Switzerland	58 320	51 734	6 144	442
The Netherlands	146 925	119 831	26 936	158
Turkey	14 586	13 081	1 504	1
UK	430 708	401 943	25 089	3 676
Ukraine	2 913	2 683	200	30
Vatican	11	8	3	-
Yugoslavia	3	1	2	-
North America	444 671	405 025	35 269	4 377
Canada	67 779	59 923	7 277	579
USA	376 892	345 102	27 992	3 798
Central and South America	116 516	109 087	7 186	243
Antigua and Barbuda	86	77	9	-
Argentina	19 439	18 501	901	37
Bahamas	196	176	17	3
Barbados	213	191	21	1
Belize	58	47	11	-
Bermuda	5	4	1	-

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Bolivia	379	343	36	-
Brazil	70 539	65 934	4 483	122
Chile	6 631	6 299	329	3
Colombia	2 347	2 225	114	8
Costa Rica	583	537	40	6
Cuba	936	806	130	-
Dominica	42	38	4	-
Dominican Republic	194	176	18	-
Ecuador	792	703	88	1
El Salvador	153	131	22	-
Falkland Islands	1	1	-	-
Grenada	29	27	2	-
Guatemala	212	205	7	-
Guyana	175	136	39	-
Haiti	104	100	4	-
Honduras	115	81	34	-
Jamaica	848	732	102	14
Mexico	4 917	4 729	153	35
Nicaragua	59	53	5	1
Panama	505	492	13	-
Paraguay	704	627	77	-
Peru	2 420	2 242	173	5
Saint Lucia	28	23	5	-
St Vincent And Grenadines	28	26	2	-
Suriname	57	56	1	-
Trinidad and Tobago	533	483	47	3
Uruguay	2 144	2 056	88	-
Venezuela	1 004	791	210	3
West Indies	40	39	-	1
Australasia	131 348	121 154	8 833	1 361
American Samoa	1	1	-	-
Australia	115 846	106 824	7 739	1 283
Federated States of Micronesia	10	2	8	-

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Fiji	143	135	8	-
French Polynesia	1	-	1	-
Kiribati	8	6	2	-
Marshall Islands	2	2	-	-
Nauru	12	8	4	-
New Zealand	15 213	14 067	1 068	78
Niue	1	1	-	-
Papua New Guinea	37	37	-	-
Pitcairn	1	1	-	-
Samoa	26	25	1	-
Solomon Islands	9	9	-	-
Tonga	33	31	2	-
Tuvalu	2	2	-	-
Vanuatu	3	3	-	-
Middle East	49 867	47 686	2 155	26
Bahrain	237	237	-	-
Iran	3 319	3 253	66	-
Iraq	260	253	7	-
Israel	26 007	24 478	1 509	20
Jordan	2 315	2 163	150	2
Kuwait	1 200	1 160	40	-
Lebanon	3 040	2 823	217	-
Oman	561	500	61	-
Palestine	403	376	26	1
Qatar	500	492	8	-
Saudi Arabia	8 149	8 115	32	2
Syria	643	620	22	1
United Arab Emirates	2 431	2 426	5	-
Yemen	802	790	12	-
Asia	310 982	280 888	29 750	344
Afghanistan	273	173	99	1
Armenia	135	121	4	10

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Azerbaijan	142	135	7	-
Bangladesh	5 770	3 577	2 191	2
Bhutan	24	24	-	-
Brunei Darussalam	33	33	-	-
Cambodia	85	76	7	2
China	96 915	92 998	3 868	49
Hong Kong	221	221	-	-
India	93 428	83 559	9 748	121
Indonesia	4 067	3 921	140	6
Japan	27 541	26 002	1 500	39
Kazakhstan	576	563	11	2
Kyrgyzstan	112	99	13	-
Laos	27	19	8	-
Macau	61	6	55	-
Malaysia	7 460	7 048	387	25
Maldives	53	47	6	-
Mongolia	133	131	2	-
Myanmar	305	290	15	-
Nepal	531	480	51	-
North Korea	95	53	42	-
Northern Mariana Islands	41		41	-
Pakistan	15 003	9 785	5 216	2
Philippines	7 610	6 560	1 012	38
Singapore	9 093	8 824	254	15
South Korea	21 868	19 077	2 776	15
Sri Lanka	2 359	1 655	701	3
Taiwan	5 556	4 350	1 203	3
Tajikistan	28	17	11	-
Thailand	7 811	7 611	194	6
Timor-Leste	12	7	5	-
Turkmenistan	13	13	-	-
Uzbekistan	174	172	2	-
Vietnam	3 427	3 241	181	5

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
Africa	7 786 357	687 556	7 097 384	1 417
SADC	7 610 245	526 188	7 082 712	1 345
Angola	64 859	60 321	4 530	8
Botswana	688 566	32 040	656 363	163
DRC	35 356	28 418	6 933	5
Lesotho	1 739 188	6 530	1 732 461	197
Madagascar	2 571	2 534	37	-
Malawi	197 317	24 604	172 676	37
Mauritius	19 928	18 712	1 206	10
Mozambique	1 360 896	33 333	1 327 483	80
Namibia	200 367	62 272	137 717	378
Seychelles	6 091	5 994	96	1
Swaziland	883 735	6 401	877 266	68
Tanzania	36 473	22 311	14 122	40
Zambia	165 968	44 176	121 776	16
Zimbabwe	2 208 930	178 542	2 030 046	342
'Other' African	176 112	161 368	14 672	72
East and Central Africa	71 646	65 135	6 500	11
Burundi	816	767	49	-
Cameroon	5 098	4 689	409	-
Central African Republic	167	155	12	-
Chad	328	323	5	-
Comoros	295	283	12	-
Congo	2 716	2 662	54	-
Djibouti	100	98	2	-
Equatorial Guinea	407	398	9	-
Eritrea	680	621	58	1
Ethiopia	9 031	8 156	874	1
Gabon	6 388	6 331	57	-
Kenya	29 193	26 843	2 342	8
Réunion	24	24	-	-
Rwanda	1 068	936	132	-

Appendix XVI: Number of tourists by country of residence and mode of travel, 2018 (concluded)

Country of residence	Total	Mode of travel		
		Air	Road	Sea
São Tomé and Príncipe	113	108	5	-
Somalia	1 536	461	1 075	-
Uganda	13 686	12 280	1 405	1
West Africa	88 662	81 436	7 172	54
Benin	1 520	1 451	68	1
Burkina Faso	707	678	29	-
Cape Verde Island	367	327	40	-
Côte d'Ivoire	2 696	2 612	84	-
Gambia	509	463	45	1
Ghana	20 999	19 984	1 009	6
Guinea	1 572	905	667	-
Guinea-Bissau	147	115	32	-
Liberia	671	656	15	-
Mali	1 418	780	638	-
Mauritania	212	202	10	-
Niger	320	314	6	-
Nigeria	53 769	49 485	4 251	33
Saint Helena	136	128	-	8
Senegal	2 360	2 187	173	-
Sierra Leone	659	561	97	1
Togo	600	588	8	4
North Africa	15 804	14 797	1 000	7
Algeria	1 083	1 041	42	-
Egypt	7 798	7 396	397	5
Libya	898	585	313	-
Morocco	1 902	1 808	94	-
South Sudan	868	836	30	2
The Sudan	2 206	2 104	102	-
Tunisia	1 026	1 004	22	-
Western Sahara	23	23	-	-
Unspecified	13 602	10 940	2 660	2

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2018

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Total	10 472 105	242 417	10 149 339	73 648	6 701
Overseas	2 672 146	80 718	2 574 168	16 035	1 225
Europe	1 618 762	45 898	1 563 633	8 426	805
Albania	188	7	181	-	-
Andorra	68	1	67	-	-
Austria	30 119	666	29 322	127	4
Belgium	57 232	1 385	55 436	380	31
Bosnia-Herzegovina	219	14	200	4	1
Bulgaria	2 144	113	2 013	16	2
Croatia	1 771	109	1 651	8	3
Cyprus	1 660	93	1 557	7	3
Czech Republic	8 044	275	7 732	37	-
Denmark	27 649	768	26 784	89	8
Estonia	1 603	46	1 551	6	-
Finland	10 430	496	9 885	48	1
France	186 251	4 566	180 307	1 329	49
Georgia	277	21	250	4	2
Germany	343 229	7 019	334 427	1 729	54
Gibraltar	1	-	1	-	-
Greece	6 288	439	5 788	46	15
Hungary	3 828	164	3 645	19	-
Iceland	1 082	42	1 037	2	1
Ireland	31 597	1 039	30 401	126	31
Italy	63 870	2 513	60 938	405	14
Latvia	815	33	782	-	-
Liechtenstein	245	7	235	3	-
Lithuania	1 350	76	1 259	15	-
Luxembourg	2 364	32	2 322	10	-
Macedonia	191	12	177	2	-
Malta	1 014	53	961	-	-
Moldova	167	14	147	6	-
Monaco	120	1	112	7	-
Montenegro	92	3	88	-	1
Norway	19 282	555	18 476	241	10

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Poland	13 743	609	13 060	71	3
Portugal	31 754	812	30 673	220	49
Republic of Belarus	466	20	440	5	1
Romania	3 190	260	2 898	29	3
Russian Federation	16 783	862	15 858	61	2
San Marino	61	1	60	-	-
Serbia	1 552	117	1 419	16	-
Slovakia	2 791	100	2 678	13	-
Slovenia	1 260	70	1 186	4	-
Spain	41 766	1 484	40 013	262	7
Sweden	48 740	1 457	47 094	176	13
Switzerland	58 320	890	57 120	303	7
The Netherlands	146 925	3 108	142 892	813	112
Turkey	14 586	1 088	13 320	172	6
UK	430 708	14 230	414 533	1 575	370
Ukraine	2 913	228	2 643	40	2
Vatican	11	-	11	-	-
Yugoslavia	3	-	3	-	-
North America	444 671	10 126	432 058	2 274	213
Canada	67 779	1 732	65 792	229	26
USA	376 892	8 394	366 266	2 045	187
Central and South America	116 516	1 575	114 271	646	24
Antigua and Barbuda	86	3	81	2	-
Argentina	19 439	154	19 248	36	1
Bahamas	196	3	192	1	-
Barbados	213	7	206	-	-
Belize	58	2	56	-	-
Bermuda	5	-	5	-	-
Bolivia	379	11	368	-	-
Brazil	70 539	706	69 438	382	13
Chile	6 631	115	6 498	17	1
Colombia	2 347	100	2 210	37	-
Costa Rica	583	19	554	10	-
Cuba	936	22	872	36	6

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Dominica	42	5	37	-	-
Dominican Republic	194	7	187	-	-
Ecuador	792	24	758	10	-
El Salvador	153	10	142	1	-
Falkland Islands	1	-	1	-	-
Grenada	29	4	24	1	-
Guatemala	212	17	194	1	-
Guyana	175	7	165	3	-
Haiti	104	13	89	2	-
Honduras	115	7	108	-	-
Jamaica	848	18	824	6	-
Mexico	4 917	174	4 674	69	-
Nicaragua	59	6	52	1	-
Panama	505	11	490	4	-
Paraguay	704	7	697	-	-
Peru	2 420	50	2 358	10	2
Saint Lucia	28	3	25	-	-
St Vincent And Grenadines	28	2	26	-	-
Suriname	57	3	54	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	533	12	513	7	1
Uruguay	2 144	17	2 126	1	-
Venezuela	1 004	33	962	9	-
West Indies	40	3	37	-	-
Australasia	131 348	2 356	128 725	222	45
American Samoa	1	-	1	-	-
Australia	115 846	2 080	113 554	177	35
Federated States of Micronesia	10	-	10	-	-
Fiji	143	7	131	3	2
French Polynesia	1	-	1	-	-
Kiribati	8	-	8	-	-
Marshall Islands	2	-	2	-	-
Nauru	12	-	12	-	-
New Zealand	15 213	255	14 908	42	8
Niue	1	-	1	-	-
Papua New Guinea	37	7	30	-	-

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Pitcairn	1	-	1	-	-
Samoa	26	3	23	-	-
Solomon Islands	9	2	7	-	-
Tonga	33	2	31	-	-
Tuvalu	2	-	2	-	-
Vanuatu	3	-	3	-	-
Middle East	49 867	2 305	46 646	893	23
Bahrain	237	25	209	3	-
Iran	3 319	172	3 040	107	-
Iraq	260	18	232	10	-
Israel	26 007	844	25 040	116	7
Jordan	2 315	226	2 059	29	1
Kuwait	1 200	38	1 160	2	-
Lebanon	3 040	418	2 586	28	8
Oman	561	37	507	16	1
Palestine	403	18	343	42	-
Qatar	500	32	464	2	2
Saudi Arabia	8 149	207	7 640	301	1
Syria	643	62	563	18	-
United Arab Emirates	2 431	188	2 225	18	-
Yemen	802	20	578	201	3
Asia	310 982	18 458	288 835	3 574	115
Afghanistan	273	26	235	12	-
Armenia	135	31	104	-	-
Azerbaijan	142	39	101	2	-
Bangladesh	5 770	290	5 381	98	1
Bhutan	24	5	19	-	-
Brunei Darussalam	33	2	31	-	-
Cambodia	85	11	73	1	-
China	96 915	5 105	91 305	487	18
Hong Kong	221	20	199	2	-
India	93 428	7 625	84 554	1 203	46
Indonesia	4 067	353	3 681	28	5
Pitcairn	1	-	1	-	-

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Japan	27 541	1 432	25 945	158	6
Kazakhstan	576	51	517	8	-
Kyrgystan	112	5	97	10	-
Laos	27	2	24	1	-
Macau	61	-	61	-	-
Malaysia	7 460	339	6 865	255	1
Maldives	53	8	45	-	-
Mongolia	133	11	120	2	-
Myanmar	305	41	264	-	-
Nepal	531	58	451	21	1
North Korea	95	4	89	2	-
Northern Mariana Islands	41	-	41	-	-
Pakistan	15 003	700	14 020	274	9
Philippines	7 610	355	7 106	135	14
Singapore	9 093	368	8 690	34	1
South Korea	21 868	679	20 649	533	7
Sri Lanka	2 359	191	2 069	96	3
Taiwan	5 556	337	5 165	53	1
Tajikistan	28	1	26	1	-
Thailand	7 811	191	7 537	81	2
Timor-Leste	12	2	10	-	-
Turkmenistan	13	-	13	-	-
Uzbekistan	174	26	144	4	-
Vietnam	3 427	150	3 204	73	-
Africa	7 786 357	160 729	7 562 593	57 597	5 438
SADC	7 610 245	147 603	7 409 889	48 186	4 567
Angola	64 859	742	60 757	2 826	534
Botswana	688 566	8 002	674 797	4 309	1 458
DRC	35 356	1 251	31 523	2 155	427
Lesotho	1 739 188	13 853	1 717 651	7 667	17
Madagascar	2 571	176	2 280	107	8
Malawi	197 317	4 448	191 660	1 087	122
Mauritius	19 928	922	18 411	545	50
Japan	27 541	1 432	25 945	158	6

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2018 (continued)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Mozambique	1 360 896	32 084	1 326 572	1 912	328
Namibia	200 367	23 579	168 536	7 830	422
Seychelles	6 091	107	5 930	46	8
Swaziland	883 735	2 596	874 353	6 704	82
Tanzania	36 473	1 235	33 950	1 158	130
Zambia	165 968	18 084	145 782	1 780	322
Zimbabwe	2 208 930	40 524	2 157 687	10 060	659
'Other' African	176 112	13 126	152 704	9 411	871
East and Central Africa	71 646	6 540	60 070	4 536	500
Burundi	816	67	677	52	20
Cameroon	5 098	399	4 057	541	101
Central African Republic	167	22	136	8	1
Chad	328	40	247	34	7
Comoros	295	19	237	38	1
Congo	2 716	106	2 061	500	49
Djibouti	100	10	89	1	-
Equatorial Guinea	407	49	292	59	7
Eritrea	680	23	634	18	5
Ethiopia	9 031	687	8 053	232	59
Gabon	6 388	79	5 491	772	46
Kenya	29 193	3 510	24 090	1 477	116
Réunion	24	-	23	-	1
Rwanda	1 068	90	901	68	9
São Tomé and Príncipe	113	6	107	-	-
Somalia	1 536	165	1 338	20	13
Uganda	13 686	1 268	11 637	716	65
West Africa	88 662	4 609	79 739	3 968	346
Benin	1 520	76	1 387	48	9
Burkina Faso	707	102	569	33	3
Cape Verde Island	367	20	346	1	-
Côte d'Ivoire	2 696	304	2 281	105	6
Gambia	509	53	435	17	4
Ghana	20 999	1 234	19 167	531	67

Appendix XVII: Number of tourists by country of residence and purpose of visit, 2018 (concluded)

Country of residence	Total	Purpose of visit			
		Business	Holiday	Study	Medical treatment
Guinea	1 572	61	1 437	59	15
Guinea-Bissau	147	4	135	6	2
Liberia	671	71	579	19	2
Mali	1 418	115	1 273	22	8
Mauritania	212	36	172	4	-
Niger	320	52	256	12	-
Nigeria	53 769	2 125	48 432	3 000	212
Saint Helena	136	2	131	-	3
Senegal	2 360	213	2 084	58	5
Sierra Leone	659	69	553	27	10
Togo	600	72	502	26	-
North Africa	15 804	1 977	12 895	907	25
Algeria	1 083	148	894	38	3
Egypt	7 798	1 041	6 489	264	4
Libya	898	31	667	200	-
Morocco	1 902	270	1 586	44	2
South Sudan	868	77	733	43	15
The Sudan	2 206	238	1 696	271	1
Tunisia	1 026	170	809	47	-
Western Sahara	23	2	21	-	-
Unspecified	13 602	970	12 578	16	38

Appendix XVIII: Number of tourists by sex, age group and region of residence, 2018

Sex and age group	Total	Region of residence			
		Overseas	SADC	'Other' African	Unspecified
All	10 472 105	2 672 146	7 610 245	176 112	13 602
0-14	547 704	175 634	361 960	10 038	72
15-24	1 018 837	236 922	767 946	13 797	172
25-34	2 853 680	489 897	2 311 568	50 510	1 705
35-44	2 828 999	427 348	2 341 785	55 616	4 250
45-54	1 651 433	482 150	1 135 287	29 384	4 612
55-64	974 152	464 943	494 130	12 535	2 544
65+	597 300	395 252	197 569	4 232	247
Male	5 791 865	1 419 019	4 251 935	112 696	8 215
0-14	273 799	90 528	178 236	5 002	33
15-24	524 224	106 994	409 643	7 489	98
25-34	1 558 830	246 571	1 280 561	30 753	945
35-44	1 691 619	252 903	1 397 984	38 329	2 403
45-54	942 993	273 584	646 042	20 459	2 908
55-64	504 933	243 811	251 305	8 175	1 642
65+	295 467	204 628	88 164	2 489	186
Female	4 680 240	1 253 127	3 358 310	63 416	5 387
0-14	273 905	85 106	183 724	5 036	39
15-24	494 613	129 928	358 303	6 308	74
25-34	1 294 850	243 326	1 031 007	19 757	760
35-44	1 137 380	174 445	943 801	17 287	1 847
45-54	708 440	208 566	489 245	8 925	1 704
55-64	469 219	221 132	242 825	4 360	902
65+	301 833	190 624	109 405	1 743	61

Appendix XIX: Number of tourists by sex, age group and month of arrival, 2018

Sex and age group	Total	Month of arrival											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
All	10 472 105	1 103 940	802 252	882 749	866 894	767 330	729 374	855 906	876 926	842 361	862 046	875 172	1 007 155
0-14	547 704	53 974	30 887	45 764	46 996	28 246	30 201	53 767	59 857	31 439	36 810	32 341	97 422
15-24	1 018 837	110 999	72 367	79 139	76 156	65 393	72 809	110 970	92 513	74 441	70 072	72 471	121 507
25-34	2 853 680	313 327	213 562	233 008	236 533	214 911	205 518	225 988	231 968	235 771	232 299	241 825	268 970
35-44	2 828 999	302 816	211 398	232 526	242 360	223 506	208 525	228 253	234 547	228 599	229 442	233 941	253 086
45-54	1 651 433	164 670	129 430	142 453	139 547	126 089	116 310	135 501	138 943	134 384	140 295	139 685	144 126
55-64	974 152	91 463	84 529	91 413	78 156	70 217	62 467	68 652	76 562	84 550	93 211	94 579	78 353
65+	597 300	66 691	60 079	58 446	47 146	38 968	33 544	32 775	42 536	53 177	59 917	60 330	43 691
Male	5 791 865	620 644	454 539	486 350	478 428	437 400	408 590	470 991	475 239	466 995	476 734	483 988	531 967
0-14	273 799	26 883	15 732	22 987	23 467	14 253	15 011	26 807	30 080	15 563	18 421	16 077	48 518
15-24	524 224	59 819	37 750	40 623	39 762	34 224	37 305	55 850	47 324	38 469	36 108	37 094	59 896
25-34	1 558 830	172 405	118 725	127 299	128 548	119 982	113 622	124 269	125 280	128 978	128 066	130 923	140 733
35-44	1 691 619	181 156	130 659	139 629	143 142	137 620	125 379	135 472	136 535	138 074	138 817	140 869	144 267
45-54	942 993	96 984	76 216	80 266	80 141	74 584	67 290	76 513	76 608	76 937	79 100	80 184	78 170
55-64	504 933	49 206	44 700	46 621	40 554	37 414	33 253	36 205	38 847	43 079	47 051	48 556	39 447
65+	295 467	34 191	30 757	28 925	22 814	19 323	16 730	15 875	20 565	25 895	29 171	30 285	20 936
Female	4 680 240	483 296	347 713	396 399	388 466	329 930	320 784	384 915	401 687	375 366	385 312	391 184	475 188
0-14	273 905	27 091	15 155	22 777	23 529	13 993	15 190	26 960	29 777	15 876	18 389	16 264	48 904
15-24	494 613	51 180	34 617	38 516	36 394	31 169	35 504	55 120	45 189	35 972	33 964	35 377	61 611
25-34	1 294 850	140 922	94 837	105 709	107 985	94 929	91 896	101 719	106 688	106 793	104 233	110 902	128 237
35-44	1 137 380	121 660	80 739	92 897	99 218	85 886	83 146	92 781	98 012	90 525	90 625	93 072	108 819
45-54	708 440	67 686	53 214	62 187	59 406	51 505	49 020	58 988	62 335	57 447	61 195	59 501	65 956
55-64	469 219	42 257	39 829	44 792	37 602	32 803	29 214	32 447	37 715	41 471	46 160	46 023	38 906
65+	301 833	32 500	29 322	29 521	24 332	19 645	16 814	16 900	21 971	27 282	30 746	30 045	22 755

7. DEFINITION OF TERMS

Definitions used by the United Nations World Tourism Organisation (UNWTO)

- **Traveller** is someone who moves between different geographical locations for any purpose and any duration. Note: in this publication, the geographical locations are countries. Hence in this report, the term traveller refers to an international traveller.
- **Visitor** refers to any person travelling to a place other than that of his/her usual environment for less than 12 months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.
- **Same-day visitor** is a visitor who visits a place for less than one night.
- **Tourist** (overnight visitor) is a visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited for less than twelve months.
- **Tourism** comprises the activities of persons travelling to, and staying in places outside their usual environment, for not more than one uninterrupted year, for leisure, business and other purposes. The usual environment of a person consists of a certain area around his/her place of residence, plus all other places he/she frequently visits.

Definitions used specifically in this report

- **South African resident** refers to either a South African citizen or a non-South African citizen with a South African permanent residence permit.
- **Foreign traveller** refers to a traveller who is not a South African citizen or permanent resident.
- **Country** refers to individual countries within a region. (Note: The country of residence is used here and not the country from which the visitor travelled).
- **Region** refers to the following country classification: Overseas, SADC and 'Other' African. Overseas consists of Europe, North America, Central and South America, Australasia, the Middle East and Asia.
- **Overseas:** refers to all countries outside Africa
- **Africa** refers to all the countries in Africa (both mainland and island countries).
- **SADC** refers to the fourteen countries, excluding South Africa, that belong to the Southern African Development Community
- **'Other' African** refers to all countries in Africa that are not members of the SADC. They are grouped as: East and Central Africa, West Africa and North Africa.

Symbol used

- = Nil

Limitations

▪ Outbound tourists

The information on the total number of arrivals and departures of South African residents is collected from the scanning of passports. However, data on the country visited are not collected from passengers; country of final destination, the duration of stay; intended duration of stay and purpose of visit. With this limitation, it is impossible to identify the number of tourists from the data on South African residents.

▪ Purpose of visit

The holiday category includes tourists who came for vacation, visiting friends and relatives, shopping and other personal reasons such as attending weddings. While it's possible to separate 'visiting friends and relatives' from the broad category of Holiday, shopping and other reasons for visiting South Africa are all combined with vacation in the DHA movement control system. Discussions are in progress with the Department of Home Affairs to capture vacation and shopping as separate categories for a clearer breakdown of tourists by purpose of visit.

Related publications

Tourism statistics are also published in the monthly Statistical Release P0351: *Tourism and Migration*.

8. OTHER STATS SA REPORTS

No. 03-51-02 (2000) - Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2001) - Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2002) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2003) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2004, 2005 and 2006) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2007) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2008) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2009) - Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2010) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2011) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2012) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2013) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2014) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2015) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2016) -Tourism
No. 03-51-02 (2017) -Tourism