



your leading partner in quality statistics

Statistical release

P0211

Quarterly Labour Force Survey

Quarter 2, 2013

Embargoed until:

**30 July 2013
11:30**

Enquiries:

User Information Services
Tel: (012) 310 8600/4892/8390

Forthcoming issue:

Quarter 3, 2013

Expected release date

October 2013

Contents

	Page
List of tables in highlights of the results	ii
List of figures in highlights of the results	ii
List of tables.....	iii
1. Introduction	iv
2. Highlights of the results	iv
3. Employment	v
4. The unemployed population	xii
5. Characteristics of the not economically active population.....	xv
6. People who were not in employment, education or training (NEET).....	xvi
7. Summary labour market measures at a glance	xvii
8. Technical notes	xviii
8.1. Response details.....	xviii
8.2. Survey requirements and design	xviii
8.3. Sample rotation	xviii
8.4. Weighting	xix
8.5. Non-response adjustment	xix
8.6. Final survey weights.....	xix
8.7. Estimation	xix
8.8. Reliability of the survey estimates.....	xix
9. Definitions	xx

List of tables in highlights of the results

	Page
Table A: Key labour market indicators	iv
Table B: Employment by industry	vi
Table C: Employment by province	vii
Table D: Employment by occupation	x
Table E: The unemployed by sex	xii
Table F: Response rates by province	xviii

List of figures in highlights of the results

Figure 1: Total employment, quarter 1:2008 to quarter 2:2013	v
Figure 2: Quarter-to-quarter changes in employment, quarter 1:2008 to quarter 2:2013	v
Figure 3: Year-on-year change in employment, quarter 1:2008 to quarter 2:2013	vi
Figure 4: Changes in the formal sector employment by industry	vii
Figure 5: Quarter-to-quarter changes in the formal sector employment	viii
Figure 6: Year-on-year changes in the formal sector employment	viii
Figure 7: Changes in the informal sector employment by industry	ix
Figure 8: Quarter-to-quarter changes in the informal sector employment	ix
Figure 9: Year-on-year changes in the informal sector employment	x
Figure 10: Employee access to benefits by industry	xi
Figure 11: Nature of employment contract or agreement by industry	xi
Figure 12: How annual salary increment is negotiated per industry	xii
Figure 13: Total unemployment, quarter 1:2008 to quarter 2:2013	xii
Figure 14: Unemployment rate by sex	xiii
Figure 15: Unemployment rate by education status	xiii
Figure 16: Unemployment rate by education level attained and sex	xiv
Figure 17: Unemployment rate by province	xiv
Figure 18: Unemployment rate by population group	xv
Figure 19: The not economically active population	xv
Figure 20: NEET rate ¹ of youth aged 15–24 years by sex and province	xvi

List of tables

	Page
Table 1: Population of working age (15-64 years)	1
Table 2: Labour force characteristics by sex - All population groups	2
Table 2.1: Labour force characteristics by population group	4
Table 2.2: Labour force characteristics by province	6
Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province - Expanded definition of unemployment	11
Table 3.1: Employed by industry and sex - South Africa	15
Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province	16
Table 3.3: Employed by sector and industry - South Africa	20
Table 3.4: Employed by province and sector	21
Table 3.5: Employed by sex and occupation - South Africa	23
Table 3.6: Employed by sex and status in employment - South Africa	24
Table 3.7: Employed by sex and usual hours of work - South Africa	25
Table 3.8: Conditions of employment - South Africa	26
Table 3.9: Time-related underemployment - South Africa	32
Table 4: Characteristics of the unemployed - South Africa	33
Table 5: Characteristics of the not economically active - South Africa	35
Table 6: Socio-demographic characteristics - South Africa	36
Table 7: Profile of those not in education and not in employment - South Africa	40
Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province	41
Appendix 2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex	45
Appendix 2.1A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group	47
Appendix 2.2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province	49
Appendix 3.1A: Sampling variability for the employed by industry and sex	54
Appendix 3.4A: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector	55
Appendix 3.5A: Sampling variability for the employed by sex and occupation	57
Appendix 2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex	58
Appendix 2.1B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group	60
Appendix 2.2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province	62
Appendix 3.1B: Sampling variability for the employed by industry and sex	67
Appendix 3.4B: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector	68
Appendix 3.4B: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector	69
Appendix 3.5B: Sampling variability for the employed by sex and occupation	70

1. Introduction

The Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) is a household-based sample survey conducted by Statistics South Africa (Stats SA). It collects data on the labour market activities of individuals aged 15 years and above who live in South Africa. However, this report only covers labour market activities of persons aged 15 to 64 years.

This report presents the key findings of the QLFS conducted from April to June 2013 (Q2:2013).

2. Highlights of the results

Table A: Key labour market indicators

	Apr-Jun 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt-to-Qrt change	Year-on-year change	Qrt-to-Qrt change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand			Per cent			
Population 15–64 yrs	32 903	33 240	33 352	112	449	0,3	1,4
Labour force	17 916	18 222	18 444	222	528	1,2	2,9
Employed	13 447	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	9 571	9 586	9 694	109	123	1,1	1,3
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2 085	2 192	2 221	30	137	1,4	6,6
Agriculture	638	739	712	-26	74	-3,6	11,6
Private households	1 153	1 105	1 093	-12	-60	-1,1	-5,2
Unemployed	4 470	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
Not economically active	14 987	15 017	14 908	-110	-79	-0,7	-0,5
Discouraged work-seekers	2 311	2 330	2 365	35	54	1,5	2,3
Other (not economically active)	12 675	12 688	12 543	-145	-132	-1,1	-1,0
Rates (%)							
Unemployment rate	24,9	25,2	25,6	0,4	0,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	40,9	41,0	41,1	0,1	0,2		
Labour force participation rate	54,5	54,8	55,3	0,5	0,8		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

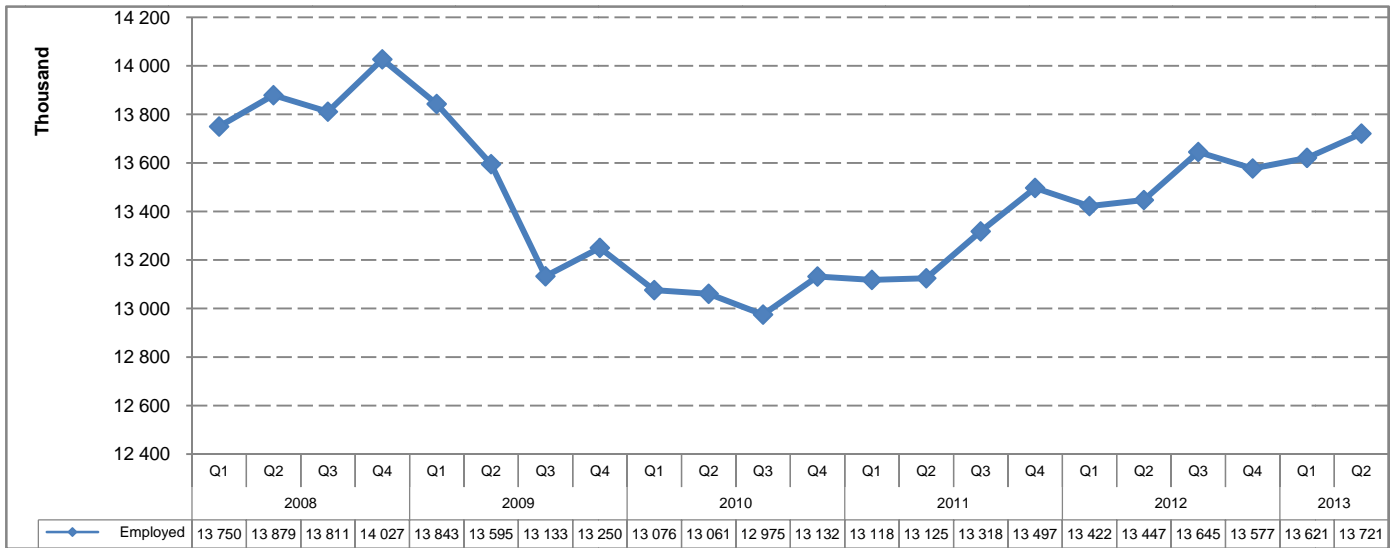
The labour force increased by 222 000 persons between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013. This increase is reflected in an increase in the number of both unemployed persons (122 000) and employed persons (100 000), which saw the unemployment rate increase by 0,4 of a percentage point from 25,2% to 25,6% in Q2:2013.

In Q2:2013, both the formal sector and the informal sector saw an increase in employment (109 000 and 30 000 persons respectively), while employment decreased in agriculture and private households (26 000 and 12 000 persons respectively). Between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013, the number of discouraged work-seekers increased by 35 000; while that of other (not economically active) persons decreased by 145 000 resulting in a net decrease of 110 000 among the not economically active population.

Compared to a year ago, in Q2:2013 employment increased by 2,0% (274 000), unemployment increased by 5,7% (254 000). The number of discouraged work-seekers increased by 2,3% (54 000) and other (not economically active) decreased by 1,0% (132 000), resulting in a net decrease of 0,5% (79 000) in the not economically active population.

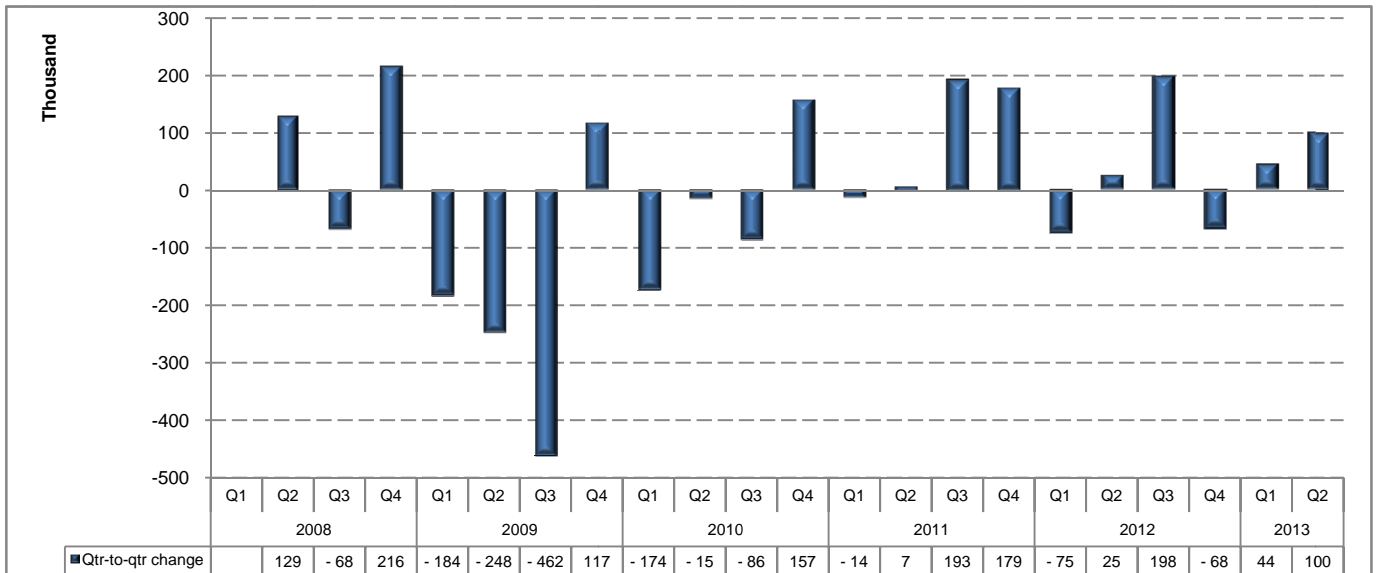
3. Employment

Figure 1: Total employment, quarter 1:2008 to quarter 2:2013



The highest level of employment was observed in Q4:2008 (14,0million). During the post-recession phase employment was observed at lowest level in Q3:2010, where the number of employed persons declined to 12,9 million. Between Q3:2010 and Q2:2013 total employment increased by 746 00. In Q2:2013, 13,7 million persons were employed; a 100 000 job increase compared to Q1:2013, and an increase of 274 000 persons compared to the same period last year.

Figure 2: Quarter-to-quarter changes in employment, quarter 1:2008 to quarter 2:2013



As depicted in Figure 2, 100 000 more people were employed in Q2:2013 compared to Q1:2013. This change is bigger than that observed in the previous quarter.

Figure 3: Year-on-year change in employment, quarter 1:2008 to quarter 2:2013

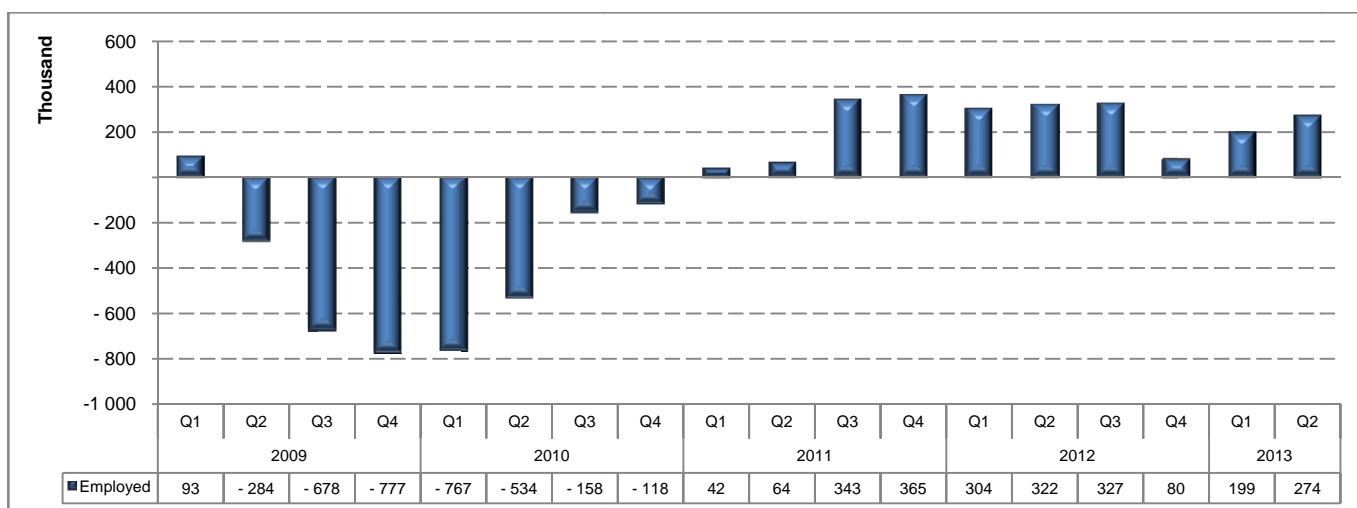


Figure 3 shows that job losses were experienced from Q2:2009 until Q4:2010 after which the economy started creating jobs. In Q2:2013, 274 000 more persons were employed compared to a year ago.

Table B: Employment by industry

Industry	Apr-Jun 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt-to-Qrt change	Year-on-year change	Qrt-to-Qrt change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand				Per cent		
Total*	13 447	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Agriculture	638	739	712	-26	74	-3,6	11,6
Mining [#]	357	365	374	9	16	2,4	4,5
Manufacturing	1 678	1 753	1 735	-18	57	-1,0	3,4
Utilities	98	117	115	-2	16	-1,7	16,6
Construction	1 012	1 020	1 083	62	71	6,1	7,0
Trade	2 966	2 855	2 906	52	-59	1,8	-2,0
Transport	791	813	832	19	41	2,3	5,1
Finance and other business services	1 737	1 781	1 818	37	81	2,1	4,7
Community and social services	3 012	3 072	3 050	-22	38	-0,7	1,3
Private households	1 153	1 105	1 093	-12	-60	-1,1	-5,2

Note: Total includes other industry.

[#]Mining is a very clustered industry, hence the industry might not have been adequately captured by the QLFS sample.

For more robust mining estimates, please use the Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES).

*Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table B shows that between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013, employment increased in five of the ten industries. Employment gains were concentrated in Construction (62 000), Finance and other business services (37 000), and Trade (52 000) industries. Employment declined in five industries in Q2:2013 - Community and social services, Agriculture, and Manufacturing industries experienced the largest decreases in employment (22 000, 26 000 and 18 000 respectively).

Compared to the same period last year, employment increased by 274 000 jobs; employment increased in eight of the ten industries. The highest gain were in Finance and other business services (81 000) followed by Agriculture (74 000) and Construction (71 000 jobs). Job losses were observed in Private households (60 000) and Trade (59 000) industries between Q2:2012 and Q2:2013.

Table C: Employment by province

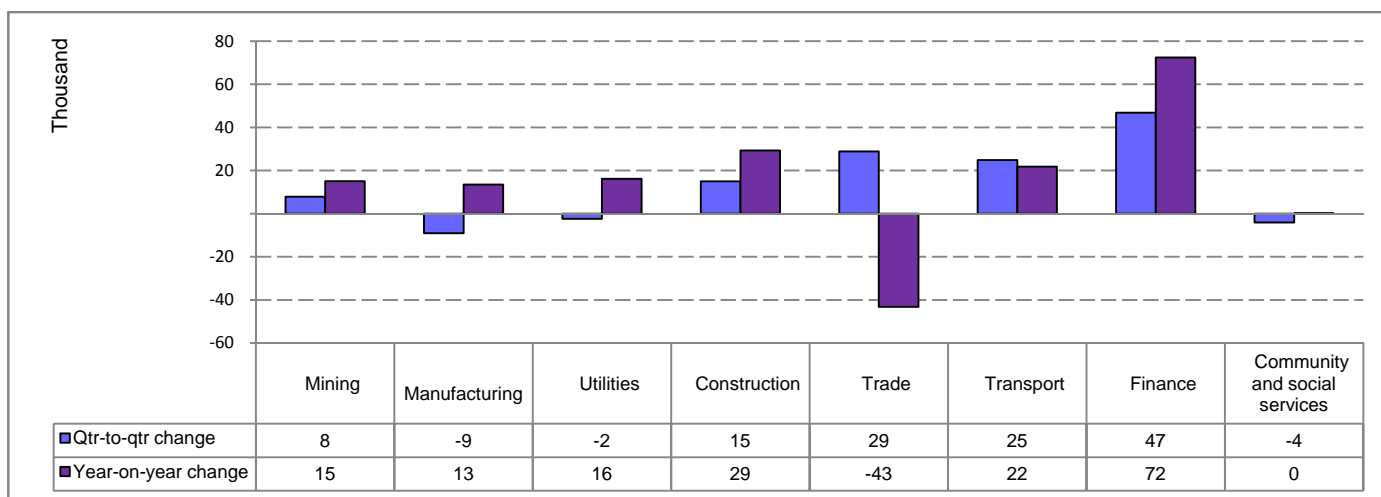
Province	Apr-Jun 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qtr-to-qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand				Per cent		
South Africa	13 447	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Western Cape	1 815	1 810	1 810	0	-5	0,0	-0,3
Eastern Cape	1 298	1 312	1 321	9	23	0,7	1,8
Northern Cape	281	286	295	9	14	3,1	5,0
Free State	728	754	761	7	33	0,9	4,6
KwaZulu-Natal	2 520	2 520	2 533	14	13	0,5	0,5
North West	709	731	748	17	39	2,3	5,5
Gauteng	4 125	4 184	4 180	-4	55	-0,1	1,3
Mpumalanga	953	970	1 002	33	49	3,4	5,2
Limpopo	1 018	1 053	1 071	17	53	1,6	5,2

*Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table C shows that between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013 employment declined in the Gauteng province only, while the Western Cape province recorded no changes in employment. Notable employment increases were observed in Mpumalanga (33 000), North West (17 000), Limpopo (17 000), and KwaZulu-Natal (14 000).

Compared to the year ended June 2012, employment increased in eight of the nine provinces, with Gauteng (55 000), Limpopo (53 000) and Mpumalanga (49 000) being the biggest contributors to this increase. The only decrease in employment was observed in Western Cape (decreased by 5 000).

Figure 4: Changes in the formal sector employment by industry

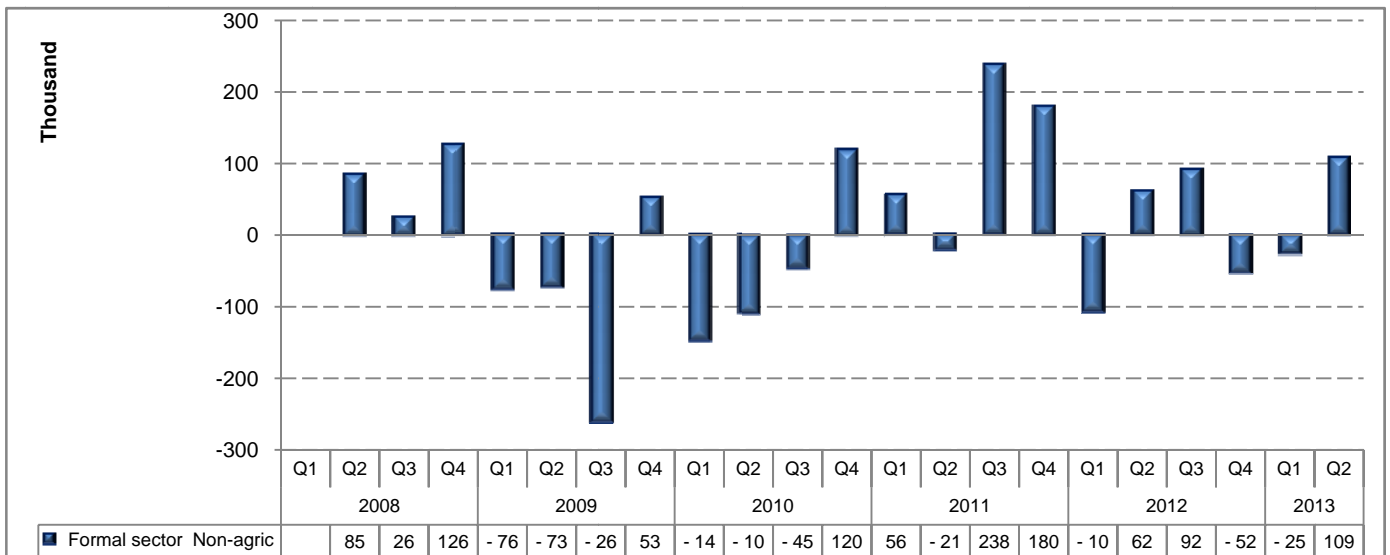


*Mining is a very clustered industry, hence the industry might not have been adequately captured by the QLFS sample. For more robust mining estimates, please use the Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES).

Between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013 formal sector employment increased by 109 000 (see Table A); Finance and other business services, Trade and Transport industries contributed mainly to the increase (47 000, 29 000 and 25 000 respectively). Job losses were observed in the Manufacturing (9 000) and Community and social services (4 000) industries.

Compared to Q2:2012, employment in the formal sector increased by 123 000 (see Table A). The increase was mainly driven by Finance and other business services, Construction and Transport industries (contributing 72 000, 29 000 and 22 000 jobs respectively). Trade was the only industry that recorded job losses in Q2:2013 compared to Q2:2012 (43 000).

Figure 5: Quarter-to-quarter changes in the formal sector employment



The quarter-to-quarter changes in the formal sector follow the trend observed in total employment changes on a quarterly basis. Following two consecutive quarters of employment decrease, the formal sector created 109 000 jobs in Q2:2013.

Figure 6: Year-on-year changes in the formal sector employment

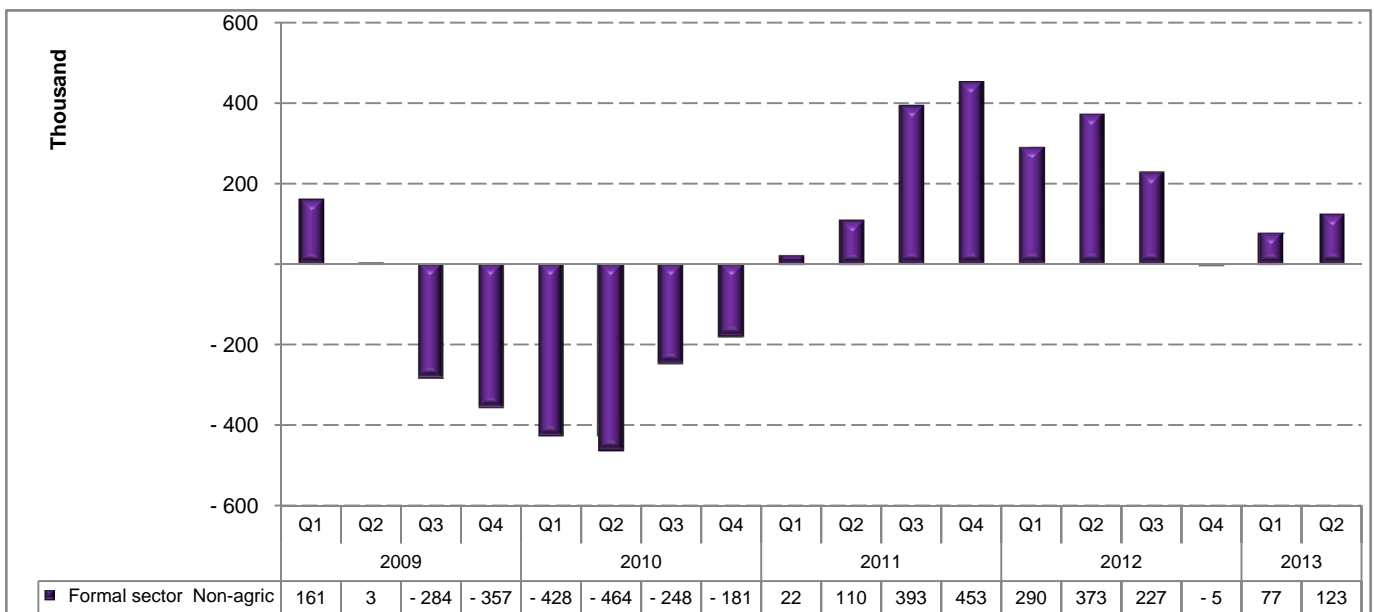
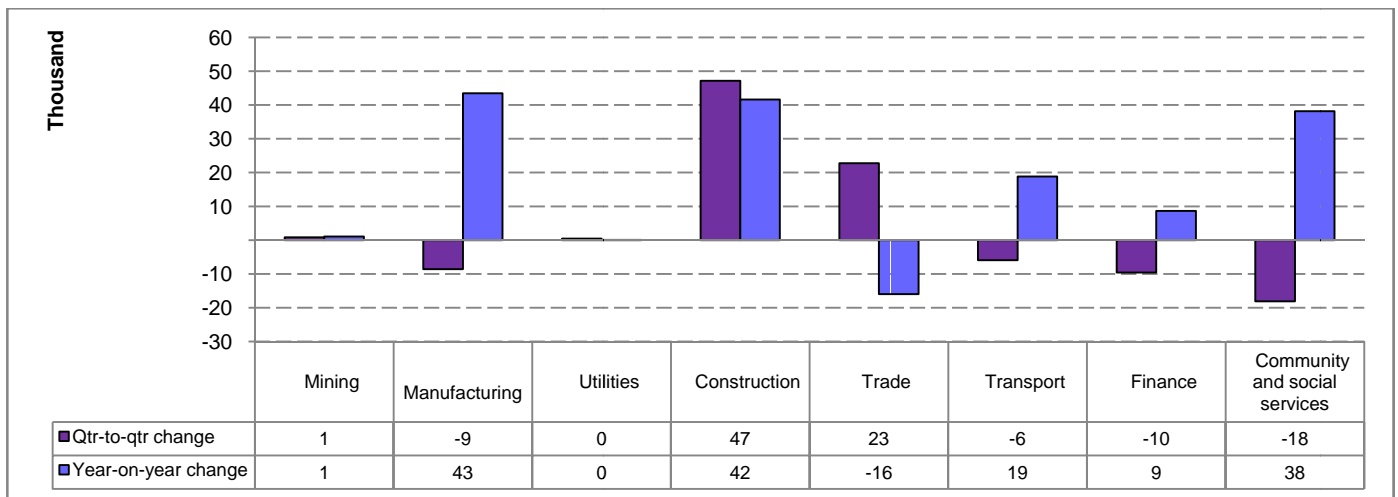


Figure 6 shows that no jobs were lost during the economic meltdown (Q1:2009 and Q2:2009). Job losses were observed mostly in the post-recession phase. Formal sector employment increased for seven consecutive quarters from Q1:2011 to Q3:2012. A slight decrease in employment was observed in Q4:2012 (5 000); however the sector employment picked up in Q1:2013 and Q2:2013. The employment increase observed in Q2:2013 was 46 000 jobs more than the employment increase observed in Q1:2013.

Figure 7: Changes in the informal sector employment by industry



*Mining is a very clustered industry, hence the industry might not have been adequately captured by the QLFS sample. For more robust mining estimates, please use the Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES).

Informal sector employment increased by 30 000 jobs between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013. Figure 7 shows that a net increase in employment observed in the informal sector was mainly due to job gains observed in the Construction (47 000) and Trade (23 000) industries.

Compared to Q2:2012, the informal sector created 137 000 jobs in Q2:2013. Manufacturing, Construction and Community and social services were the industries with the highest employment gains, contributing 43 000, 42 000 and 38 000 jobs respectively.

Figure 8: Quarter-to-quarter changes in the informal sector employment

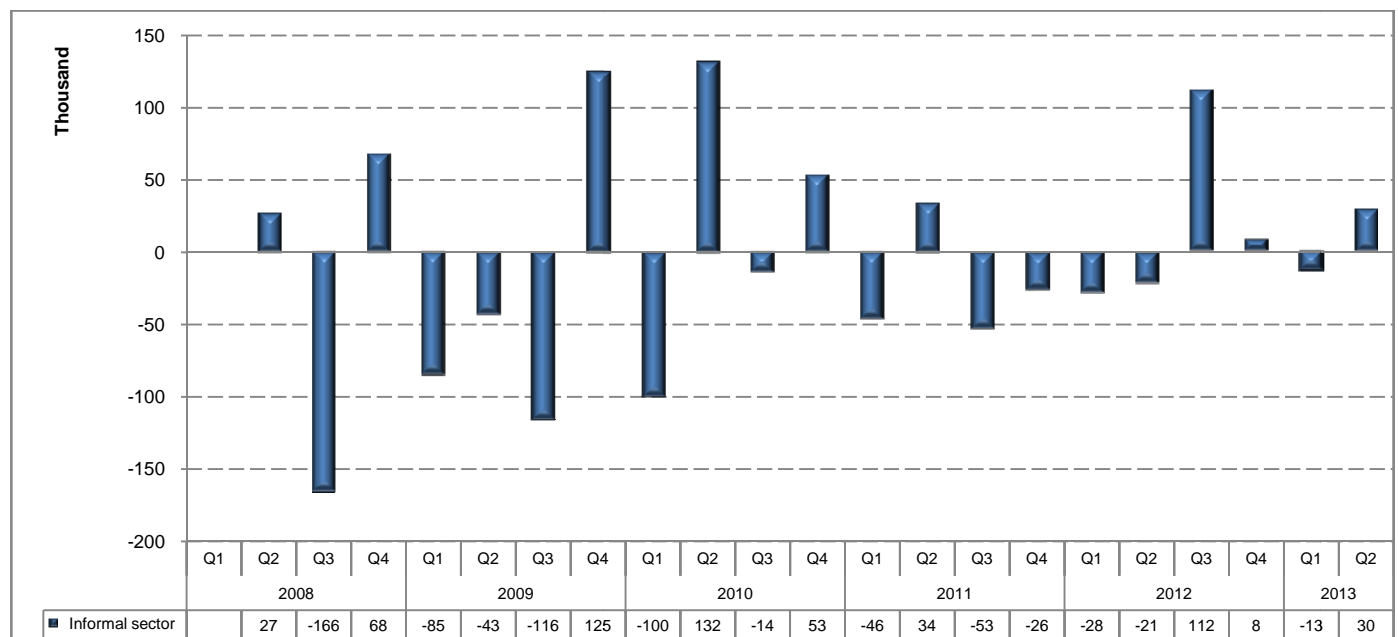
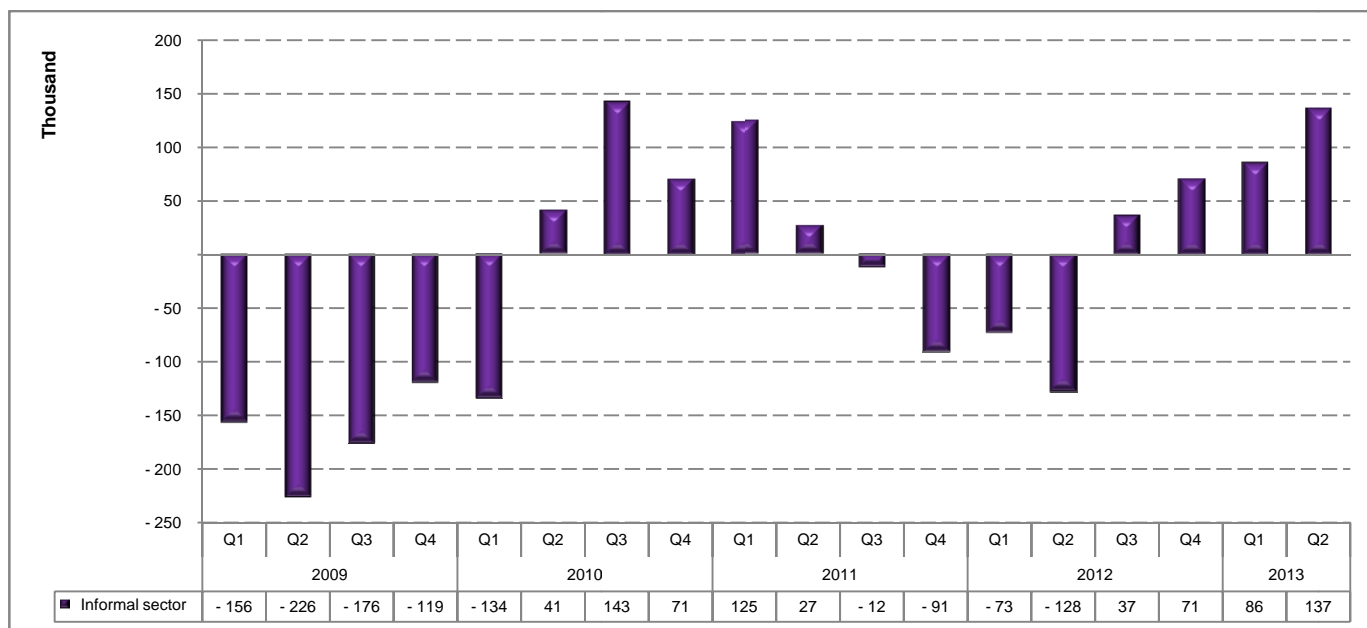


Figure 8 shows that the informal sector struggles to maintain jobs on a quarterly basis. During the economic recession, the informal sector was hardest hit in terms of job losses; the informal sector is still shedding jobs even in the expansion periods. Between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013 informal sector employment increased by 30 000 jobs.

Figure 9: Year-on-year changes in the informal sector employment



While the formal sector was still shedding jobs in Q2:2010, Employment increased in the informal sector for five consecutive quarters starting in Q2:2010. From Q3:2011, informal sector employment decreased for four consecutive quarters. The pace of employment creation in the informal sector has been increasing since Q3:2012 from 37 000 jobs to 137 000 jobs in Q2:2013.

Table D: Employment by occupation

Occupation	Apr-Jun 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt-to-Qrt change	Year-on-year change	Qrt-to-Qrt change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand				Per cent		
Total	13 447	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Manager	1 062	1 115	1 146	31	84	2,8	7,9
Professional	816	870	854	-15	38	-1,8	4,7
Technician	1 577	1 504	1 550	46	-27	3,1	-1,7
Clerk	1 406	1 435	1 474	39	69	2,7	4,9
Sales and services	1 956	1 951	1 970	20	14	1,0	0,7
Skilled agriculture	67	70	59	-11	-8	-15,7	-12,0
Craft and related trade	1 581	1 573	1 610	37	29	2,3	1,8
Plant and machine operator	1 111	1 222	1 195	-27	84	-2,2	7,6
Elementary	2 957	3 004	2 967	-37	10	-1,2	0,3
Domestic worker	913	877	895	18	-18	2,0	-2,0

*Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013 employment increased by 100 000. This was attributable to employment gains in Technician (46 000), Clerical (39 000) and Craft and related trade (37 000) occupations. Employment declined in the Elementary (37 000), Plant and machine operator (27 000), Professional (15 000), and Skilled agriculture (11 000) occupations.

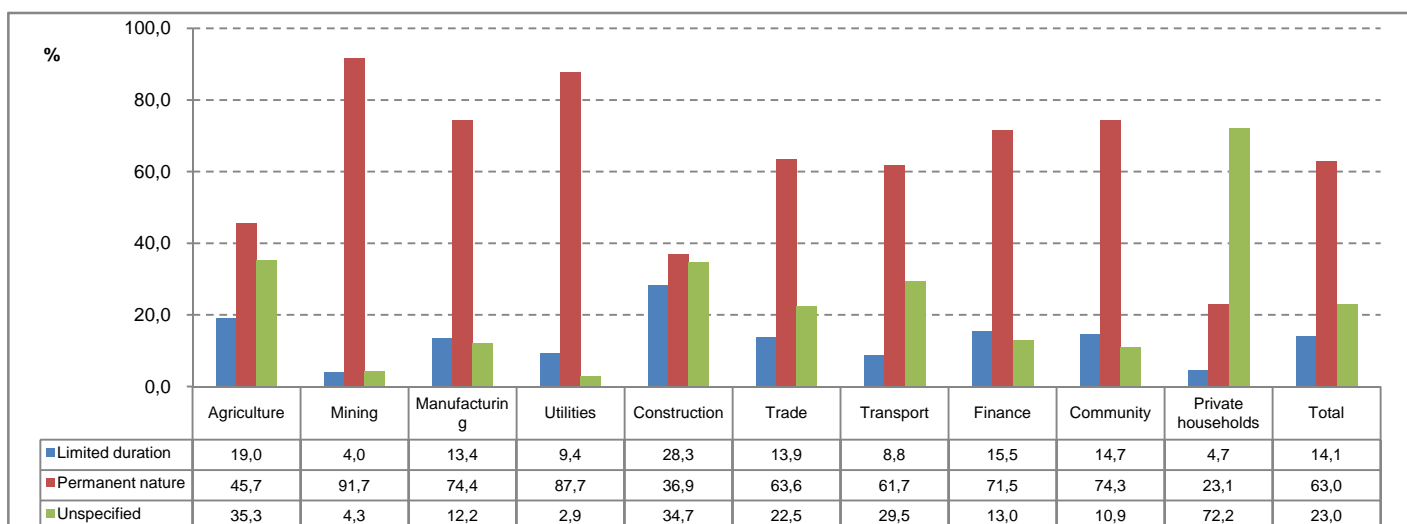
Compared to a year ago, an increase of 274 000 in employment was mainly in Manager (84 000), Plant and machine operator (84 000), and Clerical (69 000) occupations. The number of persons employed in Technician, Domestic worker, and Skilled agriculture occupations declined (by 27 000, 18 000 and 8 000 respectively).

Figure 10: Employee access to benefits by industry



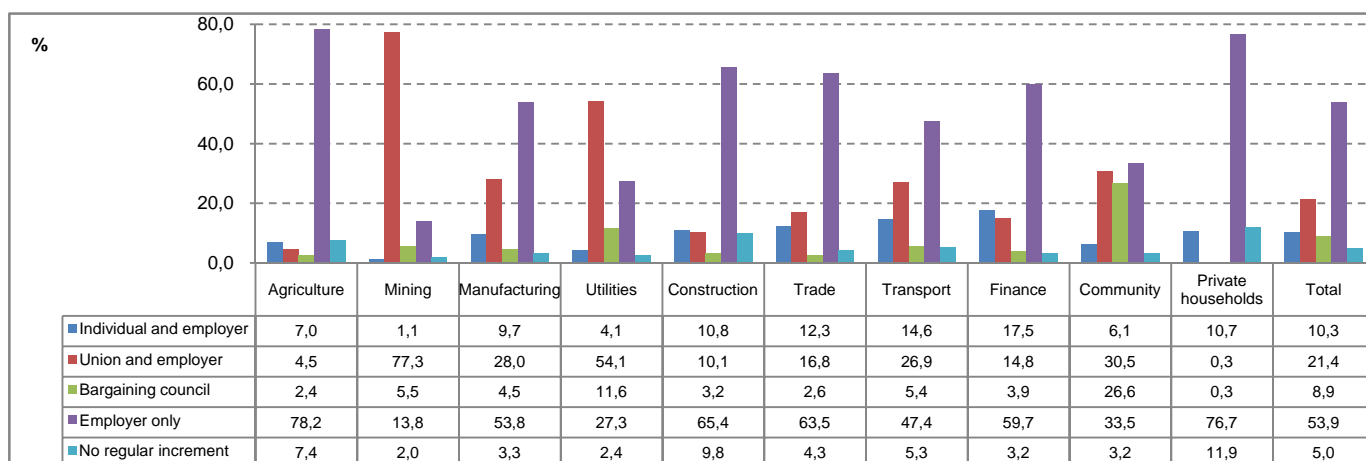
Entitlement to paid sick leave, paid annual leave and UIF were the most available benefits (more than three fifths) offered by employers in Q2:2013, while access to medical aid benefit (31,5%) was least available to employees. Access to benefits was least available to employees in Private households, Construction and Agricultural industries. The majority (more than 70%) of employees in the Mining and utilities industries had access to all benefits. Access to benefits in the Mining industry was mostly influenced by unionisation (about 80% employees were unionised). However, access to benefits in Utilities and Community and social services industries was not influenced by unionisation (only around half of employees were unionised).

Figure 11: Nature of employment contract or agreement by industry



On average employees are most likely to be employed on a permanent contract; however those employed in private households mostly have contracts or agreement with unspecified duration. Contracts of limited duration are predominant in the construction industry compared to other industries (28,3%).

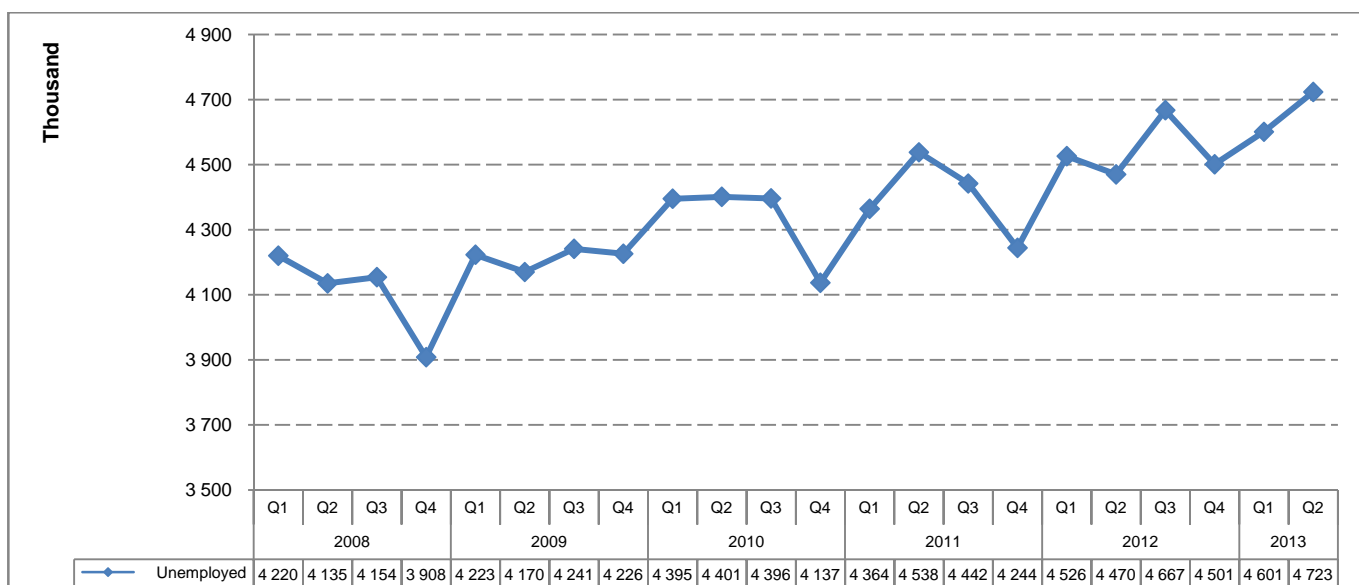
Figure 12: How annual salary increment is negotiated per industry



The Mining and Utilities industries were the most unionised industries, with salary negotiations of most employees in these industries undertaken between unions and employers. In Q2:2013, 53,9% of employees indicated that their salary increases were determined by the employer only. Larger proportions of employees employed in different industries indicated that their salary increases were determined by the employer only, with the exception of those employed in the Mining and Utilities industries.

4. The unemployed population

Figure 13: Total unemployment, quarter 1:2008 to quarter 2:2013



Since Q1:2008, unemployment levels have been fluctuating in certain quarters, but the trend has been upwards. The lowest level of unemployment was observed in Q4:2008 at 3,9 million and the highest was in Q2:2013 at 4,7 million.

Table E: The unemployed by sex

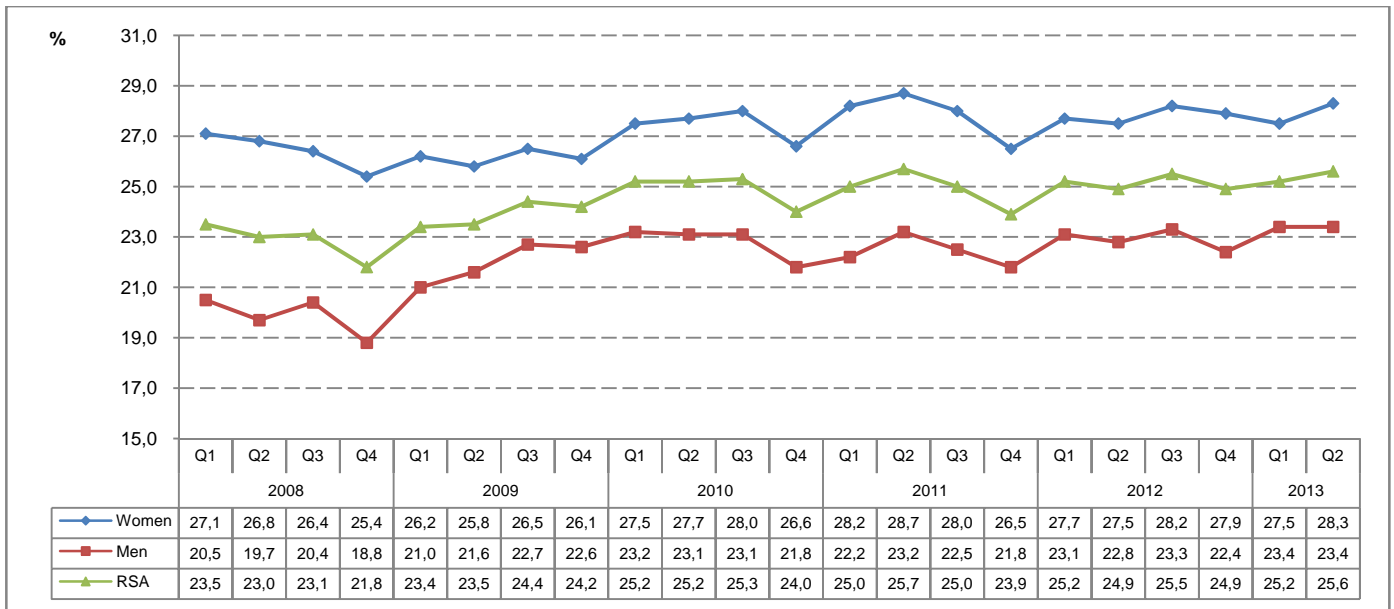
Unemployed	Apr-Jun 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qtr-to-qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand			Per cent			
Total*	4 470	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
Women	2 227	2 260	2 378	118	151	5,2	6,8
Men	2 243	2 342	2 346	4	103	0,2	4,6

*Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Unemployment increased by 122 000 (or 2,6%) persons between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013. The number of unemployed women increased by 118 000, while the number of unemployed men remained virtually unchanged (increased by 4 000).

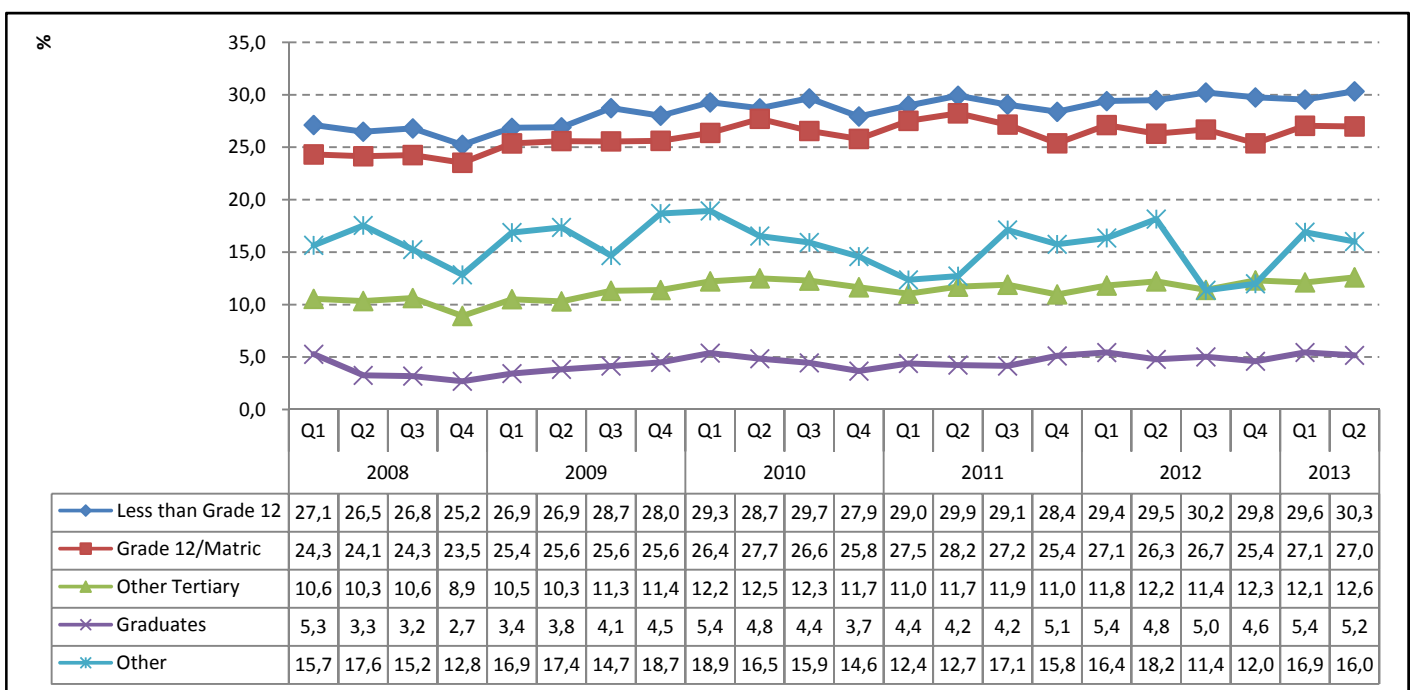
Year-on-year, the number of unemployed women increased by 151 000 (or 6,8%), while the number of unemployed men increased by 103 000 (or 4,6%).

Figure 14: Unemployment rate by sex



The unemployment rate for women remained higher than the national average between Q1:2008 and Q2:2013. The unemployment rate for women was 27,1% in Q1:2008, while the rate for men was 6,6 percentage points lower. By Q2:2013 this gap had narrowed to 4,9 percentage points. The largest difference in unemployment rates between men and women was observed in Q2:2008 (7,1 percentage points), while the smallest difference was realised in Q4:2009 (3,5 percentage points).

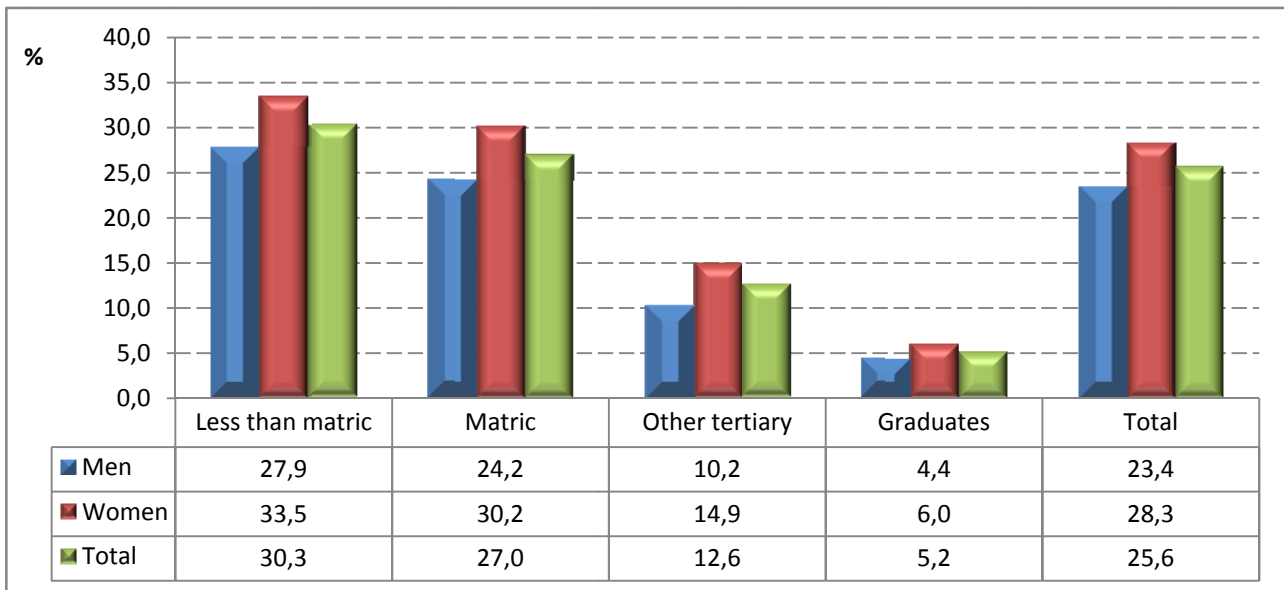
Figure 15: Unemployment rate by education status



Unemployment rate varied dramatically with education levels. People with less than grade 12 or matric had an unemployment rate of 30,3% in Q2:2013. This is an increase of 0,8 of a percentage point compared to a year ago, when the rate was 29,5%. Those with matric as their highest level of education had an unemployment rate of 27,0% in the same period. This increased from 24,3% in Q1:2008. People with other tertiary qualifications other than degree or higher had an unemployment rate of 12,6% in Q2:2013. This is an increase of 0,4 of a percentage point compared to a year ago. The unemployment rate for graduates was the lowest at 5,2%.

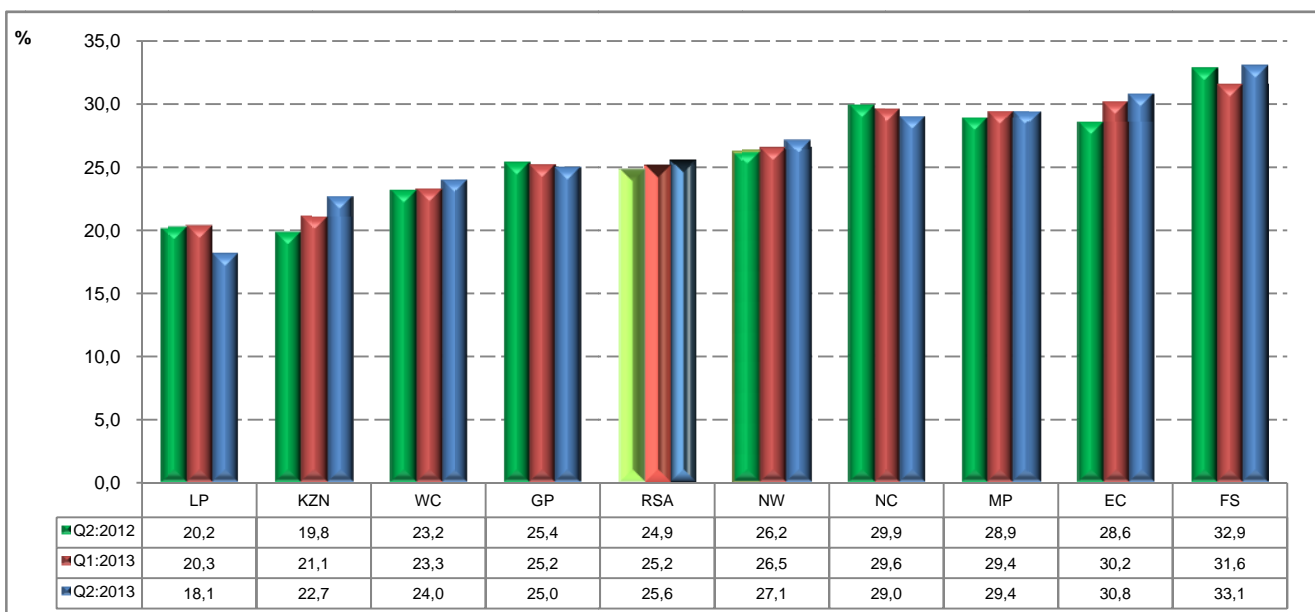
In general, people with higher levels of education have better job prospects; the difference is particularly marked between those who have attained upper secondary education and those who have not.

Figure 16: Unemployment rate by education level attained and sex



The highest unemployment rate (30,3%) was observed among those without matric, while graduates had the lowest unemployment rate (5,2%). Male graduates had the lowest unemployment rate (4,4%) compared to female graduates (6,0%).

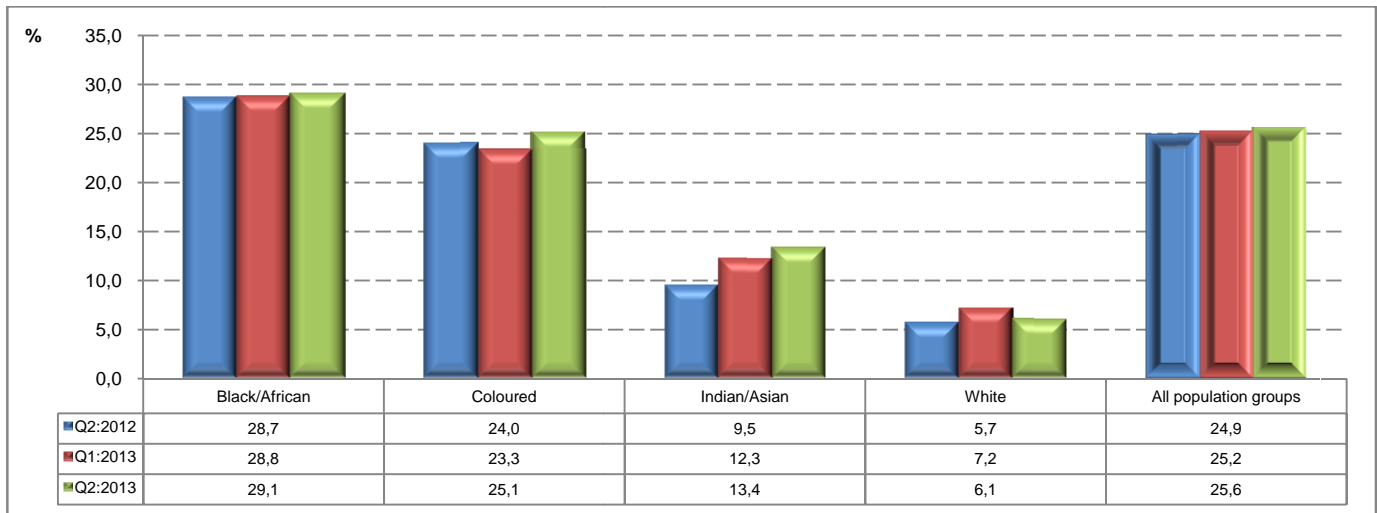
Figure 17: Unemployment rate by province



Compared to Q1: 2013, unemployment rate increased in five of the nine provinces in Q2:2013. Provinces that experienced an increase in unemployment rate were KwaZulu-Natal (1,6 percentage points), Free State (1,5 percentage points) and Western Cape (0,7 of a percentage point). A decrease in unemployment rate was recorded in Limpopo (2,2 percentage points), Northern Cape (0,6 of a percentage point) and Gauteng (0,2 of a percentage point). Unemployment rate in Mpumalanga remained unchanged at 29,4%.

In comparison to the same period last year, the national unemployment rate increased by 0,7 of a percentage point from 24,9% to 25,6%. Provinces that experienced the highest increase in unemployment rate were KwaZulu-Natal (2,9 percentage points) and Eastern Cape (2,2 percentage points).

Figure 18: Unemployment rate by population group



Between Q1:2013 and Q2:2013, unemployment rates increased among all population groups except the white population group, which recorded a decrease of 1,1 percentage points. The coloured population group had an increase of 1,8 percentage points, Indians/Asian (1,1 percentage points) and black Africans (0,3 of a percentage point) in Q2:2013.

The year-on-year comparisons show an increase in the unemployment rate among all population groups, with the highest increase experienced among the Indian/Asian population group.

5. Characteristics of the not economically active population

Figure 19: The not economically active population



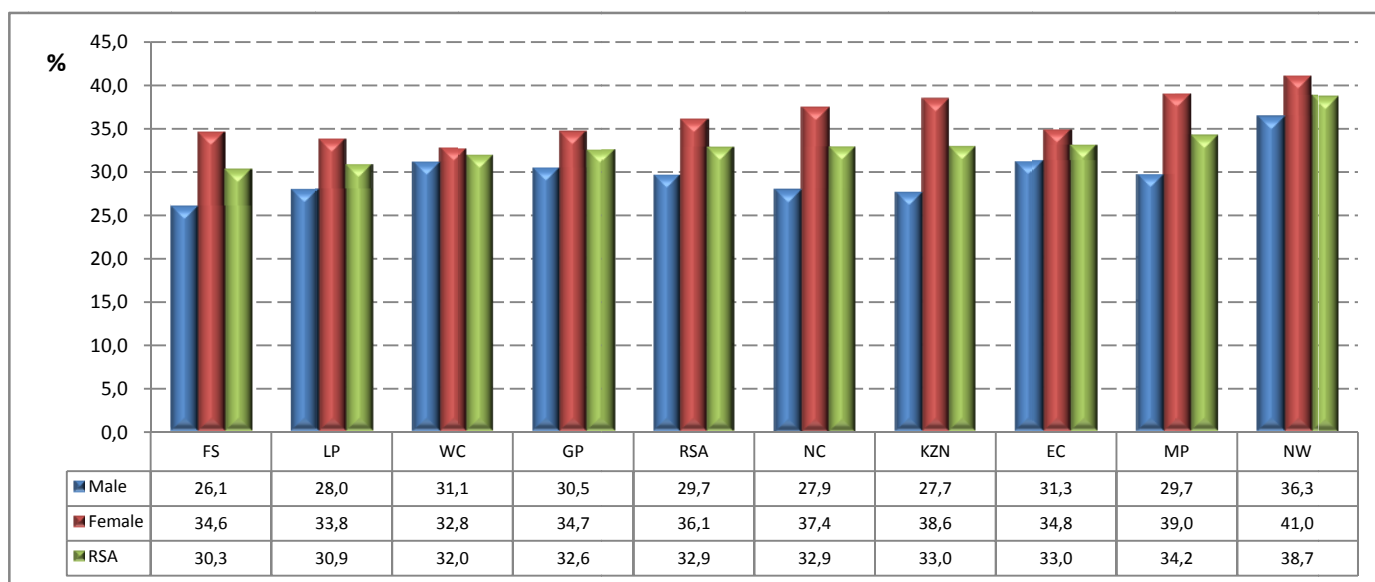
The contribution of discouraged work seekers to the not economically active population is trivial when compared to students and home-makers. In Q2:2013, students accounted for 41,4% of the not economically active population, a 0,9 of a percentage point increase compared to the previous quarter. The proportion of home-makers among the not economically active population decreased by 1,4 percentage points, while discouragement in work-seeking increased slightly by 0,4 of a percentage point to 15,9%.

Compared to a year ago (Q2:2012), the share of students among the not economically active population decreased by 1,2 percentage points; while the share of discouraged work-seekers increased marginally by 0,5 of a percentage point.

6. People who were not in employment, education or training (NEET)

Approximately 3,4 million (32,9%) of the 10,4 million of the youth aged 15–24 years were not in employment, education or training in Q2:2013, which indicates the vulnerability of this group. The youth who are categorised as NEET are considered to be disengaged from both work and education.

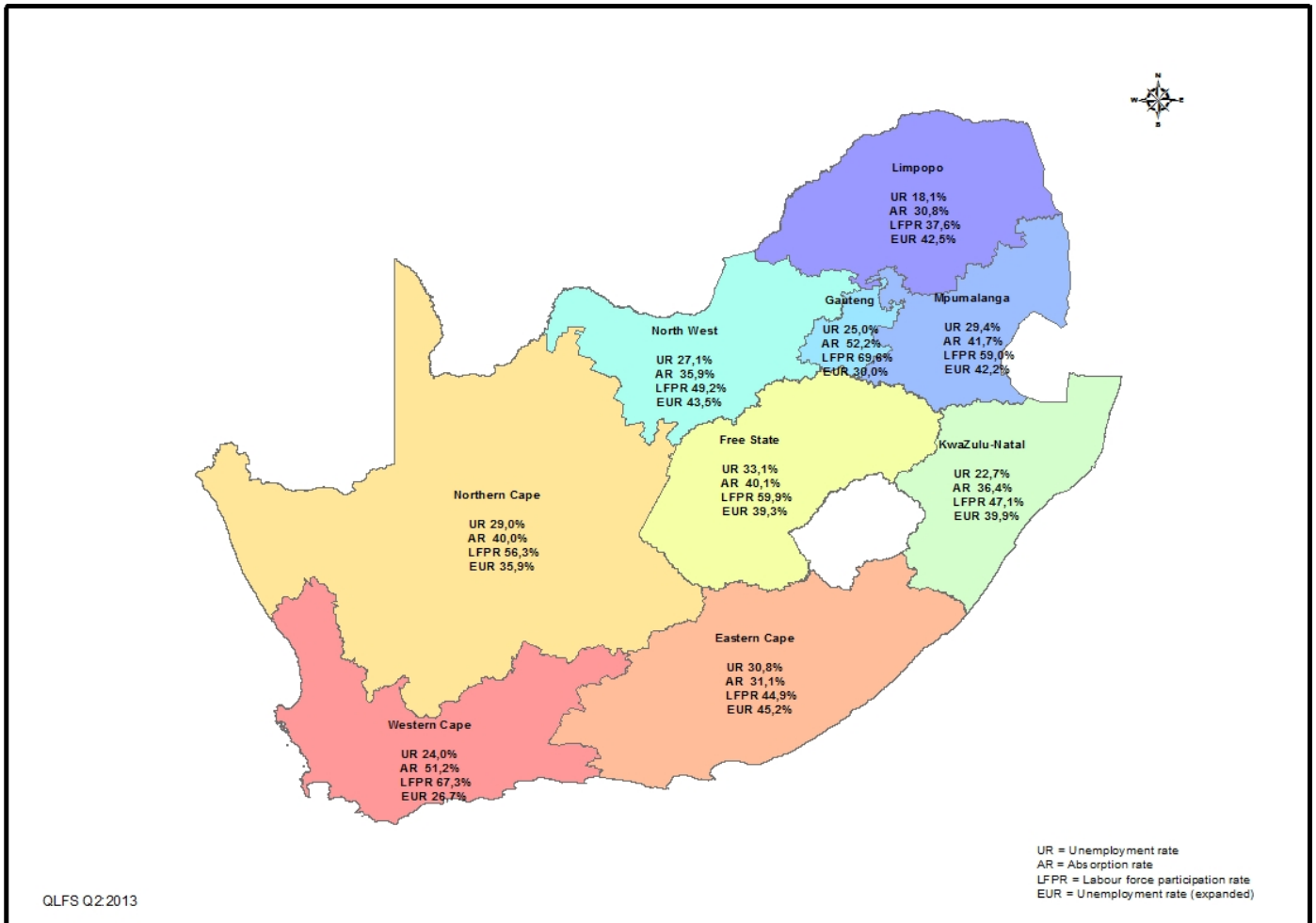
Figure 20: NEET rate¹ of youth aged 15–24 years by sex and province



¹Note: NEET rate = (Number of unemployed youth + number of youth not in the labour force) – (number of unemployed youth and youth not in the labour force who are in education or training) / Total number of youth x 100.

The NEET rate among those aged 15–24 years is 32,9%, with the NEET rate among women (36,1%) being higher than that among men (29,7%). In Q2:2013, North West had the highest rate (38,7%) of those aged 15–24 years who were NEET, followed by Mpumalanga at a rate of 34,2%, Eastern Cape (33,0%) and KwaZulu-Natal, while the lowest rate was among those living in Free State, at 30,3%, Limpopo. Gender differences among the youth that was NEET were mostly noticeable among those residing in KwaZulu-Natal, Northern Cape and Mpumalanga.

7. Summary labour market measures at a glance



PJ Lehohla
 Statistician-General: Statistics South Africa

8. Technical notes

8.1. Response details

Table F: Response rates by province

Province	Apr- Jun2013
	Per cent
Western Cape	90,4
Eastern Cape	98,7
Northern Cape	90,2
Free State	97,8
KwaZulu-Natal	96,8
North West	93,6
Gauteng	84,2
Mpumalanga	91,5
Limpopo	98,7
South Africa	93,1

8.2. Survey requirements and design

The Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) frame has been developed as a general-purpose household survey frame that can be used by all other household surveys, irrespective of the sample size requirement of the survey. The sample size for the QLFS is roughly 30 000 dwellings per quarter.

The sample is based on information collected during the 2001 Population Census conducted by Stats SA. In preparation for the 2001 Census, the country was divided into 80 787 enumeration areas (EAs). Stats SA's household-based surveys use a master sample of primary sampling units (PSUs) which comprise EAs that are drawn from across the country.

The sample is designed to be representative at provincial level and within provinces at metro/non-metro level. Within the metros, the sample is further distributed by geography type. The four geography types are: urban formal, urban informal, farms, and tribal. This implies, for example, that within a metropolitan area the sample is representative of the different geography types that may exist within that metro.

The current sample size is 3 080 PSUs. It is divided equally into four subgroups or panels called rotation groups. The rotation groups are designed in such a way that each of these groups has the same distribution pattern as that which is observed in the whole sample. They are numbered from one to four and these numbers also correspond to the quarters of the year in which the sample will be rotated for the particular group.

The sample for the redesigned Labour Force Survey (i.e. the QLFS) is based on a stratified two-stage design with probability proportional to size (PPS) sampling of PSUs in the first stage, and sampling of dwelling units (DUs) with systematic sampling in the second stage.

8.3. Sample rotation

Each quarter, a ¼ of the sampled dwellings rotate out of the sample and are replaced by new dwellings from the same PSU or the next PSU on the list. Thus, sampled dwellings will remain in the sample for four consecutive quarters. It should be noted that the sampling unit is the dwelling, and the unit of observation is the household. Therefore, if a household moves out of a dwelling after being in the sample for, say two quarters, and a new household moves in, the new household will be enumerated for the next two quarters. If no household moves into the sampled dwelling, the dwelling will be classified as vacant (unoccupied).

8.4. Weighting

The sampling weights for the data collected from the sampled households are constructed in such a manner that the responses could be properly expanded to represent the entire civilian population of South Africa. The weights are the result of calculations involving several factors, including original selection probabilities, adjustment for non-response, and benchmarking to known population estimates from the Demographic division of Stats SA.

8.5. Non-response adjustment

In general, imputation is used for item non-response (i.e. blanks within the questionnaire) and edits failure (i.e. invalid or inconsistent responses). The eligible households in the sampled dwellings can be divided into two response categories: respondents and non-respondents; and weight adjustment is applied to account for the non-respondent households (e.g. refusal, no contact, etc.).

8.6. Final survey weights

The final survey weights are constructed using regression estimation to calibrate to the known population counts at the national level population estimates (which are supplied by the Demography division) cross-classified by 5-year age groups, gender and race, and provincial population estimates by broad age groups. The 5-year age groups are: 0–4, 5–9, 10–14, etc., and 65 years and above. The provincial level age groups are: 0–14, 15–34, 35–64, and 65 years and over. The calibrated weights are constructed such that all persons in a household would have the same final weight.

8.7. Estimation

The final survey weights are used to obtain the estimates for various domains of interest, e.g. number of persons employed in agriculture in Western Cape, number of females employed in manufacturing, etc.

8.8. Reliability of the survey estimates

Since estimates are based on sample data, they differ from figures that would have been obtained from complete enumeration of the population using the same instrument. Results are subject to both sampling and non-sampling errors. Non-sampling errors include biases from inaccurate reporting, processing, and tabulation, etc., as well as errors from non-response and incomplete reporting. These types of errors cannot be measured readily. However, to some extent, non-sampling errors can be minimised through the procedures used for data collection, editing, quality control, and non-response adjustment. The variances of the survey estimates are used to measure sampling errors. The variance estimation methodology is discussed below.

(i) Variance estimation

The most commonly used methods for estimating variances of survey estimates from complex surveys such as the QLFS, are the Taylor-series Linearization, Jackknife Replication, Balanced Repeated Replication (BRR), and Bootstrap methods (Wolter, 2007)¹. The Fay's BRR method has been used for variance estimation in the QLFS because of its simplicity.

(ii) Coefficient of variation

It is more useful in many situations to assess the size of the standard error relative to the magnitude of the characteristic being measured (the standard error is defined as the square root of the variance). The **coefficient of variation** (cv) provides such a measure. It is the **ratio of the standard error of the survey estimate to the value of the estimate itself expressed as a percentage**. It is very useful in comparing the precision of several different survey estimates, where their sizes or scale differ from one another.

(iii) P-value of an estimate of change

The p-value corresponding to an estimate of change is the probability of observing a value larger than the particular observed value under the hypothesis that there is no real change. If p-value < 0,01, the difference is highly significant; if p-value is between 0,01 and 0,05, the difference is significant; and if p-value > 0,05, the difference is not significant.

¹Wolter KM, 2007. *Introduction to Variance Estimation, 2nd Edition*. New York: Springer-Verlag.

9. Definitions

Discouraged work-seeker is a person who was not employed during the reference period, wanted to work, was available to work/start a business but did not take active steps to find work during the last four weeks, provided that the main reason given for not seeking work was any of the following: no jobs available in the area; unable to find work requiring his/her skills; lost hope of finding any kind of work.

Economic activities are those that contribute to the production of goods and services in the country. There are two types of economic activities, namely: (1) Market production activities (work done for others and usually associated with pay or profit); and (2) Non-market production activities (work done for the benefit of the household, e.g. subsistence farming).

Employed persons are those aged 15–64 years who, during the reference week, did any work for at least one hour, or had a job or business but were not at work (temporarily absent).

Employment-to-population ratio (labour absorption rate) is the proportion of the working-age population that is employed.

Informal employment identifies persons who are in precarious employment situations irrespective of whether or not the entity for which they work is in the formal or informal sector. Persons in informal employment therefore consist of all persons in the informal sector; employees in the formal sector; and persons working in private households who are not entitled to basic benefits such as pension or medical aid contributions from their employer, and who do not have a written contract of employment.

Informal sector: The informal sector has the following two components:

- i) Employees working in establishments that employ less than five employees, who do not deduct income tax from their salaries/wages; and
- ii) Employers, own-account workers and persons helping unpaid in their household business who are not registered for either income tax or value-added tax.

The **labour force** comprises all persons who are employed plus all persons who are unemployed.

Labour force participation rate is the proportion of the working-age population that is either employed or unemployed.

Long-term unemployment: Persons in long-term unemployment are those individuals among the unemployed who were without work and trying to find a job or start a business for one year or more.

Not economically active: Persons aged 15–64 years who are neither employed nor unemployed in the reference week.

Persons in **underemployment (time-related)** are employed persons who were willing and available to work additional hours, whose total number of hours actually worked during the reference period was below 35 hours per week.

Underutilised labour comprises three groups which are defined as follows: persons who are underemployed, persons who are unemployed, and persons who are discouraged.

Unemployed persons are those (aged 15–64 years) who:

- a) Were not employed in the reference week **and**;
- b) Actively looked for work or tried to start a business in the four weeks preceding the survey interview **and**;
- c) Were available for work, i.e. would have been able to start work or a business in the reference week **or**;
- d) Had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had a job or business to start at a definite date in the future and were available.

Unemployment rate is the proportion of the labour force that is unemployed.

The **working-age population** comprises all persons aged 15–64 years.

Appendix 1

Table 1: Population of working age (15-64 years)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Both sexes	32 903	33 018	33 128	33 240	33 352	112	449	0,3	1,4
Women	16 898	16 948	16 995	17 043	17 091	48	193	0,3	1,1
Men	16 005	16 070	16 133	16 197	16 260	64	256	0,4	1,6
Population groups	32 903	33 018	33 128	33 240	33 352	112	449	0,3	1,4
Black/African	25 833	25 944	26 052	26 160	26 269	109	437	0,4	1,7
Coloured	3 063	3 071	3 079	3 087	3 095	8	32	0,3	1,0
Indian/Asian	943	947	951	955	959	4	16	0,4	1,7
White	3 064	3 056	3 047	3 038	3 029	-9	-36	-0,3	-1,2
South Africa	32 903	33 018	33 128	33 240	33 352	112	449	0,3	1,4
Western Cape	3 484	3 497	3 511	3 524	3 538	14	54	0,4	1,6
Eastern Cape	4 215	4 225	4 234	4 243	4 252	9	37	0,2	0,9
Northern Cape	727	730	732	734	737	2	9	0,3	1,2
Free State	1 884	1 888	1 891	1 895	1 898	3	14	0,2	0,7
KwaZulu-Natal	6 855	6 881	6 905	6 930	6 955	25	100	0,4	1,5
North West	2 061	2 067	2 073	2 079	2 085	6	24	0,3	1,1
Gauteng	7 899	7 926	7 954	7 981	8 009	28	110	0,3	1,4
Mpumalanga	2 366	2 376	2 386	2 396	2 406	10	40	0,4	1,7
Limpopo	3 411	3 427	3 442	3 457	3 472	15	61	0,4	1,8

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 2: Labour force characteristics by sex - All population groups									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Both sexes									
Population 15-64 yrs	32 903	33 018	33 128	33 240	33 352	112	449	0,3	1,4
Labour Force	17 916	18 313	18 078	18 222	18 444	222	528	1,2	2,9
Employed	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Formal sector Non-agricultural	9 571	9 663	9 611	9 586	9 694	109	123	1,1	1,3
Informal sector Non-agricultural	2 085	2 197	2 205	2 192	2 221	30	137	1,4	6,6
Agriculture	638	661	685	739	712	-26	74	-3,6	11,6
Private households	1 153	1 124	1 076	1 105	1 093	-12	-60	-1,1	-5,2
Unemployed	4 470	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
Not economically active	14 987	14 705	15 050	15 017	14 908	-110	-79	-0,7	-0,5
Discouraged work-seekers	2 311	2 170	2 257	2 330	2 365	35	54	1,5	2,3
Other not economically active	12 675	12 535	12 794	12 688	12 543	-145	-132	-1,1	-1,0
Rates %									
Unemployment rate	24,9	25,5	24,9	25,3	25,6	0,3	0,7		
Employed / population ratio Absorption	40,9	41,3	41,0	41,0	41,1	0,1	0,2		
Labour force participation rate	54,5	55,5	54,6	54,8	55,3	0,5	0,8		
Women									
Population 15-64 yrs	16 898	16 948	16 995	17 043	17 091	48	193	0,3	1,1
Labour Force	8 099	8 271	8 164	8 226	8 414	188	315	2,3	3,9
Employed	5 872	5 940	5 885	5 967	6 037	70	164	1,2	2,8
Formal sector Non-agricultural	3 941	3 971	3 944	3 975	4 059	84	118	2,1	3,0
Informal sector Non-agricultural	842	891	874	877	891	15	50	1,7	5,9
Agriculture	201	221	227	248	217	-31	16	-12,7	8,0
Private households	889	857	840	867	870	3	-19	0,3	-2,1
Unemployed	2 227	2 331	2 279	2 260	2 378	118	151	5,2	6,8
Not economically active	8 799	8 677	8 831	8 817	8 677	-140	-122	-1,6	-1,4
Discouraged work-seekers	1 325	1 213	1 268	1 312	1 310	-3	-16	-0,2	-1,2
Other not economically active	7 474	7 463	7 563	7 505	7 368	-137	-106	-1,8	-1,4
Rates %									
Unemployment rate	27,5	28,2	27,9	27,5	28,3	0,8	0,8		
Employed / population ratio Absorption	34,8	35,0	34,6	35,0	35,3	0,3	0,5		
Labour force participation rate	47,9	48,8	48,0	48,3	49,2	0,9	1,3		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2: Labour force characteristics by sex - All population groups (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Men									
Population 15-64 yrs	16 005	16 070	16 133	16 197	16 260	64	256	0,4	1,6
Labour Force	9 817	10 042	9 914	9 996	10 030	34	213	0,3	2,2
Employed	7 574	7 706	7 693	7 654	7 684	30	110	0,4	1,5
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	5 630	5 692	5 668	5 611	5 635	25	6	0,4	0,1
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	1 243	1 306	1 331	1 315	1 330	15	87	1,1	7,0
Agriculture	438	440	458	491	496	5	58	1,0	13,3
Private households	264	268	236	238	223	-15	-41	-6,1	-15,4
Unemployed	2 243	2 336	2 222	2 342	2 346	4	103	0,2	4,6
Not economically active	6 187	6 028	6 219	6 200	6 231	30	43	0,5	0,7
Discouraged work-seekers	986	956	988	1 017	1 055	38	69	3,7	7,0
Other(not economically active)	5 201	5 072	5 231	5 183	5 175	-8	-26	-0,2	-0,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	22,8	23,3	22,4	23,4	23,4	0,0	0,6		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	47,3	48,0	47,7	47,3	47,3	0,0	0,0		
Labour force participation rate	61,3	62,5	61,5	61,7	61,7	0,0	0,4		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities

Table 2.1: Labour force characteristics by population group									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
South Africa									
Population 15-64 yrs	32 903	33 018	33 128	33 240	33 352	112	449	0,3	1,4
Labour Force	17 916	18 313	18 078	18 222	18 444	222	528	1,2	2,9
Employed	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Unemployed	4 470	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
Not economically active	14 987	14 705	15 050	15 017	14 908	-110	-79	-0,7	-0,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	24,9	25,5	24,9	25,2	25,6	0,4	0,7		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	40,9	41,3	41,0	41,0	41,1	0,1	0,2		
Labour force participation rate	54,5	55,5	54,6	54,8	55,3	0,5	0,8		
Black/African									
Population 15-64 yrs	25 833	25 944	26 052	26 160	26 269	109	437	0,4	1,7
Labour Force	13 383	13 714	13 514	13 636	13 828	192	445	1,4	3,3
Employed	9 544	9 719	9 660	9 710	9 803	93	259	1,0	2,7
Unemployed	3 839	3 995	3 854	3 927	4 025	98	186	2,5	4,8
Not economically active	12 449	12 230	12 538	12 524	12 441	-83	-8	-0,7	-0,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	28,7	29,1	28,5	28,8	29,1	0,3	0,4		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	36,9	37,5	37,1	37,1	37,3	0,2	0,4		
Labour force participation rate	51,8	52,9	51,9	52,1	52,6	0,5	0,8		
Coloured									
Population 15-64 yrs	3 063	3 071	3 079	3 087	3 095	8	32	0,3	1,0
Labour Force	1 936	1 979	1 961	1 950	1 972	22	36	1,1	1,8
Employed	1 473	1 494	1 501	1 496	1 477	-18	4	-1,2	0,3
Unemployed	464	485	460	455	495	40	31	8,9	6,8
Not economically active	1 127	1 092	1 118	1 137	1 123	-14	-4	-1,2	-0,3
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	24,0	24,5	23,5	23,3	25,1	1,8	1,1		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	48,1	48,6	48,7	48,5	47,7	-0,7	-0,4		
Labour force participation rate	63,2	64,4	63,7	63,2	63,7	0,5	0,5		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.1: Labour force characteristics by population group (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Indian/Asian									
Population 15-64 yrs	943	947	951	955	959	4	16	0,4	1,7
Labour Force	529	556	570	587	593	6	64	1,0	12,0
Employed	479	491	496	515	514	-1	35	-0,2	7,2
Unemployed	50	65	74	72	79	7	29	9,7	58,0
Not economically active	413	391	381	368	366	-2	-47	-0,5	-11,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	9,5	11,7	13,0	12,3	13,4	1,1	3,9		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	50,8	51,8	52,2	53,9	53,6	-0,3	2,8		
Labour force participation rate	56,1	58,7	59,9	61,5	61,9	0,4	5,8		
White									
Population 15-64 yrs	3 064	3 056	3 047	3 038	3 029	-9	-36	-0,3	-1,2
Labour Force	2 067	2 065	2 034	2 049	2 051	2	-16	0,1	-0,8
Employed	1 950	1 942	1 921	1 901	1 927	26	-23	1,4	-1,2
Unemployed	117	122	113	148	124	-24	7	-16,1	6,2
Not economically active	997	991	1 013	989	978	-11	-20	-1,1	-2,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	5,7	5,9	5,6	7,2	6,1	-1,1	0,4		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	63,6	63,5	63,0	62,6	63,6	1,0	0,0		
Labour force participation rate	67,5	67,5	66,8	67,4	67,7	0,3	0,2		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.2: Labour force characteristics by province									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
South Africa									
Population 15-64 yrs	32 903	33 018	33 128	33 240	33 352	112	449	0,3	1,4
Labour Force	17 916	18 313	18 078	18 222	18 444	222	528	1,2	2,9
Employed	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Unemployed	4 470	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
Not economically active	14 987	14 705	15 050	15 017	14 908	-110	-79	-0,7	-0,5
Discouraged work-seekers	2 311	2 170	2 257	2 330	2 365	35	54	1,5	2,3
Other	12 675	12 535	12 794	12 688	12 543	-145	-132	-1,1	-1,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	24,9	25,5	24,9	25,2	25,6	0,4	0,7		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	40,9	41,3	41,0	41,0	41,1	0,1	0,2		
Labour force participation rate	54,5	55,5	54,6	54,8	55,3	0,5	0,8		
Western Cape									
Population 15-64 yrs	3 484	3 497	3 511	3 524	3 538	14	54	0,4	1,6
Labour Force	2 363	2 421	2 396	2 361	2 381	20	18	0,8	0,8
Employed	1 815	1 806	1 824	1 810	1 810	0	-5	0,0	-0,3
Unemployed	548	615	573	551	571	20	23	3,6	4,2
Not economically active	1 121	1 076	1 114	1 163	1 157	-6	36	-0,5	3,2
Discouraged work-seekers	31	29	30	36	55	19	25	53,5	80,4
Other	1 090	1 047	1 084	1 127	1 102	-25	12	-2,3	1,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	23,2	25,4	23,9	23,3	24,0	0,7	0,8		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	52,1	51,6	52,0	51,4	51,2	-0,2	-0,9		
Labour force participation rate	67,8	69,2	68,3	67,0	67,3	0,3	-0,5		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.2: Labour force characteristics by province (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Eastern Cape									
Population 15-64 yrs	4 215	4 225	4 234	4 243	4 252	9	37	0,2	0,9
Labour Force	1 819	1 870	1 797	1 881	1 909	29	90	1,5	5,0
Employed	1 298	1 330	1 261	1 312	1 321	9	23	0,7	1,8
Unemployed	521	539	536	568	588	20	67	3,5	12,8
Not economically active	2 396	2 356	2 437	2 362	2 343	-20	-53	-0,8	-2,2
Discouraged work-seekers	383	396	478	440	416	-25	32	-5,6	8,5
Other	2 012	1 959	1 959	1 922	1 927	5	-85	0,3	-4,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	28,6	28,8	29,8	30,2	30,8	0,6	2,2		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	30,8	31,5	29,8	30,9	31,1	0,2	0,3		
Labour force participation rate	43,2	44,2	42,4	44,3	44,9	0,6	1,7		
Northern Cape									
Population 15-64 yrs	727	730	732	734	737	2	9	0,3	1,2
Labour Force	401	414	408	406	415	9	14	2,3	3,6
Employed	281	290	292	286	295	9	14	3,1	5,0
Unemployed	120	124	116	120	120	1	0	0,6	0,2
Not economically active	327	315	324	329	322	-7	-5	-2,2	-1,6
Discouraged work-seekers	30	30	28	23	23	1	-7	4,1	-23,0
Other	296	285	296	306	298	-8	2	-2,6	0,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	29,9	30,0	28,4	29,6	29,0	-0,6	-0,9		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	38,7	39,7	39,9	39,0	40,0	1,0	1,3		
Labour force participation rate	55,2	56,7	55,7	55,3	56,3	1,0	1,1		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.2: Labour force characteristics by province (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Free State									
Population 15-64 yrs	1 884	1 888	1 891	1 895	1 898	3	14	0,2	0,7
Labour Force	1 085	1 081	1 096	1 104	1 137	34	52	3,0	4,8
Employed	728	736	732	754	761	7	33	0,9	4,6
Unemployed	357	346	363	349	376	27	19	7,6	5,3
Not economically active	799	806	795	791	761	-30	-39	-3,8	-4,8
Discouraged work-seekers	82	87	82	81	67	-15	-16	-17,9	-18,9
Other	717	719	713	710	694	-16	-23	-2,2	-3,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	32,9	32,0	33,2	31,6	33,1	1,5	0,2		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	38,6	39,0	38,7	39,8	40,1	0,3	1,5		
Labour force participation rate	57,6	57,3	57,9	58,2	59,9	1,7	2,3		
KwaZulu-Natal									
Population 15-64 yrs	6 855	6 881	6 905	6 930	6 955	25	100	0,4	1,5
Labour Force	3 143	3 218	3 215	3 192	3 277	85	134	2,7	4,3
Employed	2 520	2 533	2 493	2 520	2 533	14	13	0,5	0,5
Unemployed	623	685	722	672	744	71	121	10,6	19,4
Not economically active	3 712	3 663	3 690	3 738	3 678	-60	-34	-1,6	-0,9
Discouraged work-seekers	585	570	589	574	607	33	22	5,8	3,8
Other	3 127	3 092	3 101	3 164	3 071	-94	-56	-3,0	-1,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	19,8	21,3	22,5	21,1	22,7	1,6	2,9		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	36,8	36,8	36,1	36,4	36,4	0,0	-0,4		
Labour force participation rate	45,8	46,8	46,6	46,1	47,1	1,0	1,3		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.2: Labour force characteristics by province (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
North West									
Population 15-64 yrs	2 061	2 067	2 073	2 079	2 085	6	24	0,3	1,1
Labour Force	961	994	973	995	1 025	30	64	3,0	6,7
Employed	709	745	747	731	748	17	39	2,3	5,5
Unemployed	252	248	227	264	277	13	26	5,1	10,2
Not economically active	1 101	1 074	1 100	1 084	1 060	-24	-41	-2,2	-3,7
Discouraged work-seekers	257	197	199	193	216	23	-41	11,9	-16,0
Other	844	877	901	891	844	-47	0	-5,3	0,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	26,2	25,0	23,3	26,5	27,1	0,6	0,9		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	34,4	36,0	36,0	35,2	35,9	0,7	1,5		
Labour force participation rate	46,6	48,0	47,0	47,9	49,2	1,3	2,6		
Gauteng									
Population 15-64 yrs	7 899	7 926	7 954	7 981	8 009	28	110	0,3	1,4
Labour Force	5 527	5 576	5 477	5 590	5 574	-16	46	-0,3	0,8
Employed	4 125	4 194	4 178	4 184	4 180	-4	55	-0,1	1,3
Unemployed	1 402	1 382	1 299	1 406	1 394	-12	-8	-0,8	-0,6
Not economically active	2 372	2 351	2 477	2 392	2 435	44	63	1,8	2,7
Discouraged work-seekers	284	259	294	316	306	-10	22	-3,3	7,8
Other	2 088	2 092	2 183	2 075	2 129	54	41	2,6	2,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	25,4	24,8	23,7	25,2	25,0	-0,2	-0,4		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	52,2	52,9	52,5	52,4	52,2	-0,2	0,0		
Labour force participation rate	70,0	70,4	68,9	70,0	69,6	-0,4	-0,4		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.2: Labour force characteristics by province (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Mpumalanga									
Population 15-64 yrs	2 366	2 376	2 386	2 396	2 406	10	40	0,4	1,7
Labour Force	1 341	1 345	1 357	1 374	1 420	46	78	3,3	5,8
Employed	953	928	959	970	1 002	33	49	3,4	5,2
Unemployed	388	418	399	404	417	13	29	3,3	7,4
Not economically active	1 025	1 031	1 029	1 023	987	-36	-38	-3,5	-3,7
Discouraged work-seekers	229	243	226	245	224	-21	-5	-8,7	-2,4
Other	795	788	803	777	763	-15	-33	-1,9	-4,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	28,9	31,1	29,4	29,4	29,4	0,0	0,5		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	40,3	39,1	40,2	40,5	41,7	1,2	1,4		
Labour force participation rate	56,7	56,6	56,9	57,3	59,0	1,7	2,3		
Limpopo									
Population 15-64 yrs	3 411	3 427	3 442	3 457	3 472	15	61	0,4	1,8
Labour Force	1 276	1 394	1 358	1 321	1 306	-15	30	-1,1	2,4
Employed	1 018	1 084	1 092	1 053	1 071	17	53	1,6	5,2
Unemployed	258	310	266	268	236	-32	-22	-11,8	-8,7
Not economically active	2 134	2 033	2 084	2 136	2 166	30	31	1,4	1,5
Discouraged work-seekers	430	357	330	421	451	30	21	7,1	5,0
Other	1 705	1 676	1 754	1 715	1 715		10	0,0	0,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	20,2	22,2	19,6	20,3	18,1	-2,2	-2,1		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	29,8	31,6	31,7	30,5	30,8	0,3	1,0		
Labour force participation rate	37,4	40,7	39,5	38,2	37,6	-0,6	0,2		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province - Expanded definition of unemployment									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
South Africa									
Population 15-64 yrs	32 903	33 018	33 128	33 240	33 352	112	449	0,3	1,4
Labour Force	21 070	21 412	21 179	21 523	21 696	173	627	0,8	3,0
Employed	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Unemployed	7 623	7 767	7 602	7 902	7 976	73	353	0,9	4,6
Not economically active	11 833	11 606	11 949	11 716	11 656	-61	-178	-0,5	-1,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	36,2	36,3	35,9	36,7	36,8	0,1	0,6		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	40,9	41,3	41,0	41,0	41,1	0,1	0,2		
Labour force participation rate	64,0	64,8	63,9	64,8	65,1	0,3	1,1		
Western Cape									
Population 15-64 yrs	3 484	3 497	3 511	3 524	3 538	14	54	0,4	1,6
Labour Force	2 420	2 472	2 452	2 440	2 469	29	48	1,2	2,0
Employed	1 815	1 806	1 824	1 810	1 810	0	-5	0,0	-0,3
Unemployed	605	666	628	630	658	29	53	4,6	8,8
Not economically active	1 063	1 026	1 059	1 084	1 069	-15	6	-1,4	0,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	25,0	26,9	25,6	25,8	26,7	0,9	1,7		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	52,1	51,6	52,0	51,4	51,2	-0,2	-0,9		
Labour force participation rate	69,5	70,7	69,8	69,2	69,8	0,6	0,3		
Eastern Cape									
Population 15-64 yrs	4 215	4 225	4 234	4 243	4 252	9	37	0,2	0,9
Labour Force	2 255	2 333	2 341	2 419	2 411	-9	156	-0,4	6,9
Employed	1 298	1 330	1 261	1 312	1 321	9	23	0,7	1,8
Unemployed	957	1 002	1 080	1 107	1 090	-18	132	-1,6	13,8
Not economically active	1 960	1 893	1 893	1 824	1 841	18	-118	1,0	-6,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	42,4	43,0	46,1	45,8	45,2	-0,6	2,8		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	30,8	31,5	29,8	30,9	31,1	0,2	0,3		
Labour force participation rate	53,5	55,2	55,3	57,0	56,7	-0,3	3,2		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province - Expanded definition of unemployment (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Northern Cape									
Population 15-64 yrs	727	730	732	734	737	2	9	0,3	1,2
Labour Force	446	463	450	446	460	14	14	3,2	3,0
Employed	281	290	292	286	295	9	14	3,1	5,0
Unemployed	166	172	157	160	165	6	0	3,5	-0,2
Not economically active	281	267	282	289	277	-12	-5	-4,2	-1,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	37,1	37,2	35,0	35,9	35,9	0,0	-1,2		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	38,7	39,7	39,9	39,0	40,0	1,0	1,3		
Labour force participation rate	61,5	63,3	61,3	60,8	62,4	1,6	0,9		
Free State									
Population 15-64 yrs	1 884	1 888	1 891	1 895	1 898	3	14	0,2	0,7
Labour Force	1 206	1 220	1 222	1 242	1 255	13	49	1,0	4,0
Employed	728	736	732	754	761	7	33	0,9	4,6
Unemployed	478	484	489	488	494	6	16	1,2	3,2
Not economically active	678	668	670	652	643	-9	-35	-1,4	-5,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	39,6	39,7	40,0	39,3	39,3	0,0	-0,3		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	38,6	39,0	38,7	39,8	40,1	0,3	1,5		
Labour force participation rate	64,0	64,6	64,6	65,5	66,1	0,6	2,1		
KwaZulu-Natal									
Population 15-64 yrs	6 855	6 881	6 905	6 930	6 955	25	100	0,4	1,5
Labour Force	4 097	4 186	4 092	4 116	4 213	97	115	2,4	2,8
Employed	2 520	2 533	2 493	2 520	2 533	14	13	0,5	0,5
Unemployed	1 577	1 652	1 599	1 596	1 679	83	102	5,2	6,5
Not economically active	2 758	2 695	2 814	2 815	2 742	-72	-15	-2,6	-0,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	38,5	39,5	39,1	38,8	39,9	1,1	1,4		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	36,8	36,8	36,1	36,4	36,4	0,0	-0,4		
Labour force participation rate	59,8	60,8	59,3	59,4	60,6	1,2	0,8		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province - Expanded definition of unemployment (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
North West									
Population 15-64 yrs	2 061	2 067	2 073	2 079	2 085	6	24	0,3	1,1
Labour Force	1 292	1 273	1 267	1 272	1 322	50	30	3,9	2,4
Employed	709	745	747	731	748	17	39	2,3	5,5
Unemployed	583	528	520	541	575	33	-8	6,2	-1,4
Not economically active	769	794	806	807	762	-44	-7	-5,5	-0,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	45,1	41,5	41,0	42,5	43,5	1,0	-1,6		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	34,4	36,0	36,0	35,2	35,9	0,7	1,5		
Labour force participation rate	62,7	61,6	61,1	61,2	63,4	2,2	0,7		
Gauteng									
Population 15-64 yrs	7 899	7 926	7 954	7 981	8 009	28	110	0,3	1,4
Labour Force	5 879	5 920	5 866	6 013	5 970	-43	92	-0,7	1,6
Employed	4 125	4 194	4 178	4 184	4 180	-4	55	-0,1	1,3
Unemployed	1 754	1 726	1 688	1 829	1 790	-39	37	-2,1	2,1
Not economically active	2 021	2 007	2 088	1 968	2 039	71	18	3,6	0,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	29,8	29,2	28,8	30,4	30,0	-0,4	0,2		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	52,2	52,9	52,5	52,4	52,2	-0,2	0,0		
Labour force participation rate	74,4	74,7	73,7	75,3	74,5	-0,8	0,1		
Mpumalanga									
Population 15-64 yrs	2 366	2 376	2 386	2 396	2 406	10	40	0,4	1,7
Labour Force	1 667	1 701	1 698	1 713	1 734	21	67	1,2	4,0
Employed	953	928	959	970	1 002	33	49	3,4	5,2
Unemployed	714	773	739	743	732	-12	18	-1,6	2,5
Not economically active	699	675	689	683	672	-11	-27	-1,6	-3,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	42,8	45,4	43,5	43,4	42,2	-1,2	-0,6		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	40,3	39,1	40,2	40,5	41,7	1,2	1,4		
Labour force participation rate	70,5	71,6	71,2	71,5	72,1	0,6	1,6		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province - Expanded definition of unemployment (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Limpopo									
Population 15-64 yrs	3 411	3 427	3 442	3 457	3 472	15	61	0,4	1,8
Labour Force	1 807	1 846	1 792	1 862	1 863	1	56	0,1	3,1
Employed	1 018	1 084	1 092	1 053	1 071	17	53	1,6	5,2
Unemployed	789	762	701	808	793	-16	3	-1,9	0,4
Not economically active	1 603	1 581	1 650	1 595	1 609	14	6	0,9	0,4
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	43,7	41,3	39,1	43,4	42,5	-0,9	-1,2		
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	29,8	31,6	31,7	30,5	30,8	0,3	1,0		
Labour force participation rate	53,0	53,9	52,1	53,8	53,7	-0,1	0,7		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: Employment refers to market production activities.

Table 3.1: Employed by industry and sex - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
Both sexes	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Agriculture	638	661	685	739	712	-26	74	-3,6	11,6
Mining	357	349	357	365	374	9	16	2,4	4,5
Manufacturing	1 678	1 727	1 730	1 753	1 735	-18	57	-1,0	3,4
Utilities	98	105	98	117	115	-2	16	-1,7	16,6
Construction	1 012	1 046	1 061	1 020	1 083	62	71	6,1	7,0
Trade	2 966	2 962	2 921	2 855	2 906	52	-59	1,8	-2,0
Transport	791	834	816	813	832	19	41	2,3	5,1
Finance	1 737	1 811	1 804	1 781	1 818	37	81	2,1	4,7
Community and social services	3 012	3 025	3 028	3 072	3 050	-22	38	-0,7	1,3
Private households	1 153	1 124	1 076	1 105	1 093	-12	-60	-1,1	-5,2
Other	5	1	2	2	3	1	-1	72,5	-25,4
Women	5 872	5 940	5 885	5 967	6 037	70	164	1,2	2,8
Agriculture	201	221	227	248	217	-31	16	-12,7	8,0
Mining	52	47	49	49	49		-3	0,4	-5,6
Manufacturing	516	561	557	583	571	-11	55	-1,9	10,7
Utilities	19	27	22	34	32	-2	13	-6,1	69,6
Construction	120	127	141	120	133	12	12	10,3	10,4
Trade	1 391	1 398	1 414	1 370	1 420	49	28	3,6	2,0
Transport	155	165	142	153	170	16	15	10,6	9,8
Finance	744	739	747	736	740	3	-4	0,5	-0,6
Community and social services	1 785	1 798	1 744	1 805	1 835	30	50	1,6	2,8
Private households	889	857	840	867	870	3	-19	0,3	-2,1
Other	2		1	1	2	1	1	77,0	43,6
Men	7 574	7 706	7 693	7 654	7 684	30	110	0,4	1,5
Agriculture	438	440	458	491	496	5	58	1,0	13,3
Mining	306	302	308	316	325	9	19	2,7	6,2
Manufacturing	1 162	1 166	1 173	1 170	1 164	-6	2	-0,5	0,2
Utilities	80	78	76	83	83		3	0,1	4,1
Construction	892	919	920	900	950	50	58	5,5	6,6
Trade	1 574	1 564	1 507	1 484	1 487	2	-88	0,1	-5,6
Transport	636	669	673	659	662	3	26	0,4	4,0
Finance	993	1 072	1 057	1 044	1 078	34	86	3,2	8,6
Community and social services	1 227	1 227	1 284	1 267	1 215	-52	-12	-4,1	-1,0
Private households	264	268	236	238	223	-15	-41	-6,1	-15,4
Other	3			1	1	1	-2	65,6	-58,4

Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
Agriculture	638	661	685	739	712	-26	74	-3,6	11,6
Western Cape	102	123	129	126	117	-9	15	-7,1	14,5
Eastern Cape	60	60	60	92	88	-4	28	-4,1	46,1
Northern Cape	43	45	49	46	43	-3		-5,5	0,0
Free State	56	68	63	89	65	-25	9	-27,5	16,1
KwaZulu-Natal	91	89	99	99	96	-3	5	-3,1	5,0
North West	34	31	28	34	32	-1	-1	-4,0	-3,7
Gauteng	69	49	45	43	44	1	-25	1,8	-36,1
Mpumalanga	85	87	95	96	103	7	18	6,9	21,7
Limpopo	99	109	117	114	125	10	26	9,2	26,3
Mining	357	349	357	365	374	9	16	2,4	4,5
Western Cape	4	2	3	2	2		-2	-4,2	-49,4
Eastern Cape	3	1	2	2	1	-1	-2	-47,0	-65,3
Northern Cape	19	17	17	20	18	-1		-7,5	-0,5
Free State	26	27	27	26	22	-4	-5	-14,9	-17,1
KwaZulu-Natal	19	18	30	24	25	1	6	4,2	28,5
North West	120	115	122	129	137	7	16	5,7	13,7
Gauteng	32	30	23	18	23	6	-8	32,8	-25,9
Mpumalanga	67	60	59	75	75		8	-0,1	12,1
Limpopo	68	78	75	70	71	1	3	1,3	4,0
Manufacturing	1 678	1 727	1 730	1 753	1 735	-18	57	-1,0	3,4
Western Cape	280	287	279	293	257	-36	-23	-12,2	-8,2
Eastern Cape	158	163	174	176	173	-4	15	-2,1	9,4
Northern Cape	10	11	11	11	11	-1	1	-6,2	6,3
Free State	57	59	71	67	64	-3	6	-5,1	10,9
KwaZulu-Natal	389	392	361	365	370	5	-20	1,4	-5,1
North West	56	55	59	61	59	-2	3	-3,3	4,5
Gauteng	589	607	608	615	633	18	44	2,9	7,5
Mpumalanga	76	77	96	95	94	-1	18	-1,2	23,9
Limpopo	63	76	71	70	76	6	13	8,8	20,8

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Utilities	98	105	98	117	115	-2	16	-1,7	16,6
Western Cape	6	13	12	11	15	4	9	34,3	150,8
Eastern Cape	7	6	3	1	8	7	1	501,3	20,1
Northern Cape	3	3	3	3	2	-1	-1	-41,4	-36,0
Free State	6	6	3	8	6	-2	1	-20,8	9,4
KwaZulu-Natal	13	10	14	10	10	-1	-3	-8,1	-26,7
North West	5	8	5	6	7	1	2	15,4	39,0
Gauteng	22	28	29	45	34	-11	12	-25,3	51,8
Mpumalanga	26	22	17	18	24	6	-2	30,8	-6,9
Limpopo	11	9	12	13	9	-4	-2	-32,0	-16,4
Construction	1 012	1 046	1 061	1 020	1 083	62	71	6,1	7,0
Western Cape	144	135	138	129	142	14	-1	10,5	-0,7
Eastern Cape	106	143	131	128	134	7	28	5,2	26,7
Northern Cape	20	14	18	21	21		2	0,2	7,8
Free State	48	51	52	54	51	-3	3	-6,2	6,1
KwaZulu-Natal	211	215	220	215	237	23	26	10,5	12,2
North West	45	42	43	37	46	8		22,2	0,4
Gauteng	269	279	287	278	268	-10	-1	-3,8	-0,3
Mpumalanga	76	66	73	71	79	8	3	10,6	4,4
Limpopo	94	101	99	87	105	17	11	20,0	11,4
Trade	2 966	2 962	2 921	2 855	2 906	52	-59	1,8	-2,0
Western Cape	395	383	378	368	398	31	3	8,3	0,8
Eastern Cape	324	313	284	275	284	8	-40	3,1	-12,3
Northern Cape	42	48	50	46	51	5	9	11,6	22,4
Free State	156	149	150	136	145	9	-11	6,6	-6,7
KwaZulu-Natal	545	524	497	498	511	13	-35	2,6	-6,4
North West	145	151	142	138	140	2	-6	1,2	-4,1
Gauteng	851	910	932	934	914	-20	64	-2,1	7,5
Mpumalanga	249	224	226	208	221	13	-28	6,3	-11,2
Limpopo	259	259	261	252	243	-9	-16	-3,7	-6,3

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Transport	791	834	816	813	832	19	41	2,3	5,1
Western Cape	96	92	96	113	117	4	21	4,0	22,3
Eastern Cape	69	69	65	64	70	6	1	9,1	2,0
Northern Cape	8	10	10	10	15	4	7	42,1	93,1
Free State	30	32	28	37	34	-3	4	-7,1	14,7
KwaZulu-Natal	196	206	186	198	190	-8	-6	-4,1	-3,0
North West	30	31	33	28	23	-5	-7	-17,0	-22,0
Gauteng	254	293	296	287	311	24	56	8,4	22,1
Mpumalanga	56	47	53	41	39	-2	-17	-3,9	-30,2
Limpopo	53	54	49	35	32	-3	-20	-7,4	-38,7
Finance	1 737	1 811	1 804	1 781	1 818	37	81	2,1	4,7
Western Cape	282	273	305	303	292	-11	11	-3,5	3,9
Eastern Cape	102	120	106	112	107	-5	5	-4,7	4,6
Northern Cape	25	29	23	25	24	-1	-1	-2,1	-2,3
Free State	76	66	66	61	59	-2	-18	-3,3	-23,0
KwaZulu-Natal	282	298	302	316	299	-17	17	-5,3	6,2
North West	45	64	78	62	63	1	18	1,1	40,9
Gauteng	786	804	773	755	820	65	34	8,6	4,3
Mpumalanga	85	97	83	84	93	9	7	10,8	8,4
Limpopo	55	61	68	63	61	-2	6	-3,3	11,9
Community and social services	3 012	3 025	3 028	3 072	3 050	-22	38	-0,7	1,3
Western Cape	391	377	388	369	375	6	-15	1,7	-4,0
Eastern Cape	363	348	320	331	342	12	-21	3,5	-5,7
Northern Cape	89	87	83	84	83	-1	-7	-1,7	-7,5
Free State	176	180	183	194	222	28	46	14,5	26,4
KwaZulu-Natal	544	560	566	561	577	16	33	2,8	6,0
North West	164	175	184	181	180	-1	16	-0,6	9,6
Gauteng	900	899	888	904	828	-76	-72	-8,4	-8,0
Mpumalanga	148	158	168	191	188	-3	40	-1,3	27,4
Limpopo	236	242	249	256	254	-3	17	-1,1	7,3

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Private households	1 153	1 124	1 076	1 105	1 093	-12	-60	-1,1	-5,2
Western Cape	117	119	95	97	93	-3	-23	-3,4	-20,0
Eastern Cape	106	109	116	131	114	-17	7	-13,0	6,9
Northern Cape	23	26	30	20	26	6	3	29,7	12,7
Free State	97	96	91	82	94	11	-3	13,5	-3,5
KwaZulu-Natal	229	222	217	235	220	-15	-9	-6,3	-3,9
North West	64	73	52	54	61	7	-3	12,5	-4,5
Gauteng	349	296	296	302	303	1	-47	0,2	-13,3
Mpumalanga	86	88	88	91	87	-5	0	-5,1	0,1
Limpopo	81	96	90	93	96	3	15	3,3	18,3

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.3: Employed by sector and industry - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Total employed	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Formal and informal sector (Non-agricultural)	11 656	11 860	11 816	11 777	11 916	138	260	1,2	2,2
Mining	357	349	357	365	374	9	16	2,4	4,5
Manufacturing	1 678	1 727	1 730	1 753	1 735	-18	57	-1,0	3,4
Utilities	98	105	98	117	115	-2	16	-1,7	16,6
Construction	1 012	1 046	1 061	1 020	1 083	62	71	6,1	7,0
Trade	2 966	2 962	2 921	2 855	2 906	52	-59	1,8	-2,0
Transport	791	834	816	813	832	19	41	2,3	5,1
Finance	1 737	1 811	1 804	1 781	1 818	37	81	2,1	4,7
Community and social services	3 012	3 025	3 028	3 072	3 050	-22	38	-0,7	1,3
Other	5	1	2	2	3	1	-1	72,5	-25,4
Formal sector (Non- agricultural)	9 571	9 663	9 611	9 586	9 694	109	123	1,1	1,3
Mining	357	348	354	364	372	8	15	2,2	4,2
Manufacturing	1 507	1 531	1 538	1 530	1 521	-9	13	-0,6	0,9
Utilities	97	103	97	115	113	-2	16	-2,1	16,7
Construction	719	723	743	734	749	15	29	2,0	4,1
Trade	1 965	1 943	1 898	1 893	1 922	29	-43	1,5	-2,2
Transport	604	637	607	601	626	25	22	4,1	3,6
Finance	1 605	1 671	1 671	1 630	1 677	47	72	2,9	4,5
Community and social services	2 712	2 705	2 701	2 716	2 712	-4	0	-0,1	0,0
Other	5	1	2	2	3	1	-2	41,4	-38,9
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	2 085	2 197	2 205	2 192	2 221	30	137	1,4	6,6
Mining	0	1	4	1	2	1	1	117,9	238,5
Manufacturing	171	196	192	223	215	-9	43	-3,9	25,4
Utilities	2	2	2	1	2	0	0	36,6	6,7
Construction	292	323	317	287	334	47	42	16,4	14,2
Trade	1 000	1 019	1 022	961	984	23	-16	2,4	-1,6
Transport	187	198	208	212	206	-6	19	-2,8	10,1
Finance	132	140	133	150	141	-10	9	-6,4	6,5
Community and social services	300	320	328	356	338	-18	38	-5,1	12,7
Other					1				
Agriculture	638	661	685	739	712	-26	74	-3,6	11,6
Private households	1 153	1 124	1 076	1 105	1 093	-12	-60	-1,1	-5,2

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.4: Employed by province and sector									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
South Africa	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	9 571	9 663	9 611	9 586	9 694	109	123	1,1	1,3
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	2 085	2 197	2 205	2 192	2 221	30	137	1,4	6,6
Agriculture	638	661	685	739	712	-26	74	-3,6	11,6
Private households	1 153	1 124	1 076	1 105	1 093	-12	-60	-1,1	-5,2
Western Cape	1 815	1 806	1 824	1 810	1 810	0	-5	0,0	-0,3
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1 435	1 400	1 422	1 401	1 415	14	-21	1,0	-1,4
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	162	163	177	188	186	-2	24	-1,0	14,9
Agriculture	102	123	129	126	117	-9	15	-7,1	14,5
Private households	117	119	95	97	93	-3	-23	-3,4	-20,0
Eastern Cape	1 298	1 330	1 261	1 312	1 321	9	23	0,7	1,8
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	877	868	830	812	824	11	-53	1,4	-6,1
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	254	294	255	278	296	18	42	6,6	16,4
Agriculture	60	60	60	92	88	-4	28	-4,1	46,1
Private households	106	109	116	131	114	-17	7	-13,0	6,9
Northern Cape	281	290	292	286	295	9	14	3,1	5,0
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	189	186	180	199	200	0	11	0,2	6,0
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	26	33	34	21	25	5	0	23,0	-0,8
Agriculture	43	45	49	46	43	-3	0	-5,5	0,0
Private households	23	26	30	20	26	6	3	29,7	12,7
Free State	728	736	732	754	761	7	33	0,9	4,6
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	475	465	466	474	486	11	11	2,4	2,3
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	100	106	113	108	117	9	17	8,1	17,0
Agriculture	56	68	63	89	65	-25	9	-27,5	16,1
Private households	97	96	91	82	94	11	-3	13,5	-3,5
KwaZulu-Natal	2 520	2 533	2 493	2 520	2 533	14	13	0,5	0,5
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1 757	1 814	1 791	1 795	1 796	1	39	0,1	2,2
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	443	408	386	392	422	30	-21	7,7	-4,8
Agriculture	91	89	99	99	96	-3	5	-3,1	5,0
Private households	229	222	217	235	220	-15	-9	-6,3	-3,9

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.4: Employed by province and sector (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
North West	709	745	747	731	748	17	39	2,3	5,5
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	505	535	560	536	558	22	53	4,1	10,6
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	106	106	107	107	96	-11	-10	-10,4	-9,9
Agriculture	34	31	28	34	32	-1	-1	-4,0	-3,7
Private households	64	73	52	54	61	7	-3	12,5	-4,5
Gauteng	4 125	4 194	4 178	4 184	4 180	-4	55	-0,1	1,3
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	3 227	3 301	3 253	3 268	3 258	-10	31	-0,3	0,9
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	479	548	584	571	575	4	96	0,8	20,0
Agriculture	69	49	45	43	44	1	-25	1,8	-36,1
Private households	349	296	296	302	303	1	-47	0,2	-13,3
Mpumalanga	953	928	959	970	1 002	33	49	3,4	5,2
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	568	554	547	563	599	37	31	6,5	5,5
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	214	199	228	220	214	-6	0	-2,7	-0,1
Agriculture	85	87	95	96	103	7	18	6,9	21,7
Private households	86	88	88	91	87	-5	0	-5,1	0,1
Limpopo	1 018	1 084	1 092	1 053	1 071	17	53	1,6	5,2
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	538	540	563	538	559	21	22	4,0	4,0
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	301	339	322	309	291	-18	-10	-5,8	-3,3
Agriculture	99	109	117	114	125	10	26	9,2	26,3
Private households	81	96	90	93	96	3	15	3,3	18,3

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.5: Employed by sex and occupation - South Africa

	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Both sexes	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Manager	1 062	1 135	1 075	1 115	1 146	31	84	2,8	7,9
Professional	816	798	805	870	854	-15	38	-1,8	4,7
Technician	1 577	1 523	1 503	1 504	1 550	46	-27	3,1	-1,7
Clerk	1 406	1 390	1 443	1 435	1 474	39	69	2,7	4,9
Sales and services	1 956	2 062	1 996	1 951	1 970	20	14	1,0	0,7
Skilled agriculture	67	67	60	70	59	-11	-8	-15,7	-12,0
Craft and related trade	1 581	1 662	1 660	1 573	1 610	37	29	2,3	1,8
Plant and machine operator	1 111	1 150	1 139	1 222	1 195	-27	84	-2,2	7,6
Elementary	2 957	2 982	3 034	3 004	2 967	-37	10	-1,2	0,3
Domestic worker	913	876	861	877	895	18	-18	2,0	-1,9
Women	5 872	5 940	5 885	5 967	6 037	70	164	1,2	2,8
Manager	337	346	330	329	351	21	13	6,5	3,9
Professional	370	343	345	373	354	-19	-16	-5,1	-4,4
Technician	842	859	829	823	871	49	29	5,9	3,5
Clerk	987	970	1 015	1 011	1 039	27	51	2,7	5,2
Sales and services	895	969	909	951	953	2	58	0,2	6,5
Skilled agriculture	17	22	24	21	16	-5	-1	-23,7	-4,9
Craft and related trade	154	168	189	178	178		24	0,1	15,4
Plant and machine operator	148	155	147	165	166	2	18	1,0	12,4
Elementary	1 248	1 271	1 269	1 268	1 255	-13	7	-1,0	0,6
Domestic worker	874	837	828	849	854	5	-20	0,6	-2,3
Men	7 574	7 706	7 693	7 654	7 684	30	110	0,4	1,5
Manager	725	789	745	786	795	10	70	1,2	9,7
Professional	446	455	460	497	500	3	55	0,7	12,3
Technician	736	664	675	681	679	-3	-57	-0,4	-7,7
Clerk	419	420	428	424	436	12	17	2,8	4,1
Sales and services	1 061	1 092	1 086	1 000	1 017	17	-44	1,7	-4,2
Skilled agriculture	50	46	36	48	43	-6	-7	-12,2	-14,4
Craft and related trade	1 427	1 494	1 471	1 396	1 432	36	5	2,6	0,3
Plant and machine operator	962	995	992	1 057	1 029	-29	66	-2,7	6,9
Elementary	1 710	1 711	1 765	1 737	1 712	-24	2	-1,4	0,1
Domestic worker	39	39	33	29	42	13	2	44,2	6,0

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.6: Employed by sex and status in employment - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Both sexes	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Employee	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Employer	695	767	698	744	739	-5	45	-0,7	6,4
Own-account worker	1 243	1 236	1 285	1 257	1 226	-31	-17	-2,5	-1,4
Unpaid household member	93	101	84	80	86	6	-7	7,6	-7,5
Women	5 872	5 940	5 885	5 967	6 037	70	164	1,2	2,8
Employee	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Employer	148	154	138	147	156	9	8	6,0	5,2
Own-account worker	543	544	577	557	562	6	20	1,0	3,6
Unpaid household member	64	69	53	56	54	-1	-9	-2,4	-14,8
Men	7 574	7 706	7 693	7 654	7 684	30	110	0,4	1,5
Employee	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Employer	546	613	560	597	583	-14	37	-2,3	6,8
Own-account worker	701	692	708	701	664	-37	-37	-5,2	-5,2
Unpaid household member	29	33	30	24	32	7	2	30,5	8,4

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.7: Employed by sex and usual hours of work - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Both sexes	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Working less than 15 hours per week	228	247	254	254	254	0	26	0,2	11,6
Working 15-29 hours per week	784	797	814	819	832	13	48	1,6	6,1
Working 30-39 hours per week	936	991	940	944	1 012	68	76	7,2	8,1
Working 40-45 hours per week	7 504	7 455	7 404	7 592	7 495	-97	-10	-1,3	-0,1
Working more than 45 hours per week	3 994	4 155	4 165	4 012	4 128	116	134	2,9	3,3
Women	5 872	5 940	5 885	5 967	6 037	70	164	1,2	2,8
Working less than 15 hours per week	146	160	177	175	172	-3	26	-1,9	17,4
Working 15-29 hours per week	521	528	536	538	525	-13	4	-2,4	0,8
Working 30-39 hours per week	600	602	600	598	647	49	47	8,1	7,8
Working 40-45 hours per week	3 275	3 197	3 131	3 275	3 242	-33	-33	-1,0	-1,0
Working more than 45 hours per week	1 330	1 453	1 440	1 380	1 451	71	121	5,1	9,1
Men	7 574	7 706	7 693	7 654	7 684	30	110	0,4	1,5
Working less than 15 hours per week	82	88	77	79	82	4	1	4,9	1,1
Working 15-29 hours per week	263	269	278	281	307	26	44	9,2	16,6
Working 30-39 hours per week	336	389	339	346	365	19	29	5,6	8,6
Working 40-45 hours per week	4 229	4 257	4 273	4 317	4 253	-64	23	-1,5	0,6
Working more than 45 hours per week	2 664	2 703	2 725	2 632	2 677	45	13	1,7	0,5

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Pension/retirement fund contribution									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Yes	5 631	5 603	5 597	5 587	5 617	30	-14	0,5	-0,2
No	5 612	5 711	5 734	5 735	5 843	107	230	1,9	4,1
Don't know	172	227	180	217	210	-7	37	-3,4	21,5
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Yes	2 347	2 321	2 308	2 328	2 331	3	-16	0,1	-0,7
No	2 707	2 758	2 732	2 793	2 832	39	125	1,4	4,6
Don't know	64	94	77	87	101	14	38	16,6	59,4
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Yes	3 284	3 282	3 290	3 259	3 286	27	2	0,8	0,1
No	2 905	2 952	3 001	2 943	3 010	68	105	2,3	3,6
Don't know	109	133	103	130	108	-22	-1	-16,7	-0,6
Entitled to any paid leave									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Yes	7 568	6 968	7 141	7 378	7 396	18	-172	0,2	-2,3
No	3 723	4 401	4 230	4 027	4 116	90	393	2,2	10,6
Don't know	124	172	140	135	157	22	32	16,4	26,0
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Yes	3 284	3 035	3 086	3 176	3 258	82	-26	2,6	-0,8
No	1 791	2 076	1 971	1 980	1 938	-43	147	-2,2	8,2
Don't know	43	63	59	51	69	18	25	34,6	58,7
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Yes	4 284	3 934	4 055	4 202	4 139	-64	-146	-1,5	-3,4
No	1 933	2 325	2 259	2 046	2 179	132	246	6,5	12,7
Don't know	81	109	81	84	88	4	7	5,2	8,5

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment - South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Entitled to paid sick leave									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Yes	7 879	7 893	7 856	7 971	8 028	57	149	0,7	1,9
No	3 537	3 648	3 654	3 568	3 641	73	104	2,0	2,9
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Yes	3 449	3 438	3 395	3 468	3 550	82	101	2,4	2,9
No	1 669	1 735	1 721	1 740	1 714	-25	45	-1,5	2,7
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Yes	4 430	4 455	4 461	4 503	4 478	-25	48	-0,6	1,1
No	1 868	1 913	1 933	1 829	1 927	98	59	5,4	3,2
Entitled to maternity/paternity leave									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Yes	6 284	5 969	5 993	6 092	6 145	53	-139	0,9	-2,2
No	5 132	5 572	5 517	5 448	5 524	77	393	1,4	7,7
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Yes	2 898	2 792	2 759	2 820	2 883	63	-15	2,2	-0,5
No	2 220	2 381	2 357	2 388	2 382	-6	162	-0,3	7,3
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Yes	3 386	3 177	3 234	3 272	3 262	-10	-124	-0,3	-3,7
No	2 912	3 191	3 160	3 060	3 143	83	231	2,7	7,9

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment - South Africa (continued)

	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
UIF contribution									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Yes	6 463	7 159	7 059	7 090	7 251	161	788	2,3	12,2
No	4 819	4 183	4 277	4 250	4 225	-25	-594	-0,6	-12,3
Don't know	134	200	175	200	193	-6	60	-3,2	44,7
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Yes	2 640	2 957	2 953	2 941	2 997	56	357	1,9	13,5
No	2 434	2 132	2 081	2 163	2 171	8	-264	0,3	-10,8
Don't know	43	85	82	103	96	-7	53	-6,7	121,9
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Yes	3 823	4 202	4 106	4 149	4 254	105	431	2,5	11,3
No	2 385	2 051	2 196	2 087	2 054	-32	-331	-1,5	-13,9
Don't know	90	115	93	96	97	1	7	0,6	7,5
Medical aid benefits									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Yes	3 767	3 821	3 686	3 683	3 673	-10	-94	-0,3	-2,5
No	7 538	7 601	7 725	7 745	7 863	118	325	1,5	4,3
Don't know	110	119	100	111	133	22	23	19,9	21,1
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Yes	1 640	1 640	1 580	1 570	1 581	11	-58	0,7	-3,6
No	3 430	3 486	3 492	3 586	3 617	32	187	0,9	5,5
Don't know	47	47	45	51	65	14	18	28,0	37,9
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Yes	2 127	2 181	2 107	2 113	2 091	-21	-36	-1,0	-1,7
No	4 108	4 115	4 233	4 159	4 246	86	138	2,1	3,4
Don't know	63	72	55	60	68	8	5	13,0	8,4

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment - South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Income tax (PAYE/ SITE) deduction									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Yes	6 369	6 422	6 445	6 487	6 482	-5	113	-0,1	1,8
No	4 872	4 900	4 878	4 852	4 963	111	91	2,3	1,9
Don't know	175	219	188	200	225	24	49	12,2	28,1
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Yes	2 674	2 674	2 663	2 710	2 724	14	50	0,5	1,9
No	2 383	2 428	2 382	2 414	2 448	33	64	1,4	2,7
Don't know	60	71	71	83	92	9	32	11,2	52,9
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Yes	3 695	3 748	3 782	3 776	3 757	-19	62	-0,5	1,7
No	2 488	2 471	2 495	2 438	2 515	77	27	3,2	1,1
Don't know	115	149	117	117	133	15	17	12,9	15,2
Condition of employment									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	254	1,1	2,2
Written contract	9 233	9 311	9 206	9 318	9 392	74	158	0,8	1,7
Verbal agreement	2 182	2 229	2 304	2 222	2 277	56	95	2,5	4,4
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	147	1,1	2,9
Written contract	4 055	4 088	4 041	4 105	4 166	61	111	1,5	2,7
Verbal agreement	1 063	1 085	1 076	1 103	1 098	-5	36	-0,4	3,4
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Written contract	5 178	5 223	5 166	5 213	5 226	13	47	0,2	0,9
Verbal agreement	1 120	1 144	1 229	1 119	1 179	60	60	5,4	5,3

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment - South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Nature of contract/agreement									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	253	1,1	2,2
Limited duration	1 571	1 622	1 574	1 609	1 641	32	70	2,0	4,5
Permanent nature	7 350	7 342	7 349	7 332	7 348	16	-2	0,2	0,0
Unspecified duration	2 495	2 577	2 588	2 599	2 680	81	185	3,1	7,4
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	146	1,1	2,9
Limited duration	712	762	735	772	747	-25	35	-3,2	4,9
Permanent nature	3 190	3 172	3 132	3 172	3 228	56	38	1,8	1,2
Unspecified duration	1 216	1 239	1 249	1 263	1 289	26	73	2,1	6,0
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Limited duration	859	860	839	837	893	56	34	6,7	4,0
Permanent nature	4 160	4 170	4 217	4 159	4 120	-39	-40	-0,9	-1,0
Unspecified duration	1 279	1 338	1 339	1 336	1 391	55	112	4,1	8,8
Trade union membership									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	253	1,1	2,2
Yes	3 406	3 367	3 417	3 391	3 286	-105	-120	-3,1	-3,5
No	7 768	7 858	7 836	7 861	8 092	231	324	2,9	4,2
Don't know	241	315	258	288	291	3	50	1,0	20,7
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	146	1,1	2,9
Yes	1 374	1 354	1 399	1 386	1 357	-29	-17	-2,1	-1,2
No	3 647	3 700	3 614	3 713	3 798	85	151	2,3	4,1
Don't know	96	119	103	109	109	0	13	0,0	13,5
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Yes	2 032	2 013	2 018	2 005	1 928	-77	-104	-3,8	-5,1
No	4 121	4 158	4 222	4 148	4 295	147	174	3,5	4,2
Don't know	145	196	155	179	182	3	37	1,7	25,5

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment - South Africa (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
How annual salary increment is negotiated									
Both sexes	11 416	11 541	11 511	11 539	11 669	130	253	1,1	2,2
Individual and employer	1 337	1 425	1 349	1 202	1 206	4	-131	0,3	-9,8
Union and employer	2 738	2 574	2 620	2 558	2 499	-59	-239	-2,3	-8,7
Bargaining council	1 079	1 121	1 067	1 080	1 039	-41	-40	-3,8	-3,7
Employer only	5 586	5 777	5 855	5 969	6 288	319	702	5,3	12,6
No regular increment	619	584	567	661	583	-78	-36	-11,8	-5,8
Other	56	60	53	70	55	-15	-1	-21,4	-1,8
Women	5 118	5 173	5 116	5 207	5 264	57	146	1,1	2,9
Individual and employer	590	619	569	511	507	-4	-83	-0,8	-14,1
Union and employer	1 065	967	1 012	971	956	-15	-109	-1,5	-10,2
Bargaining council	507	561	500	529	535	6	28	1,1	5,5
Employer only	2 643	2 719	2 757	2 830	2 985	155	342	5,5	12,9
No regular increment	293	285	258	339	265	-74	-28	-21,8	-9,6
Other	20	21	20	26	17	-9	-3	-34,6	-15,0
Men	6 298	6 368	6 394	6 332	6 405	73	107	1,2	1,7
Individual and employer	748	806	780	690	699	9	-49	1,3	-6,6
Union and employer	1 673	1 606	1 608	1 587	1 543	-44	-130	-2,8	-7,8
Bargaining council	572	560	567	551	504	-47	-68	-8,5	-11,9
Employer only	2 943	3 057	3 097	3 139	3 302	163	359	5,2	12,2
No regular increment	327	300	309	321	318	-3	-9	-0,9	-2,8
Other	36	39	33	44	38	-6	2	-13,6	5,6

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.9: Time-related underemployment - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Both sexes	531	549	566	542	565	23	34	4,3	6,4
Women	327	337	345	349	347	-2	20	-0,5	6
Men	204	212	220	193	218	25	14	12,8	7,0
As percentage of the labour force (Both sexes)	3,0	3,0	3,1	3,0	3,1	0,1	0,1		
Women	4,0	4,1	4,2	4,2	4,1	-0,1	0,1		
Men	2,1	2,1	2,2	1,9	2,2	0,3	0,1		
As percentage of total employment (Both sexes)	3,9	4,0	4,2	4,0	4,1	0,1	0,2		
Women	5,6	5,7	5,9	5,8	5,7	-0,1	0,1		
Men	2,7	2,7	2,9	2,5	2,8	0,3	0,1		
Industry	531	549	566	542	565	23	34	4,3	6,4
Agriculture	7	11	15	9	9	0	2	-2,2	30,2
Mining	0	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	29	32	28	28	30	2	2	7,6	5,3
Utilities	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	53	75	77	59	57	-2	4	-3,9	8,0
Trade	99	93	95	89	95	6	-5	6,2	-4,7
Transport	14	16	10	17	25	8	11	45,3	81,0
Finance	38	37	39	35	28	-7	-10	-19,7	-26,2
Community and social services	91	91	92	103	124	21	33	20,2	35,7
Private households	200	193	210	201	198	-3	-2	-1,6	-1,1
Occupation	531	549	566	542	565	23	34	4,3	6,4
Manager	7	11	11	11	12	1	5	13,3	62,7
Professional	6	7	6	4	6	2	1	45,2	15,3
Technician	32	29	40	27	33	6	2	22,8	5,5
Clerk	14	18	14	21	24	3	10	15,0	69,8
Sales and services	56	58	63	58	52	-7	-5	-11,4	-8,5
Skilled agriculture	2	3	5	2	4	2	1	101,2	59,8
Craft and related trade	63	71	57	51	51	0	-12	-0,3	-18,8
Plant and machine operator	16	15	9	22	19	-3	3	-12,5	21,2
Elementary	185	185	197	194	220	26	35	13,6	19,2
Domestic worker	151	152	163	152	144	-8	-7	-5,5	-4,4

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 4: Characteristics of the unemployed - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Unemployed	4 470	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
Job losers	1 458	1 417	1 338	1 399	1 431	32	-27	2,3	-1,9
Job leavers	232	284	280	286	272	-14	40	-5,1	17,1
New entrants	1 924	2 075	1 974	2 019	2 088	69	164	3,4	8,5
Re-entrants	161	178	195	187	183	-4	22	-1,9	13,6
Other	694	714	713	710	749	39	55	5,5	7,9
Unemployed	4 470	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
Long-term unemployment (1 year and more)	3 032	3 132	3 059	3 003	3 147	144	114	4,8	3,8
Short-term unemployment (less than 1 year)	1 437	1 535	1 442	1 599	1 577	-22	139	-1,4	9,7
Long-term unemployment (%)									
Proportion of the labour force	16,9	17,1	16,9	16,5	17,1	0,6	0,2		
Proportion of the unemployed	67,8	67,1	68,0	65,3	66,6	1,3	-1,2		
Those who have worked in the past 5 years									
Previous occupation	1 851	1 879	1 814	1 872	1 886	14	34	0,7	1,9
Manager	31	40	45	48	49	1	18	2,5	57,9
Professional	45	33	42	26	31	5	-14	20,3	-30,7
Technician	96	95	94	100	104	4	8	3,7	8,2
Clerk	240	248	229	231	270	39	31	17,1	12,8
Sales and services	291	291	276	300	286	-14	-5	-4,6	-1,7
Skilled agriculture	9	4	3	8	3	-5	-6	-65,1	-70,0
Craft and related trade	315	308	296	307	265	-41	-50	-13,5	-15,9
Plant and machine operator	144	159	134	158	154	-4	10	-2,4	7,2
Elementary	527	542	545	545	589	44	63	8,0	11,9
Domestic worker	153	157	151	149	132	-17	-21	-11,4	-13,7
Other	.	3	1	.	1

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 4: Characteristics of the unemployed - South Africa (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Previous industry	1 851	1 879	1 814	1 872	1 886	14	34	0,7	1,9
Agriculture	86	85	93	93	107	14	21	15,5	24,6
Mining	35	35	24	39	29	-10	-6	-26,6	-17,0
Manufacturing	258	256	211	230	225	-5	-34	-2,2	-13,0
Utilities	5	6	11	22	19	-3	13	-13,6	242,5
Construction	297	269	310	291	280	-11	-17	-3,8	-5,9
Trade	432	450	436	452	467	15	35	3,3	8,0
Transport	85	96	88	85	100	15	15	17,4	18,3
Finance	233	265	236	245	250	5	17	2,2	7,5
Community and social services	221	206	211	206	228	22	7	10,5	3,2
Private households	199	208	193	209	180	-29	-19	-14,0	-9,7
Other	.	3	1	.	1

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 5: Characteristics of the not economically active - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Not economically active	14 987	14 705	15 050	15 017	14 908	-110	-79	-0,7	-0,5
Student	6 391	6 225	6 292	6 079	6 172	93	-219	1,5	-3,4
Home-maker	2 726	2 741	2 837	2 924	2 700	-224	-25	-7,6	-0,9
Illness/disability	1 637	1 673	1 654	1 590	1 624	34	-12	2,1	-0,8
Too old/young to work	1 263	1 198	1 216	1 241	1 227	-14	-36	-1,1	-2,9
Discouraged work seekers	2 311	2 170	2 257	2 330	2 365	35	54	1,5	2,3
Other	658	698	795	853	819	-34	161	-4,0	24,4
Inactivity rate by age (Both sexes)	45,5	44,5	45,4	45,2	44,7	-0,5	-0,8		
15-24 yrs	75,8	74,3	75,3	74,5	74,4	-0,1	-1,4		
25-54 yrs	27,1	26,4	27,4	27,3	26,8	-0,5	-0,3		
55-64 yrs	60,0	58,8	59,0	59,6	58,8	-0,8	-1,2		
Inactivity rate by age (Women)	52,1	51,2	52,0	51,7	50,8	-0,9	-1,3		
15-24 yrs	78,2	76,5	77,4	76,2	76,2	0,0	-2,0		
25-54 yrs	36,1	35,3	36,2	36,4	35,0	-1,4	-1,1		
55-64 yrs	67,6	68,8	68,1	68,8	67,4	-1,4	-0,2		
Inactivity rate by age (Men)	38,7	37,5	38,5	38,3	38,3	0,0	-0,4		
15-24 yrs	73,5	72,2	73,2	72,9	72,6	-0,3	-0,9		
25-54 yrs	17,4	16,9	18,0	17,7	18,0	0,3	0,6		
55-64 yrs	50,9	46,9	48,1	48,7	48,5	-0,2	-2,4		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 6: Socio-demographic characteristics - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Age group of the employed	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
15-24 yrs	1 217	1 278	1 260	1 249	1 258	9	40	0,7	3,3
25-34 yrs	4 519	4 572	4 498	4 523	4 560	37	42	0,8	0,9
35-44 yrs	3 993	4 033	4 071	4 087	4 082	-5	89	-0,1	2,2
45-54 yrs	2 551	2 555	2 555	2 579	2 605	27	54	1,0	2,1
55-64 yrs	1 167	1 206	1 193	1 183	1 216	33	50	2,8	4,3
Age group of the unemployed	4 470	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
15-24 yrs	1 291	1 386	1 308	1 402	1 410	8	119	0,6	9,2
25-34 yrs	1 870	1 921	1 893	1 849	1 920	71	50	3,9	2,7
35-44 yrs	864	908	851	887	944	57	80	6,4	9,2
45-54 yrs	364	368	348	366	352	-14	-12	-3,8	-3,3
55-64 yrs	80	85	100	98	97	-1	17	-1,0	21,0
Age group of the not economically active	14 987	14 705	15 050	15 017	14 908	-110	-79	-0,7	-0,5
15-24 yrs	7 863	7 720	7 827	7 755	7 748	-6	-114	-0,1	-1,5
25-34 yrs	2 421	2 352	2 488	2 543	2 469	-73	48	-2,9	2,0
35-44 yrs	1 477	1 439	1 503	1 496	1 489	-6	12	-0,4	0,8
45-54 yrs	1 358	1 352	1 375	1 337	1 327	-10	-32	-0,7	-2,3
55-64 yrs	1 867	1 841	1 857	1 888	1 874	-14	7	-0,7	0,4
Highest level of education of the employed	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
No schooling	347	328	338	322	346	24	0	7,4	-0,1
Less than primary completed	1 033	1 039	1 029	1 010	1 042	32	10	3,2	0,9
Primary completed	594	598	587	591	590	-1	-5	-0,2	-0,8
Secondary not completed	4 426	4 738	4 621	4 671	4 565	-106	139	-2,3	3,1
Secondary completed	4 199	4 204	4 255	4 171	4 212	41	13	1,0	0,3
Tertiary	2 670	2 622	2 620	2 727	2 822	96	152	3,5	5,7
Other	178	115	127	129	144	14	-35	11,2	-19,4

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 6: Socio-demographic characteristics - South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Highest level of education of the unemployed	4 470	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
No schooling	66	73	66	68	68	1	3	1,1	4,3
Less than primary completed	294	319	319	287	313	26	19	9,1	6,4
Primary completed	196	208	201	169	204	35	8	20,9	4,0
Secondary not completed	2 096	2 246	2 171	2 209	2 240	31	144	1,4	6,9
Secondary completed	1 498	1 531	1 447	1 547	1 557	10	59	0,6	3,9
Tertiary	280	276	280	295	313	18	34	6,0	12,0
Other	40	15	17	26	27	1	-12	4,3	-30,7
Highest level of education of the not economically active	14 987	14 705	15 050	15 017	14 908	-110	-79	-0,7	-0,5
No schooling	769	763	796	769	767	-2	-2	-0,2	-0,3
Less than primary completed	1 814	1 779	1 806	1 680	1 713	33	-101	2,0	-5,6
Primary completed	1 093	1 076	1 073	970	982	12	-111	1,3	-10,1
Secondary not completed	7 999	7 967	8 249	8 163	8 130	-33	131	-0,4	1,6
Secondary completed	2 754	2 622	2 584	2 880	2 742	-138	-13	-4,8	-0,5
Tertiary	426	415	446	448	479	31	53	6,9	12,4
Other	131	82	97	108	95	-13	-36	-12,3	-27,5
Employed	-	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	-	0,7	-
Attending educational institution	-	351	306	288	346	58	-	20,3	-
Not attending educational institution	-	13 294	13 271	13 333	13 375	41	-	0,3	-
Unemployed	-	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	-	2,6	-
Attending educational institution	-	103	91	107	88	-19	-	-18,0	-
Not attending educational institution	-	4 564	4 409	4 494	4 635	141	-	3,1	-
Not economically active	-	14 705	15 050	15 017	14 908	-110	-	-0,7	-
Attending educational institution	-	6 057	6 053	5 897	5 978	80	-	1,4	-
Not attending educational institution	-	8 648	8 997	9 120	8 930	-190	-	-2,1	-

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 6: Socio-demographic characteristics - South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Employed and attending by type of educational institution	-	351	306	288	346	58	-	20,3	-
Ordinary school	-	28	25	21	32	11	-	51,2	-
Special school	-	1	-	3	4	0	-	4,5	-
Further education and training college (FET)	-	36	33	21	29	8	-	35,0	-
Other college	-	34	23	27	38	11	-	40,9	-
Higher education institution	-	242	209	207	229	22	-	10,7	-
Adult basic education and training centre (ABET CENTRE)	-	5	13	6	11	4	-	74,4	-
Literacy classes (e.g KHA RI GUDE, SANLI)	-	2	-	0	0	0	-	-2,6	-
Home based education or home schooling	-	1	1	107	88	-19	-	-18,0	-
Unemployed and attending by type of educational institution	-	103	91	107	88	-19	-	-18,0	-
Ordinary school	-	47	31	49	30	-19	-	-38,4	-
Special school	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Further education and training college (FET)	-	13	21	17	21	4	-	23,4	-
Other college	-	10	8	7	10	2	-	33,4	-
Higher education institution	-	19	25	27	20	-7	-	-26,4	-
Adult basic education and training centre (ABETCENTRE)	-	10	6	6	5	-2	-	-26,0	-
Literacy classes (e.g KHA RI GUDE, SANLI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home based education or home schooling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not economically active and attending by type of educational institution	-	6 057	6 053	5 897	5 978	80	-	1,4	-
Ordinary school	-	4 962	5 066	4 695	4 795	100	-	2,1	-
Special school	-	42	39	42	44	2	-	4,5	-
Further education and training college (FET)	-	294	266	422	394	-28	-	-6,7	-
Other college	-	116	107	116	147	31	-	27,0	-
Higher education institution	-	560	506	561	538	-24	-	-4,2	-
Adult basic education and training centre (ABET CENTRE)	-	35	30	29	39	10	-	33,5	-
Literacy classes (e.g KHA RI GUDE, SANLI)	-	4	4	3	1	-2	-	-71,3	-
Home based education or home schooling	-	6	1	2	2		-	0,5	-

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 6: Socio-demographic characteristics - South Africa (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Current marital status of the employed	13 447	13 645	13 577	13 621	13 721	100	274	0,7	2,0
Married	5 720	5 771	5 639	5 688	5 654	-34	-66	-0,6	-1,2
Living together like husband and wife	1 515	1 521	1 581	1 502	1 496	-6	-19	-0,4	-1,2
Widow/widower	405	424	398	408	402	-7	-3	-1,6	-0,7
Divorced or separated	477	488	476	478	490	12	12	2,5	2,5
Never married	5 330	5 441	5 483	5 545	5 680	135	351	2,4	6,6
Current marital status of the unemployed	4 470	4 667	4 501	4 601	4 723	122	254	2,6	5,7
Married	727	768	737	780	767	-13	39	-1,7	5,4
Living together like husband and wife	471	466	490	475	510	35	39	7,3	8,3
Widow/widower	55	58	62	65	71	5	16	8,4	29,0
Divorced or separated	75	77	84	82	85	4	10	4,7	13,4
Never married	3 142	3 298	3 128	3 200	3 291	91	149	2,9	4,8
Current marital status of the not economically active	14 987	14 705	15 050	15 017	14 908	-110	-79	-0,7	-0,5
Married	2 934	2 948	2 974	2 958	2 886	-71	-48	-2,4	-1,6
Living together like husband and wife	714	674	724	686	710	25	-4	3,6	-0,5
Widow/widower	640	640	638	618	617	-1	-23	-0,2	-3,6
Divorced or separated	242	230	222	235	227	-8	-14	-3,5	-6,0
Never married	10 456	10 214	10 492	10 520	10 467	-53	10	-0,5	0,1

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 7: Profile of those not in education and not in employment - South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Both sexes	-	13 213	13 406	13 614	13 565	-49	-	-0,4	-
Women	-	7 996	8 088	8 147	8 049	-98	-	-1,2	-
Men	-	5 216	5 318	5 467	5 516	49	-	0,9	-
	-						-		-
Age group	-	13 213	13 406	13 614	13 565	-49	-	-0,4	-
15-24 yrs	-	3 262	3 288	3 484	3 425	-59	-	-1,7	-
25-34 yrs	-	4 011	4 130	4 108	4 115	7	-	0,2	-
35-44 yrs	-	2 310	2 318	2 345	2 390	45	-	1,9	-
45-54 yrs	-	1 710	1 719	1 694	1 666	-28	-	-1,6	-
55-64 yrs	-	1 920	1 951	1 984	1 970	-14	-	-0,7	-
Population groups	-	13 213	13 406	13 614	13 565	-49	-	-0,4	-
Black/African	-	10 963	11 125	11 320	11 296	-24	-	-0,2	-
Coloured	-	1 202	1 197	1 226	1 251	25	-	2	-
Indian/Asian	-	337	344	301	314	13	-	4,2	-
White	-	710	740	767	705	-62	-	-8,1	-
South Africa	-	13 213	13 406	13 614	13 565	-49	-	-0,4	-
Western Cape	-	1 274	1 255	1 269	1 293	24	-	1,9	-
Eastern Cape	-	1 904	1 998	1 991	1 989	-2	-	-0,1	-
Northern Cape	-	319	315	327	324	-4	-	-1,2	-
Free State	-	808	821	811	782	-29	-	-3,6	-
KwaZulu-Natal	-	2 889	2 960	2 939	2 978	39	-	1,3	-
North West	-	944	965	1 002	978	-25	-	-2,5	-
Gauteng	-	2 671	2 718	2 772	2 748	-24	-	-0,9	-
Mpumalanga	-	990	976	1 002	961	-41	-	-4,1	-
Limpopo	-	1 415	1 398	1 501	1 513	13	-	0,9	-

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
South Africa									
Subsistence farming	1 526	1 517	1 792	1 898	1 536	-362	11	-19,1	0,7
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	4 046	4 383	3 949	4 195	4 186	-10	140	-0,2	3,5
Produce other goods for household use	96	99	80	76	88	12	-8	15,2	-8,1
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	341	214	209	233	289	55	-52	23,8	-15,3
Hunting or fishing for household use	33	30	38	46	29	-17	-4	-36,5	-12,8
Involvement in at least one activity	4 903	5 271	5 102	5 353	5 159	-194	256	-3,6	5,2
Employed	1 005	1 137	1 144	1 222	1 190	-31	186	-2,5	18,5
Unemployed	615	770	646	688	623	-65	8	-9,4	1,3
Not economically active	3 283	3 364	3 312	3 444	3 346	-98	63	-2,9	1,9
Western Cape									
Subsistence farming	12	18	12	11	11	0	-1	2,0	-10,0
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	31	29	29	19	23	4	-8	22,8	-25,3
Produce other goods for household use	.	2	1	1	1	1	.	124,3	.
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	2	3	4		4	4	2	1535,9	69,6
Hunting or fishing for household use	8	3	1	4	2	-2	-7	-58,6	-80,2
Involvement in at least one activity	51	53	46	33	38	5	-14	16,5	-26,3
Employed	25	28	18	14	18	4	-7	25,3	-28,3
Unemployed	12	10	9	8	7	-1	-5	-12,3	-43,6
Not economically active	15	16	20	11	13	3	-1	24,8	-9,2
Eastern Cape									
Subsistence farming	466	392	415	555	464	-92	-2	-16,5	-0,5
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	1 034	1 071	1 001	1 096	1 085	-11	51	-1,0	4,9
Produce other goods for household use	11	6	4	12	10	-2	-1	-19,7	-9,0
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	166	73	30	92	81	-11	-85	-12,0	-51,2
Hunting or fishing for household use	1	.	1	10	2	-8	1	-83,4	51,7
Involvement in at least one activity	1 326	1 317	1 325	1 483	1 360	-123	34	-8,3	2,6
Employed	256	259	268	314	293	-22	36	-6,9	14,2
Unemployed	123	145	158	179	167	-12	44	-6,7	36,0
Not economically active	947	912	899	990	900	-89	-47	-9,0	-4,9

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province (continued)										
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent	
Northern Cape										
Subsistence farming	8	8	12	8	5	-3	-3	-34,5	-38,5	
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	97	113	82	73	88	15	-9	19,9	-9,3	
Produce other goods for household use	.	1		1	1	0	.	-15,7	.	
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	.	1	1				.	-83,8	.	
Hunting or fishing for household use	1	8	7	7	2	-5	1	-76,4	77,6	
Involvement in at least one activity	100	119	93	83	92	9	-8	10,3	-8,0	
Employed	17	32	25	24	26	2	9	7,2	54,9	
Unemployed	26	28	18	11	18	7	-7	59,4	-29,1	
Not economically active	57	58	50	47	47	0	-10	0,0	-16,9	
Free State										
Subsistence farming	60	75	115	117	92	-25	32	-21,6	53,9	
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	30	38	48	38	34	-3	4	-9,0	13,0	
Produce other goods for household use	1	3	2	3	4	2	3	63,5	252,7	
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	3	6	4	6	6	0	2	-6,4	67,6	
Hunting or fishing for household use	8	6	12	9	8	-1	0	-10,4	4,0	
Involvement in at least one activity	89	114	157	151	127	-25	38	-16,2	43,1	
Employed	31	39	54	62	56	-6	25	-9,5	80,5	
Unemployed	19	20	27	23	27	3	8	14,8	39,2	
Not economically active	39	54	76	66	44	-22	6	-33,2	15,0	
KwaZulu-Natal										
Subsistence farming	640	626	647	687	552	-135	-88	-19,6	-13,7	
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	1 271	1 363	1 202	1 330	1 340	10	69	0,7	5,4	
Produce other goods for household use	41	41	45	32	32	0	-9	-1,3	-21,3	
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	107	85	113	83	126	43	18	51,7	17,1	
Hunting or fishing for household use	9	5	6	5	9	4	0	76,4	1,8	
Involvement in at least one activity	1 545	1 638	1 524	1 630	1 643	13	98	0,8	6,3	
Employed	343	348	337	379	366	-13	24	-3,5	6,9	
Unemployed	193	262	194	211	187	-23	-6	-11,1	-2,9	
Not economically active	1 009	1 028	993	1 040	1 089	50	80	4,8	7,9	

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
North West									
Subsistence farming	78	100	83	99	74	-25	-4	-25,6	-5,6
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	216	299	231	274	276	1	60	0,4	27,8
Produce other goods for household use	.	3	.	10	21	11	21	110,3	7696,4
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	.	1	1	9	17	8	.	87,7	.
Hunting or fishing for household use	.	.	1	.	2	1	1	599,1	742,4
Involvement in at least one activity	253	350	267	336	336	0	83	0,0	32,8
Employed	45	77	56	78	82	4	37	5,7	82,6
Unemployed	41	63	35	51	59	8	18	16,5	43,3
Not economically active	167	211	175	208	195	-13	28	-6,2	16,8
Gauteng									
Subsistence farming	7	16	41	13	24	11	17	80,4	256,7
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	22	65	34	35	26	-9	4	-26,3	16,4
Produce other goods for household use	3	12	6	3	5	2	1	77,4	42,7
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	12	12	11	4	10	6	-2	135,6	-20,4
Hunting or fishing for household use	1	2	2	1	1	-1	0	-49,0	-41,9
Involvement in at least one activity	38	94	86	54	55	0	16	0,4	43,2
Employed	17	45	42	24	29	5	12	21,2	68,4
Unemployed	11	27	18	19	8	-11	-4	-58,9	-31,6
Not economically active	9	21	25	11	18	6	8	54,3	86,8
Mpumalanga									
Subsistence farming	108	127	192	164	150	-14	42	-8,8	38,5
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	293	316	276	275	258	-17	-35	-6,1	-11,9
Produce other goods for household use	38	31	20	15	13	-1	-25	-10,0	-65,3
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	19	19	24	18	20	2	1	9,5	5,8
Hunting or fishing for household use	.	1	2	2	1	-1	.	-61,7	.
Involvement in at least one activity	380	419	411	386	353	-32	-27	-8,4	-7,0
Employed	76	82	92	90	76	-14	.	-15,7	0,3
Unemployed	93	110	103	91	79	-12	-13	-13,2	-14,5
Not economically active	211	226	215	204	198	-6	-14	-3,0	-6,4

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Apr-Jun 2013	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change	Qrt to Qrt change	Year on year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Percent	Percent
Limpopo									
Subsistence farming	146	155	274	243	164	-79	18	-32,4	12,2
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	1 053	1 089	1 046	1 056	1 057	1	4	0,1	0,4
Produce other goods for household use	1	1	2		1	0	-1	165,1	-63,1
Construction or major repairs to own or household'	31	14	21	21	26	5	-5	26,5	-16,6
Hunting or fishing for household use	5	5	5	8	4	-4	-1	-49,1	-20,5
Involvement in at least one activity	1 121	1 167	1 194	1 198	1 156	-41	35	-3,5	3,1
Employed	195	226	254	236	244	9	50	3,8	25,4
Unemployed	98	103	83	95	72	-24	-26	-24,9	-26,9
Not economically active	828	838	858	867	840	-27	12	-3,1	1,4

For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Appendix 2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,5	0,5	222	55	389	0,01
Employed	0,7	0,7	100	-40	240	0,16
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1,0	0,9	110	-36	255	0,14
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	2,4	2,4	33	-64	130	0,51
Agriculture	6,8	6,9	-26	-102	49	0,49
Private households	3,5	3,2	-16	-79	47	0,62
Unemployed	1,8	1,9	122	-39	283	0,14
Not economically active	0,6	0,7	-110	-277	58	0,20
Discouraged work-seekers	3,2	3,2	35	-89	160	0,58
Other(not economically active)	0,8	0,7	-145	-298	8	0,06
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,7	1,7	0,4	-0,4	1,1	0,35
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,7	0,7	0,1	-0,3	0,6	0,45
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,0	1,0	0,06
Women						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,8	0,8	188	61	315	0,00
Employed	1,0	1,0	70	-32	172	0,18
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1,4	1,5	84	-9	178	0,08
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,3	3,5	15	-42	72	0,61
Agriculture	12,7	9,2	-31	-89	26	0,28
Private households	3,6	3,6	2	-48	53	0,93
Unemployed	2,4	2,4	118	15	221	0,02
Not economically active	0,8	0,7	-140	-267	-13	0,03
Discouraged work-seekers	3,6	3,4	-3	-85	79	0,95
Other(not economically active)	1,0	0,8	-137	-260	-14	0,03
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,1	2,2	0,8	-0,2	1,8	0,13
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,0	1,0	0,3	-0,3	0,9	0,31
Labour force participation rate	0,8	0,8	0,9	0,2	1,7	0,01

Appendix 2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex (conclude)						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Men						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,5	0,6	34	-69	136	0,52
Employed	0,8	0,8	30	-73	133	0,57
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1,2	1,2	25	-75	126	0,62
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,3	3,4	18	-58	94	0,64
Agriculture	6,8	8,0	5	-45	55	0,84
Private households	7,2	6,7	-19	-54	17	0,31
Unemployed	2,3	2,3	4	-103	111	0,95
Not economically active	0,8	0,9	30	-72	133	0,56
Discouraged work-seekers	3,9	4,0	38	-41	117	0,35
Other(not economically active)	1,0	1,1	-8	-104	89	0,87
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,2	2,1	0,0	-1,0	0,9	0,93
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,8	0,8	0,0	-0,6	0,6	1,00
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,6	0,0	-0,7	0,6	0,91

Appendix 2.1A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,5	0,5	222	55	389	0,01
Employed	0,7	0,7	100	-40	240	0,16
Unemployed	1,8	1,9	122	-39	283	0,14
Not economically active	0,6	0,7	-110	-277	58	0,20
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,7	1,7	0,4	-0,4	1,1	0,35
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,7	0,7	0,1	-0,3	0,6	0,45
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,0	1,0	0,06
Black/African						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,7	0,7	192	28	355	0,02
Employed	0,9	0,8	93	-41	228	0,17
Unemployed	2,2	2,2	98	-58	255	0,22
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	-83	-246	81	0,32
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,9	1,9	0,3	-0,6	1,3	0,52
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,9	0,8	0,2	-0,3	0,7	0,44
Labour force participation rate	0,7	0,7	0,5	-0,1	1,1	0,11
Coloured						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,9	1,1	22	-11	55	0,19
Employed	1,5	1,9	-18	-60	23	0,38
Unemployed	4,7	4,6	40	8	72	0,01
Not economically active	1,5	1,9	-14	-47	19	0,41
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,5	4,5	1,8	0,2	3,4	0,03
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,5	1,9	-0,7	-2,1	0,6	0,29
Labour force participation rate	0,9	1,1	0,5	-0,5	1,6	0,32

Appendix 2.1A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group (concluded)						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Indian/Asian						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	3,5	2,3	6	-21	33	0,66
Employed	3,4	3,2	-1	-22	20	0,93
Unemployed	16,8	9,2	7	-24	38	0,66
Not economically active	5,5	3,7	-2	-29	25	0,89
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	15,4	9,8	1,1	-3,9	6,0	0,67
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	3,4	3,2	-0,3	-2,6	1,9	0,77
Labour force participation rate	3,5	2,3	0,4	-2,5	3,2	0,80
White						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,0	1,3	2	-37	42	0,91
Employed	1,0	1,3	26	-12	64	0,18
Unemployed	10,6	9,8	-24	-48	0	0,05
Not economically active	2,1	2,6	-11	-51	28	0,58
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	10,1	9,5	-1,1	-2,3	-0,1	0,04
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,0	1,3	1,0	-0,2	2,3	0,10
Labour force participation rate	1,0	1,3	0,3	-1,0	1,6	0,68

Appendix 2.2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,5	0,5	222	55	389	0,01
Employed	0,7	0,7	100	-40	240	0,16
Unemployed	1,8	1,9	122	-39	283	0,14
Not economically active	0,6	0,7	-110	-277	58	0,20
Discouraged work-seekers	3,2	3,2	35	-89	160	0,58
Other	0,8	0,7	-145	-298	8	0,06
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,7	1,7	0,4	-0,4	1,1	0,35
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,7	0,7	0,1	-0,3	0,6	0,45
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,0	1,0	0,06
Western Cape						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,0	1,0	20	-24	63	0,37
Employed	1,7	1,6	0	-47	46	1,00
Unemployed	4,3	4,7	20	-27	67	0,41
Not economically active	2,0	2,1	-6	-50	37	0,78
Discouraged work-seekers	24,9	26,8	19	4	35	0,02
Other	2,3	2,3	-25	-64	13	0,19
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,3	4,5	7,0	-1,2	2,5	0,49
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,7	1,6	-0,2	-1,5	1,1	0,77
Labour force participation rate	1,0	1,0	0,3	-0,9	1,5	0,63

Appendix 2.2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Eastern Cape						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,6	2,0	29	-41	99	0,42
Employed	2,8	2,4	9	-46	63	0,75
Unemployed	4,0	4,5	20	-28	67	0,41
Not economically active	2,0	1,7	-20	-90	51	0,58
Discouraged work-seekers	8,7	6,9	-25	-86	36	0,43
Other	2,2	1,9	5	-63	74	0,88
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,9	3,7	0,6	-1,4	2,6	0,56
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,8	2,4	2,0	-1,1	1,4	0,83
Labour force participation rate	2,6	2,0	0,6	-1,1	2,2	0,49
Northern Cape						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,5	2,4	9	-8	27	0,30
Employed	2,7	2,8	9	-7	25	0,28
Unemployed	6,7	6,7	1	-14	16	0,93
Not economically active	3,1	3,1	-7	-25	11	0,43
Discouraged work-seekers	16,6	12,4	1	-5	7	0,75
Other	3,0	3,3	-8	-26	10	0,37
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,4	5,6	-6,0	-3,7	2,7	0,76
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,7	2,8	1,0	-1,1	3,2	0,34
Labour force participation rate	2,5	2,4	1,0	-1,3	3,5	0,37

Appendix 2.2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Free State						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,2	1,4	34	-6	74	0,10
Employed	2,9	1,8	7	-36	49	0,75
Unemployed	5,8	4,0	27	-7	60	0,12
Not economically active	3,0	2,1	-30	-70	10	0,14
Discouraged work-seekers	12,7	13,3	-15	-31	1	0,08
Other	3,3	2,0	-16	-50	19	0,37
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,0	3,4	1,5	-1,4	4,3	0,33
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,9	1,8	0,3	-2,0	2,5	0,80
Labour force participation rate	2,2	1,4	1,7	-0,5	3,8	0,12
KwaZulu-Natal						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,7	1,9	85	-8	179	0,07
Employed	2,4	2,1	14	-66	93	0,73
Unemployed	6,2	6,4	71	-19	162	0,12
Not economically active	1,4	1,7	-60	-154	33	0,21
Discouraged work-seekers	6,0	6,6	33	-27	93	0,28
Other	2,0	1,9	-94	-194	7	0,07
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	6,0	5,5	1,6	-0,8	4,1	0,19
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,4	2,1	0,0	-1,1	1,2	0,91
Labour force participation rate	1,7	1,9	1,0	-0,3	2,4	0,12

Appendix 2.2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
North West						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,7	2,6	30	-27	87	0,30
Employed	2,8	2,8	17	-16	49	0,33
Unemployed	6,7	7,3	13	-24	51	0,48
Not economically active	2,5	2,5	-24	-81	33	0,41
Discouraged work-seekers	8,3	6,9	23	-13	59	0,21
Other	3,0	2,9	-47	-87	-7	0,02
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,4	5,9	0,6	-2,1	3,1	0,69
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,8	2,8	0,7	-0,9	2,3	0,39
Labour force participation rate	2,7	2,6	1,3	-1,4	4,0	0,35
Gauteng						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,8	1,0	-16	-112	80	0,75
Employed	1,3	1,4	-4	-85	76	0,92
Unemployed	3,6	4,0	-12	-101	78	0,80
Not economically active	2,0	2,3	44	-52	140	0,37
Discouraged work-seekers	9,8	11,7	-10	-58	37	0,67
Other	2,2	2,4	54	-29	137	0,20
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	3,4	3,7	-0,2	-1,5	1,2	0,85
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,3	1,4	-0,2	-1,2	0,8	0,64
Labour force participation rate	0,8	1,0	-0,4	-1,6	0,8	0,47

Appendix 2.2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (concluded)						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Mpumalanga						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,9	1,9	46	5	87	0,03
Employed	2,8	2,5	33	-4	69	0,08
Unemployed	5,6	4,3	13	-27	53	0,52
Not economically active	2,5	2,7	-36	-77	5	0,09
Discouraged work-seekers	7,5	8,7	-21	-61	18	0,29
Other	2,9	2,5	-15	-50	21	0,42
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,2	3,8	0,0	-2,5	2,5	0,99
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,8	2,5	1,2	-0,3	2,7	0,13
Labour force participation rate	1,9	1,9	1,7	0,0	3,4	0,05
Limpopo						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	3,0	2,6	-15	-68	39	0,59
Employed	3,0	3,5	17	-31	66	0,49
Unemployed	7,8	8,0	-32	-71	8	0,12
Not economically active	1,8	1,6	30	-23	83	0,27
Discouraged work-seekers	8,6	8,2	30	-21	81	0,25
Other	2,4	2,2	0	-46	47	1,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	6,5	8,1	-2,2	-4,9	0,5	0,11
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	3,0	3,5	0,3	-1,0	1,8	0,62
Labour force participation rate	3,0	2,6	-0,6	-2,1	1,0	0,45

Appendix 3.1A: Sampling variability for the employed by industry and sex						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes	0,7	0,7	100	-40	240	0,16
Agriculture	6,8	6,9	-26	-102	49	0,49
Mining	8,8	9,4	9	-25	42	0,61
Manufacturing	2,9	3,2	-23	-121	74	0,64
Utilities	12,0	11,8	-7	-31	18	0,60
Construction	3,6	3,4	106	34	178	0,00
Trade	2,2	2,3	34	-74	143	0,53
Transport	4,2	4,0	19	-41	78	0,54
Finance	3,0	2,9	35	-42	112	0,37
Community and social services	2,1	2,0	-32	-133	69	0,53
Private households	3,5	3,2	-16	-79	47	0,62
Women	1,0	1,0	70	-32	172	0,18
Agriculture	12,7	9,2	-31	-89	26	0,28
Mining	14,6	13,6	0	-11	12	0,97
Manufacturing	4,6	5,5	-11	-63	41	0,67
Utilities	21,9	17,4	-3	-16	11	0,71
Construction	10,0	7,8	21	-3	44	0,09
Trade	2,7	3,2	45	-23	114	0,19
Transport	7,8	7,3	16	-10	43	0,23
Finance	3,9	3,7	3	-43	50	0,89
Community and social services	2,6	2,5	26	-45	97	0,47
Private households	3,6	3,6	2	-48	53	0,93
Men	0,8	0,8	30	-73	133	0,57
Agriculture	6,8	8,0	5	-45	55	0,84
Mining	8,6	9,7	9	-21	38	0,57
Manufacturing	3,2	3,2	-12	-89	64	0,75
Utilities	12,0	13,2	-4	-23	15	0,68
Construction	3,8	3,6	86	21	150	0,01
Trade	3,0	2,9	-11	-97	75	0,80
Transport	4,4	4,2	2	-47	51	0,93
Finance	3,6	3,7	32	-29	93	0,31
Community and social services	2,9	2,8	-58	-121	4	0,07
Private households	7,2	6,7	-19	-54	17	0,31

Appendix 3.4A: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa	0,7	0,7	100	-40	240	0,16
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1,0	0,9	110	-36	255	0,14
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	2,4	2,4	33	-64	130	0,51
Agriculture	6,8	6,9	-26	-102	49	0,49
Private households	3,5	3,2	-16	-79	47	0,62
Western Cape	1,7	1,6	0	-47	46	1,00
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	2,1	2,1	14	-35	63	0,58
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	11,1	8,7	-1	-28	27	0,97
Agriculture	16,2	11,2	-9	-31	13	0,42
Private households	10,7	12,9	-4	-18	9	0,52
Eastern Cape	2,8	2,4	9	-46	63	0,75
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	4,2	3,6	11	-39	62	0,66
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	6,8	7,7	18	-28	65	0,44
Agriculture	22,5	23,6	-4	-20	13	0,65
Private households	9,7	10,1	-17	-44	10	0,22
Northern Cape	2,7	2,8	9	-7	25	0,28
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	4,3	4,8	0	-12	13	0,94
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	13,3	10,5	5	-2	12	0,18
Agriculture	6,5	7,5	-3	-10	5	0,51
Private households	14,6	14,9	6	-2	14	0,13
Free State	2,9	1,8	7	-36	49	0,75
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,1	2,7	12	-12	36	0,33
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	7,7	6,7	9	-7	25	0,27
Agriculture	29,9	9,6	-25	-74	25	0,33
Private households	6,8	9,7	11	-3	25	0,12
KwaZulu-Natal	2,4	2,1	14	-66	93	0,73
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	2,8	2,5	1	-76	79	0,97
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	5,2	4,7	30	-17	77	0,21
Agriculture	15,0	15,1	-3	-22	16	0,75
Private households	8,3	9,2	-15	-40	10	0,24

Appendix 3.4A: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector (concluded)						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
North West	2,8	2,8	17	-16	49	0,33
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	4,0	4,0	22	-12	57	0,21
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	5,6	7,8	-10	-23	3	0,11
Agriculture	20,4	22,2	-1	-9	7	0,74
Private households	11,9	13,2	6	-3	16	0,21
Gauteng	1,3	1,4	-4	-85	76	0,92
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1,9	1,8	-9	-107	88	0,85
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	5,7	6,2	5	-48	59	0,84
Agriculture	30,6	21,7	1	-22	24	0,95
Private households	8,4	5,9	-1	-44	41	0,96
Mpumalanga	2,8	2,5	33	-4	69	0,08
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,6	3,6	37	8	65	0,01
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	5,9	5,9	-6	-26	15	0,59
Agriculture	9,9	12,4	7	-9	22	0,40
Private households	10,6	9,8	-5	-15	5	0,34
Limpopo	3,0	3,5	17	-31	66	0,49
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	5,9	5,2	21	-12	55	0,21
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	4,9	5,6	-18	-41	5	0,13
Agriculture	18,9	28,4	10	-25	46	0,57
Private households	9,3	9,1	3	-12	19	0,69

Appendix 3.5A: Sampling variability for the employed by sex and occupation						
	Jan-Mar 2013 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes	0,7	0,7	100	-40	240	0,16
Manager	3,8	3,5	31	-44	106	0,42
Professional	4,2	4,0	-15	-79	48	0,63
Technician	2,8	2,8	46	-33	126	0,25
Clerk	2,8	2,5	39	-23	102	0,22
Sales and services	2,7	2,6	20	-69	109	0,66
Skilled agriculture	12,2	13,8	-11	-28	6	0,21
Craft and related trade	2,6	2,6	37	-41	115	0,35
Plant and machine operator	3,2	3,0	-28	-89	32	0,36
Elementary	2,1	1,9	-36	-148	75	0,52
Domestic worker	3,6	3,6	18	-33	68	0,50
Women	1,0	1,0	70	-32	172	0,18
Manager	4,4	4,9	21	-10	53	0,18
Professional	5,9	5,0	-19	-59	21	0,35
Technician	3,5	3,5	49	-9	106	0,10
Clerk	3,2	3,0	27	-26	81	0,32
Sales and services	3,3	3,4	2	-51	55	0,94
Skilled agriculture	18,1	27,2	-5	-14	4	0,27
Craft and related trade	7,2	6,9	0	-27	28	0,99
Plant and machine operator	8,0	8,1	2	-26	29	0,91
Elementary	3,3	2,6	-13	-86	61	0,74
Domestic worker	3,7	3,7	5	-45	55	0,85
Men	0,8	0,8	30	-73	133	0,57
Manager	4,3	4,3	10	-56	75	0,77
Professional	4,9	6,1	3	-49	56	0,90
Technician	4,3	4,1	-2	-55	50	0,93
Clerk	4,9	4,8	12	-27	51	0,54
Sales and services	3,8	3,3	17	-45	80	0,58
Skilled agriculture	13,8	13,1	-6	-19	7	0,39
Craft and related trade	2,7	2,8	37	-36	110	0,32
Plant and machine operator	3,4	3,1	-30	-84	24	0,27
Elementary	2,5	2,5	-24	-107	59	0,57
Domestic worker	16,7	13,8	13	1	24	0,03

Appendix 2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
Both sexes						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,5	0,5	528	301	755	0,00
Employed	0,7	0,7	274	37	511	0,02
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	0,9	0,9	124	-103	352	0,28
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	2,5	2,4	140	3	277	0,05
Agriculture	6,7	6,9	74	-14	162	0,10
Private households	3,6	3,2	-64	-166	38	0,22
Unemployed	1,8	1,9	254	55	452	0,01
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	-79	-305	148	0,50
Discouraged work-seekers	3,4	3,2	54	-128	235	0,56
Other(not economically active)	0,7	0,7	-132	-328	63	0,18
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,6	1,7	0,7	-0,4	1,7	0,20
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,7	0,7	2,0	-0,4	1,0	0,46
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	8,0	0,2	1,5	0,02
Women						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,8	0,8	315	158	473	0,00
Employed	1,0	1,0	164	0	329	0,05
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1,4	1,5	118	-33	269	0,13
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,2	3,5	50	-32	132	0,24
Agriculture	9,1	9,2	16	-28	60	0,47
Private households	3,5	3,6	-19	-106	67	0,66
Unemployed	2,2	2,4	151	16	286	0,03
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	-122	-280	36	0,13
Discouraged work-seekers	3,6	3,4	-16	-125	93	0,78
Other(not economically active)	0,8	0,8	-106	-252	40	0,15
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,0	2,2	0,8	-0,8	2,3	0,32
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,0	1,0	0,5	-0,4	1,5	0,25
Labour force participation rate	0,8	0,8	1,3	0,4	2,2	0,01

Appendix 2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex (Concluded)						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
Men						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,6	0,6	213	66	360	0,01
Employed	0,9	0,8	110	-57	276	0,20
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1,2	1,2	6	-154	167	0,94
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,2	3,4	90	-24	204	0,12
Agriculture	6,7	8,0	58	-11	127	0,10
Private households	7,2	6,7	-45	-89	-1	0,05
Unemployed	2,1	2,3	103	-20	226	0,10
Not economically active	1,0	0,9	43	-104	190	0,56
Discouraged work-seekers	4,5	4,0	69	-42	181	0,22
Other(not economically active)	1,0	1,1	-26	-155	102	0,69
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,0	2,1	6,0	-0,7	1,7	0,38
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,9	0,8	0,0	-1,1	1,0	0,90
Labour force participation rate	0,6	0,6	0,4	-0,6	1,3	0,46

Appendix 2.1B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
South Africa						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,5	0,5	528	301	755	0,00
Employed	0,7	0,7	274	37	511	0,02
Unemployed	1,8	1,9	254	55	452	0,01
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	-79	-305	148	0,50
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,6	1,7	0,7	-0,4	1,7	0,20
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,7	0,7	0,2	-0,4	1,0	0,46
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	0,8	0,2	1,5	0,02
Black/African						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,7	0,7	445	237	652	0,00
Employed	0,9	0,8	259	63	454	0,01
Unemployed	2,0	2,2	186	-1	373	0,05
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	-8	-215	199	0,94
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,8	1,9	0,4	-0,8	1,6	0,49
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,9	0,8	0,4	-0,4	1,1	0,33
Labour force participation rate	0,7	0,7	0,8	0,0	1,6	0,04
Coloured						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,2	1,1	36	-20	92	0,21
Employed	1,5	1,9	4	-71	80	0,91
Unemployed	4,3	4,6	31	-26	89	0,29
Not economically active	2,0	1,9	-4	-60	52	0,90
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	3,9	4,5	1,1	-1,8	4,1	0,44
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,5	1,9	-0,4	-2,8	2,1	0,78
Labour force participation rate	1,2	1,1	0,5	-1,3	2,3	0,59

Appendix 2.1B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group (Concluded)						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
Indian/Asian						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,4	2,3	64	26	101	0,00
Employed	2,8	3,2	35	-8	78	0,11
Unemployed	14,8	9,2	29	9	49	0,00
Not economically active	3,1	3,7	-47	-85	-10	0,01
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	14,6	9,8	3,9	0,3	7,5	0,04
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,8	3,2	2,8	-1,8	7,3	0,23
Labour force participation rate	2,4	2,3	5,8	1,8	9,6	0,01
White						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,2	1,3	-16	-85	53	0,65
Employed	1,4	1,3	-23	-96	49	0,53
Unemployed	11,2	9,8	7	-24	39	0,65
Not economically active	2,5	2,6	-20	-89	49	0,58
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	11,1	9,5	0,4	-1,1	1,9	0,61
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,4	1,3	0,0	-2,4	2,4	0,99
Labour force participation rate	1,2	1,3	0,2	-2,0	2,5	0,82

Appendix 2.2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
South Africa						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,5	0,5	528	301	755	0,00
Employed	0,7	0,7	274	37	511	0,02
Unemployed	1,8	1,9	254	55	452	0,01
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	-79	-305	148	0,50
Discouraged work-seekers	3,4	3,2	54	-128	235	0,56
Other	0,7	0,7	-132	-328	63	0,18
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,6	1,7	0,7	-0,4	1,7	0,20
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	0,7	0,7	0,2	-0,4	1,0	0,46
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	0,8	0,2	1,5	0,02
Western Cape						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,0	1,0	18	-48	84	0,59
Employed	1,8	1,6	-5	-102	91	0,92
Unemployed	3,7	4,7	23	-42	89	0,49
Not economically active	2,1	2,1	36	-29	102	0,28
Discouraged work-seekers	17,2	26,8	25	-1	50	0,06
Other	2,1	2,3	12	-58	81	0,74
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	3,9	4,5	0,8	-2,1	3,7	0,59
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,8	1,6	-0,9	-3,7	1,8	0,50
Labour force participation rate	1,0	1,0	-0,5	-2,4	1,3	0,58

Appendix 2.2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (Continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
Eastern Cape						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,5	2,0	90	7	173	0,03
Employed	3,0	2,4	23	-57	103	0,57
Unemployed	5,5	4,5	67	2	132	0,05
Not economically active	1,9	1,7	-53	-136	30	0,21
Discouraged work-seekers	6,8	6,9	32	-35	100	0,35
Other	1,9	1,9	-85	-176	5	0,07
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,7	3,7	2,2	-1,0	5,3	0,19
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	3,0	2,4	0,3	-1,6	2,2	0,77
Labour force participation rate	2,5	2,0	1,7	-0,2	3,7	0,08
Northern Cape						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,0	2,4	14	-6	35	0,17
Employed	2,9	2,8	14	-8	36	0,21
Unemployed	5,2	6,7	0	-18	18	0,98
Not economically active	2,4	3,1	-5	-26	15	0,62
Discouraged work-seekers	10,6	12,4	-7	-16	2	0,13
Other	2,8	3,3	2	-20	23	0,87
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,8	5,6	-0,9	-5,1	3,2	0,65
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,9	2,8	1,3	-1,6	4,4	0,35
Labour force participation rate	2,0	2,4	1,1	-1,5	4,1	0,38

Appendix 2.2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (Continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
Free State						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,6	1,4	52	14	90	0,01
Employed	2,1	1,8	33	-9	76	0,12
Unemployed	3,1	4,0	19	-20	58	0,34
Not economically active	2,2	2,1	-39	-77	-1	0,05
Discouraged work-seekers	10,7	13,3	-16	-35	4	0,11
Other	2,7	2,0	-23	-60	14	0,22
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,7	3,4	0,2	-3,1	3,4	0,92
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,1	1,8	1,5	-0,8	3,7	0,20
Labour force participation rate	1,6	1,4	2,3	0,3	4,4	0,02
KwaZulu-Natal						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,0	1,9	134	-6	274	0,06
Employed	2,3	2,1	13	-111	138	0,83
Unemployed	5,1	6,4	121	37	205	0,01
Not economically active	1,7	1,7	-34	-174	106	0,63
Discouraged work-seekers	7,5	6,6	22	-92	136	0,70
Other	1,8	1,9	-56	-177	65	0,36
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,7	5,5	2,9	0,6	5,2	0,01
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,3	2,1	-0,4	-2,1	1,5	0,71
Labour force participation rate	2,0	1,9	1,3	-0,8	3,3	0,22

Appendix 2.2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (Continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
North West						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	2,7	2,6	64	7	122	0,03
Employed	3,0	2,8	39	-6	84	0,09
Unemployed	6,8	7,3	26	-20	71	0,27
Not economically active	2,4	2,5	-41	-99	17	0,17
Discouraged work-seekers	6,8	6,9	-41	-87	5	0,08
Other	2,6	2,9	0	-61	62	0,99
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,6	5,9	0,9	-2,9	4,6	0,65
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	3,0	2,8	1,5	-0,7	3,7	0,19
Labour force participation rate	2,7	2,6	2,6	-0,2	5,4	0,07
Gauteng						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	0,9	1,0	46	-83	176	0,48
Employed	1,3	1,4	55	-78	188	0,42
Unemployed	3,8	4,0	-8	-129	112	0,89
Not economically active	2,2	2,3	63	-66	193	0,34
Discouraged work-seekers	13,8	11,7	22	-46	91	0,52
Other	2,1	2,4	41	-74	156	0,48
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	3,4	3,7	-0,4	-2,4	1,6	0,72
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	1,3	1,4	0,0	-1,7	1,6	0,97
Labour force participation rate	0,9	1,0	-0,4	-2,0	1,3	0,65

Appendix 2.2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (Concluded)						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
Mpumalanga						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	1,9	1,9	78	18	138	0,01
Employed	2,5	2,5	49	-11	110	0,11
Unemployed	6,6	4,3	29	-34	91	0,37
Not economically active	2,4	2,7	-38	-98	22	0,21
Discouraged work-seekers	6,8	8,7	-5	-42	31	0,77
Other	2,5	2,5	-33	-75	10	0,13
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,8	3,8	0,5	-3,7	4,5	0,84
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	2,5	2,5	1,4	-1,2	3,9	0,28
Labour force participation rate	1,9	1,9	2,3	-0,2	4,8	0,07
Limpopo						
Population 15-64 yrs						
Labour Force	3,4	2,6	30	-48	108	0,45
Employed	3,9	3,5	53	-25	130	0,19
Unemployed	6,4	8,0	-22	-65	20	0,30
Not economically active	2,0	1,6	31	-47	110	0,43
Discouraged work-seekers	8,4	8,2	21	-61	104	0,61
Other	2,8	2,2	10	-60	81	0,78
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,9	8,1	-2,1	-5,3	1,0	0,17
Employed / population ratio (Absorption)	3,9	3,5	1,0	-1,3	3,3	0,39
Labour force participation rate	3,4	2,6	0,2	-2,1	2,5	0,86

Appendix 3.1B: Sampling variability for the employed by industry and sex						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
Both sexes	0,7	0,7	274	37	511	0,02
Agriculture	6,7	6,9	74	-14	162	0,10
Mining	6,6	9,4	16	-49	81	0,63
Manufacturing	2,9	3,2	51	-78	180	0,44
Utilities	9,9	11,8	12	-19	43	0,46
Construction	3,3	3,4	115	8	222	0,04
Trade	2,1	2,3	-76	-236	83	0,35
Transport	4,0	4,0	40	-51	132	0,39
Finance	2,9	2,9	79	-48	205	0,22
Community and social services	1,8	2,0	28	-130	187	0,72
Private households	3,6	3,2	-64	-166	38	0,22
Women	1,0	1,0	164	0	329	0,05
Agriculture	9,1	9,2	16	-28	60	0,47
Mining	13,3	13,6	-3	-20	14	0,74
Manufacturing	4,7	5,5	55	-18	128	0,14
Utilities	26,0	17,4	13	-1	26	0,07
Construction	9,1	7,8	21	-10	51	0,18
Trade	2,6	3,2	24	-78	126	0,64
Transport	7,3	7,3	15	-17	47	0,36
Finance	4,3	3,7	-5	-78	69	0,90
Community and social services	2,1	2,5	47	-65	159	0,41
Private households	3,5	3,6	-19	-106	67	0,66
Men	0,9	0,8	110	-57	276	0,20
Agriculture	6,7	8,0	58	-11	127	0,10
Mining	6,7	9,7	19	-41	79	0,53
Manufacturing	3,4	3,2	-4	-98	90	0,94
Utilities	11,0	13,2	-1	-26	25	0,95
Construction	3,4	3,6	94	-3	192	0,06
Trade	3,0	2,9	-101	-219	18	0,10
Transport	4,5	4,2	25	-55	105	0,53
Finance	3,7	3,7	83	-11	178	0,08
Community and social services	2,8	2,8	-18	-113	77	0,71
Private households	7,2	6,7	-45	-89	-1	0,05

Appendix 3.4B: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
South Africa	0,7	0,7	274	37	511	0,02
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	0,9	0,9	124	-103	352	0,28
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	2,5	2,4	140	3	277	0,05
Agriculture	6,7	6,9	74	-14	162	0,10
Private households	3,6	3,2	-64	-166	38	0,22
Western Cape	1,8	1,6	-5	-102	91	0,92
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	2,3	2,1	-21	-103	62	0,62
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	10,2	8,7	25	-9	60	0,15
Agriculture	16,4	11,2	15	-10	39	0,24
Private households	8,8	12,9	-25	-48	-1	0,04
Eastern Cape	3,0	2,4	23	-57	103	0,57
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	4,2	3,6	-53	-129	22	0,17
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	7,6	7,7	42	-9	93	0,11
Agriculture	18,7	23,6	28	-1	57	0,06
Private households	11,6	10,1	7	-26	41	0,67
Northern Cape	2,9	2,8	14	-8	36	0,21
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	4,8	4,8	11	-17	40	0,44
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	10,7	10,5	0	-8	8	0,96
Agriculture	10,4	7,5	0	-12	12	1,00
Private households	15,1	14,9	3	-7	13	0,56
Free State	2,1	1,8	33	-9	76	0,12
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	2,9	2,7	11	-22	44	0,51
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	8,1	6,7	17	-7	41	0,16
Agriculture	16,3	9,6	9	-12	30	0,40
Private households	9,7	9,7	-4	-20	13	0,66
KwaZulu-Natal	2,3	2,1	13	-111	138	0,83
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,0	2,5	39	-73	150	0,50
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	5,6	4,7	-21	-86	44	0,52
Agriculture	20,0	15,1	5	-38	47	0,83
Private households	8,8	9,2	-9	-63	46	0,75

Appendix 3.4B: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
North West	3,0	2,8	39	-6	84	0,09
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,4	4,0	53	0	107	0,05
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	6,5	7,8	-10	-29	10	0,33
Agriculture	18,7	22,2	-1	-11	8	0,80
Private households	9,8	13,2	-4	-22	14	0,69
Gauteng	1,3	1,4	55	-78	188	0,42
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	1,8	1,8	31	-108	171	0,66
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	4,9	6,2	97	17	176	0,02
Agriculture	32,4	21,7	-25	-65	15	0,22
Private households	8,1	5,9	-48	-114	17	0,15
Mpumalanga	2,5	2,5	49	-11	110	0,11
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	3,8	3,6	31	-21	84	0,24
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	9,1	5,9	0	-36	36	1,00
Agriculture	8,9	12,4	18	-5	42	0,13
Private households	8,1	9,8	0	-18	17	0,98
Limpopo	3,9	3,5	53	-25	130	0,19
Formal sector (Non-agricultural)	5,0	5,2	22	-42	86	0,51
Informal sector (Non-agricultural)	7,3	5,6	-10	-60	41	0,70
Agriculture	19,9	28,4	26	-14	66	0,20
Private households	10,1	9,1	15	-7	37	0,19

Appendix 3.5B: Sampling variability for the employed by sex and occupation						
	Apr-Jun 2012 CV	Apr-Jun 2013 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-Value
Both sexes	0,7	0,7	274	37	511	0,02
Manager	3,5	3,5	84	-19	187	0,11
Professional	4,8	4,0	38	-41	117	0,34
Technician	2,5	2,8	-27	-140	86	0,64
Clerk	2,9	2,5	69	-41	178	0,22
Sales and services	2,6	2,6	14	-128	156	0,85
Skilled agriculture	11,2	13,8	-8	-28	12	0,44
Craft and related trade	2,9	2,6	29	-89	148	0,63
Plant and machine operator	3,1	3,0	83	-9	175	0,08
Elementary	2,0	1,9	11	-132	153	0,88
Domestic worker	3,6	3,6	-18	-108	72	0,69
Women	1,0	1,0	164	0	329	0,05
Manager	5,6	4,9	13	-35	61	0,59
Professional	6,6	5,0	-16	-78	45	0,60
Technician	3,0	3,5	29	-49	108	0,46
Clerk	3,1	3,0	51	-33	136	0,24
Sales and services	3,4	3,4	58	-24	140	0,16
Skilled agriculture	20,7	27,2	-1	-13	11	0,89
Craft and related trade	7,6	6,9	24	-11	59	0,19
Plant and machine operator	7,7	8,1	18	-15	51	0,27
Elementary	2,6	2,6	8	-81	97	0,86
Domestic worker	3,6	3,7	-20	-107	66	0,64
Men	0,9	0,8	110	-57	276	0,20
Manager	3,9	4,3	70	-15	156	0,11
Professional	5,0	6,1	55	-2	111	0,06
Technician	3,7	4,1	-57	-135	22	0,16
Clerk	5,3	4,8	17	-43	78	0,58
Sales and services	3,6	3,3	-44	-146	57	0,39
Skilled agriculture	13,4	13,1	-7	-23	9	0,38
Craft and related trade	3,0	2,8	5	-108	119	0,93
Plant and machine operator	3,2	3,1	65	-18	148	0,12
Elementary	2,7	2,5	3	-107	113	0,96
Domestic worker	21,0	13,8	2	-15	20	0,79