

# Statistical release

## P9115

# Non-financial census of municipalities for the year ended

**30 June 2007**

**Embargoed until:  
26 August 2008  
14:30**

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**Forthcoming issue:**

**P9115 June 2008**

**Expected release date**

**August 2009**

## **PREFACE**

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) has undertaken an annual non-financial census of municipalities from 2002. The purpose of this census is to measure the level of service delivery performance of selected aspects of the functions of municipalities. The census provides information that can serve as a framework to stakeholders and policy-makers for analysis, planning and monitoring in terms of service delivery of water, electricity, solid waste management, sewerage and sanitation.

This statistical release contains the preliminary results of the 2007 non-financial census of municipalities and the revised figures for 2006. In the event of revised figures being obtained for 2007, they will be incorporated into the 2008 non-financial census of municipalities (if applicable).

For the purposes of this printed version, all results are presented at provincial level. Detailed information of each respondent (for 2006 and 2007) can be obtained from the Stats SA website (or can be made available upon request).

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**2008**

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\*Revised figures

## Introduction

### Background

The census provides information that can serve as a framework to stakeholders and policy-makers for analysis, planning and monitoring in terms of service delivery of water, electricity, solid waste management, sewerage and sanitation.

### Purpose of the survey

This publication serves the following major purposes:

- Assist in monitoring the progress made with regard to the implementation of service provision, free basic services and poverty alleviation as national priorities.
- Provide baseline non-financial information from those institutions classified as municipalities in terms of the Local Government Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998).
- Provide information that can serve as a framework to stakeholders and policy-makers for planning, as well as monitoring and evaluating the performance of municipalities.
- Allow national and provincial governments and other stakeholders to analyse the actual services provided by municipalities.
- Make data available for use by researchers, organisations and individuals for research.

### Questionnaire and data collection

- The methods used for collection included personal visits, telephone calls, facsimiles, e-mails and post. Data are generally comparable for both the 2006 and 2007 publications.

## Methodology

### Scope of the survey

All 283 municipalities were covered in this census for 2006 and 2007. For both years there were 100% response rates.

### Limitations of the survey

- This publication is not necessarily comparable with the Stats SA population census of 2001 and/or household survey data, due mainly to:
  - i. The data source is municipalities as opposed to households.
  - ii. The different definitions of 'household'. Most municipalities do not have a system for identifying multiple households served by one billing unit or delivery point.
- 'Household' refers to a billing unit and is therefore not comparable with other Stats SA surveys on households.

## List of municipalities (2007)

### Western Cape

#### City of Cape Town Metro

#### West Coast District Municipality

Matzikama  
Cederberg  
Bergrivier  
Saldanha Bay  
Swartland

#### Cape Winelands Municipality

Witzenberg  
Drakenstein  
Stellenbosch  
Breede Valley  
Breede River

#### Overberg District Municipality

Theewaterskloof  
Overstrand  
Cape Agulhas  
Swellendam

#### Eden District Municipality

Kannaland  
Hassequa  
Mossel Bay  
George  
Oudtshoorn  
Bitou  
Knysna

#### Central Karoo District Municipality

Laingsburg  
Prince Albert  
Beaufort West

### Eastern Cape

#### Nelson Mandela Metro

#### Cacadu District Municipality

Camdeboo  
Blue Crane Route  
Ikwezi  
Makana  
Ndlambe  
Sunday's River Valley

Baviaans

Kouga  
Kou-Kamma

#### Amatole District Municipality

Mbhashe  
Mnquma  
Great Kei  
Amahlathi  
Buffalo City  
Ngqushwa  
Nkonkobe  
Nxuba

#### Chris Hani District Municipality

Inxuba Yethemba  
Tsolwana  
Inkwanca  
Lukanji  
Intsika Yethu  
Emalahleni  
Engcobo  
Sakhisizwe

#### Alfred Nzo District Municipality

Matatiele  
Umzimvubu

### Eastern Cape (concluded)

#### O.R. Tambo District Municipality

Mbizana  
Ntabankulu  
Qaukeni  
Port St Johns  
Nyandeni  
Mhlontlo  
King Sabata Dalindyebo

#### Ukhahlamba District Municipality

Elundini  
Gariep  
Maletswai  
Senqu

### Northern Cape

#### Namakwa District Municipality

Richtersveld  
Nama Khoi  
Kamiesberg  
Hantam  
Karoo Hoogland  
Khai-Ma

#### Pixley kaSeme District Municipality

Ubuntu  
Umsobomvu  
Emthanjeni  
Kareeberg  
Renosterberg  
Thembelihle  
Siyathemba  
Siyancuma

#### Siyanda District Municipality

Mier  
Kai !Garib  
Khara Hais  
!Kheis  
Tsantsabane  
Kgatelopele

#### Kalahari-Kgalagadi District Municipality

Ga-Segonyana  
Gamagara

#### Francis Baard District Municipality

Dikgatlong  
Magareng  
Phokwane  
Sol Plaatje

**Free State**

**Xhariep District Municipality**

Letsemeng  
Kopanong  
Mohokare

**Motheo District Municipality**

Naledi  
Mangaung  
Mantsopa

**Lejweleputswa District Municipality**

Masilonyana  
Tokologo  
Tswelopele  
Matjhabeng  
Nala

**Thabo Mofutsanyane District Municipality**

Setsoto  
Dihlabeng  
Nketoana  
Maluti a Phofung  
Phumelela

**Fezile Dabi District Municipality**

Moqhaka  
Ngwathe  
Metsimaholo  
Mafube

**KwaZulu-Natal**

**eThekweni Metro**

**Ugu District Municipality**

Vulamehlo  
Umdoni  
Umzumbe  
UMuziwabantu  
Ezinqolweni  
Hibiscus Coast

**uMgungundlovu District Municipality**

uMshwathi  
uMngeni  
Mooi Mpofana  
Impendle  
Msunduzi  
Mkhambathini  
Richmond

**uThukela District Municipality**

Emnambithi-Ladysmith  
Indaka  
Umtshezi  
Okhahlamba  
Imbabazane

**Umzinyathi District Municipality**

Endumeni  
Nqutu  
Msinga  
Umvoti

**Amajuba District Municipality**

Newcastle  
Utrecht  
Dannhauser

**KwaZulu-Natal (concluded)**

**Zululand District Municipality**

eDumbe  
uPhongolo  
Abaqulusi  
Nongoma  
Ulundi

**uMkhanyakude District Municipality**

uMhlabuyalingana  
Jozini  
The Big 5 False Bay  
Hlabisa  
Mtubatuba

**uThungulu District Municipality**

Mbonambi  
uMhlathuze  
Ntambanana  
uMlalazi  
Mthonjaneni  
Nkandla

**ILembe District Municipality**

Mandeni  
KwaDukuza  
Ndwedwe  
Maphumulo

**Sisonke District Municipality**

Ingwe  
Kwa Sani  
Greater Kokstad  
Ubuhlebezwe  
Umzimkhulu

**North West**

**Bojanala District Municipality**

Moretele  
Madibeng  
Rustenburg  
Kgetlengrivier  
Moses Kotane

**Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality**

Ratlou  
Tswaing  
Mafikeng  
Ditsobotla  
Ramotshere Moila

**Bophirima District Municipality**

Kagisano  
Naledi  
Mamusa  
Greater Taung  
Molopo  
Lekwa-Teemane

**Southern District Municipality**

Ventersdorp  
Potchefstroom  
City of Matlosana  
Maquassi Hills  
Moshaweng  
Merafong City

**Gauteng**

**City of Johannesburg Metro**

**City of Tshwane Metro**

**Ekurhuleni Metro**

**Sedibeng District Municipality**

Emfuleni

Midvaal

Lesedi

**Metsweding District Municipality**

Nokeng tsa Taemane

Kungwini

**West Rand District Municipality**

Mogale City

Randfontein

Westonaria

**Mpumalanga**

**Gert Sibande District Municipality**

Albert Luthuli

Msukaligwa

Mkhondo

Pixley ka Seme

Lekwa

Dipaleseng

Govan Mbeki

**Nkangala District Municipality**

Delmas

Emalaheni

Steve Tshwete

Emakhazeni

Thembisile

Dr J.S. Moroka

**Ehlanzeni District Municipality**

Bushbuckridge

Thaba Chweu

Mbombela

Umjindi

Nkomazi

**Limpopo**

**Mopani District Municipality**

Ba-Phalaborwa

Greater Giyani

Greater Letaba

Greater Tzaneen

Maruleng

**Vhembe District Municipality**

Musina

Mutale

Thulamela

Makhado

**Capricorn District Municipality**

Blouberg

Aganang

Molemole

Polokwane

Lepele-Nkumpi

**Waterberg District Municipality**

Thabazimbi

Lephalale

Mookgopong

Modimolle

Bela-Bela

Mogalakwena

**Sekhukhune District Municipality**

Makhudutamaga

Fetakgomo

Greater Marble Hall

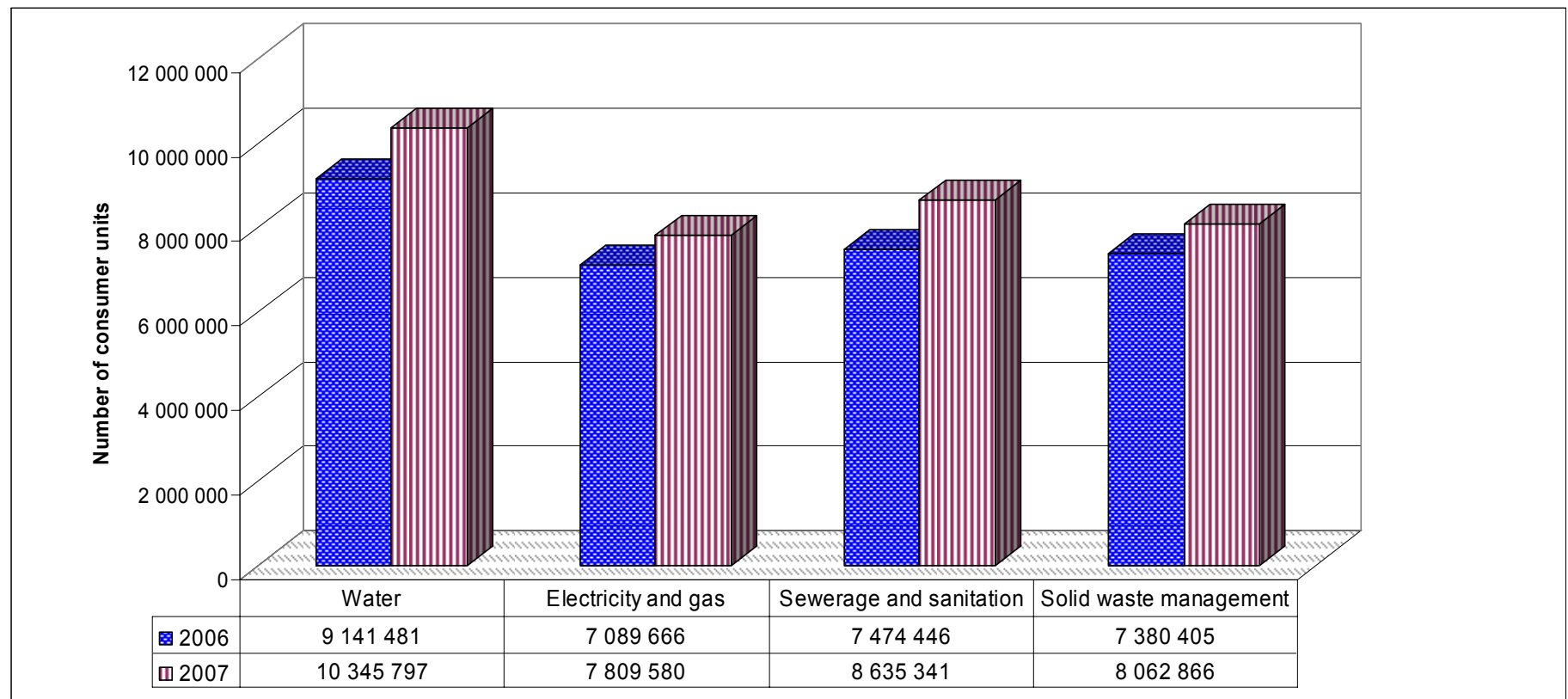
Greater Groblersdal

Greater Tubatse



### Key findings

**Figure A: Number of consumer units receiving basic services from municipalities in South Africa over the period 2006\* and 2007**



\* Revised figures

The number of consumer units receiving basic services from municipality and service providers increased between 30 June 2006\* and 2007. The largest increase from 2006\* to 2007 in the provision of services was in

sewerage and sanitation (15,5%), followed by water (13,2%), electricity and gas (10,2%) and solid waste management (9,2%).

**Figure B: Number of consumer units receiving basic services and free basic services from municipalities and service providers in South Africa for the year ended 2007**

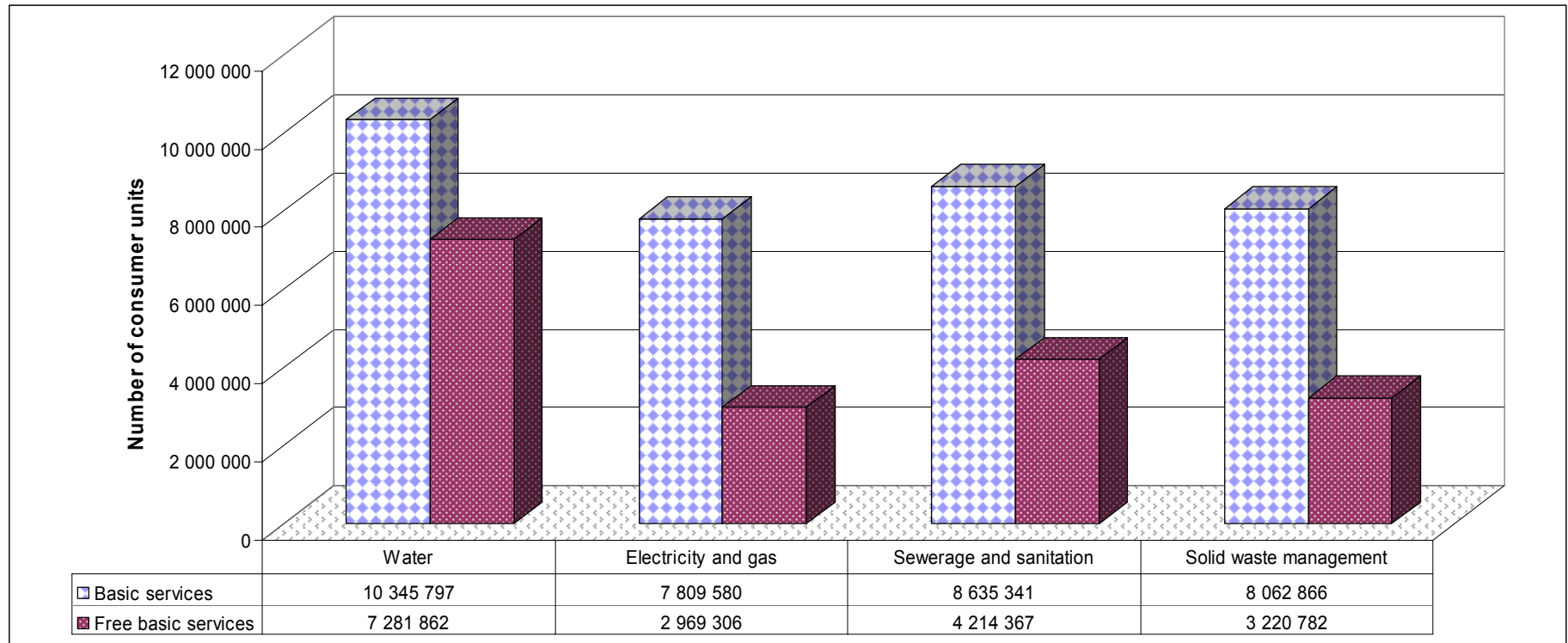
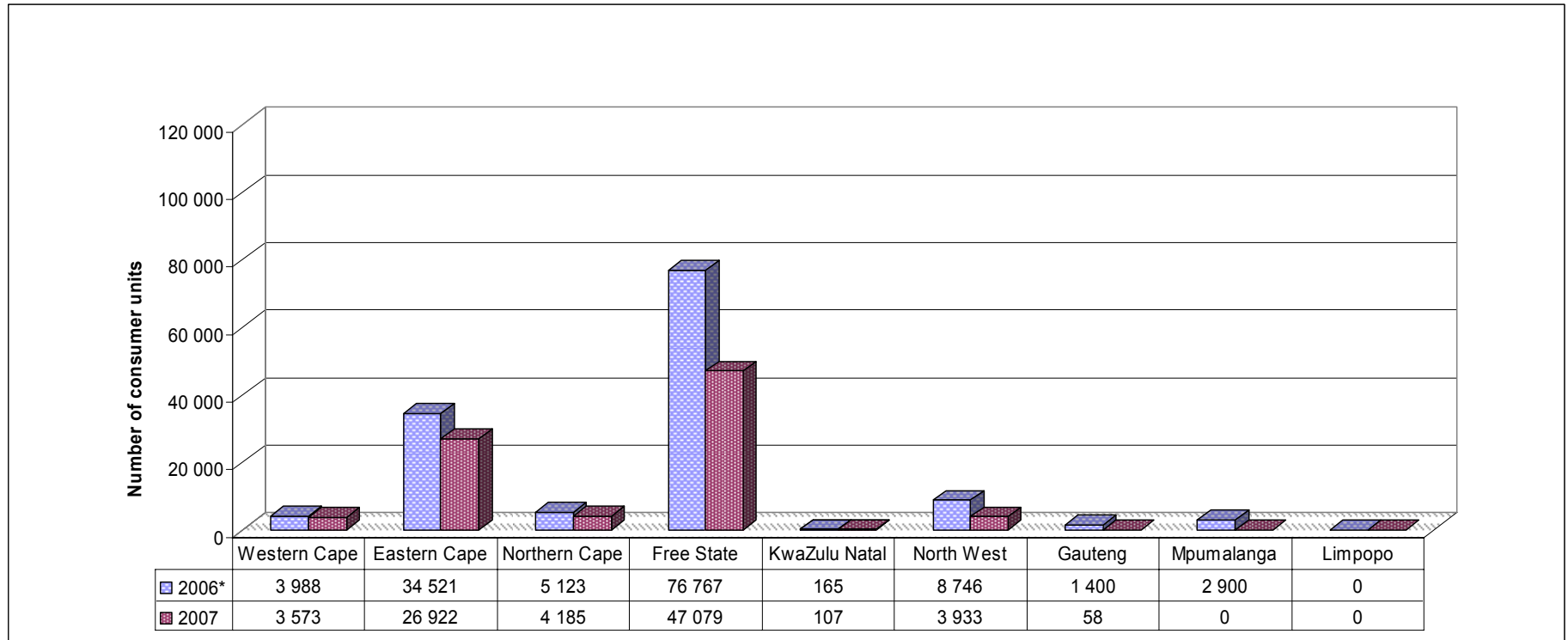


Figure B shows the proportion of consumer units that benefited from the free basic services policy. Of the 10,3 million consumer units receiving basic water from municipalities and service providers in South Africa, 7,3 million consumer units had access to free basic water. Of the 7,8 million consumer units receiving basic electricity and gas, 3,0 million consumer units were receiving free basic electricity. About 8,6 million consumer units received

basic sewerage and sanitation services from municipalities and service providers, while 4,2 million consumer units received sewerage and sanitation as free basic services from municipalities and service providers. There were 8,1 million consumer units receiving basic solid waste management services, while 3,2 million consumer units received free basic solid waste management services from municipalities and service providers.

**Figure C: Number of consumer units using the bucket toilet system in each province over the period 2006\* and 2007**



\* Revised figures

Over the period 2006 to 2007, all provinces (except Limpopo, where there are no bucket toilet systems) reported a decline in the use of the bucket toilet system. Free State, Eastern Cape and North West showed the highest decrease in the number of consumer units using the bucket toilet system. KwaZulu-Natal and Western Cape showed the lowest decrease in the use of the bucket toilet system.

**Table A: Consumer units receiving basic and free basic water services from municipalities and service providers**

Province	Number of consumer units receiving basic water services (2006)*	Free basic water services		Number of consumer units receiving basic water services (2007)	Free basic water services	
		Number of consumer units (2006)*	%		Number of consumer units (2007)	%
Western Cape	866 554	788 336	91,0	941 516	857 008	91,0
Eastern Cape	1 183 307	620 664	52,5	1 220 607	574 165	47,0
Northern Cape	187 163	87 341	46,7	198 350	87 489	44,1
Free State	603 828	494 760	81,9	692 003	572 762	82,8
KwaZulu-Natal	1 577 319	1 247 186	79,1	1 995 424	1 559 022	78,1
North West	733 557	459 583	62,7	795 856	502 345	63,1
Gauteng	2 240 571	2 240 085	100,0	2 571 131	2 060 021	80,1
Mpumalanga	679 817	507 365	74,6	805 999	554 045	68,7
Limpopo	1 069 365	504 916	47,2	1 124 911	515 005	45,8
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>9 141 481</b>	<b>6 950 236</b>	<b>76,0</b>	<b>10 345 797</b>	<b>7 281 862</b>	<b>70,4</b>

\* Revised figures

Table A shows the proportion of consumer units receiving basic and free basic water services from municipalities and service providers. In 2007, there were 10,3 million consumer units receiving water from municipalities and service providers while 7,3 million consumer units had access to free basic water. Western Cape showed the highest proportion (91,0%), followed by Free State (82,8%) and Gauteng (80,1%).

The province with the lowest proportion was Northern Cape (44,1%). There were 7,3 million consumer units receiving free basic water from municipalities and service providers in 2007, compared with 7,0 million consumer units in 2006.

Fluctuations between 2006 and 2007 are due to the change in the mechanisms used by municipalities to roll out such services, from broad-based to either self-targeting, technical or geographical mechanisms.

**Table B: Consumer units receiving basic and free basic electricity services from municipalities and service providers**

Province	Number of consumer units receiving basic electricity and gas services (2006)*	Free basic electricity and gas services		Number of consumer units receiving basic electricity and gas services (2007)	Free basic electricity and gas services	
		Number of consumer units (2006)*	%		Number of consumer units (2007)	%
Western Cape	1 112 570	569 973	51,2	1 170 734	611 882	52,3
Eastern Cape	767 139	303 167	39,5	774 920	274 009	35,4
Northern Cape	166 431	68 620	41,2	176 603	63 051	35,7
Free State	571 911	408 934	71,5	603 925	404 475	67,0
KwaZulu-Natal	1 156 898	127 071	11,0	1 553 965	193 039	12,4
North West	519 439	118 862	22,9	604 448	163 850	27,1
Gauteng	1 674 008	1 398 011	83,5	1 695 159	876 730	51,7
Mpumalanga	457 338	213 486	46,7	558 659	255 649	45,8
Limpopo	663 932	143 264	21,6	671 167	126 621	18,9
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>7 089 666</b>	<b>3 351 388</b>	<b>47,3</b>	<b>7 809 580</b>	<b>2 969 306</b>	<b>38,0</b>

\* Revised figures for 2006

Table B shows the proportion of consumer units that benefited from the free basic electricity and gas policy from municipalities and service providers. An estimated 7,8 million consumer units were receiving basic electricity and gas from municipalities and service providers in South Africa, and 3,0 million (38,0%) had access to free basic electricity and gas during 2007.

Free State showed the highest proportion (67,0%), followed by Western Cape (52,3%) and Gauteng (51,7%). KwaZulu-Natal showed the lowest proportion

(12,4%). There were 3,0 million consumer units receiving free basic electricity and gas from municipalities and service providers in 2007, compared with 3,4 million consumer units in 2006.

Fluctuations between 2006 and 2007 are due to the change in the mechanisms used by municipalities to roll out such services, from broad-based to either self-targeting, technical or geographical mechanisms.

**Table C: Consumer units receiving basic and free basic sewerage and sanitation services from municipalities and service providers**

Province	Number of consumer units receiving basic sewerage and sanitation services (2006)*	Free basic sewerage and sanitation services		Number of consumer units receiving basic sewerage and sanitation services (2007)	Free basic sewerage and sanitation services	
		Number of consumer units (2006)*	%		Number of consumer units (2007)	%
<b>Western Cape</b>	888 868	599 853	67,5	959 542	737 059	76,8
<b>Eastern Cape</b>	882 225	411 691	46,7	883 620	402 467	45,5
<b>Northern Cape</b>	181 919	73 335	40,3	188 579	66 153	35,1
<b>Free State</b>	574 651	299 616	52,1	688 416	400 409	58,2
<b>KwaZulu-Natal</b>	1 248 038	545 345	43,7	1 684 952	348 514	20,7
<b>North West</b>	546 728	111 082	20,3	905 075	128 548	14,2
<b>Gauteng</b>	2 174 231	1 427 019	65,6	2 369 879	1 783 998	75,3
<b>Mpumalanga</b>	368 066	161 561	43,9	473 662	143 446	30,3
<b>Limpopo</b>	609 720	112 207	18,4	481 616	203 773	42,3
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>7 474 446</b>	<b>3 741 709</b>	<b>50,1</b>	<b>8 635 341</b>	<b>4 214 367</b>	<b>48,8</b>

\* Revised figures for 2006

Table C shows the proportion of consumer units receiving free basic sewerage and sanitation services from municipalities and service providers. There were 8,6 million consumer units receiving basic sewerage and sanitation from municipalities and service providers in South Africa, and 48,8% had access to free basic sewerage and sanitation in 2007.

Western Cape showed the highest proportion (76,8%), followed by Gauteng (75,3%) and Free State (58,2%). The province with the lowest proportion was North West (14,2%).

There were 4,2 million consumer units receiving free basic sewerage and sanitation services from municipalities and service providers in 2007, compared with 3,7 million consumer units in 2006.

Fluctuations between 2006 and 2007 are due to the change in the mechanisms used by municipalities to roll out such services, from broad-based to either self-targeting, technical or geographical mechanisms.

**Table D: Consumer units receiving basic and free basic solid waste management services from municipalities and service providers**

Province	Number of consumer units receiving basic solid waste management services (2006)*	Free basic solid waste management services		Number of consumer units receiving basic solid waste management services (2007)	Free basic solid waste management services	
		Number of consumer units (2006)*	%		Number of consumer units (2007)	%
<b>Western Cape</b>	1 234 596	473 274	38,3	1 324 765	574 051	43,3
<b>Eastern Cape</b>	684 300	275 868	40,3	701 269	235 083	33,5
<b>Northern Cape</b>	177 493	72 559	40,9	182 278	66 184	36,3
<b>Free State</b>	562 333	282 656	50,3	675 386	376 210	55,7
<b>KwaZulu-Natal</b>	1 260 445	369 442	29,3	1 321 051	230 559	17,5
<b>North West</b>	492 214	185 247	37,6	580 154	218 906	37,7
<b>Gauteng</b>	2 302 212	1 655 544	71,9	2 585 899	1 267 344	49,0
<b>Mpumalanga</b>	359 321	77 057	21,4	387 200	140 806	36,4
<b>Limpopo</b>	307 491	65 454	21,3	304 864	111 639	36,6
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>7 380 405</b>	<b>3 457 101</b>	<b>46,8</b>	<b>8 062 866</b>	<b>3 220 782</b>	<b>39,9</b>

\* Revised figures for 2006

Table D shows the proportions of consumer units receiving basic solid waste management services who were receiving such services free. According to the 2007 estimates, 8,1 million consumer units received basic solid waste management from municipalities and service providers in South Africa, and 39,9% had access to free basic solid waste management services.

Free State showed the highest proportion (55,7%), followed by Gauteng (49,0%), Western Cape (43,3%) and North West (37,7%). The province with the lowest proportion was KwaZulu-Natal (17,5%).

There were 2,3 million consumer units receiving free basic solid waste management services from municipalities and service providers in 2007, compared with 3,5 million consumer units in 2006.

Fluctuations between 2006 and 2007 are due to the change in the mechanisms used by municipalities to roll out such services, from broad-based to either self-targeting, technical or geographical mechanisms.

**Table E: Number of households in each province benefitting from an indigent support system**

Province	Indigent households identified by the municipalities		Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
<b>Western Cape</b>	278 339	359 544	273 449	357 655	268 955	352 612	253 667	352 888	254 355	353 804
<b>Eastern Cape</b>	729 762	415 838	349 051	250 696	260 517	242 110	312 167	218 847	255 537	220 783
<b>Northern Cape</b>	82 778	81 827	67 836	67 924	58 700	60 123	62 010	64 498	60 113	64 534
<b>Free State</b>	204 556	215 878	200 916	212 872	176 585	191 101	162 062	185 074	162 062	187 067
<b>KwaZulu-Natal</b>	861 961	695 794	387 571	323 305	65 739	149 228	304 934	176 167	328 133	194 404
<b>North West</b>	194 034	325 823	154 584	306 275	78 462	122 987	90 009	112 246	121 708	142 286
<b>Gauteng</b>	306 474	303 351	293 308	303 297	258 516	297 205	250 062	294 270	287 389	294 393
<b>Mpumalanga</b>	137 600	259 653	135 948	253 834	58 714	64 725	57 143	109 755	57 388	110 115
<b>Limpopo</b>	465 656	452 014	219 457	201 601	64 876	87 890	92 071	107 809	56 321	68 193
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>3 261 160</b>	<b>3 109 722</b>	<b>2 082 120</b>	<b>2 277 459</b>	<b>1 291 064</b>	<b>1 567 981</b>	<b>1 584 125</b>	<b>1 621 554</b>	<b>1 583 006</b>	<b>1 635 579</b>

\* Revised figures for 2006

Table E depicts the number of indigent households identified by the municipalities and benefitting from the indigent support system for the years ended June 2006 and June 2007. According to 2007 estimates, there were 3,1 million indigent households in the municipalities and 2,3 million (72,0%) indigent households benefited from the indigent support system of water, while 1,6 million (51,0%) benefited from free electricity and gas provided by municipalities and service providers.

Table E also depicts that 1,6 million (52,5%) indigent households benefited from the indigent support of sewerage and sanitation services, and 1,7 million (52,8%) indigent households benefited from the indigent support system of solid waste management services.



**TABLES**

**Table 1.1 Summary of managerial positions<sup>1</sup> by province: South Africa**

Province	Full-time				Part-time				Vacant posts		Total	
	Female		Male		Female		Male		2006*	2007	2006*	2007
	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007				
Western Cape	33	13	220	140	3	1	0	1	34	25	290	180
Eastern Cape	37	45	184	181	4	4	18	16	36	32	279	278
Northern Cape	9	10	93	81	0	1	10	11	23	31	135	134
Free State	18	24	98	90	2	2	9	4	19	20	146	140
KwaZulu-Natal	44	76	221	310	5	8	8	21	65	47	343	462
North West	30	33	141	109	0	0	0	0	43	26	214	168
Gauteng	50	85	143	145	2	0	3	0	13	17	211	247
Mpumalanga	30	42	124	103	0	2	7	5	28	17	189	169
Limpopo	46	44	113	113	0	0	0	0	19	36	178	193
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>1 337</b>	<b>1 272</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>1 985</b>	<b>1 971</b>

\* Revised figures

<sup>1</sup> As defined by Section 57 of the Local Government Municipal System Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000)

**Table 1.2: Summary of managerial positions by province according to organogram: South Africa**

Province	Full-time				Part-time				Vacant posts		Total	
	Female		Male		Female		Male		2006*	2007	2006*	2007
	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007				
Western Cape	32	416	214	885	0	1	3	15	139	449	388	1 766
Eastern Cape	114	115	242	234	4	14	3	9	73	87	436	459
Northern Cape	42	20	231	104	7	0	4	5	90	43	374	172
Free State	39	59	381	253	0	1	5	15	26	119	451	447
KwaZulu-Natal	167	175	465	601	0	5	3	15	85	85	720	881
North West	39	75	149	232	10	0	13	0	59	64	270	371
Gauteng	325	404	986	963	0	0	0	1	80	128	1 391	1 496
Mpumalanga	43	29	79	103	0	0	0	0	26	30	148	162
Limpopo	69	130	783	307	6	7	4	4	75	155	937	603
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>1 423</b>	<b>3 530</b>	<b>3 682</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>1 160</b>	<b>5 115</b>	<b>6 357</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 1.3: Summary of councillors by province: South Africa**

Province	Full-time				Part-time				Vacant posts		Total	
	Female		Male		Female		Male		2006*	2007	2006*	2007
	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007				
Western Cape	71	61	187	197	187	177	358	342	42	1	845	778
Eastern Cape	128	106	148	139	507	541	689	716	4	4	1 476	1 506
Northern Cape	73	37	74	36	112	215	135	178	19	2	413	468
Free State	124	94	171	130	165	184	240	288	3	0	703	696
KwaZulu-Natal	126	183	348	435	392	331	950	831	16	34	1 832	1 814
North West	115	126	166	178	274	238	329	308	1	6	885	856
Gauteng	185	193	231	220	225	217	264	296	22	0	927	926
Mpumalanga	83	118	89	148	242	248	384	343	3	4	801	861
Limpopo	54	51	72	67	483	460	588	607	0	1	1 197	1 186
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>959</b>	<b>969</b>	<b>1 486</b>	<b>1 550</b>	<b>2 587</b>	<b>2 611</b>	<b>3 937</b>	<b>3 909</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>9 079</b>	<b>9 091</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 2.1: Summary of employment including managerial positions by province: South Africa**

Province	Employment type							
	Full-time		Part-time		Vacant posts		Total	
	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	34 481	35 817	2 865	1 514	4 622	3 888	41 968	41 219
Eastern Cape	22 943	21 436	1 004	1 413	4 612	4 195	28 559	27 044
Northern Cape	6 491	5 898	520	494	1 166	1 184	8 177	7 576
Free State	13 089	13 578	429	290	860	3 286	14 378	17 154
KwaZulu-Natal	33 406	38 862	990	1 550	21 902	23 362	56 298	63 774
North West	9 865	10 582	973	763	2 989	2 925	13 827	14 270
Gauteng	61 136	63 957	2 098	2 131	18 091	15 966	81 325	82 054
Mpumalanga	10 450	10 564	511	870	948	1 972	11 909	13 406
Limpopo	9 013	9 342	371	386	2 033	2 037	11 417	11 765
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>200 874</b>	<b>210 036</b>	<b>9 761</b>	<b>9 411</b>	<b>57 223</b>	<b>58 815</b>	<b>267 858</b>	<b>278 262</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 2.2: Summary of employment excluding managerial positions by department: South Africa**

Employment section	Employment type							
	Full-time		Part-time		Vacant posts		Total	
	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
<b>Community and Social Services</b>	21 225	23 332	1 285	1 272	8 364	9 319	30 874	33 923
<b>Finance and Administration</b>	27 284	29 616	1 696	1 511	4 972	6 110	33 952	37 237
<b>Electricity and Gas</b>	14 669	15 323	437	195	4 985	5 998	20 091	21 516
<b>Environmental Protection</b>	6 762	5 810	315	340	940	1 656	8 017	7 806
<b>Health</b>	9 502	7 807	406	538	2 577	2 887	12 485	11 232
<b>Public Safety</b>	21 884	24 403	1 146	995	6 346	5 928	29 376	31 326
<b>Road Transport</b>	16 607	16 369	558	654	4 516	4 105	21 681	21 128
<b>Sport and Recreation</b>	11 018	9 459	372	495	2 440	1 867	13 830	11 821
<b>Waste Management</b>	19 029	21 288	1 616	841	3 427	5 338	24 072	27 467
<b>Waste Water Management</b>	6 642	6 530	371	447	1 502	1 550	8 515	8 527
<b>Water</b>	15 966	16 967	316	573	6 368	5 441	22 650	22 981
<b>Other</b>	24 252	26 330	1 110	1 382	9 853	7 258	35 215	34 970
<b>Total employment</b>	<b>194 840</b>	<b>203 234</b>	<b>9 628</b>	<b>9 243</b>	<b>56 290</b>	<b>57 457</b>	<b>260 758</b>	<b>269 934</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 3.1 Mechanism used to provide free basic service to indigent households**

Province	Technical approach				Geographical approach			
	Water	Electricity and gas	Sewerage and sanitation	Solid waste management	Water	Electricity and gas	Sewerage and sanitation	Solid waste management
Western Cape	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
Eastern Cape	4	6	1	3	1	1	1	1
Northern Cape	5	4	4	5	1	0	0	0
Free State	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0
KwaZulu-Natal	5	6	5	9	1	4	1	4
North West	1	4	2	2	1	0	1	0
Gauteng	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Mpumalanga	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Limpopo	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>

**Table 3.2 Mechanism used to provide free basic service to indigent households**

Province	Broad-based approach				Self targeting approach			
	Water	Electricity and gas	Sewerage and sanitation	Solid waste management	Water	Electricity and gas	Sewerage and sanitation	Solid waste management
Western Cape	15	10	2	3	9	14	19	19
Eastern Cape	5	4	3	3	19	26	21	22
Northern Cape	3	2	2	2	20	22	21	21
Free State	13	7	6	5	4	10	11	12
KwaZulu-Natal	14	7	7	7	7	20	8	13
North West	10	1	1	1	10	15	14	14
Gauteng	8	5	3	2	2	4	7	8
Mpumalanga	8	5	1	1	8	11	13	13
Limpopo	8	2	3	2	13	19	15	16
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>138</b>

**Table 4: Number of municipalities in each province with infrastructure to provide services: South Africa**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
		2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	30	28	28	27	28	28	28	28	28
Eastern Cape	45	33	33	28	30	33	33	40	41
Northern Cape	31	30	30	26	26	30	30	29	30
Free State	25	20	20	19	19	20	20	20	19
KwaZulu-Natal	61	27	26	30	34	25	23	40	42
North West	26	22	23	15	17	20	22	20	21
Gauteng	14	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Mpumalanga	21	18	18	15	15	18	18	18	18
Limpopo	30	24	24	18	19	25	26	24	24
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>234</b>

\* Revised figures



**Table 5: Number of municipalities in each province responsible under powers and functions allocated to it to provide services: South Africa**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
		2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	30	28	28	27	28	28	28	28	28
Eastern Cape	45	31	28	29	27	31	28	41	39
Northern Cape	31	30	30	26	26	30	30	30	30
Free State	25	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
KwaZulu-Natal	61	19	18	31	46	19	17	39	47
North West	26	21	21	16	17	19	20	20	22
Gauteng	14	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	11
Mpumalanga	21	18	18	15	15	18	18	18	18
Limpopo	30	21	19	16	17	23	21	24	25
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>240</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 6: Number of municipalities in each province that provide services: South Africa**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
		2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	30	28	28	26	27	28	28	28	28
Eastern Cape	45	29	26	24	26	29	26	40	37
Northern Cape	31	30	30	25	24	30	30	29	29
Free State	25	19	18	18	17	20	19	20	20
KwaZulu-Natal	61	20	18	29	31	20	19	36	44
North West	26	22	22	14	16	19	20	19	20
Gauteng	14	10	11	11	11	10	10	10	10
Mpumalanga	21	18	18	15	15	18	18	18	18
Limpopo	30	24	19	16	12	22	20	23	25
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>231</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 7: Number of consumer units in each province receiving selected basic services from municipalities: South Africa**

Province	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	866 554	941 516	1 112 570	1 170 734	888 868	959 542	1 234 596	1 324 765
Eastern Cape	1 183 307	1 220 607	767 139	774 920	882 225	883 620	684 300	701 269
Northern Cape	187 163	198 350	166 431	176 603	181 919	188 579	177 493	182 278
Free State	603 828	692 003	571 911	603 925	574 651	688 416	562 333	675 386
KwaZulu-Natal	1 577 319	1 995 424	1 156 898	1 553 965	1 248 038	1 684 952	1 260 445	1 321 051
North West	733 557	795 856	519 439	604 448	546 728	905 075	492 214	580 154
Gauteng	2 240 571	2 571 131	1 674 008	1 695 159	2 174 231	2 369 879	2 302 212	2 585 899
Mpumalanga	679 817	805 999	457 338	558 659	368 066	473 662	359 321	387 200
Limpopo	1 069 365	1 124 911	663 932	671 167	609 720	481 616	307 491	304 864
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>9 141 481</b>	<b>10 345 797</b>	<b>7 089 666</b>	<b>7 809 580</b>	<b>7 474 446</b>	<b>8 635 341</b>	<b>7 380 405</b>	<b>8 062 866</b>

\*Revised figures

**Table 8: Number of municipalities in each province with a policy in place relating to free basic services: South Africa**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
		2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	30	28	28	28	28	24	27	24	27
Eastern Cape	45	38	32	38	37	36	31	38	37
Northern Cape	31	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Free State	25	20	20	17	20	17	19	17	18
KwaZulu-Natal	61	26	25	38	40	21	23	30	36
North West	26	22	22	19	19	16	16	16	17
Gauteng	14	11	11	11	11	9	10	10	10
Mpumalanga	21	18	18	18	18	14	14	13	13
Limpopo	30	24	23	21	22	18	21	18	21
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>209</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 9: Number of municipalities in each province which have implemented a policy relating to free basic services: South Africa**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
		2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	30	28	28	28	28	24	27	24	27
Eastern Cape	45	33	27	36	37	29	25	33	31
Northern Cape	31	30	30	29	29	30	30	29	29
Free State	25	20	20	17	20	17	19	17	17
KwaZulu-Natal	61	20	18	35	35	14	14	28	33
North West	26	22	22	17	17	14	14	15	15
Gauteng	14	11	11	11	11	9	10	10	10
Mpumalanga	21	17	17	17	18	13	13	12	13
Limpopo	30	22	19	19	19	16	17	16	18
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>193</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 10: Number of consumer units in each province receiving free basic services from municipalities: South Africa**

Province	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	788 336	857 008	569 973	611 882	599 853	737 059	473 274	574 051
Eastern Cape	620 664	574 165	303 167	274 009	411 691	402 467	275 868	235 083
Northern Cape	87 341	87 489	68 620	63 051	73 335	66 153	72 559	66 184
Free State	494 760	572 762	408 934	404 475	299 616	400 409	282 656	376 210
KwaZulu-Natal	1 247 186	1 559 022	127 071	193 039	545 345	348 514	369 442	230 559
North West	459 583	502 345	118 862	163 850	111 082	128 548	185 247	218 906
Gauteng	2 240 085	2 060 021	1 398 011	876 730	1 427 019	1 783 998	1 655 544	1 267 344
Mpumalanga	507 365	554 045	213 486	255 649	161 561	143 446	77 057	140 806
Limpopo	504 916	515 005	143 264	126 621	112 207	203 773	65 454	111 639
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>6 950 236</b>	<b>7 281 862</b>	<b>3 351 388</b>	<b>2 969 306</b>	<b>3 741 709</b>	<b>4 214 367</b>	<b>3 457 101</b>	<b>3 220 782</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 11: Number of municipalities in each province with an indigent support policy in place: South Africa**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
		2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	30	27	27	27	27	24	26	24	26
Eastern Cape	45	37	31	38	37	35	30	40	36
Northern Cape	31	30	30	30	30	30	30	29	30
Free State	25	20	20	18	20	17	20	17	19
KwaZulu-Natal	61	24	23	35	40	20	20	30	34
North West	26	19	20	16	16	15	15	14	14
Gauteng	14	11	11	11	11	9	10	10	10
Mpumalanga	21	17	17	16	17	14	14	14	14
Limpopo	30	22	21	19	20	16	17	17	17
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>200</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 12: Number of municipalities in each province which have implemented an indigent support policy: South Africa**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
		2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	30	27	27	27	27	24	26	24	26
Eastern Cape	45	32	26	34	33	28	24	33	31
Northern Cape	31	30	30	29	29	30	30	28	30
Free State	25	20	20	17	19	17	19	17	18
KwaZulu-Natal	61	15	14	28	32	10	11	25	29
North West	26	20	21	15	15	14	15	13	14
Gauteng	14	11	11	11	11	9	10	10	10
Mpumalanga	21	16	16	15	15	12	13	12	13
Limpopo	30	21	19	18	18	15	16	15	15
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>186</b>

\* Revised figures



**Table 13.1: Number of municipalities in each province that provide free alternative energy: South Africa 2006\***

Province	Total number of municipalities	Coal	Liquefied petroleum gas	Paraffin	Candles	Solar home system	Fire gel	Other
Western Cape	30	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Eastern Cape	45	0	1	2	1	3	1	1
Northern Cape	31	0	0	3	1	1	0	2
Free State	25	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
KwaZulu-Natal	61	0	0	1	1	5	13	4
North West	26	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gauteng	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mpumalanga	21	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
Limpopo	30	0	0	0	0	3	1	1
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 13.2: Number of municipalities in each province that provide free alternative energy: South Africa 2007**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Coal	Liquefied petroleum gas	Paraffin	Candles	Solar home system	Fire gel	Other
Western Cape	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Cape	45	0	0	1	1	3	1	0
Northern Cape	31	2	0	4	1	1	0	2
Free State	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
KwaZulu-Natal	61	1	0	1	1	5	15	1
North West	26	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gauteng	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Mpumalanga	21	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Limpopo	30	0	0	0	0	3	1	0
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>5</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 14.1: Number of indigent households in each province provided with free basic alternative energy: South Africa 2006\***

Province	Total number of municipalities	Coal	Liquefied petroleum gas	Paraffin	Candles	Solar home system	Fire gel	Other
Western Cape	30	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
Eastern Cape	45	0	0	16 140	0	902	0	0
Northern Cape	31	0	0	456	0	18	0	327
Free State	25	0	0	10	0	0	0	0
KwaZulu-Natal	61	0	1 500	800	0	7 954	33 665	2 400
North West	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gauteng	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mpumalanga	21	0	1 109	1 109	0	1 109	1 109	0
Limpopo	30	0	0	0	0	5 212	0	0
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2 609</b>	<b>18 515</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15 205</b>	<b>34 774</b>	<b>2 727</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 14.2: Number of indigent households in each province provided with free basic alternative energy: South Africa 2007**

Province	Coal	Liquefied petroleum gas	Paraffin	Candles	Solar home system	Fire gel	Other
Western Cape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Cape	0	0	0	0	24 112	750	0
Northern Cape	38	0	512	334	18	0	349
Free State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KwaZulu-Natal	0	0	200	200	6 054	27 650	300
North West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gauteng	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mpumalanga	0	1 400	0	0	1 400	0	0
Limpopo	0	0	0	0	6 290	540	0
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>1 400</b>	<b>712</b>	<b>534</b>	<b>37 874</b>	<b>28 940</b>	<b>649</b>

**Table 15.1: Number of municipalities in each province that have submitted an Integrated Development Plan and Water Services Development Plan, have a monitoring system in place for drinking water quality, effluent discharges and an HIV/AIDS policy, signed a funding agreement with Eskom, and acquired DWAF-run water schemes and have acquired the personnel: South Africa 2006\***

Province	Total number of municipalities	IDP submitted	Water services development plan	Monitoring for water quality	Monitoring for effluent discharges	Funding agreement with Eskom	HIV/AIDS policy	DWAF run water schemes	Acquired personnel
Western Cape	30	29	27	29	27	24	24	7	4
Eastern Cape	45	45	27	38	29	36	39	7	1
Northern Cape	31	31	23	29	23	26	24	10	2
Free State	25	25	13	22	17	11	15	7	5
KwaZulu-Natal	61	59	23	28	28	39	47	17	14
North West	26	24	11	20	15	13	17	6	1
Gauteng	14	13	10	12	11	8	13	0	0
Mpumalanga	21	20	10	18	16	16	14	7	4
Limpopo	30	30	22	25	21	19	16	13	7
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>38</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 15.2: Number of municipalities in each province that have submitted an Integrated Development Plan and Water Services Development Plan, have a monitoring system in place for drinking water quality, effluent discharges and an HIV/AIDS policy, signed a funding agreement with Eskom, and acquired DWAF-run water schemes and have acquired the personnel: South Africa 2007**

Province	Total number of municipalities	IDP submitted	Water services development plan	Monitoring for water quality	Monitoring for effluent discharges	Funding agreement with Eskom	HIV/AIDS policy	DWAF run water schemes	Acquired personnel
Western Cape	30	30	27	28	26	25	26	11	8
Eastern Cape	45	42	15	26	17	25	30	10	6
Northern Cape	31	27	25	29	26	26	25	9	4
Free State	25	19	14	20	19	15	19	8	5
KwaZulu-Natal	61	60	24	28	25	42	50	15	12
North West	26	24	11	19	16	17	14	8	3
Gauteng	14	10	8	12	11	10	12	1	3
Mpumalanga	21	19	15	18	17	12	14	9	4
Limpopo	30	29	16	23	20	21	19	14	10
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>55</b>

**Table 16: Number of municipalities in each province that have commercialised or outsourced services: South Africa**

Province	Total number of municipalities	Water		Electricity and gas		Sewerage and sanitation		Solid waste management	
		2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007	2006*	2007
Western Cape	30	1	1	5	14	1	2	5	4
Eastern Cape	45	5	4	15	23	3	2	0	2
Northern Cape	31	1	3	13	19	0	3	1	4
Free State	25	2	3	10	16	1	1	0	0
KwaZulu-Natal	61	12	12	17	31	8	10	7	4
North West	26	7	8	10	17	5	4	6	6
Gauteng	14	2	1	6	6	4	3	4	4
Mpumalanga	21	1	3	5	9	0	2	1	3
Limpopo	30	3	8	15	23	2	4	4	5
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>32</b>

\* Revised figures

**Table 17.1: Number of consumer units connected to different types of toilet facilities in each province: South Africa 2006\***

Province	Flush toilets connected to public sewerage system	Flush toilets connected to septic tank	Bucket system	Ventilated improved pit latrines	Other
Western Cape	836 705	28 182	3 988	3 564	16 069
Eastern Cape	656 135	43 663	34 521	117 973	46 103
Northern Cape	133 731	19 587	5 123	25 362	0
Free State	363 283	87 746	76 767	41 099	5 910
KwaZulu-Natal	786 674	61 964	165	340 600	58 389
North West	344 473	28 028	8 746	85 711	89 470
Gauteng	2 047 503	18 412	1 400	21 985	84 931
Mpumalanga	350 872	15 200	2 900	22 375	16 329
Limpopo	201 906	24 542	0	164 424	218 502
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>5 721 282</b>	<b>327 324</b>	<b>133 610</b>	<b>823 093</b>	<b>535 703</b>

\* Revised figures



**Table 17.2: Number of consumer units connected to different types of toilet facilities in each province: South Africa 2007**

Province	Flush toilets connected to public sewerage system	Flush toilets connected to septic tank	Bucket system	Ventilated improved pit latrines	Other
Western Cape	910 093	23 659	3 573	2 506	19 711
Eastern Cape	653 025	67 031	26 922	128 287	8 727
Northern Cape	140 167	21 898	4 185	20 439	1 890
Free State	403 900	30 657	47 079	54 742	12 123
KwaZulu-Natal	1 171 945	99 592	107	314 309	98 271
North West	627 086	77 140	3 933	114 812	82 104
Gauteng	2 143 954	16 428	58	42 182	167 257
Mpumalanga	397 506	12 266	0	24 863	39 027
Limpopo	221 178	49 309	0	63 443	182 948
<b>South Africa</b>	<b>6 668 854</b>	<b>397 980</b>	<b>85 857</b>	<b>765 583</b>	<b>612 058</b>

## Explanatory notes

<b>Introduction</b>	This publication contains results of the annual non-financial census of municipalities for the years ended 30 June 2006 and 30 June 2007.														
<b>Scope of the survey</b>	This survey covers non-financial information of all 283 municipalities for 2006 and 2007. The census provides information that can serve as a framework to stakeholders and policy-makers for analysis, planning and monitoring in terms of service delivery of water, electricity, solid waste management, sewerage and sanitation.														
<b>Statistical unit</b>	The statistical unit for the collection of information is the municipality.														
<b>Survey methodology and design</b>	The information is collected annually from 283 municipalities administered through questionnaires by means of post, email and facsimile.														
<b>Reliability of estimates</b>	Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by municipalities. Every effort is made to reduce errors to a minimum by carefully designing the questionnaire, undertaking pilot studies, workshops and editing the data.														
<b>Abbreviations and symbols</b>	<table> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Nil or not applicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IDP</td> <td>Integrated Development Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WSDP</td> <td>Water Services Development Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SIC</td> <td>Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ISIC</td> <td>International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Stats SA</td> <td>Statistics South Africa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DWAF</td> <td>Department of Water Affairs and Forestry</td> </tr> </table>	0	Nil or not applicable	IDP	Integrated Development Plan	WSDP	Water Services Development Plan	SIC	Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities	ISIC	International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities	Stats SA	Statistics South Africa	DWAF	Department of Water Affairs and Forestry
0	Nil or not applicable														
IDP	Integrated Development Plan														
WSDP	Water Services Development Plan														
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities														
ISIC	International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities														
Stats SA	Statistics South Africa														
DWAF	Department of Water Affairs and Forestry														
<b>Comparability with previous census</b>	The 2007 non-financial census of municipalities is generally comparable with the 2006 non-financial census of municipalities.														
<b>Revision of data</b>	2007 information is preliminary, and may be revised. The revised figures are due to respondents reporting revisions. Estimations made in 2006 have been revised on information provided by respondents.														

## Glossary

<b>Broad-based approach</b>	Each consumer unit in that municipality receiving free basic services on the current billing system of the municipality.
<b>Consumer unit</b>	An entity to which the service is (or would be) delivered, and which receives one bill if the service is billed, alternatively known as a delivery point. (This concept is often referred to as a household by municipalities, but this is not strictly correct, as households and consumer units do not coincide one to one, particularly in blocks of flats, on stands where there are multiple households in the same dwelling, or in additional dwellings, such as garden flats, backyard rooms, etc. and in the case of public taps.)
<b>District municipality</b>	District municipality means a municipality that has municipal executive and legislative authority in an area that includes more than one municipality, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category C municipality. (Refer to Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No.117 of 1998).)
<b>Employees</b>	Employees are those people employed by the individual/enterprise/business/organisation who received payment (in salaries, wages, commission, piece rates or payments in kind) for any part of the reference period (excluding independent contractors and employers).
<b>Free basic electricity</b>	An amount of electricity determined by government that should be provided free to poor households to meet basic needs, currently set at 50 kWh per month per household.
<b>Free basic water</b>	An amount of water determined by government that should be provided free to poor households to meet basic needs, currently set at 6 kl per month per household within 200 meters from each dwelling.
<b>Full-time employees</b>	Full-time employees are those employees (permanent, temporary or casual) who normally work the agreed hours for a full-time employee in a specific occupation. If agreed hours do not apply, employees are regarded as full-time if they normally work 35 hours per week, including seasonal employees.
<b>Geographical targeting</b>	The process whereby consumers living in a particular area are assumed to have the same socio-economic profile and therefore tariffs can be set on location.
<b>Household</b>	(a) A group of persons who live together and provide themselves jointly with food or other essentials for living, or a single person who lives alone. (b) A billing unit or delivery point. (Both definitions were specified in the questionnaire.) Given the different meanings of 'household', users are advised to use caution when comparing this publication with other Stats SA publications that report data at the household level (for example, the General Household Survey and the Labour Force Survey).
<b>Indigent household</b>	These are poor households as defined by municipalities. The basis on which a municipality determines if a household is indigent (and the criteria used for such determination) can vary.

<b>Infrastructure</b>	Physical structures used for the delivery of services (e.g. power lines, pipes, roads and assets such as trucks and equipment to unblock sewerage, pay point offices and computers).
<b>Integrated Development Plan</b>	This is a process by which municipalities prepare 5-year strategic plans that are reviewed annually in consultation with communities and stakeholders.
<b>Local municipality</b>	Local municipality means a municipality that shares municipal executive and legislative authority in its area with a district municipality within whose area it falls, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category B municipality. (Refer to Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998).)
<b>Managerial position</b>	For the purpose of this survey, managerial positions refer to section 57 managers, according to the Local Government Municipal System Act, 2000 (Act No. 1187 of 20 Nov 2000) and other managers according to the organogram.
<b>Metropolitan municipality</b>	Metropolitan municipality means a municipality that has exclusive executive and legislative authority in its area, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category A municipality. (Refer to Local Government: Municipal Structure Act 1998, (Act No. 117 of 1998).)
<b>Municipality</b>	Municipality is a generic term describing the “unit” of government in the local spheres responsible for local government in a geographically demarcated area and includes district, local and metropolitan municipalities. A municipality is an institution consisting of a municipal council (elected political representatives) and the municipal administration (appointed officials).
<b>Part-time employees</b>	Part-time employees are employees (permanent, temporary or casual) who are not full-time employees as defined above or who normally work less than 35 hours per week, including seasonal employees.
<b>Self-targeting approach</b>	A system whereby only indigent households receive the benefits of the free basic services programme as mutually determined by the service provider and service authority.
<b>Technical targeting</b>	The process whereby technology is used to regulate the provision of free basic services (including water and electricity meters).
<b>Water Service Development Plan</b>	The WSDP is a sectoral plan that falls within the inter-sectoral umbrella plan of the IDP.

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